

Spallation reaction study for long-lived
fission products in nuclear waste:
Cross section measurement for
 ^{137}Cs and ^{90}Sr on proton and deuteron

He Wang

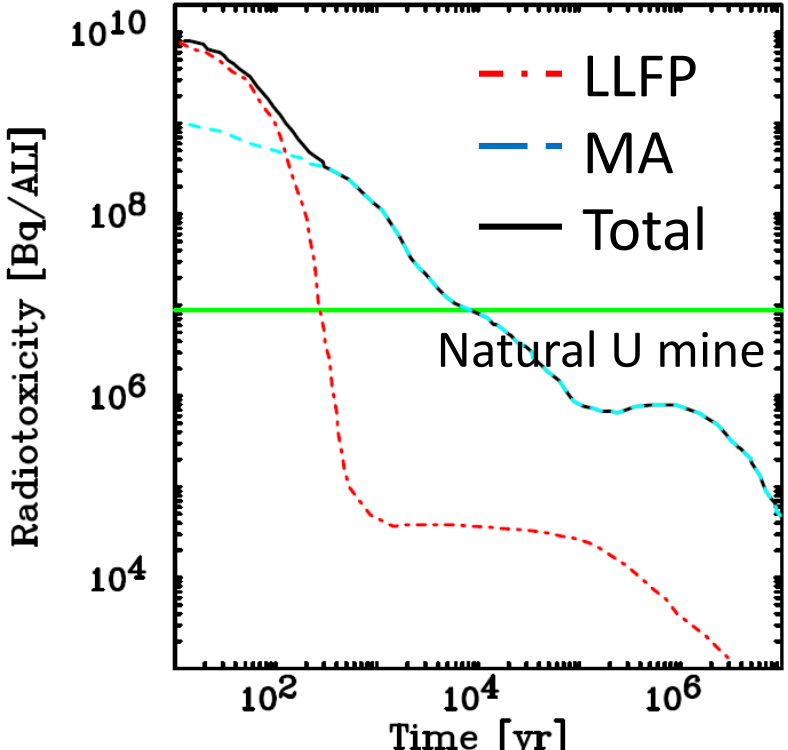
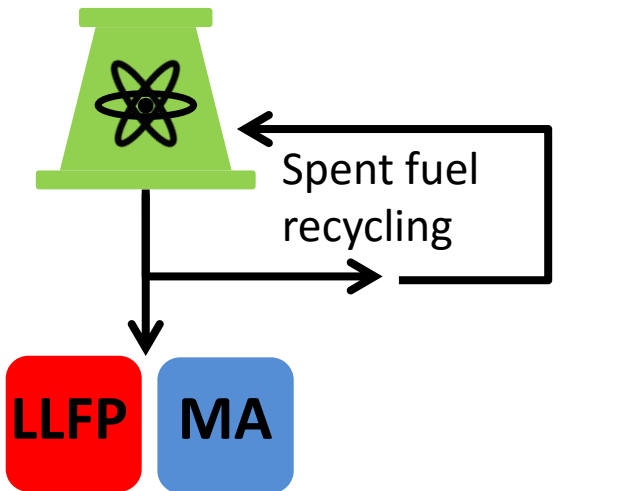
RIKEN Nishina Center

RIBF seminar, RIBF hall, May 10, 2016

Content

- Motivation
- Experiment details
- Results and discussion
- Summary and perspective

Motivation



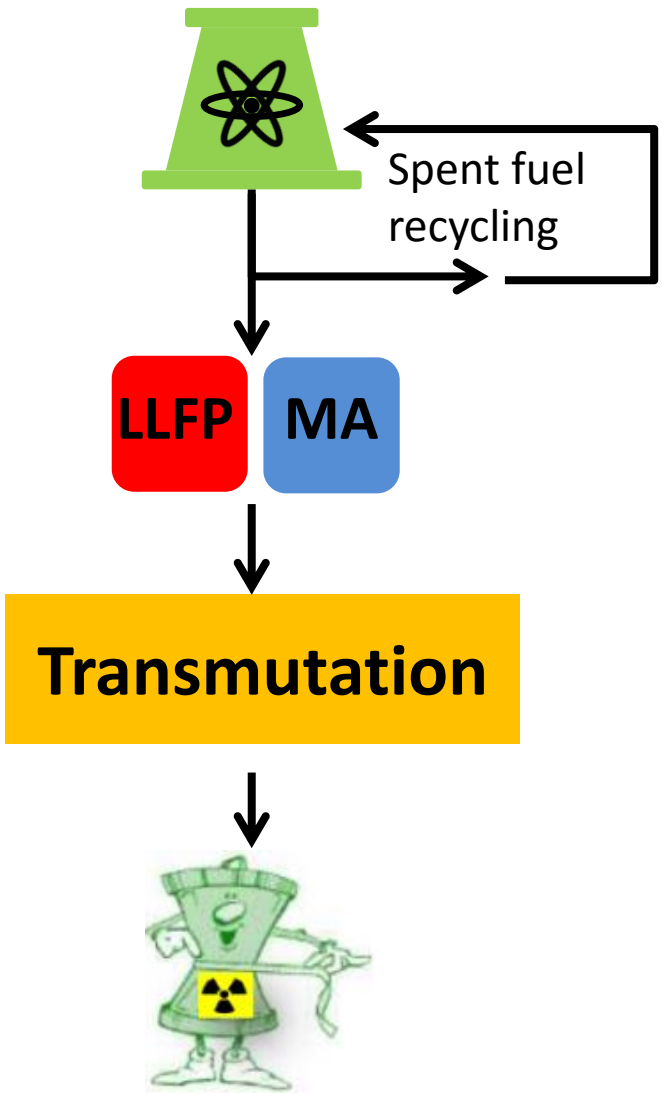
High-level radioactive waste

- Long-lived fission products
e.g. ^{137}Cs , ^{90}Sr , ^{107}Pd , ^{93}Zr ...
- Minor Actinide
e.g. $^{241,243}\text{Am}$, ^{237}Np ...

Nuclide	Half-life (year)	Mass (per 1tHM)
Se-79	0.3×10^6	6g
Sr-90	28.8	0.6kg
Zr-93	1.53×10^6	1kg
Tc-99	0.21×10^6	1kg
Pd-107	6.5×10^6	0.3kg
Sn-126	0.23×10^6	30g
I-129	15.7×10^6	0.2kg
Cs-135	2.3×10^6	0.5kg
Cs-137	30.1	1.5kg

Oigawa, CNS summer school, 2016

Partitioning and transmutation (P&T)



Partitioning

- MA
- LLFP
 - Heat generator (Sr, Cs)
 - Rare metal (Pd)

Transmutation

High-level radioactive waste
→ stable/short-lived isotopes

To minimize the long-term dose

Nuclear Transmutation

Transmutation in Alchemy

- Philosopher's stone
- Metal into Gold

Natural nuclear transmutation Artificial nuclear transmutation

➤ α -decay, β -decay

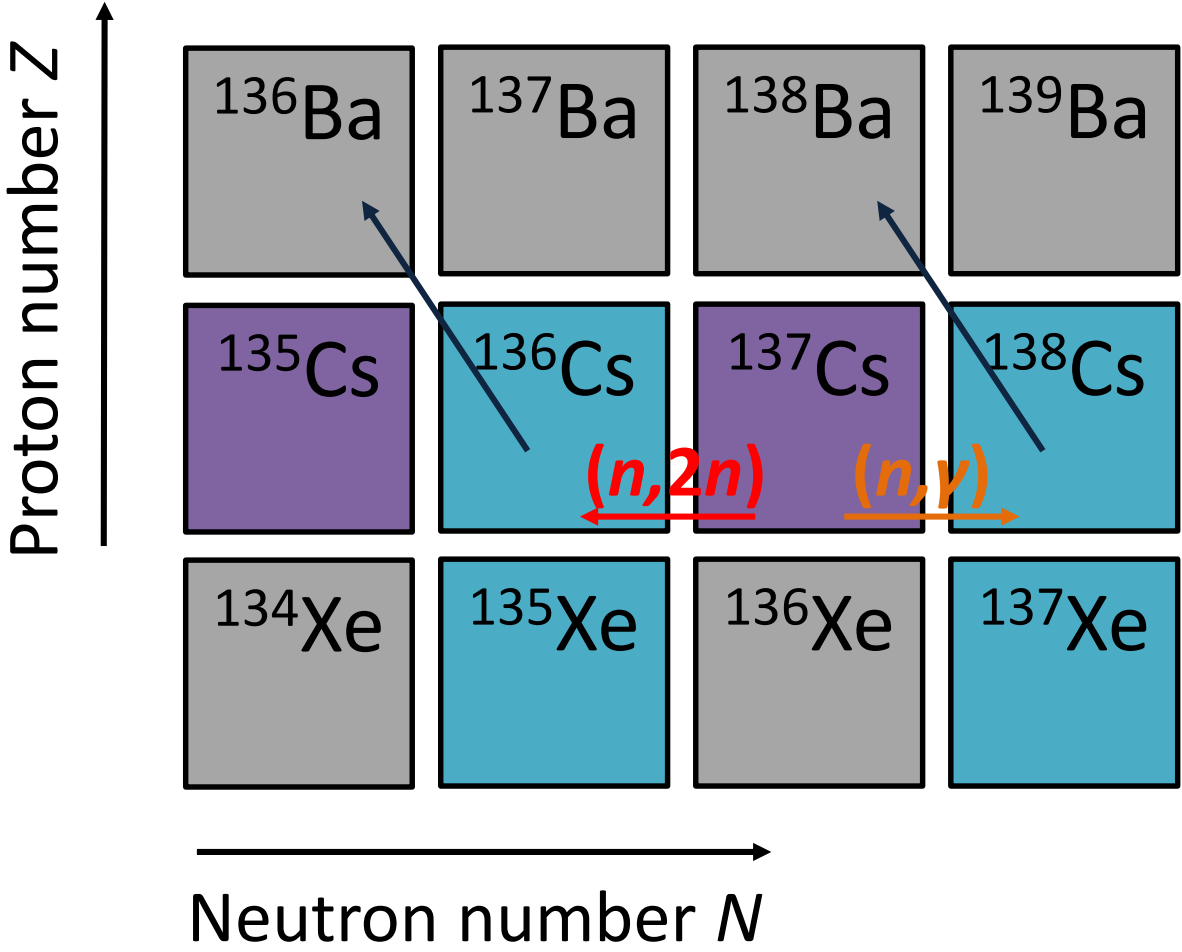
➤ Reactions in reactor

One chemical element/isotope into another

Possible reaction for the LLFP transmutation

(n, γ) : Neutron capture reaction

$(n, 2n)$: Neutron knockout reaction



Stable

Short-lived

Long-lived

half life

^{137}Cs : 30 years

^{135}Cs : 2.3×10^6 years

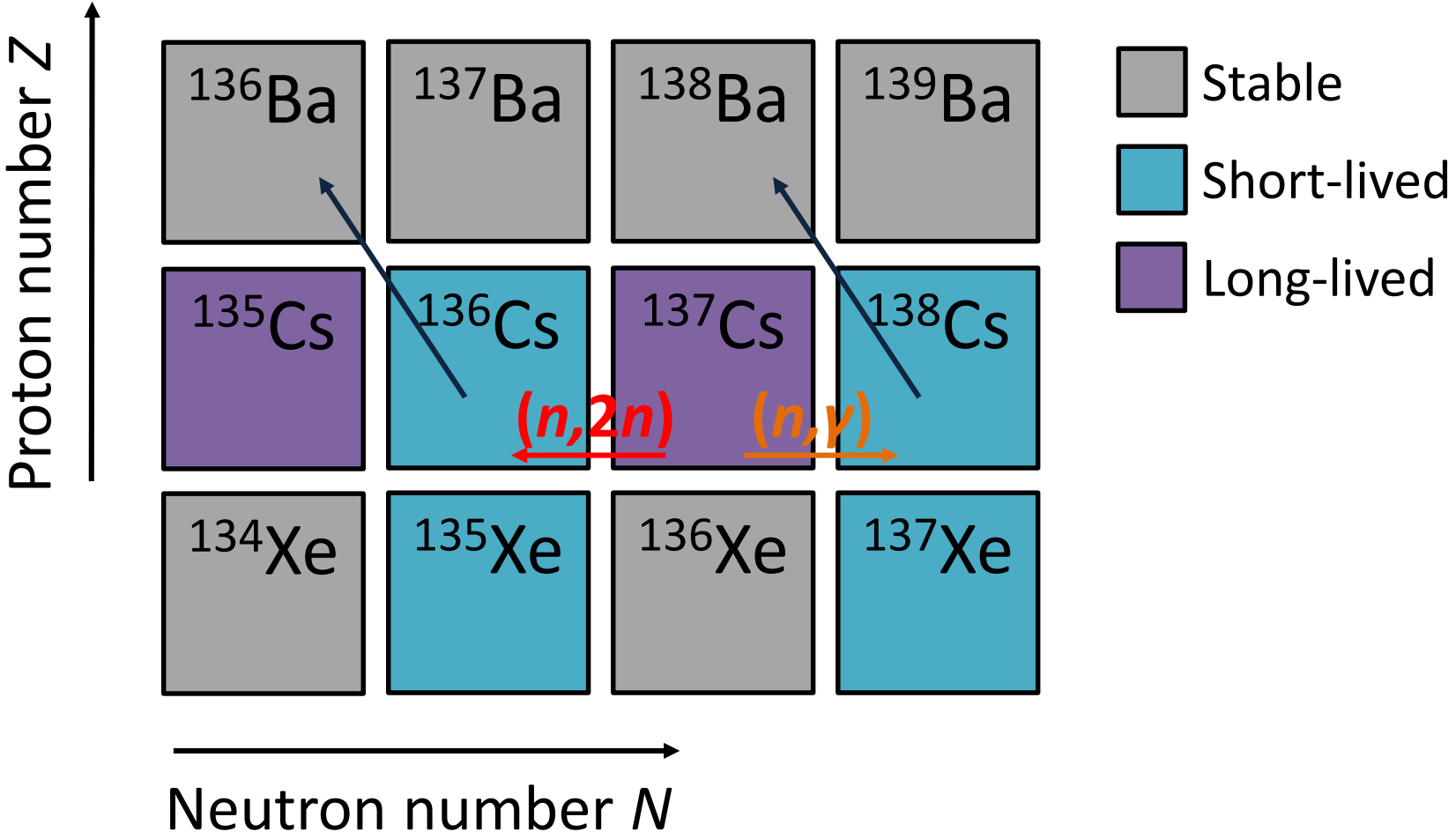
^{136}Cs : 13.2 days

^{138}Cs : 33 minutes

Possible reaction for the LLFP transmutation

(n, γ) : limited study

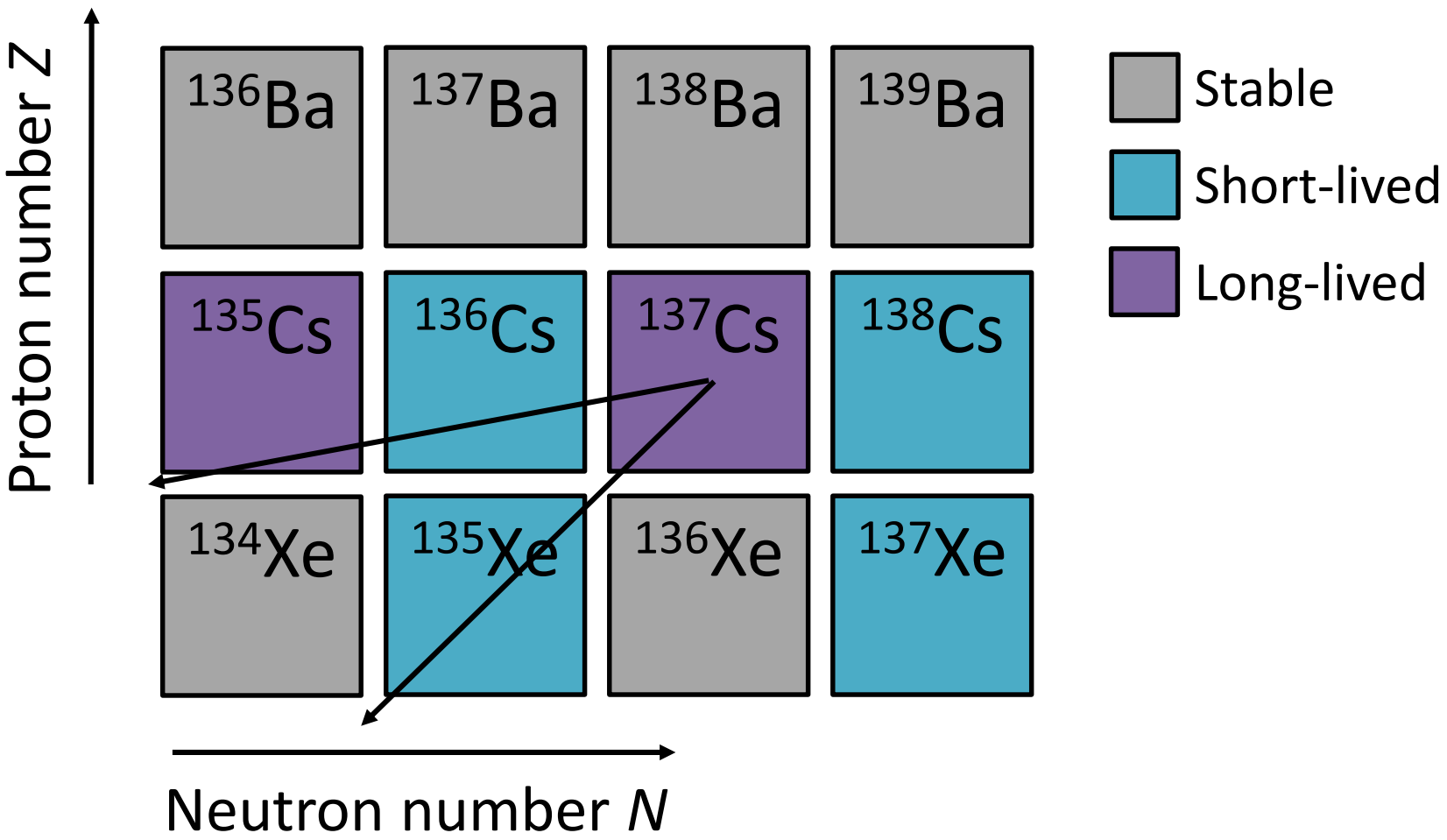
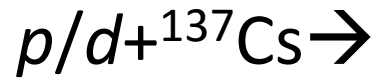
$(n, 2n)$: no data



Insufficient reaction study for LLFP

Possible reaction for the LLFP transmutation

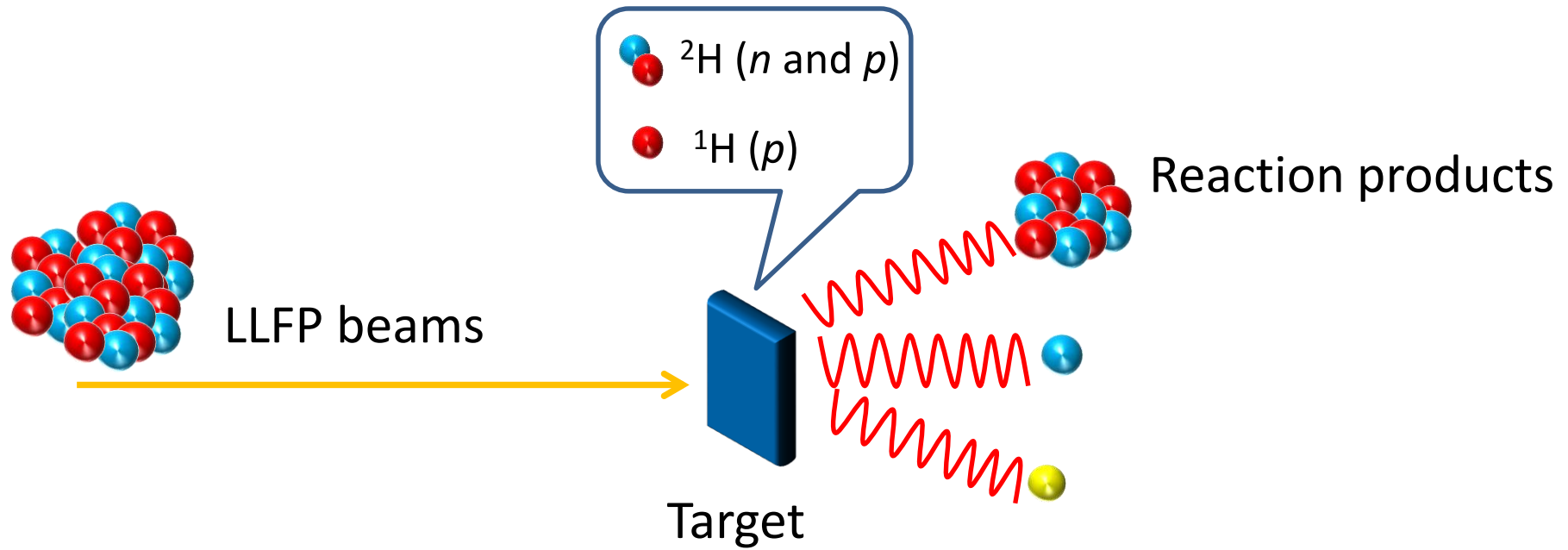
Proton, deuteron induced reaction



Reaction study for LLFP at RIBF

Cross section measurements

- Inverse kinematics
- Proton and deuteron → information on neutron
 - Difficulty to make neutron target
- Different reaction energy
 - 200 MeV/*u* as starting point



Experimental setup

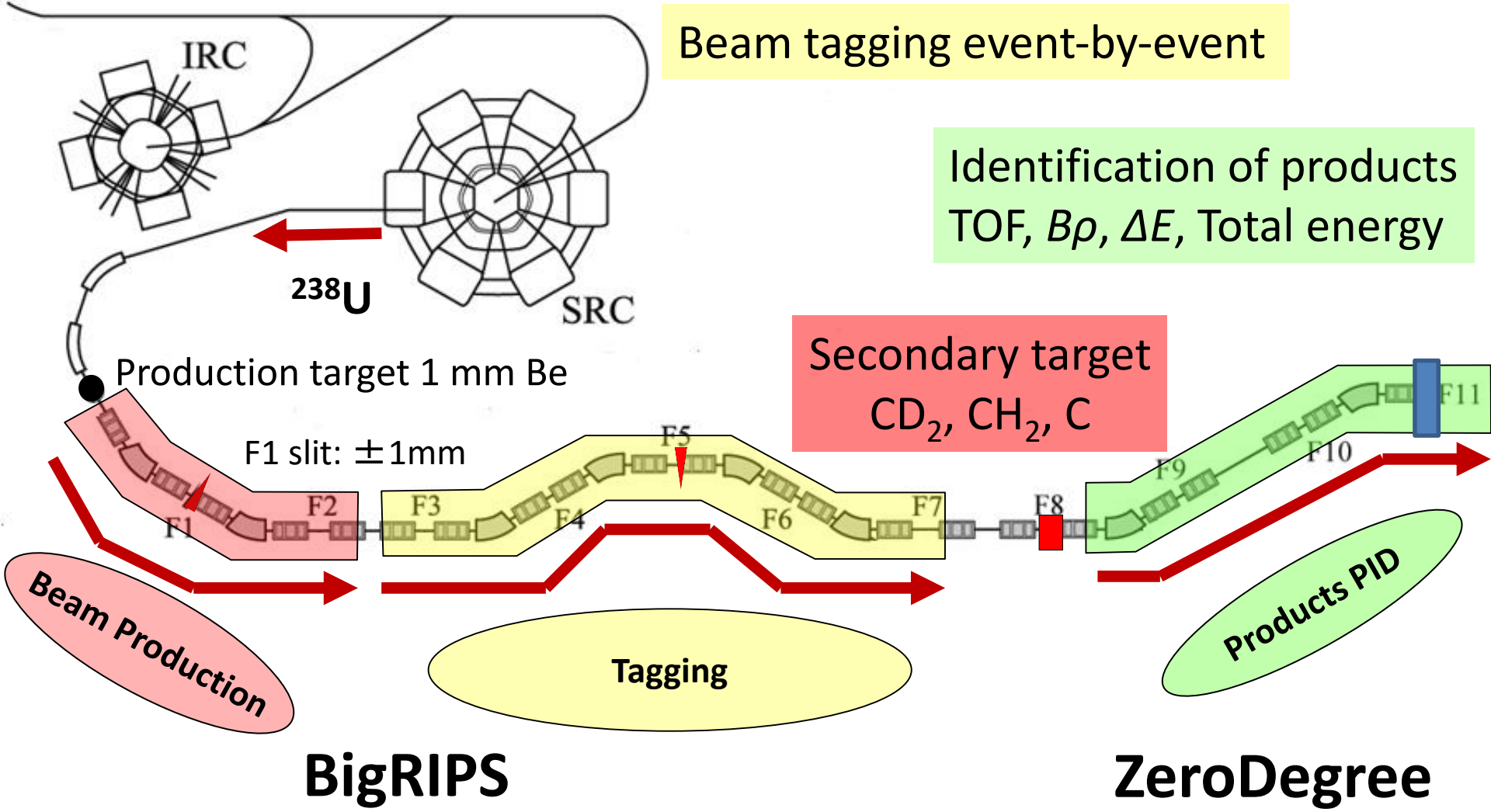
^{137}Cs and ^{90}Sr beams production

Beam energy: 185MeV/u

Beam tagging event-by-event

Identification of products
TOF, $B\rho$, ΔE , Total energy

Secondary target
 CD_2 , CH_2 , C

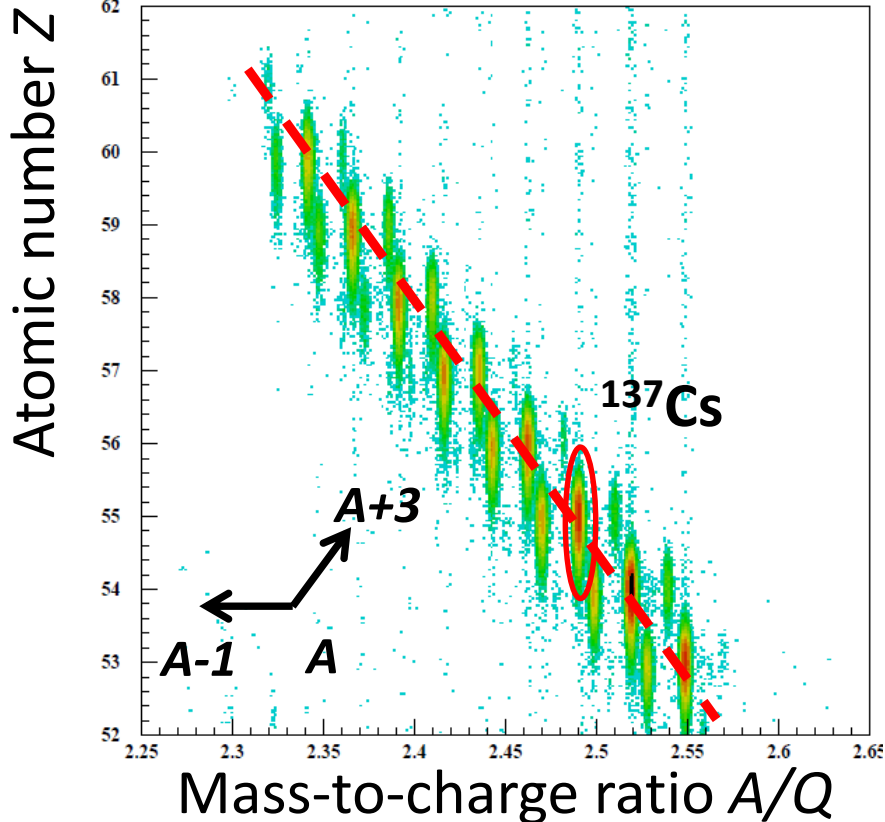


Particle identification for ^{137}Cs

N=82 isotones

^{137}Cs setting

BigRIPS PID



A/Q resolution = 3.43×10^{-3} (FWHM)
 Z resolution = 0.55 (FWHM)

Z ↑

Nd141 2.49 h 3/2+ *	Nd142 0+	Nd143 7/2-
EC	27.13	12.18
Pr140 3.39 m 1+	Pr141 5/1+	Pr142 19.12 h 2- *
EC	100	EC, β^-
Ce139 137.640 d 3/2+ *	Ce140 0+	Ce141 32.501 d 7/2-
EC	88.48	β^-
La138 1.05E+11 y 5+	La139 7/1+	La140 1.6781 d 3-
EC, β^- 0.0902	99.9098	β^-
Ba137 3/2+ *	Ba138 0+	Ba139 83.06 m 7/2-
11.23	71.70	β^-
Cs136 13.16 d 5+ *	Cs137 30.07 y 7/2+ *	Cs138 33.41 m 3- *
β^-	β^-	β^-
Xe135 9.14 h 3/2+ *	Xe136 2.36E21 y 0+	Xe137 3.818 m 7/2-
β^-	8.9	β^-

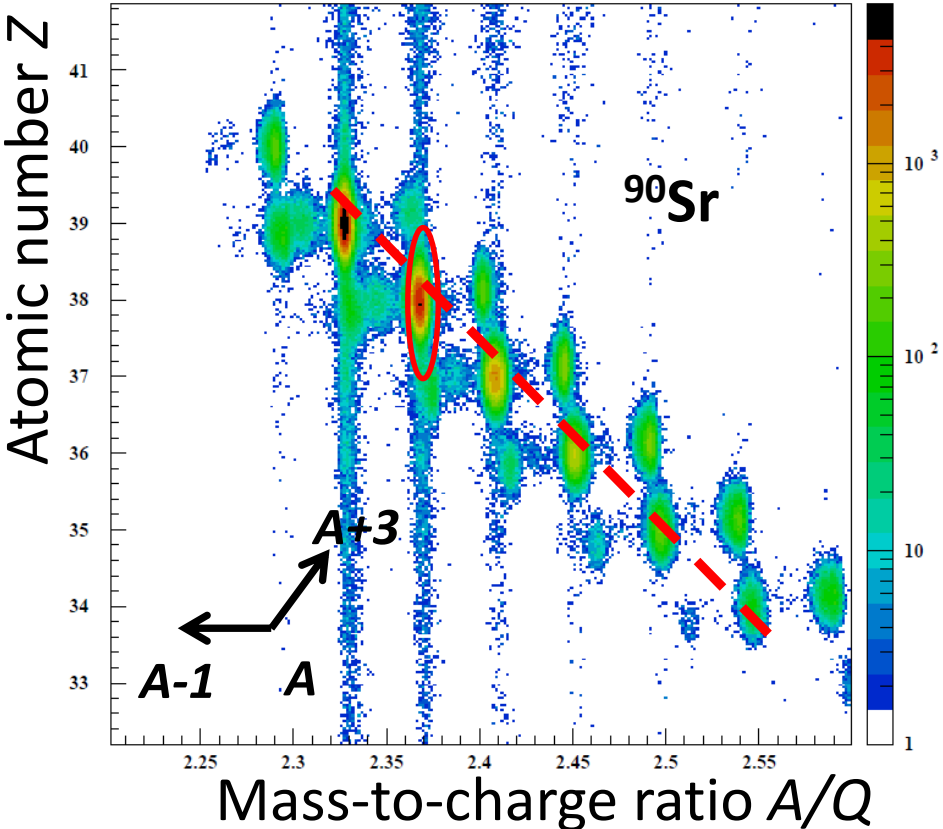
→ N

Particle identification for ^{90}Sr

N=52 isotones

^{90}Sr setting

BigRIPS PID



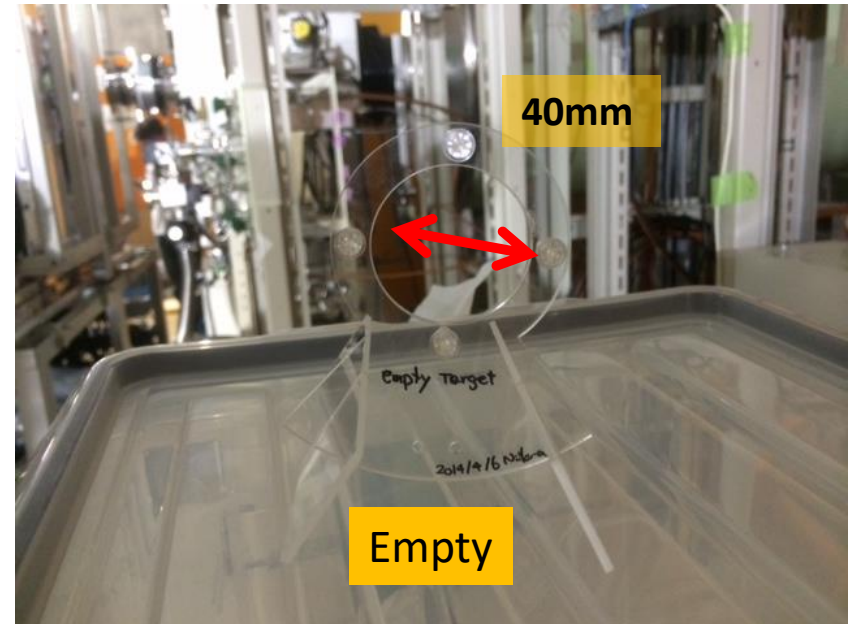
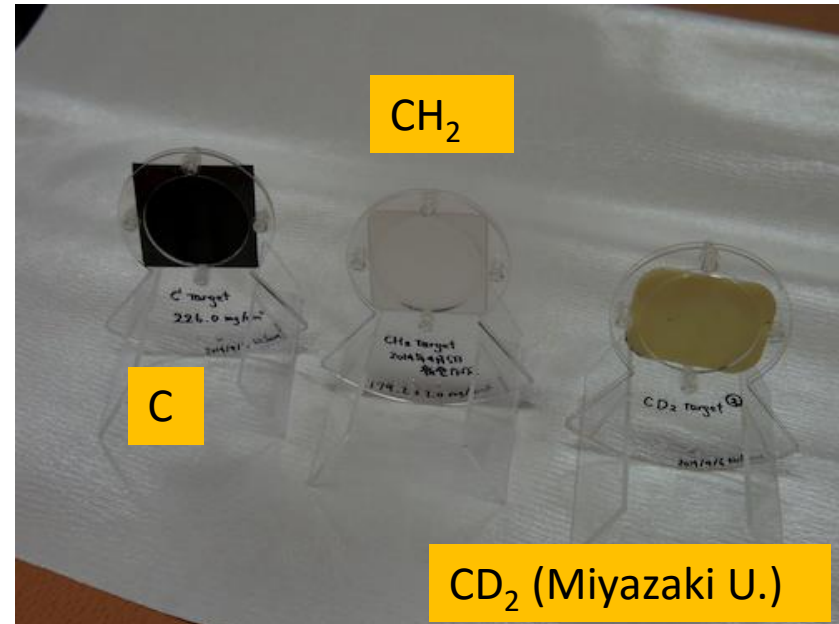
Z ↑

Zr91 5/2+ 11.22	Zr92 0+ 17/15	Zr93 1.53E+6 y 5/2+ β^-
Y90 64.00 h 2- β^-	Y91 58.1 d 1/2- β^-	Y92 3.54 h 2- β^-
Sr89 50.53 d 5/2+ β^-	Sr90 28.79 y 0- β^-	Sr91 9.63 h 5/2+ β^-
Rb88 17.78 m 2- β^-	Rb89 15.15 m 3/2- β^-	Rb90 158 s 0- β^-
Kr87 76.3 m 5/2+ β^-	Kr88 2.81 h 0+ β^-	Kr89 3.15 m (3/2+,5/2+) β^-
Br86 55.1 s (2-) β^-	Br87 55.60 s 3/- β^-	Br88 16.34 s (1,2-) β^-
Se85 31.7 s (5/2+) β^-	Se86 15.3 s 0+ β^-	Se87 5.29 s (5/2+) β^-

→ N

Experimental setup

Secondary targets



3 targets: C, CH₂, CD₂ + empty

ZeroDegree spectrometer

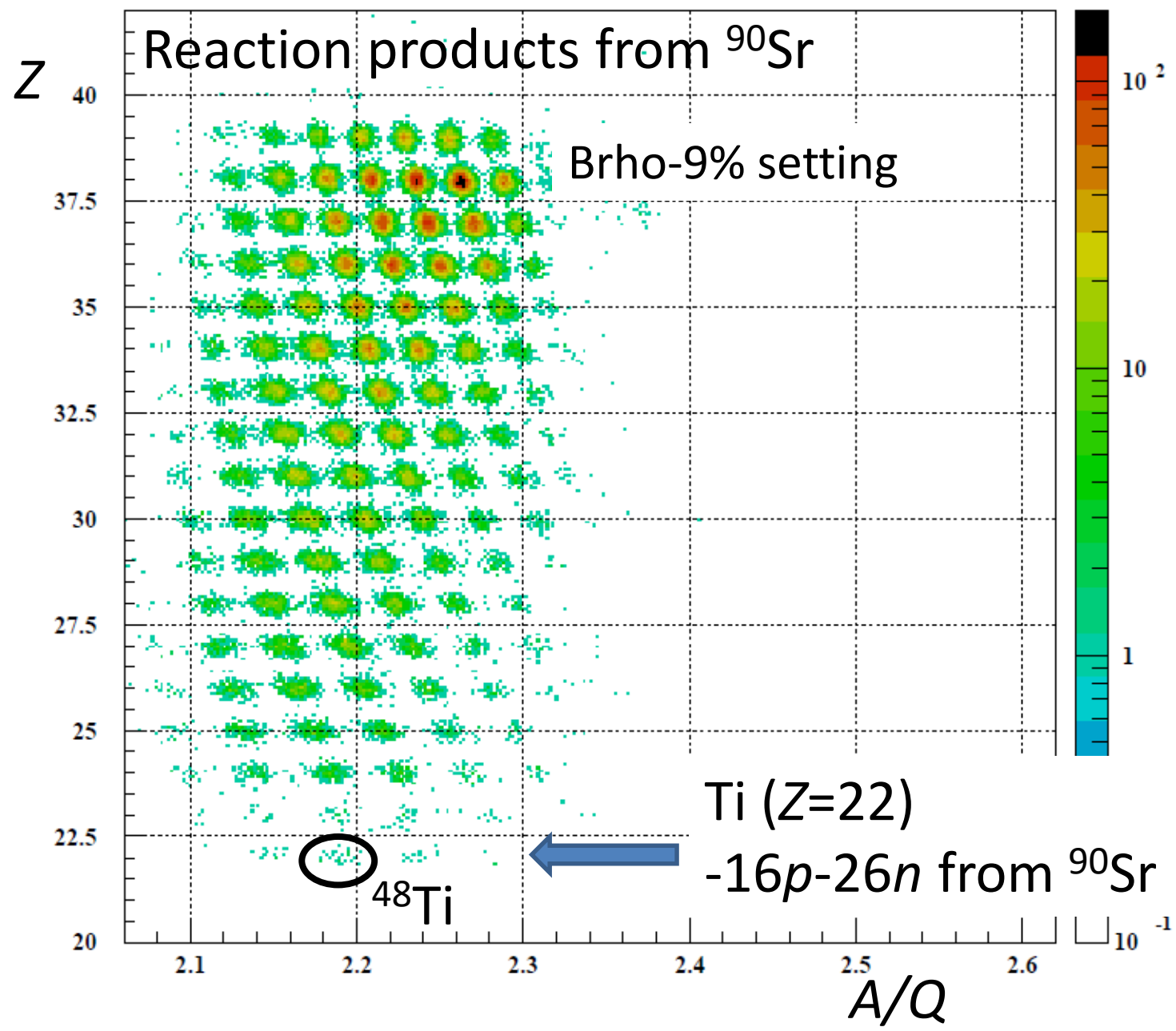
Mode	p res.	p acce.	Ang. acce.
Large acceptance	1240	6%	90mrad(H)x60mrad(V)

5 brho settings:

+3%, 0%(\equiv Brho of secondary beam), -3%, -6%, -9%



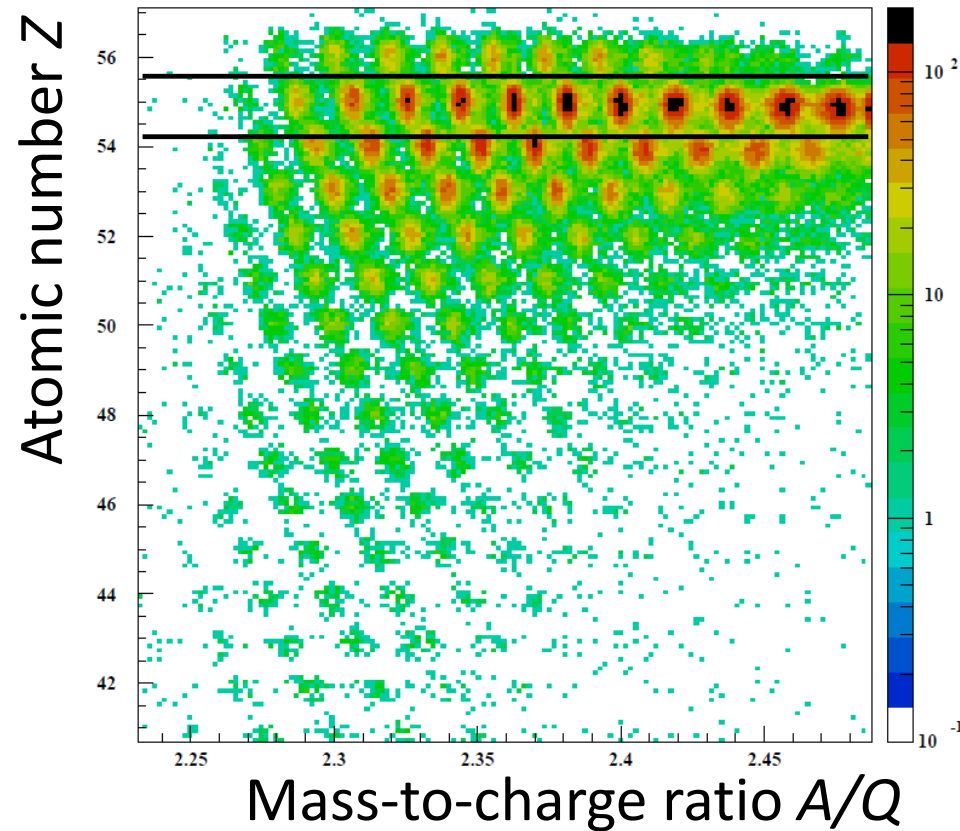
Particle identification



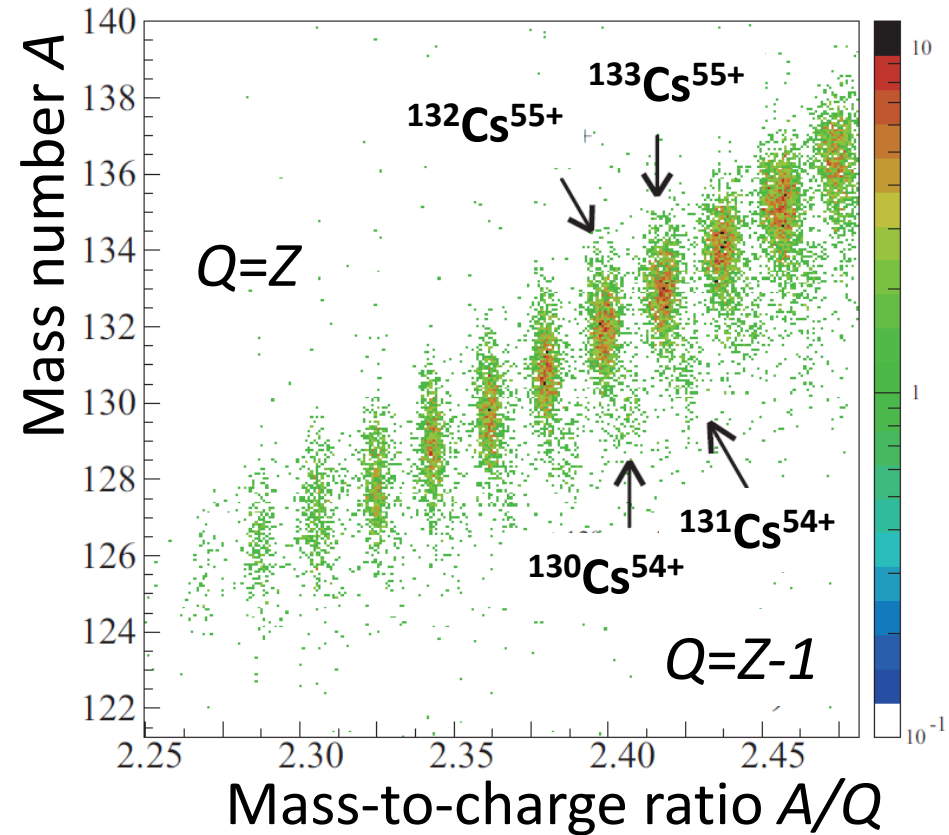
Charge states identification

Reaction products from ^{137}Cs

ZeroDegree PID



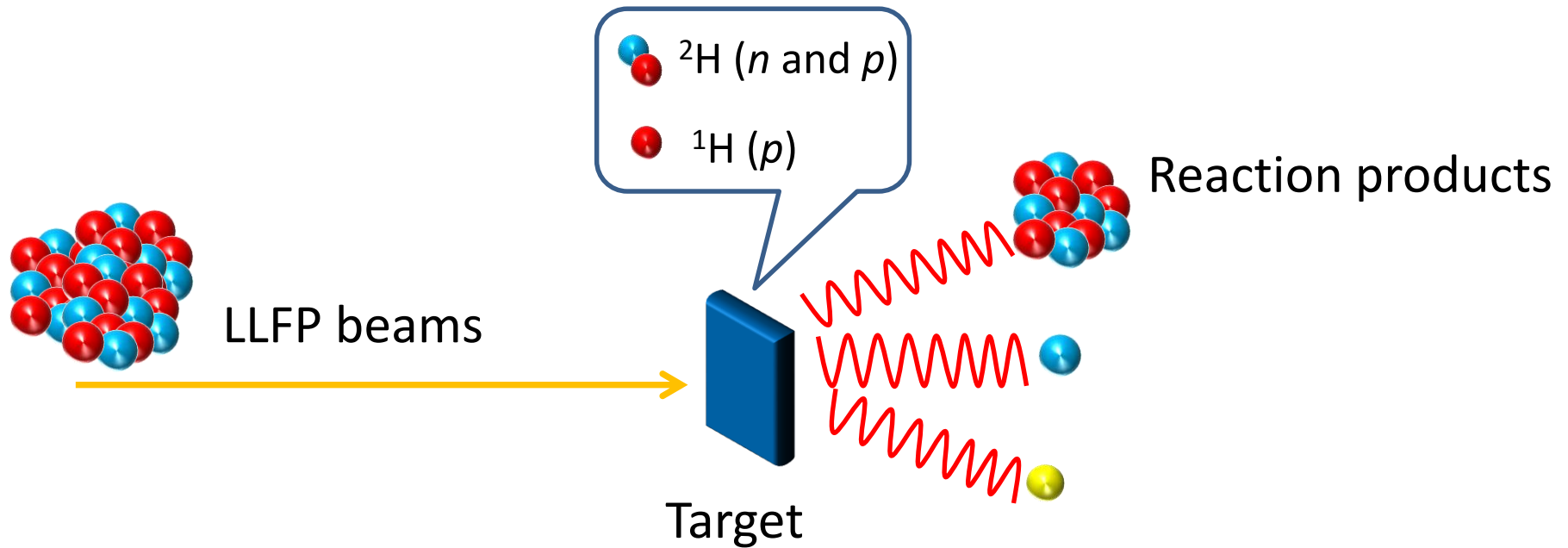
Charge states ID by TKE



A/Q resolution = 4.8×10^{-3} (FWHM)

Z resolution = 0.47 (FWHM)

Inverse kinematics



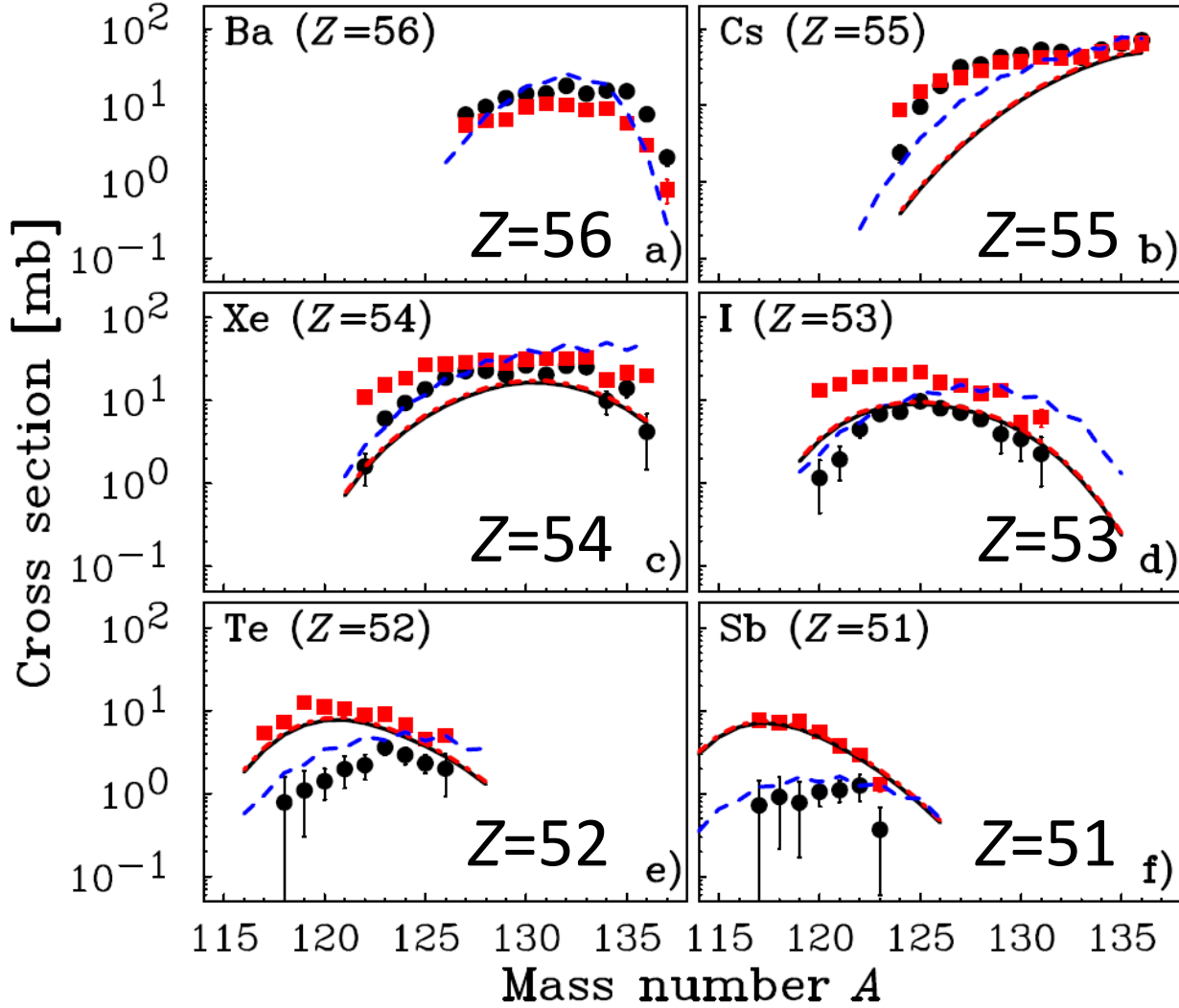
$$\sigma = \frac{\text{Yields}}{N_{\text{beam}} \times n_{\text{target}}}$$

- Cross section on proton: $\sigma_p = (\sigma_{\text{CH}_2} - \sigma_C)/2$
- Cross section on deuterium: $\sigma_d = (\sigma_{\text{CD}_2} - \sigma_C)/2$

Comparison with EPAX and SPACS

SPACS: Empirical parameterization for proton/neutron-induced spallation reactions

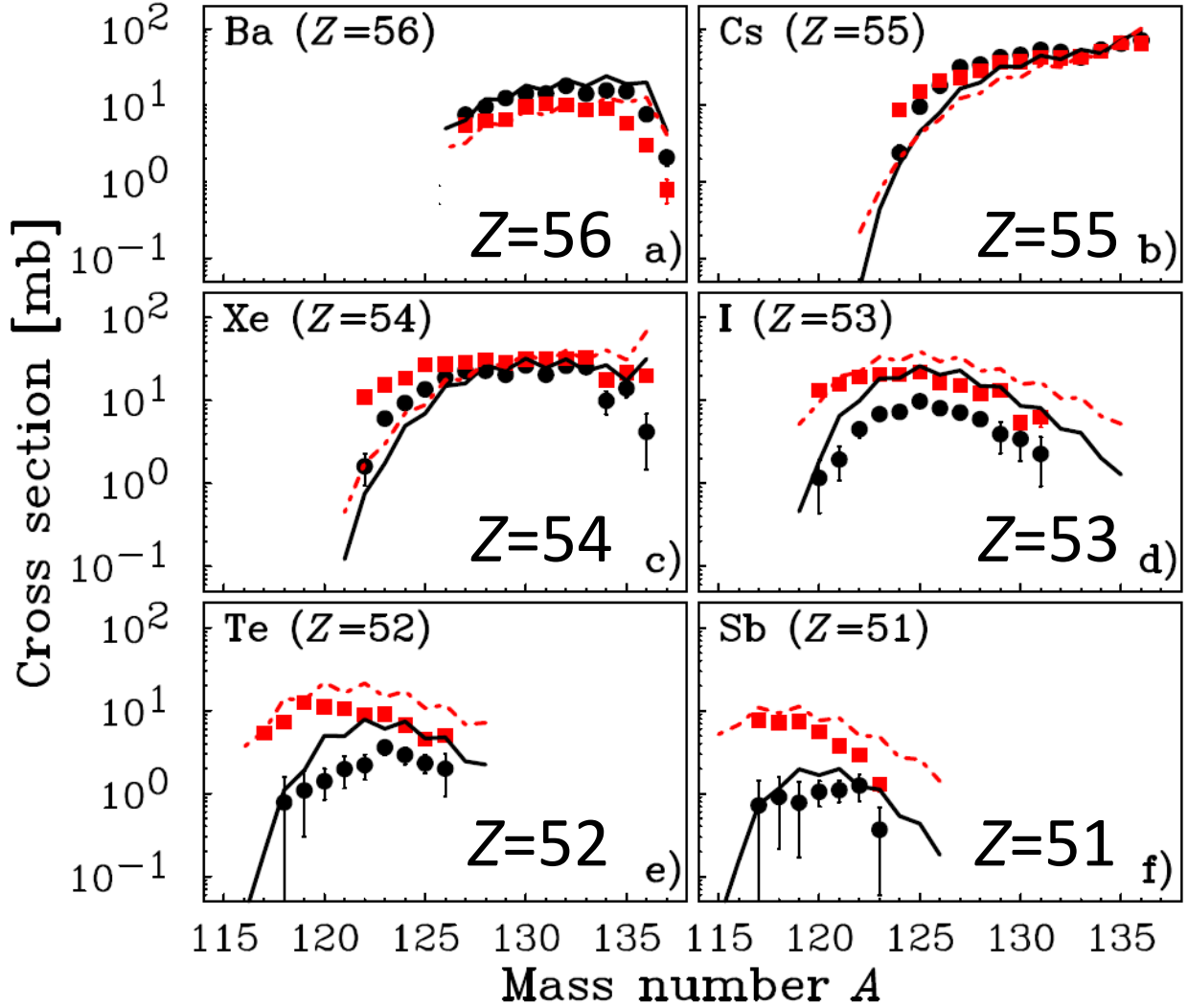
- D
- H
- - - EPAX on D
- EPAX on H
- - - SPACS on H



Comparison with PHITS

PHITS: Particle and Heavy Ion Transport code System

- D
- H
- PHITS on D
- PHITS on H
- Intra-nuclear cascade (INCL)
- +
- evaporation (GEM)

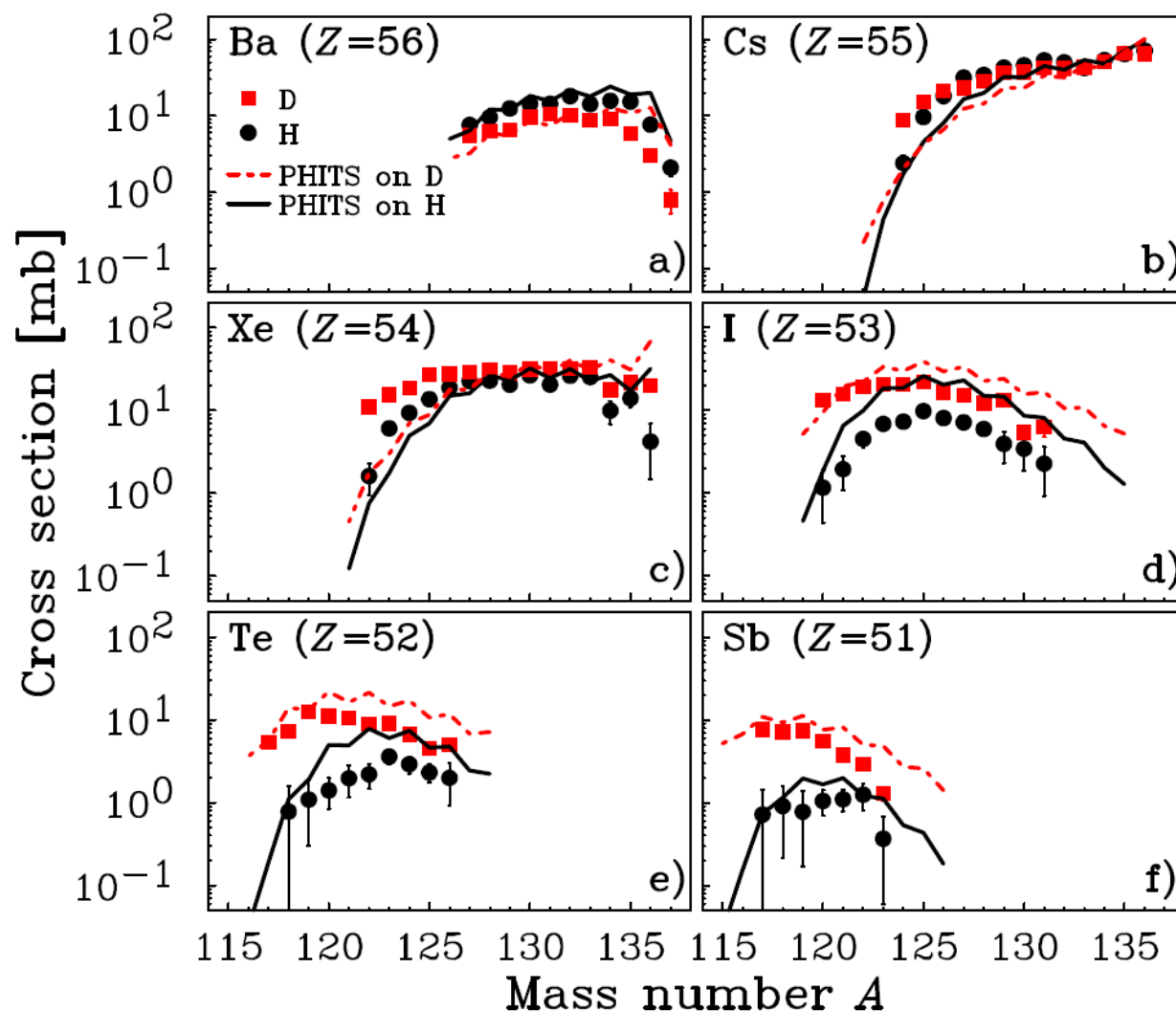


INCL: Boudard et al., Phys. Rev. C 66 (2002) 044615
 GEM: Furihata, NIM B 171 (2000) 251

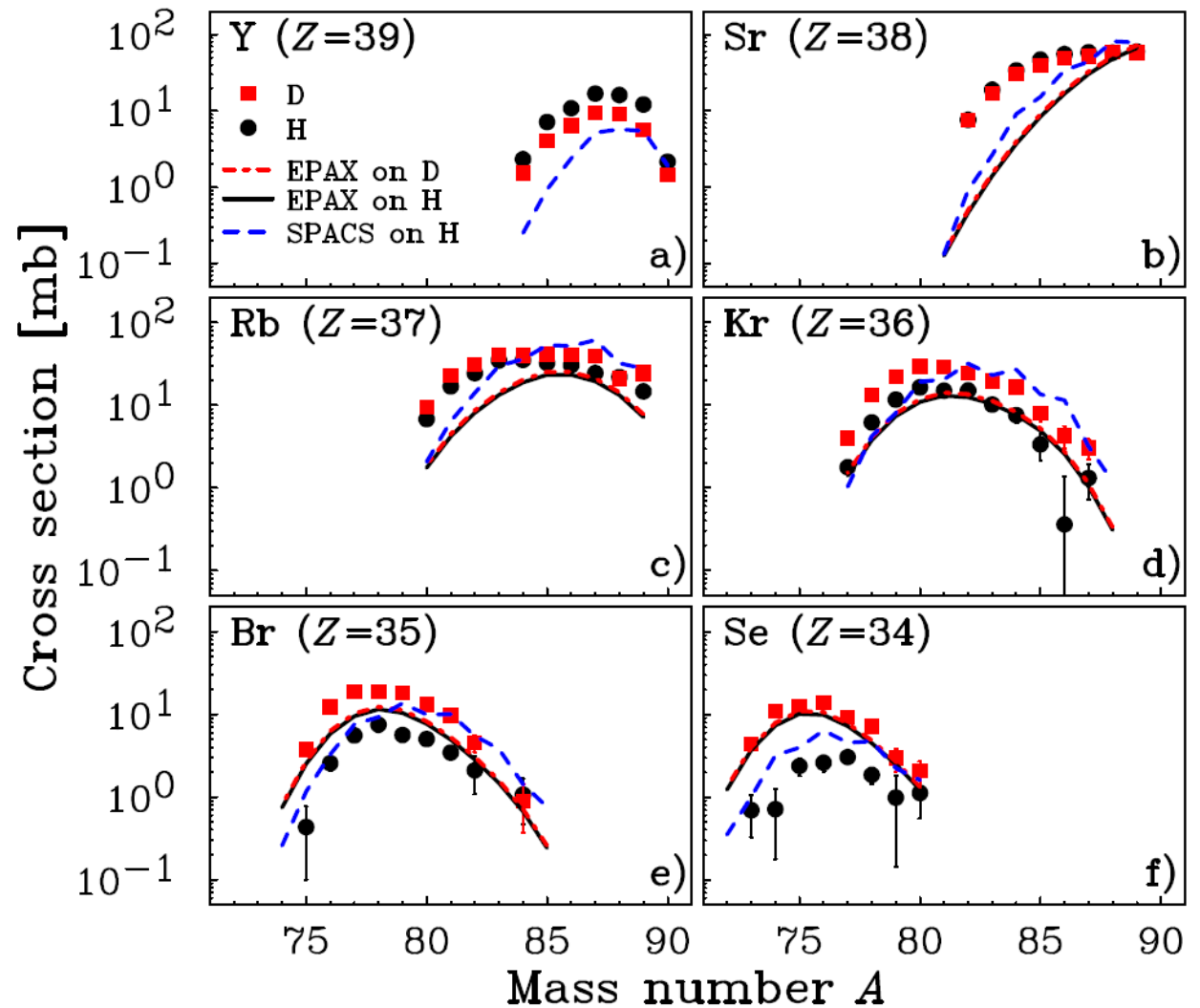
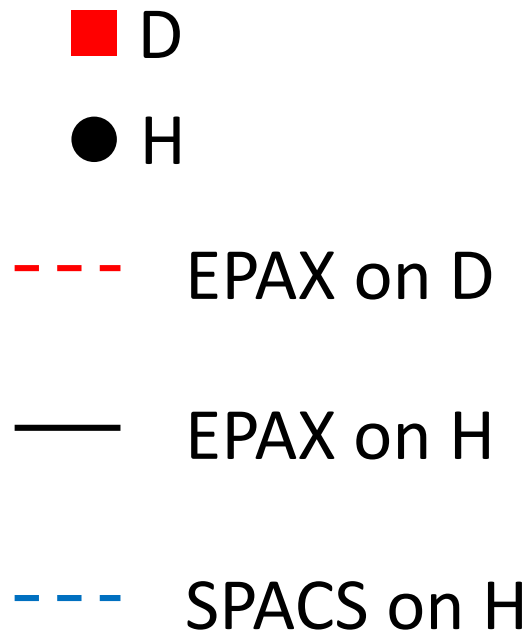
PHITS calculations are provided by Prof. Watanabe's group, Kyushu Univ.

Comparison with PHITS

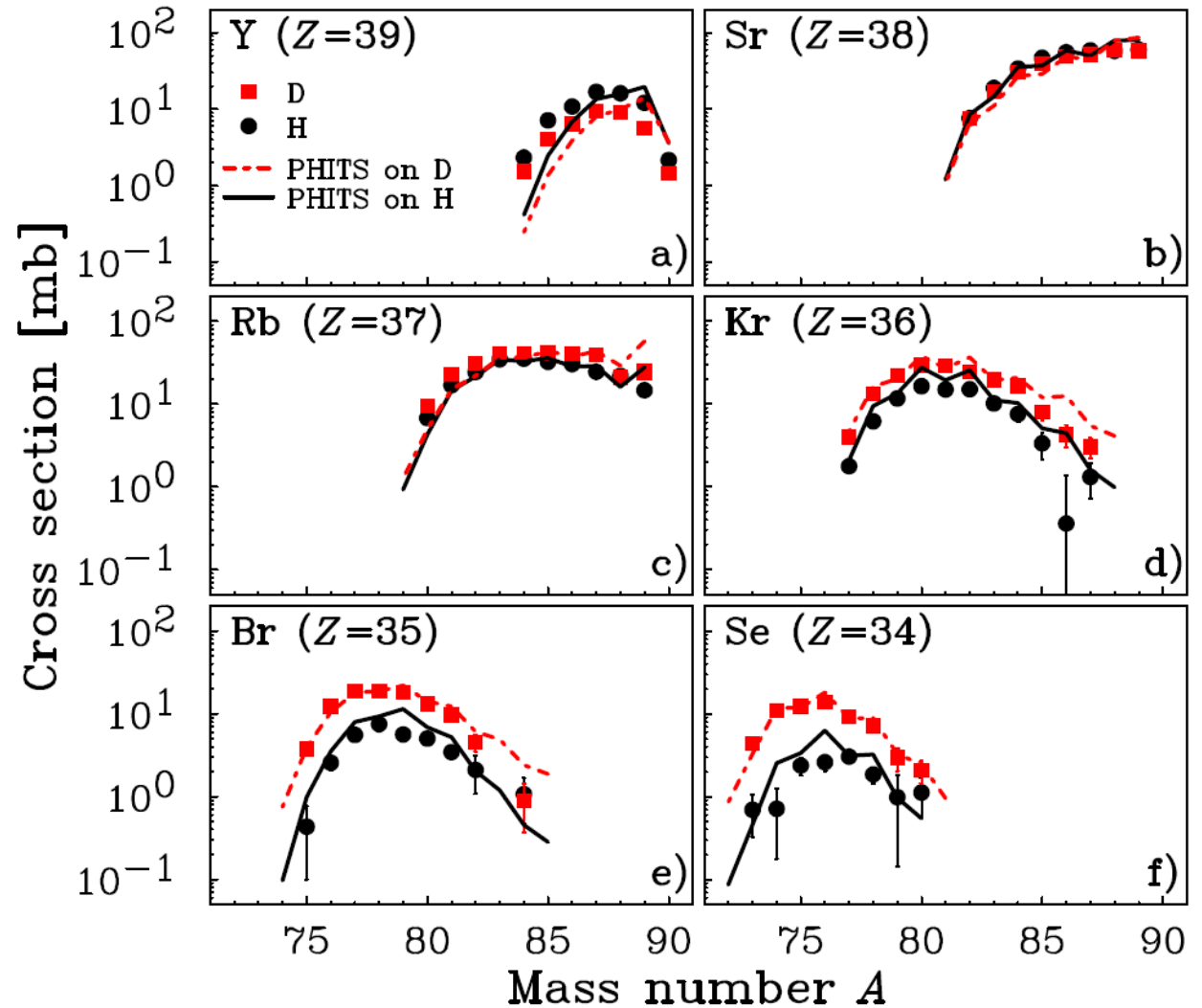
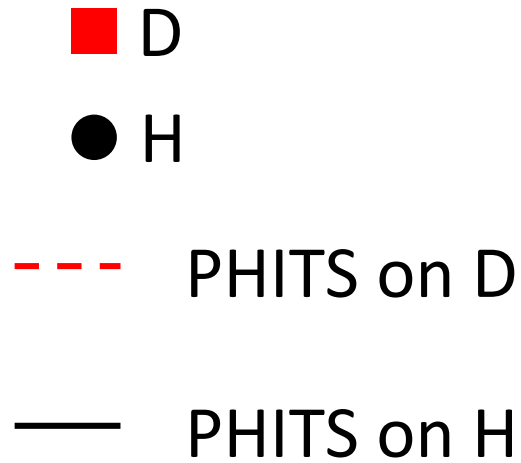
Overestimation on the magnitude of odd-even staggering



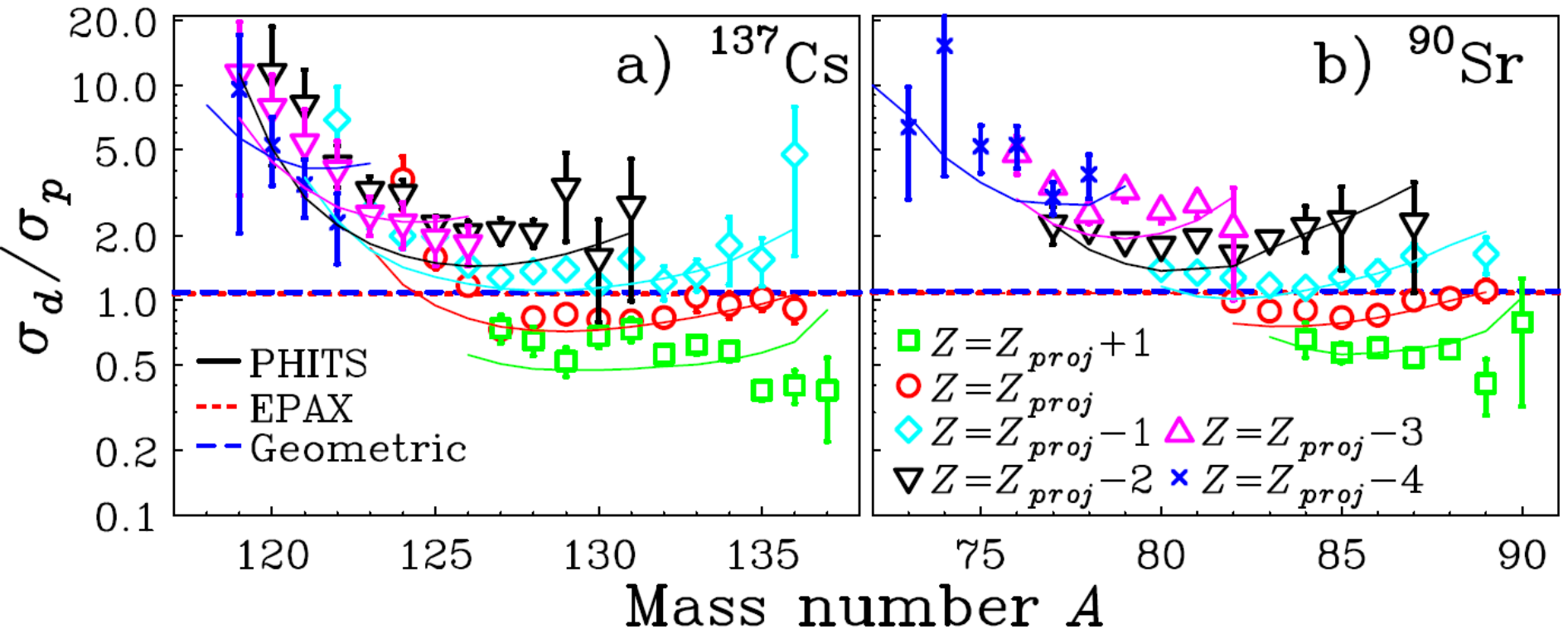
Cross sections for ^{90}Sr on H and D



Cross sections for ^{90}Sr on H and D

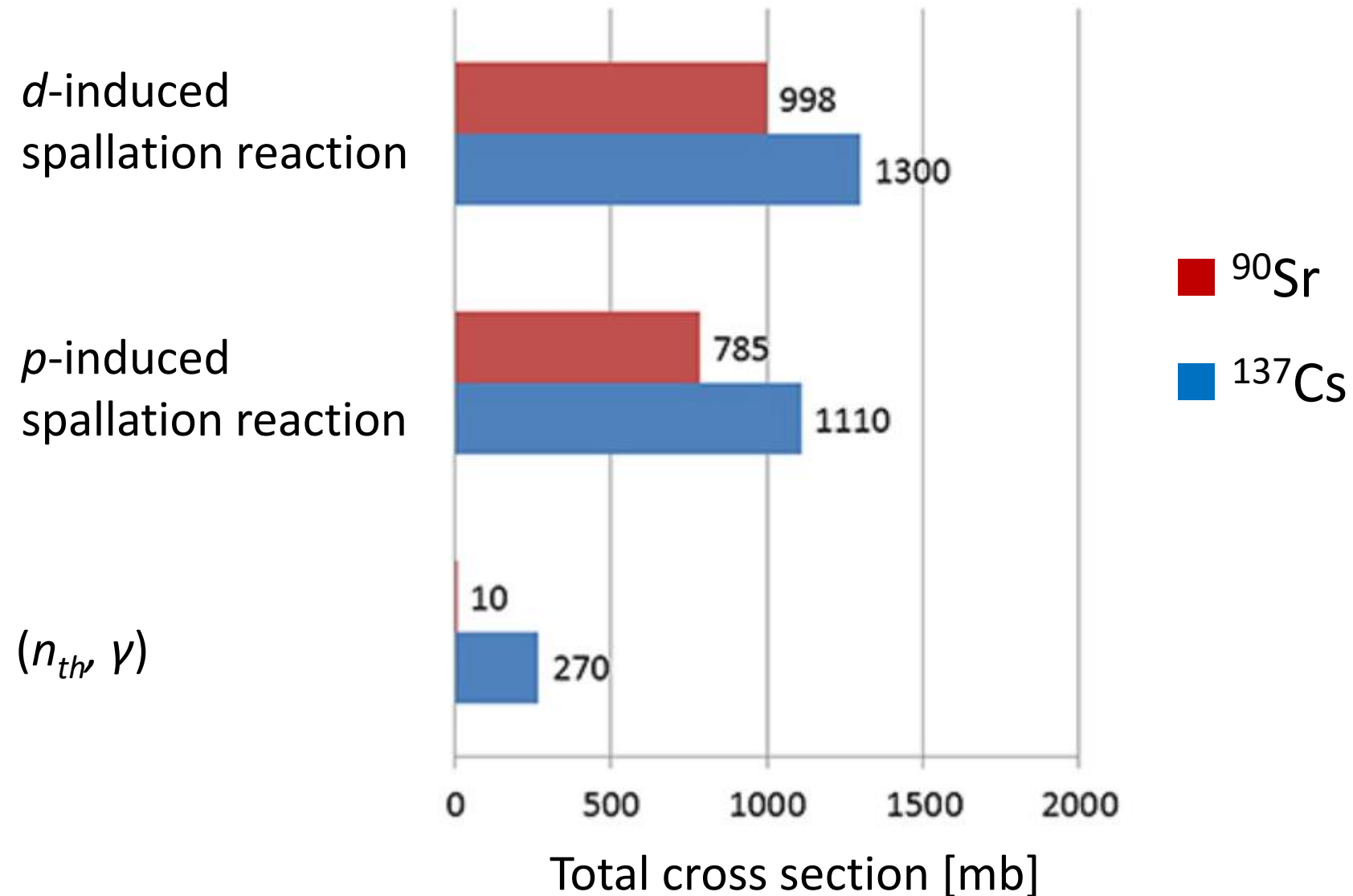


Difference between σ_d and σ_p



- σ_d/σ_p increases towards neutron-deficient side
- ΔZ increases, σ_d/σ_p increases
- Possible reason: $\sigma_{pn} > \sigma_{pp}$ @ 200 MeV/u

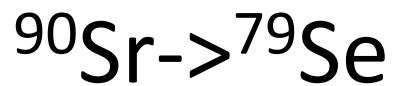
Potential for LLFP transmutation



Reduction of radiotoxicity



	Cross section	Halflife [year]
^{137}Cs	1 barn	30
^{135}Cs	64 mb	2.3×10^6



	Cross section	Halflife [year]
^{90}Sr	0.9 barn	29
^{79}Se	1 mb	6.5×10^4

Summary

Reaction study on ^{90}Sr and ^{137}Cs

- Inverse kinematics using RIBF facilities
- Cross sections on carbon, p , d
- Comparison with calculations

Potential for the transmutation on ^{90}Sr and ^{137}Cs

- Large total cross section
- Reduction in the radiotoxicity
- Importance of d -induced reaction
- Collaboration with nuclear engineering

Perspective

- Systematic study on other LLFP nuclides
- Energy dependence of cross section
Starting point ($\sim 200 \text{ MeV}/u$)
Low reaction energy
- Energy and angular distribution of neutrons
Reuse of neutrons



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Physics Letters B

www.elsevier.com/locate/physletb



Spallation reaction study for fission products in nuclear waste: Cross section measurements for ^{137}Cs and ^{90}Sr on proton and deuteron



H. Wang^{a,*}, H. Otsu^a, H. Sakurai^a, D.S. Ahn^a, M. Aikawa^b, P. Doornenbal^a, N. Fukuda^a,
T. Isobe^a, S. Kawakami^c, S. Koyama^d, T. Kubo^a, S. Kubono^a, G. Lorusso^a, Y. Maeda^c,
A. Makinaga^e, S. Momiyama^d, K. Nakano^f, M. Niikura^d, Y. Shiga^{g,a}, P.-A. Söderström^a,
H. Suzuki^a, H. Takeda^a, S. Takeuchi^a, R. Taniuchi^{d,a}, Ya. Watanabe^a, Yu. Watanabe^f,
H. Yamasaki^d, K. Yoshida^a

^a RIKEN Nishina Center, 2-1 Hirosawa, Wako, Saitama 351-0198, Japan

^b Faculty of Science, Hokkaido University, Sapporo 060-0810, Japan

^c Department of Applied Physics, University of Miyazaki, Miyazaki 889-2192, Japan

^d Department of Physics, University of Tokyo, 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo, Tokyo 113-0033, Japan

^e Graduate School of Medicine, Hokkaido University, North-14, West-5, Kita-ku, Sapporo 060-8648, Japan

^f Department of Advanced Energy Engineering Science, Kyushu University, Kasuga, Fukuoka 816-8580, Japan

^g Department of Physics, Rikkyo University, 3-34-1 Nishi-Ikebukuro, Toshima, Tokyo 171-8501, Japan

Collaborations

RIKEN Nishina Center

HW, H. Otsu, H. Sakurai, D. S. Ahn, P. Doornenbal, N. Fukuda, N. Inabe, T. Isobe, T. Kubo, S. Kubono, G. Lorusso, Y. Shiga, H. Suzuki, P.-A. Söderström, H. Takeda, S. Takeuchi, Y. Watanabe, K. Yoshida

Hokkaido University

M. Aikawa, A. Makinaga

Japan Atomic Energy Agency

T. Fukahori

Kyushu University

Y. Watanabe

Miyazaki University

S. Kawakami, Y. Maeda

University of Tokyo

T. Ando, S. Koyama, T. Miyazaki, S. Momiyama, M. Niikura, R. Taniuchi, H. Yamazaki

The ImPACT program

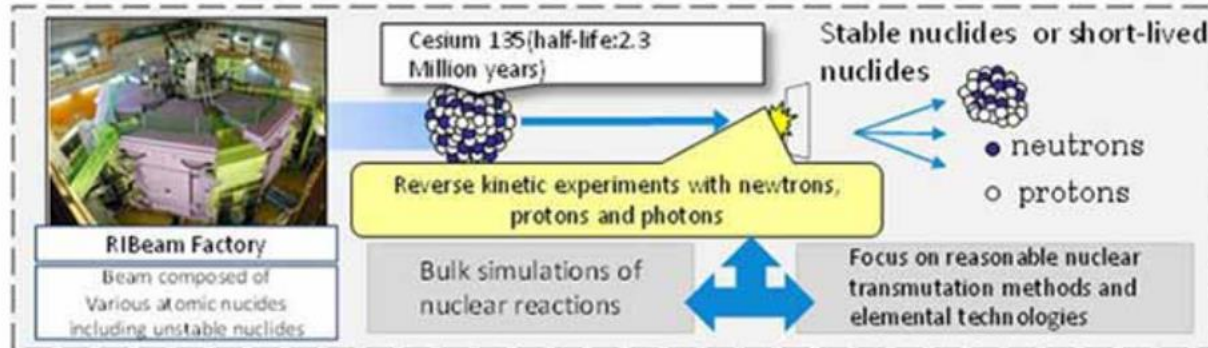
Impulsing Paradigm Change through Disruptive Technologies Program

Reduction and Resource Recycling of High-level Radioactive Wastes through Nuclear Transmutation

Disruptive Innovation

Keys to breakthrough

- To be the first in the world to obtain nuclear reaction data for long-lived fission products, and to confirm the world's first nuclear reaction path for conversion to short lived nuclides or stable nuclides.



PL: Mizoguchi (Toshiba)

Project 1: Development of separation and recovery technologies

PL: Shimoura (CNS)/Sakurai(RIKEN)

Project 2: Obtained nuclear reaction data & new nuclear reaction control method

PM:Fujita

PL: Niita (RIST)

Project 3: Reaction theory modeling and simulation

PL: Sakurai (RIKEN)

Project 4: Evaluation of nuclear transmutation system and development of elemental technologies

PL: Tsujimoto (JAEA)

Project 5: Process concept for design

ImPACT in 2015 spring (BigRIPS+ZeroDegree)

Joint programs of ImPACT Project 2

- Fragmentation reaction measurement (Watanabe ; Kyushu)
- Coulomb breakup/excitation (Nakamura ; TITECH)
- Neutron knockout measurement (Otsu ; RIKEN)

Using secondary beams from In-flight fission of 345 MeV/u U beam

- Secondary beams :

- 100 MeV/u :

- ^{107}Pd

- $^{93}\text{Zr} + ^{90}\text{Sr}$

- ^{135}Cs

- 200 MeV/u :

- $^{107,108}\text{Pd}$

- $^{93,94}\text{Zr}$

ImPACT in 2015 autumn (BigRIPS+SAMURAI)

Joint programs of ImPACT Project 2

- Fragmentation reaction measurement (Watanabe ; Kyushu)
- Coulomb breakup/excitation (Nakamura ; TITECH)
- Neutron knockout measurement (Otsu ; RIKEN)

Using secondary beams from In-flight fission of 345 MeV/u U beam

- Secondary beams :

- 100 MeV/u :

- ^{93}Zr

- ^{79}Se

- 200 MeV/u :

- $^{93,94}\text{Zr}$

- $^{79,80}\text{Se}$

Summary

➤ Reaction study on LLFP

Pre-ImPACT

-- ^{137}Cs , ^{90}Sr

ImPACT2015@ZeroDegree

-- ^{107}Pd , ^{93}Zr , ^{135}Cs

ImPACT2015@SAMURAI

-- $^{93,94}\text{Zr}$, $^{79,80}\text{Se}$

➤ Plan for the ImPACT campaign in 2016

Lower energy with the ZeroDegree spectrometer

Contributor list for ImPACT 2015 spring

RIKEN Nishina Center

H. Otsu, HW, H. Sakurai, S. Chen, N. Chiga, P. Doornenbal, T. Ichihara, T. Isobe, S. Kubono, T. Matsuzaki, Y. Shiga (+Rikkyo Univ.), P.-A. Söderström, S. Takeuchi, Y. Watanabe, K. Yoshida, N. Fukuda, H. Suzuki, H. Takeda, Y. Shimizu, D. S. Ahn, H. Sato, M. Uesaka, T. Kubo

Kyushu University

Y. Watanabe, S. Kawase (+CNS), K. Nakano, S. Araki, T. Kin

Tokyo Institute of Technology

Y. Togano, M. Shikata, S. Takeuchi (+RNC), T. Nakamura, Y. Kondo, J. Tsubota, A. Saito, Y. Ozaki

Miyazaki University

Y. Maeda, S. Kawakami, T. Yamamoto

University of Tokyo

S. Momiyama, M. Niikura, R. Taniuchi, S. Koyama, T. Ando, S. Nagamine, T. Saito, K. Wimmer

CNS, Univ. of Tokyo

S. Michimasa, M. Matsushita, S. Shimoura

Hokkaido University

A. Makinaga, M. Aikawa

Contributor list for ImPACT 2015 autumn

RIKEN Nishina Center

Hideaki Otsu
HW
Nobuyuki Chiga
Yasushi Watanabe
Tadaaki Isobe
Paer Anders Söderström
Takashi Ichihara
Hiroyoshi Sakurai

Tokyo Tech

Satoshi Takeuchi
Yasuhiro Togano
Yosuke Kondo
Mizuki Shikata
Junichi Tsubota
Atsumi Saito
Tomoyuki Ozaki
Takahito Tomai
Akihiro Hirayama
Takashi Nakamura

Niigata U.

Maya Takechi
Kenji Nishizuka
Ayaka Ikeda
Kazuya Chikaato

Tokyo U. of Science

Daiki Nishimura
Yuki Kanke
Hiroyuki Oikawa

Miyazaki U.

Yukie Maeda

RNC BigRIPS Team

Naoki Fukuda
Koichi Yoshida
Hiroshi Suzuki
Hiroyuki Takeda
Yohei Shimizu
Deuk Soon Ahn
Toshiyuki Sumikama
Hiromi Sato
Naohito Inabe
Toshiyuki Kubo

Tohoku U.

Toshio Kobayashi

Kyoto U.

Noritsugu Nakatsuka

U. Tokyo

Shunpei Koyama
Takeshi Saito
Shunsuke Nagamine

CNS, U. Tokyo

Shin' ichiro Michimasa
Masashi Matsushita

Kochi U. of Tech

Sadao Momota

Hokkaido U.

Masayuki Aikawa

TU Darmstadt, Germany

Hans Toshihide

Törnqvist

Leyla Atar
Julian Kahlbow
Tom Aumann

Kyushu U.

Shoichiro Kawase
Keita Nakano
Junki Suwa
Shohei Araki
Yukinobu Watanabe

Rikkyo U.

Junki Amano
Masamichi Amano

Osaka U.

Masaomi Tanaka
Yutaro Tanaka
Hang Du

KVI, Netherlands

Ali Najafi
Christiaan Douma

IRB, Croatia

Igor Gašparić

ELTE, Hungary

Ákos Horváth

Thank you