

# B01 : ESPRI experiment and the neutron skin of $^{132}\text{Sn}$

proton elastic scattering of  
unstable nuclei

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# 1. Symmetry energy and neutron skin thicknesses

Extraction of proton & neutron density distributions from proton elastic scattering

# Nuclear matter EOS with isospin asymmetry $\delta$

- EOS of nuclear matter  $E(\rho, \delta)$  : the energy per nucleon

$$E(\rho, \delta) = E(\rho, 0) + S(\rho) \delta^2 + O(\delta^4)$$

- EOS of symmetric nuclear matter  $E(\rho, 0)$  :

$$E(\rho, 0) = E(\rho_{\text{sat}}, 0) + \frac{K_0}{2} \varepsilon^2 + O(\varepsilon^3)$$

$\rightarrow E(\rho_{\text{sat}}, 0) \sim -16 \text{ MeV},$   
 $K_0 \sim 240 \text{ MeV}$

- The symmetry energy  $S(\rho)$  :

$$S(\rho) = S(\rho_{\text{sat}}) + L\varepsilon + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{2} \varepsilon^2 + O(\varepsilon^3)$$

$\rightarrow$  Still less certain !

$$\delta = \frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho_n + \rho_p}, \quad \varepsilon = \frac{\rho - \rho_{\text{sat}}}{3\rho_{\text{sat}}}$$

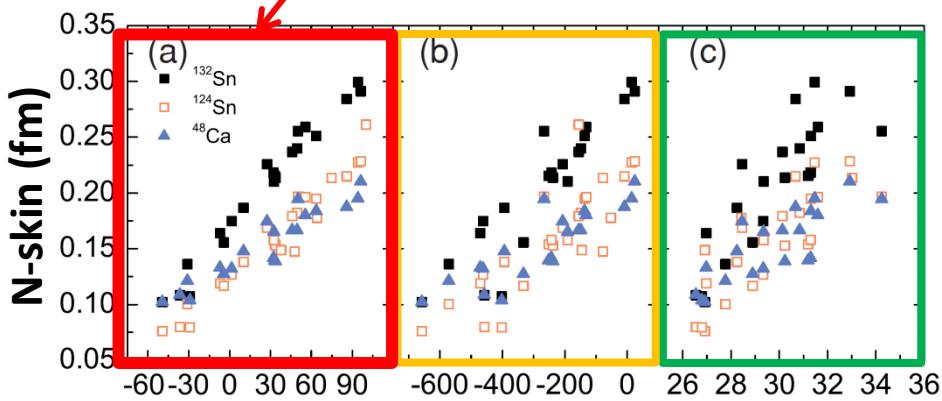
# Symmetry energy vs. Neutron skin

$$E(\rho, \delta) = E(\rho, 0) + S(\rho) \delta^2 + O(\delta^4)$$

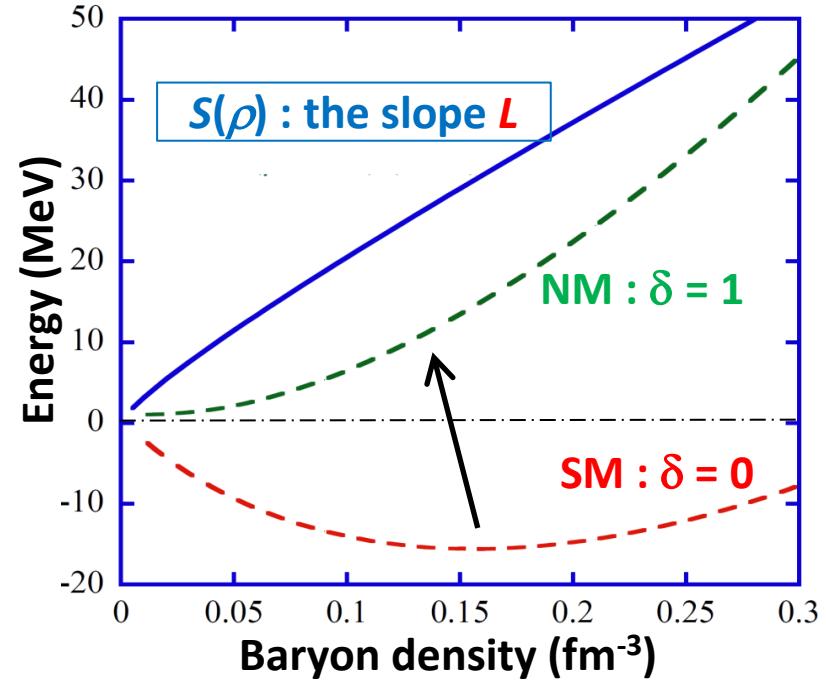
$$S(\rho) = S(\rho_{\text{sat}}) + L \varepsilon + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{2} \varepsilon^2 + O(\varepsilon^3)$$

Strong correlation!

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\rho - \rho_{\text{sat}}}{3\rho_{\text{sat}}}$$



Taken from L.-W. Chen et al., PRC72, 064309.



Determine the slope coefficient  $L$  of  $S(\rho)$  → neutron matter EOS

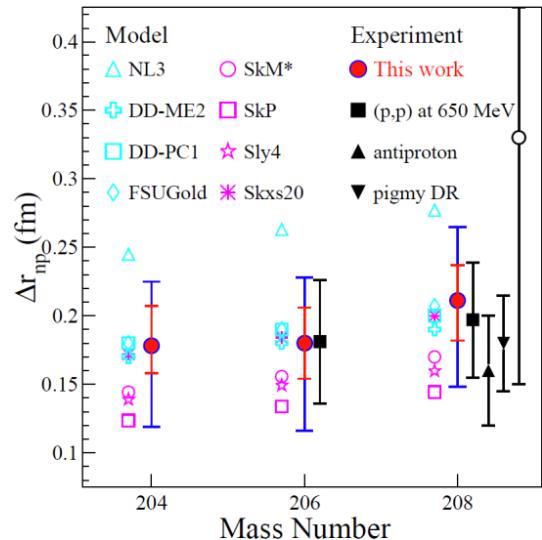
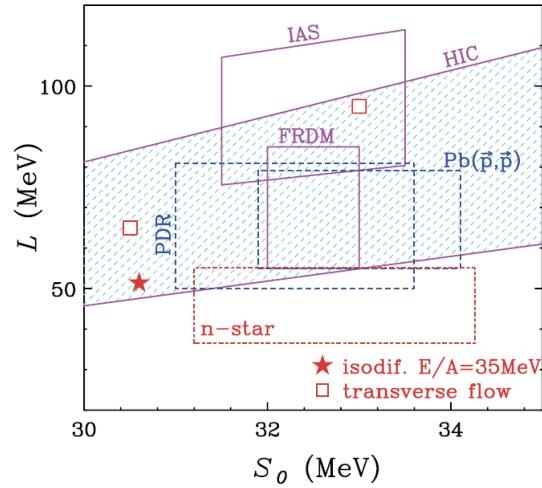


Impact on **neutron star** structure  

- Radius, cooling system, etc.

# Symmetry energy experiments

- SAMURAI-TPC (SPiRIT) :  $\pi^+/\pi^-$  ratio
  - HI collision (Sn isotope?)
- $(p, p')$  at 0 degree : dipole polarizability
  - proton inelastic scattering ( $^{208}\text{Pb}$ ,  $^{90}\text{Zr}$ , etc.)
- PREX-II, CREX : neutron radius & skin thickness ( $^{208}\text{Pb}$ ,  $^{48}\text{Ca}$ )
  - parity-violating electron elastic scattering
  - Stable nuclei :  $^{208}\text{Pb}$ ,  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  (2015, 2016)
- ESPRI : neutron radius & skin thickness
  - proton elastic scattering
  - Stable & unstable nuclei
  - $\text{Pb}$ ,  $\text{Sn}$ ,  $\text{Zr}$ ,  $\text{Ca}$ ,  $^{132}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{66,70}\text{Ni}$



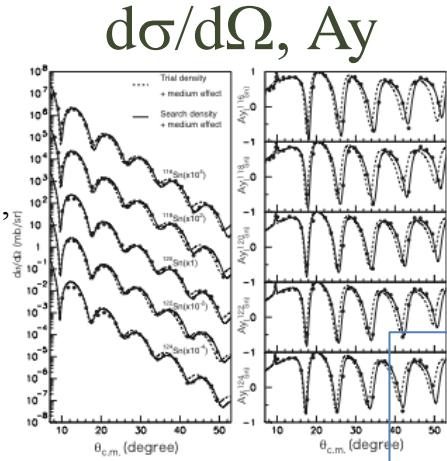
## 2. pre-ESPRI

Polarized proton elastic scattering at 300MeV (Ring cyclotron facility at RCNP, Osaka University)  
 ⇒ We have succeeded in extracting neutron density distributions of Sn, Pb isotopes systematically.

Stable nuclei :  $\rho_p$  is known.

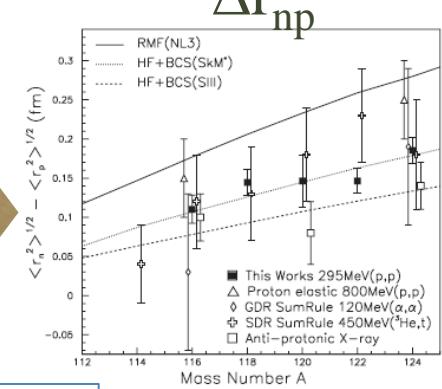
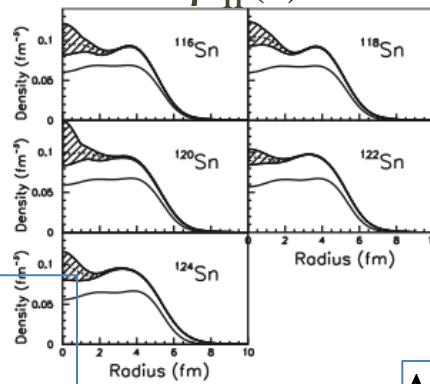
Sn

S.Terashima et al.,  
 Phys. Rev. C 77,  
 024317 (2008)



RIA  
 +  
 Medium  
 modification

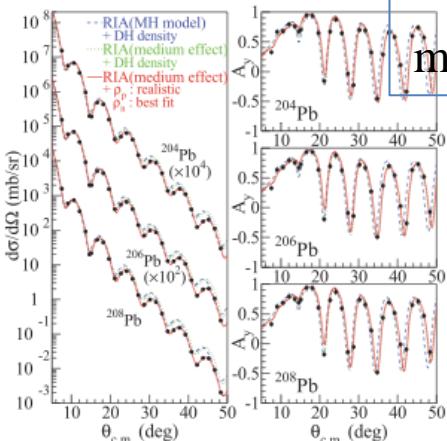
$\rho_n(r)$



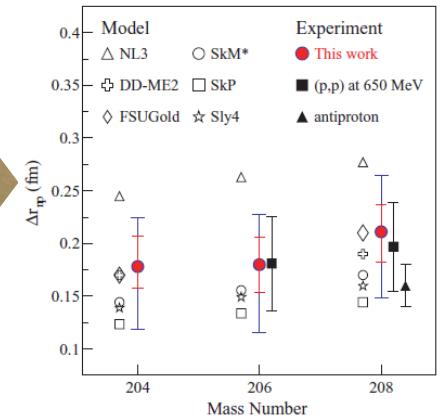
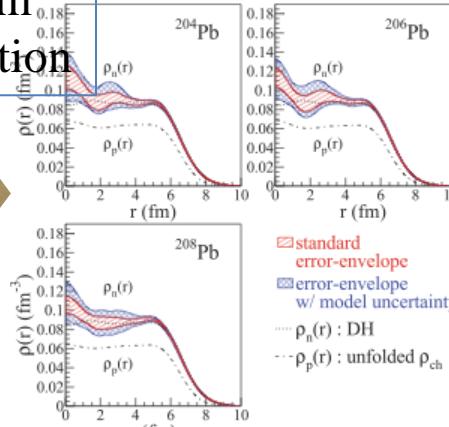
$\Delta r_n/r_n < 0.5\%$

Pb

J.Zenhiro et al.,  
 Phys. Rev. C 82,  
 044611 (2010)



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# 3. ESPRI

## ESPRI : Elastic Scattering of Protons from RI beam

Physics motivations:

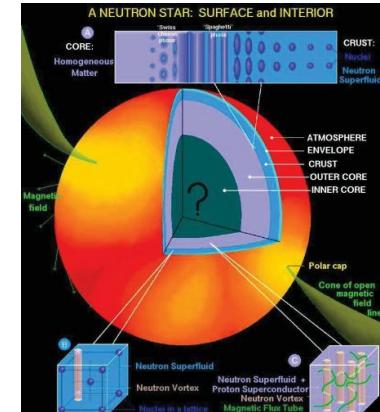
**Extraction of p & n densities of unstable nuclei  
from  $p$ -RI elastic scattering measurements**

1. Asymmetric nuclear matter EOS study through neutron skin measurements  
→ medium-heavy nuclei
2. Structure study (cluster, skin, halo, etc.)  
→ light nuclei

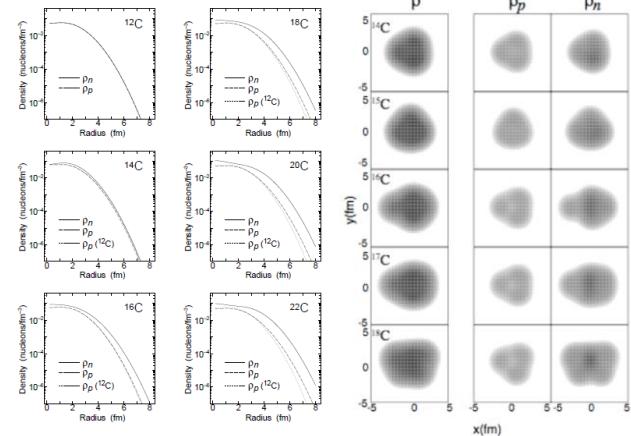


Achievements :

1. Development of the detector system for inverse kinematics.
2. Measurements of angular distributions of cross sections of unstable nuclei.
3. Extraction method of both p & n densities from proton elastic scattering data only.



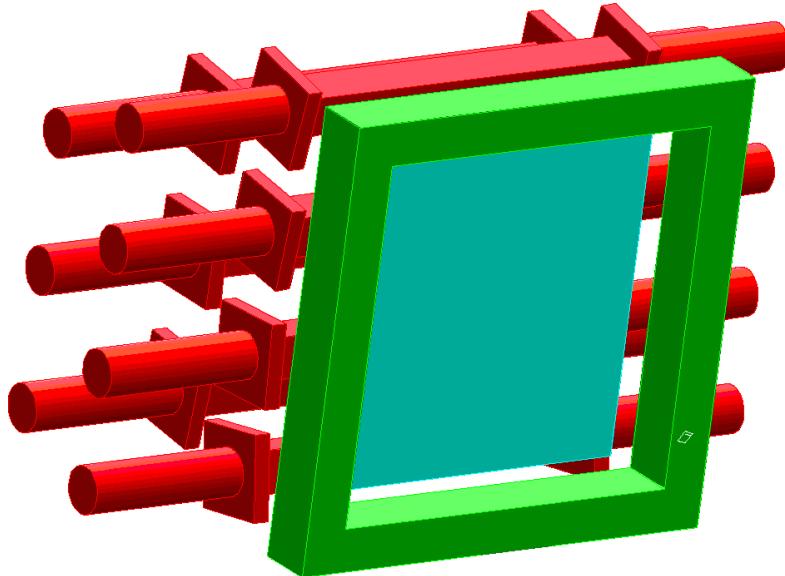
Neutron star structure



AMD calculations of C isotopes taken from Yoshiko Kanada-En'yo and Hisashi Horiuchi, Progress of Theor. Phys. Suppl. No142, (2001)

# 4. ESPRI detectors

## Recoil Proton Spectrometer (RPS)

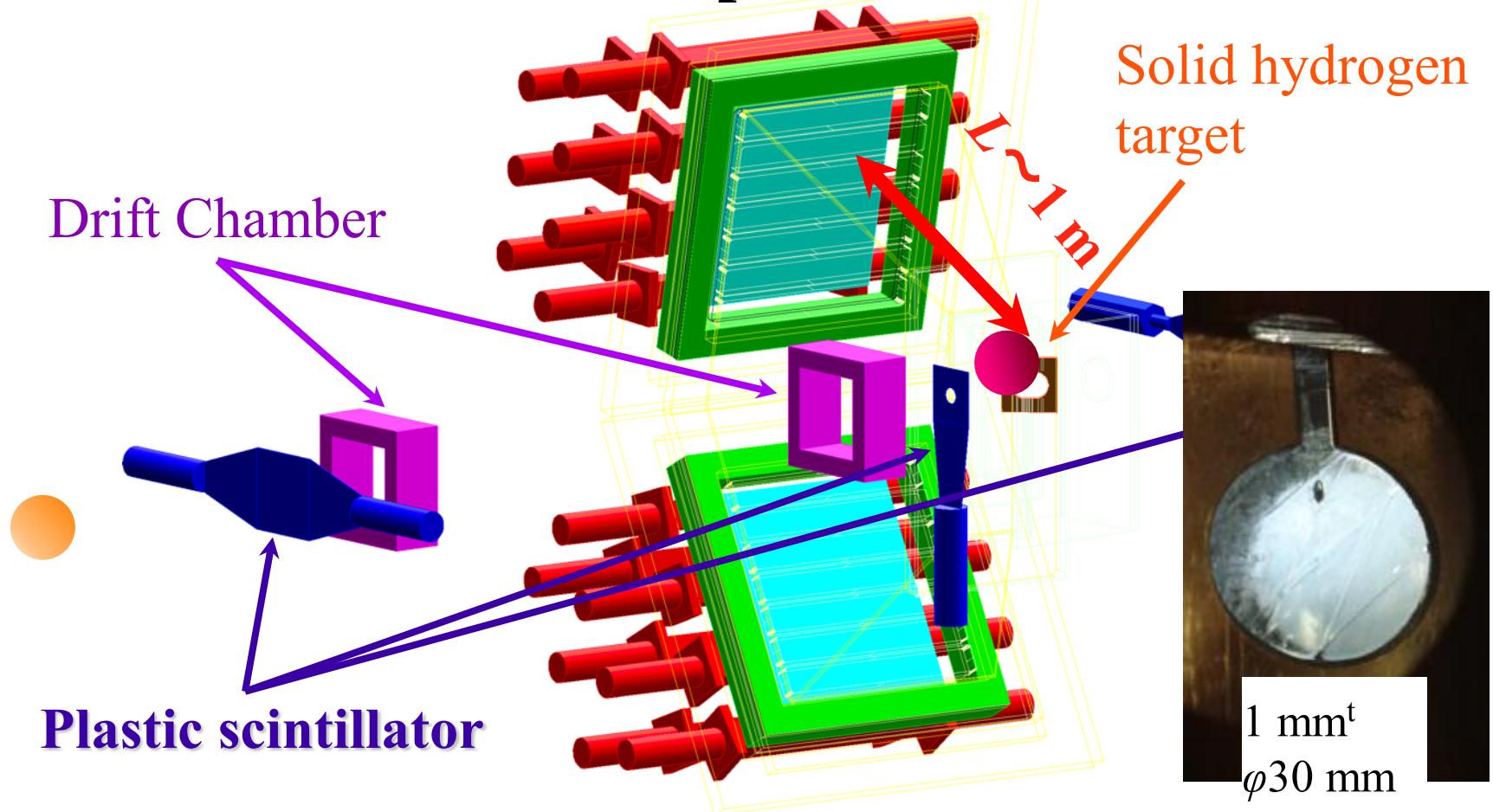


$\theta_{\text{lab}} = 66^\circ - 80^\circ$ ,  $E_p = 20-120 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $\Delta\Omega \sim 10 \text{ msr/deg.}$   
 $q = 1-2.2 \text{ fm}^{-1}$ ,  $\Delta E_x = 400-500 \text{ keV}$

Recoil drift chamber	436x436 mm <sup>2</sup> (x-y-x'-y'-x'-y)
Plastic scintillator	440x440 mm <sup>2</sup> x 2 mm <sup>t</sup>
NaI(Tl) caorimeter	431.8x45.72 mm <sup>2</sup> x 50.8 mm <sup>t</sup>

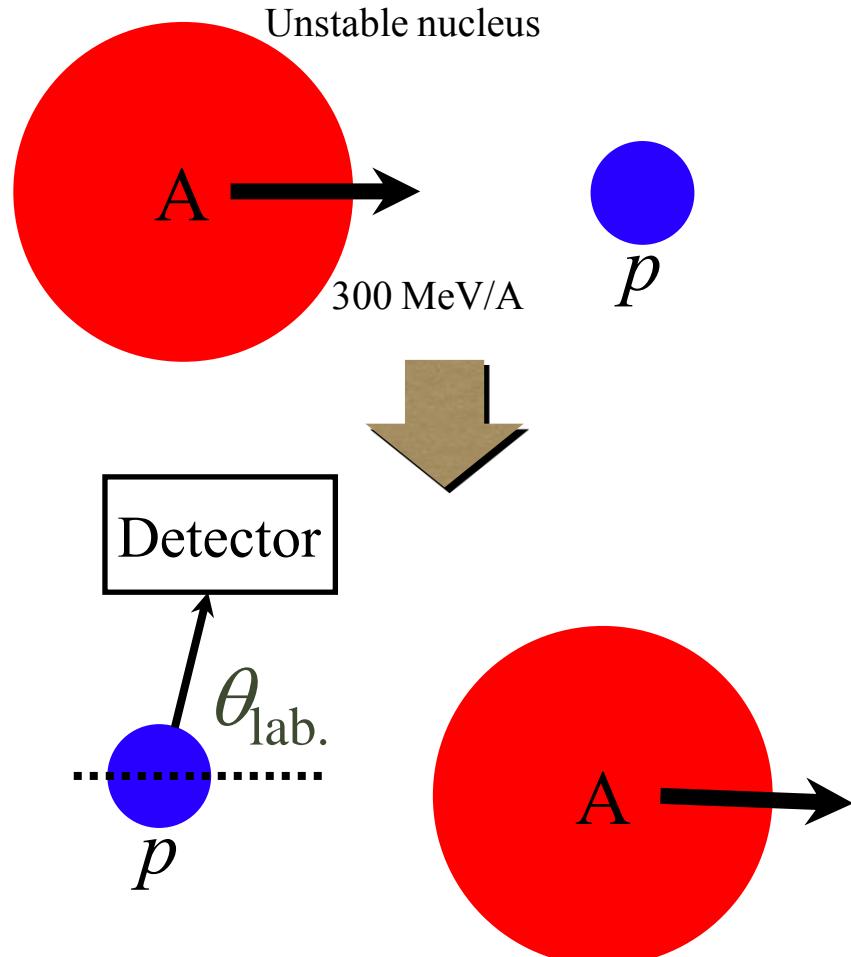
# 4. ESPRI detectors

## Recoil Proton Spectrometer (RPS)



# Kinematics of ESPRI

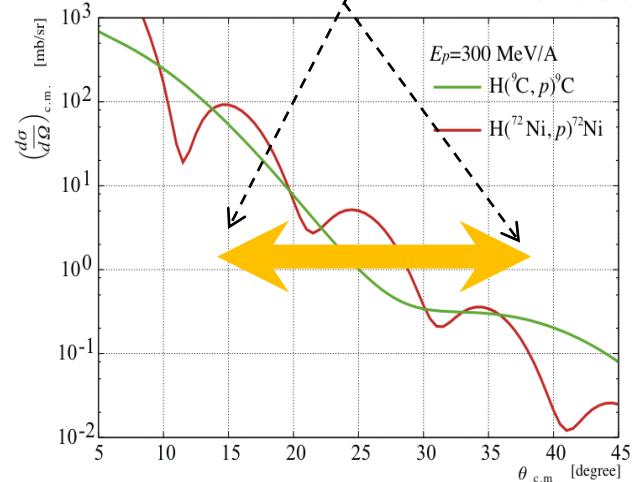
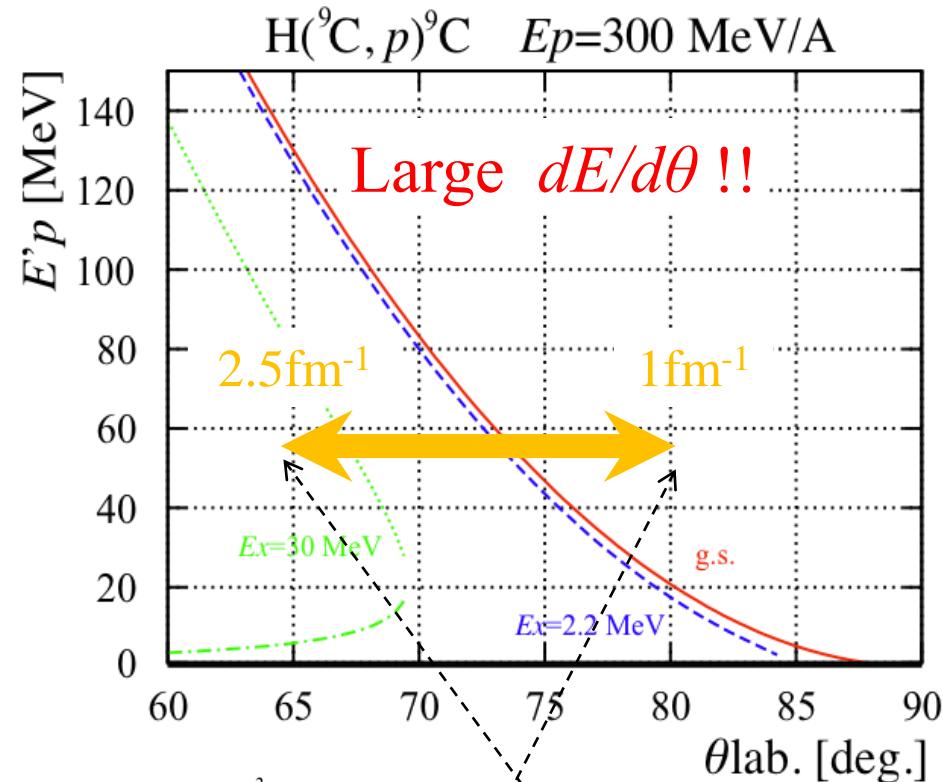
Inverse kinematics : fixed probe



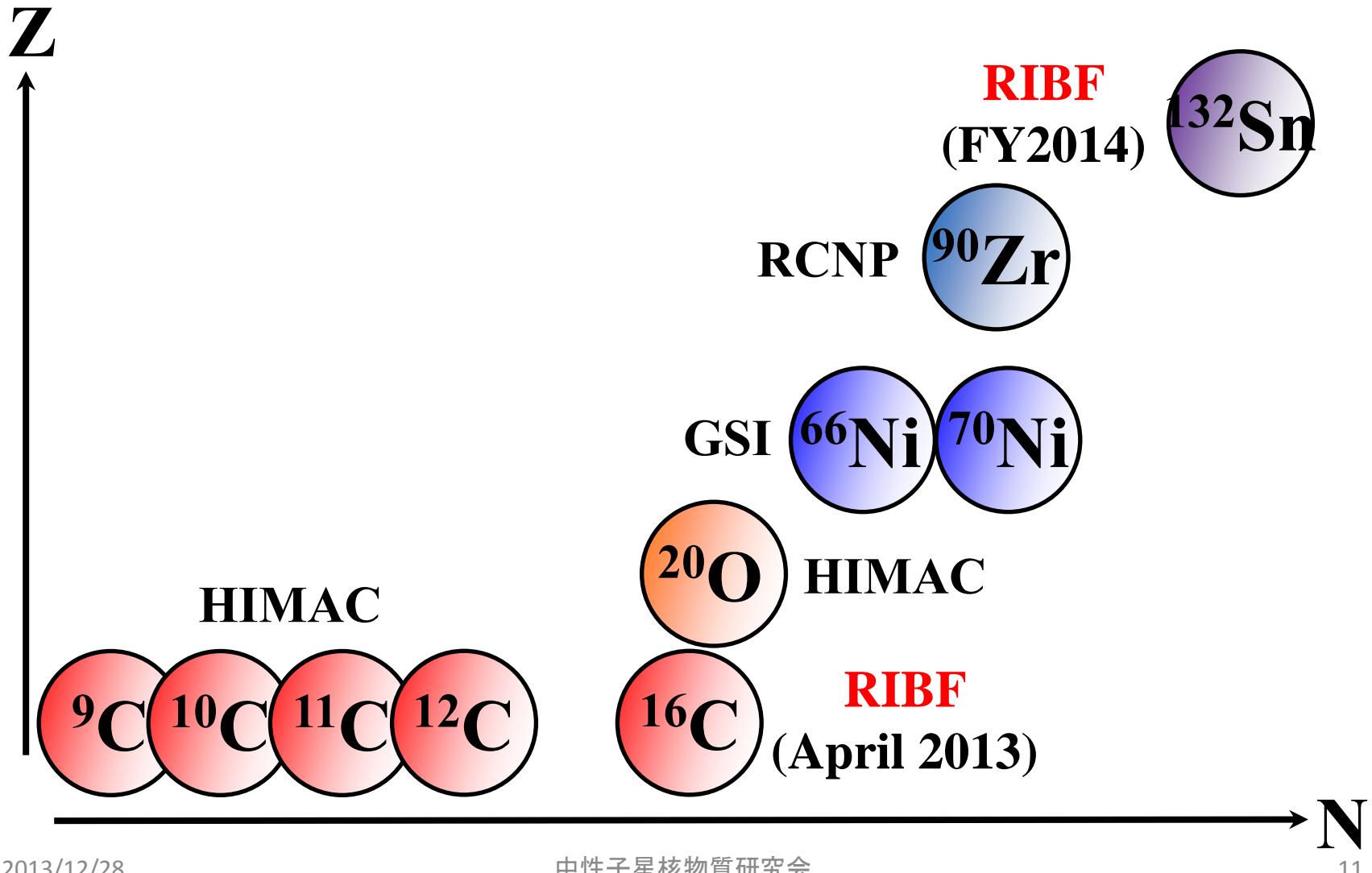
It has been difficult to measure in a wide momentum transfer region.

Experiments in the lower momentum transfer region ( $< 1 \text{ fm}^{-1}$ ) have been done so far.

- RIKEN, GANIL, MSU :  $< 100 \text{ MeV/A}$
- GSI (He, Li isotope) :  $700 \text{ MeV/A}$



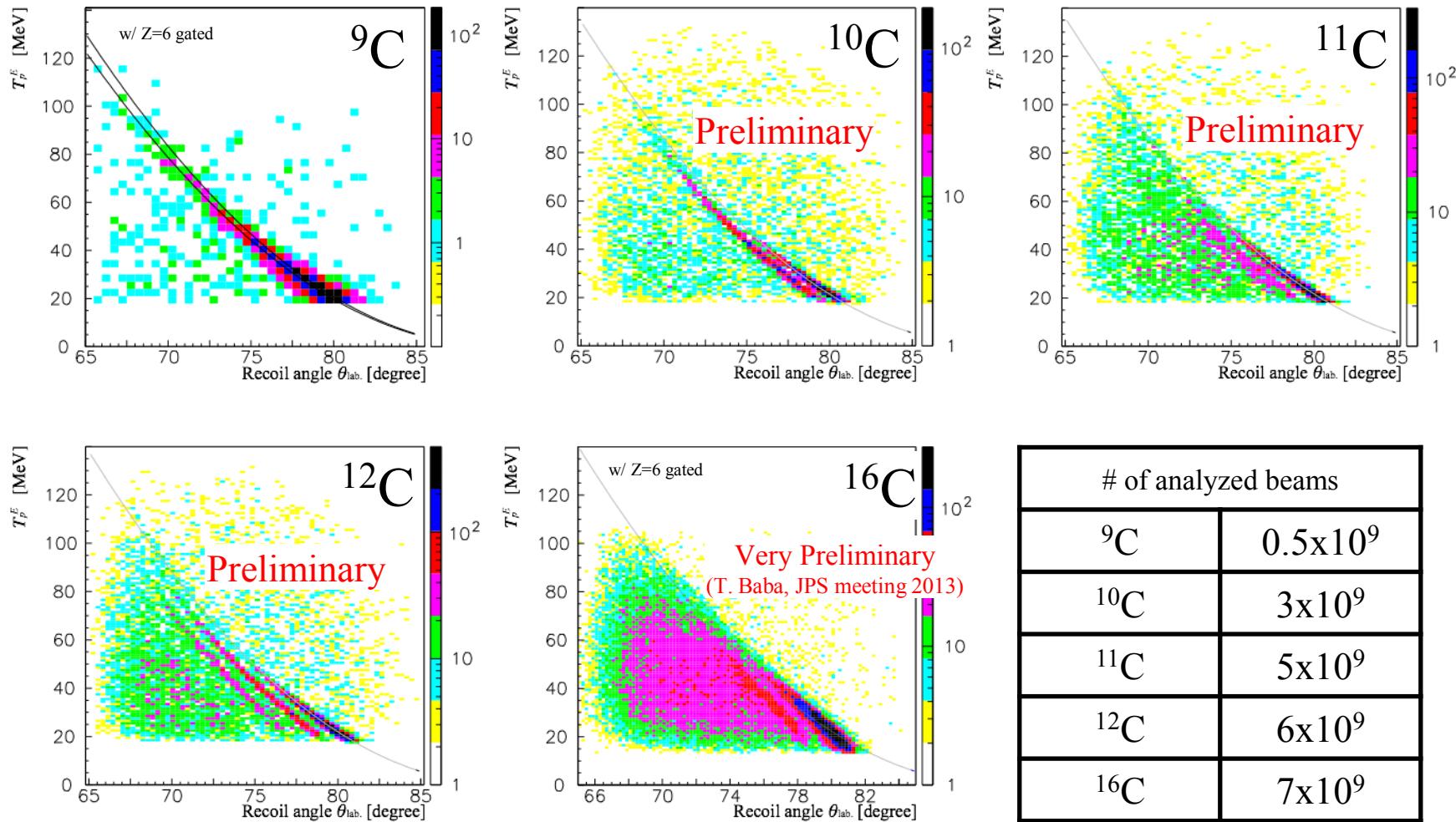
# 5. Experiments



# 5-1. Light unstable nuclei : ${}^9, {}^{10}, {}^{11}, {}^{12}, {}^{16}\text{C}$

Kinematical correlation :  $T_p$  vs  $\theta_p$

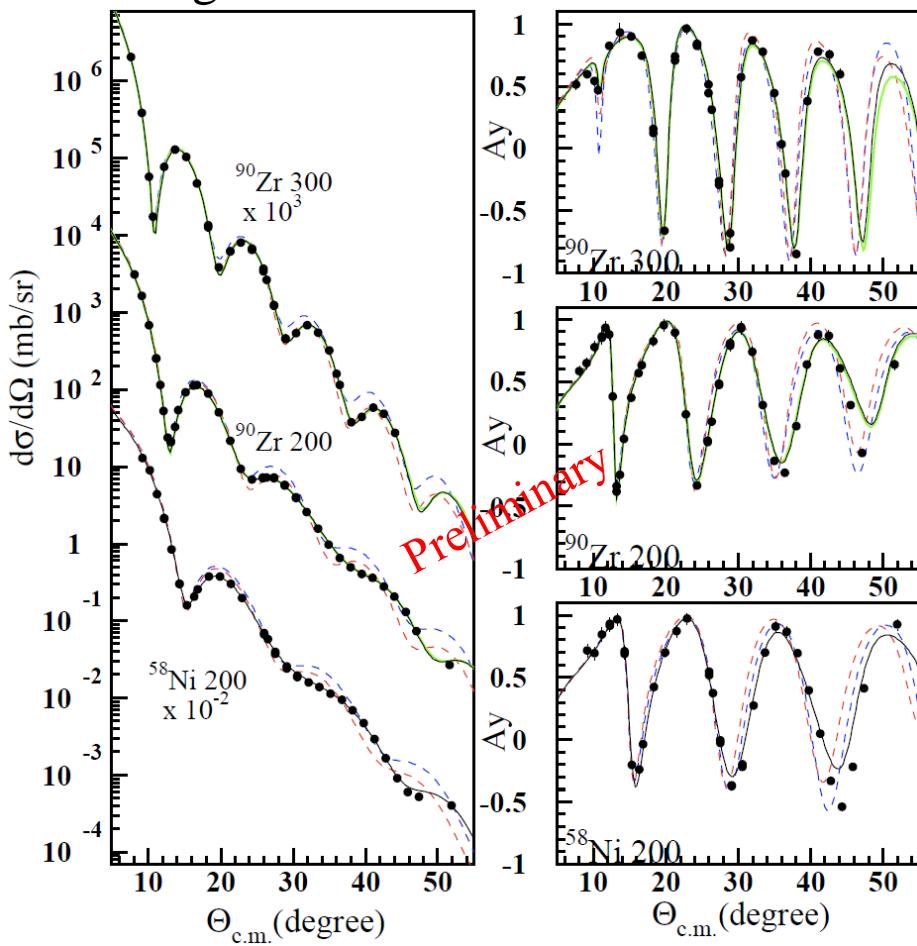
Recoil proton energy (MeV)



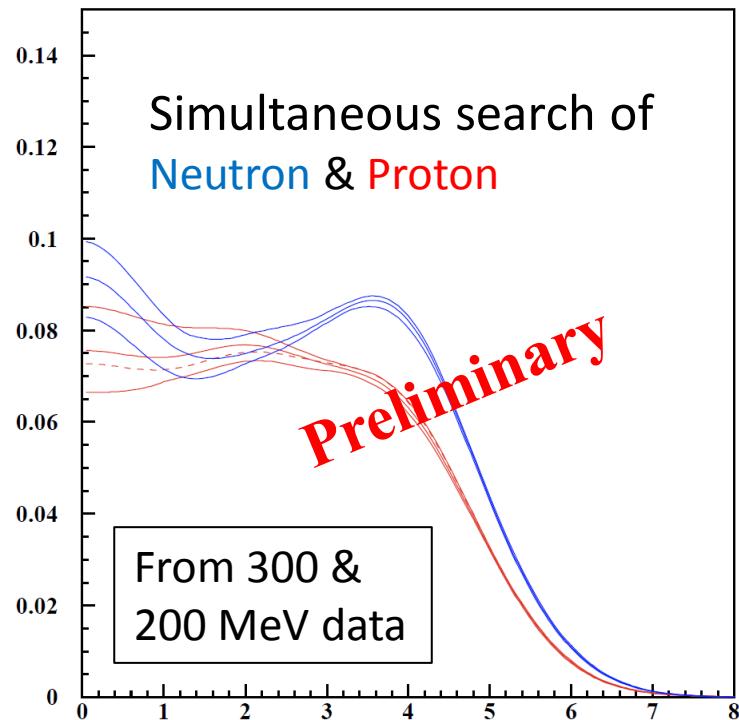
# of analyzed beams	
${}^9\text{C}$	$0.5 \times 10^9$
${}^{10}\text{C}$	$3 \times 10^9$
${}^{11}\text{C}$	$5 \times 10^9$
${}^{12}\text{C}$	$6 \times 10^9$
${}^{16}\text{C}$	$7 \times 10^9$

# 5-3. simultaneous extraction from two-energy p-elastic data of $^{90}\text{Zr}$

Fitting results for  $^{90}\text{Zr}$  @ **200 & 300 MeV**



Extracted densities of  $^{90}\text{Zr}$



$r_n$	$r_p$	$\Delta r_{np}$
4.300(17)	4.210(20)	0.090(26)

# 6. ESPRI at RIBF

## Toward extraction of proton & neutron densities of unstable nuclei

### ■ Suitable energy & high intensity

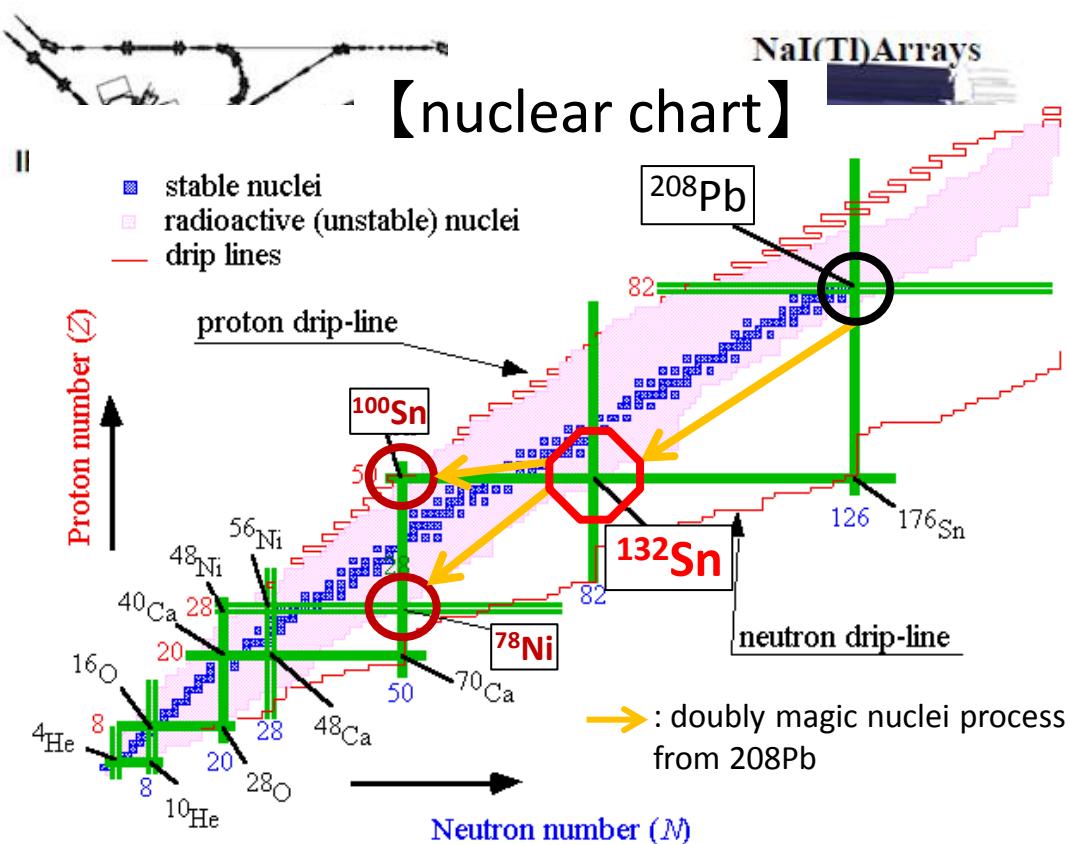
1.  $^{16}\text{C}$  : the first ESPRI measurement with high-intensity RI beams at RIBF (**NP0709-RIBF40**) has been done in this April.

2.  $^{132}\text{Sn}$  : flag-ship nuclei as a next step from  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  (**NP1112-RIBF79**)

→ At 200 & 300 MeV/u  
→ n-skin thickness to constrain the symmetry energy of asymmetric nuclear matter EOS

→ High-rate & high-Z tolerance of beam-line detector is required (up to  $\sim 1\text{MHz}$  &  $Z \sim 50$ )

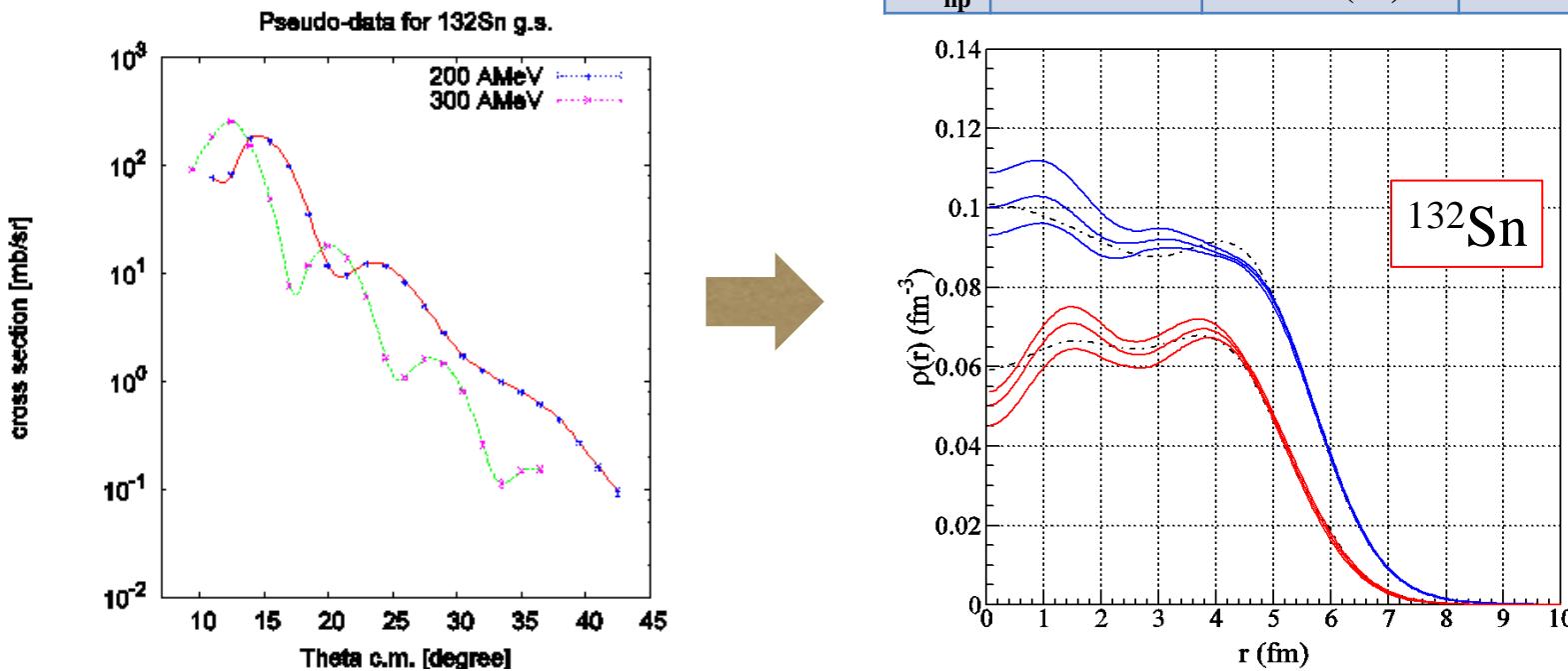
MWDC, Solid Ar(Xe), etc. will be tested at HIMAC in 2014



# Expected results of $^{132}\text{Sn}$

- ◆ Test of simultaneous extraction of  $\rho_p(r)$ ,  $\rho_n(r)$  of  $^{132}\text{Sn}$  from pseudo-data of differential cross sections
- ◆ Using RIA and relativistic-Hartree calculations as nucleon density distributions.

	g.s. (input)	g.s. (extracted)	$\delta r/r$
$r_n$	4.916	<b>4.907(23)</b>	<b>0.46%</b>
$r_p$	4.650	<b>4.612(49)</b>	<b>1.1%</b>
$\Delta r_{np}$	0.266	<b>0.295(54)</b>	--



# 7. Summary

1. ESPRI @ HIMAC, Chiba and GSI, Germany. → Successfully done!
  - ✓ **HIMAC-P179&P213** :  ${}^9\text{C}$ ,  ${}^{10,11}\text{C}$ ,  ${}^{20}\text{O}$  (FY2007-2009) [Y. Matsuda, et al., Phys. Rev. C87, 034614(2013)]
  - ✓ **GSI-S272** :  ${}^{66,70}\text{Ni}$  (FY2009-2010)
    - 1mm-t & 30mm- $\phi$  pSHT [Y. Matsuda, et al., NIMA643,6(2011)], energy resolution of  $\sim 500\text{keV}(\sigma)$
    - still large experimental errors due to low statistics
2. Test of the simultaneous extraction of  $\rho_p(r)$  &  $\rho_n(r)$  from proton elastic scattering data at 200, 300 MeV/u
  - ✓ *two-energy* analysis method is now being developed with stable nuclei.
  - ✓ **RCNP-E366** :  ${}^{90,92,94}\text{Zr}$  (FY2012)
  - **RCNP-E375** :  ${}^{12,13,14}\text{C}$  (FY2013-2014)
    - feasibility test experiment (E366) shows good results.
3. ESPRI @ RIBF with high-intensity RI beam
  - ✓ **NP0709-RIBF40** :  ${}^{16}\text{C}$  at 300 MeV/u (light unstable nuclei; successfully done in April 2013!)
  - **NP1112-RIBF79** :  ${}^{132}\text{Sn}$  at 200&300 MeV/u (heavy unstable nuclei; approved by 2011 NP-PAC)
    - Detectors are now being developed.
    - Will be performed in 2015 (14 days).
4. Stable nuclei
  - ✓ Neutron densities of Sn & Pb isotopes, neutron skin of  ${}^{208}\text{Pb}$
  - Neutron skin of  ${}^{48}\text{Ca}$ ,  ${}^{90}\text{Zr}$
5. Future work?
  - HI+HI elastic scattering →  $\rho \sim 2\rho_0$  : T. Furumoto, et. al., PrC85,044607(2012)

# Elastic Scattering of Protons with RI beams (ESPRI) project

## Collaborators

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Thank you for your attention.