Rhicf Simulation

Japan-Korea Phenix Joint Meeting at RIKEN

Junsang Park(Seoul National University) Nov 27 2014

Simulation

Out Line

Overview of Rhicf Observing target Motivation

Simulation

Summary and Outlook

Simulation

Rhicf

What to observe?

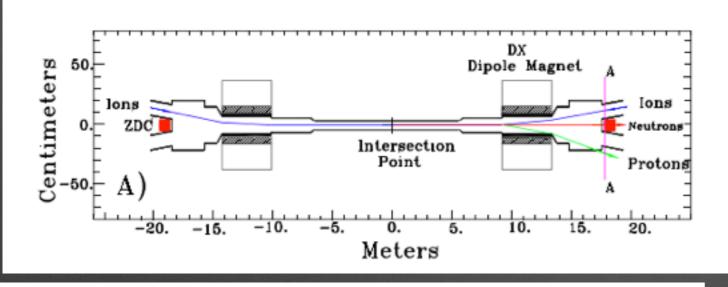
 ■ Rhic+f(forward)

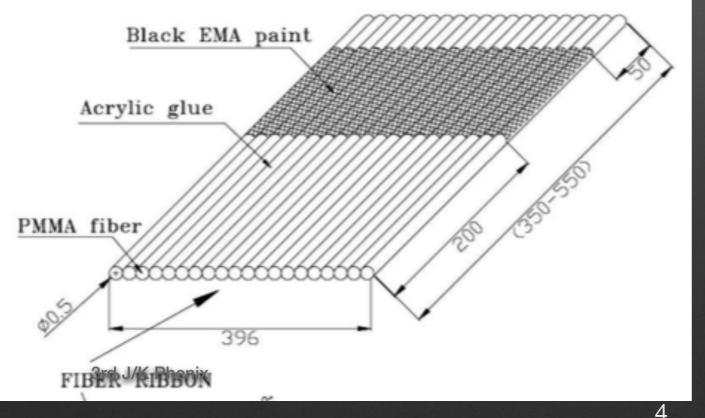
 → Very forward Particle(η>6)

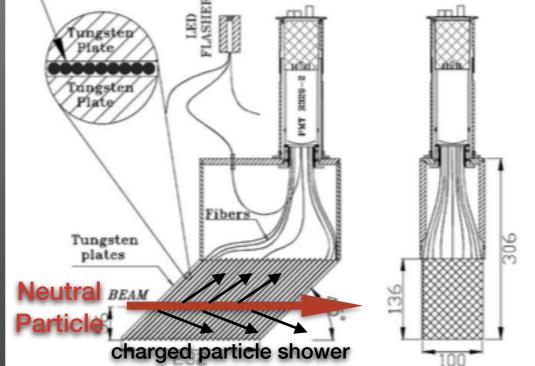
Neutral Particles(π₀, Neutron, Photon)

• Low Energy(relative to LHC) and Low transverse momentum

How to observe? • Use ZDC and LHCf

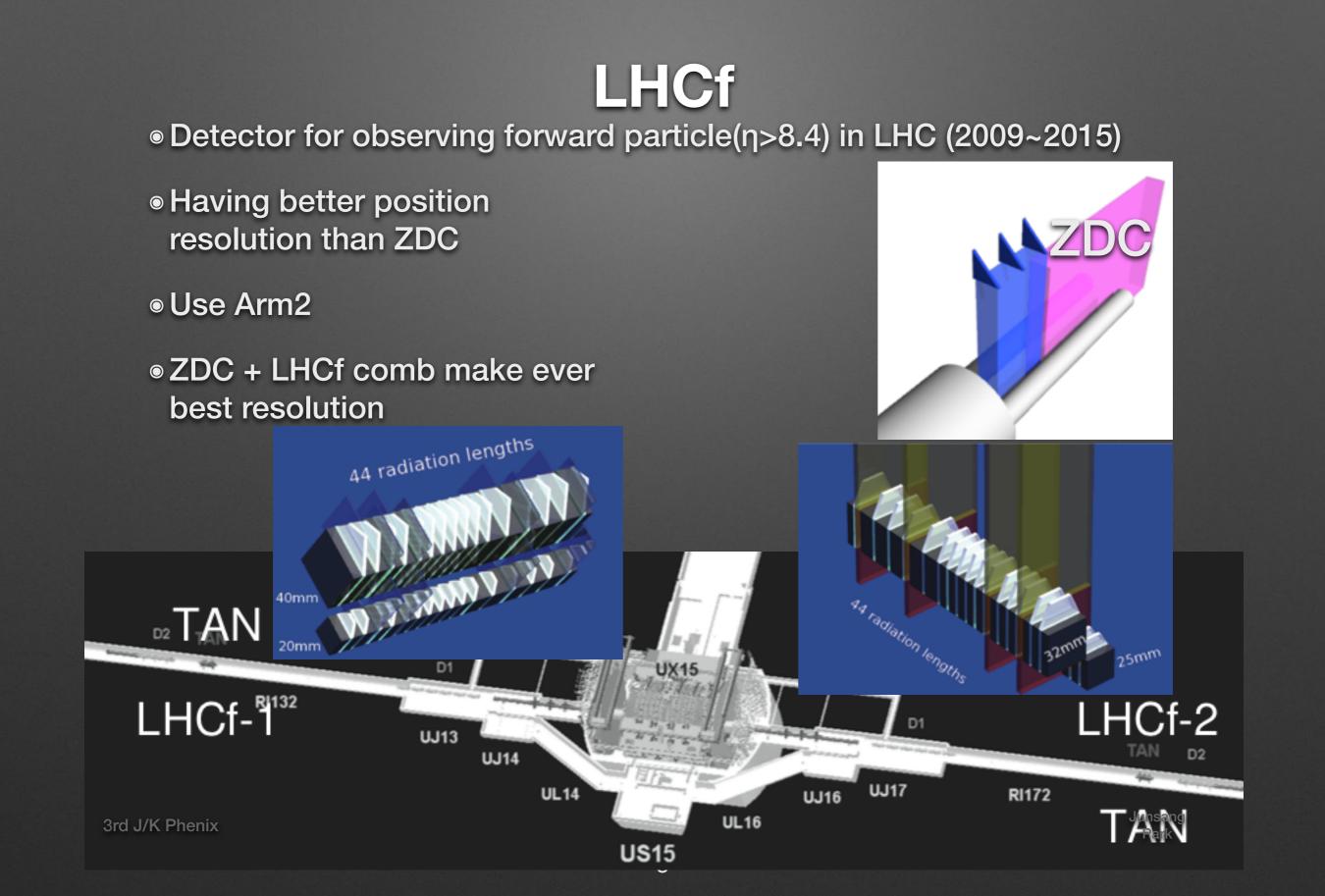






ZDC collects
 Cherenkov light
 created by
 charged particles
 Deposit energy
 can be calculated
 from PMT's signal

Junsang Park



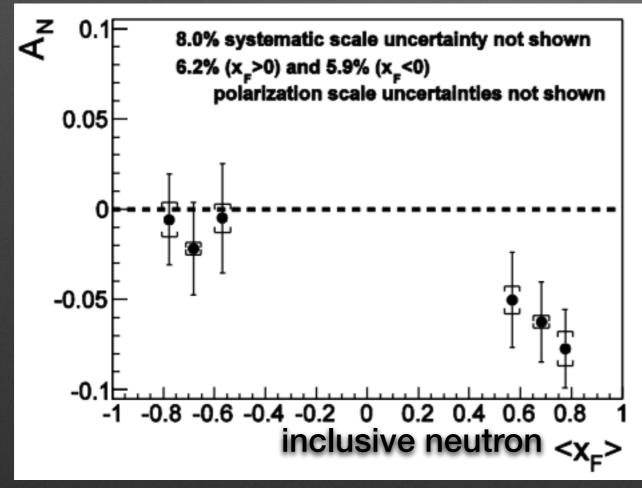
Physics Motivation

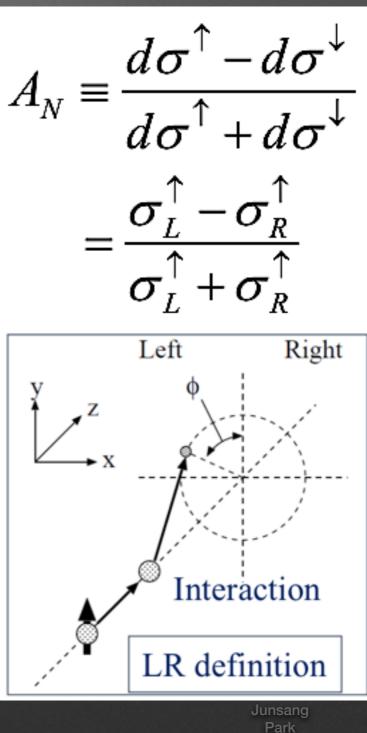
Spin Physics
 →Forward neutron's A_N

 ● Verify hadronic interaction model
 → This connects to development of Cosmic Ray Physics

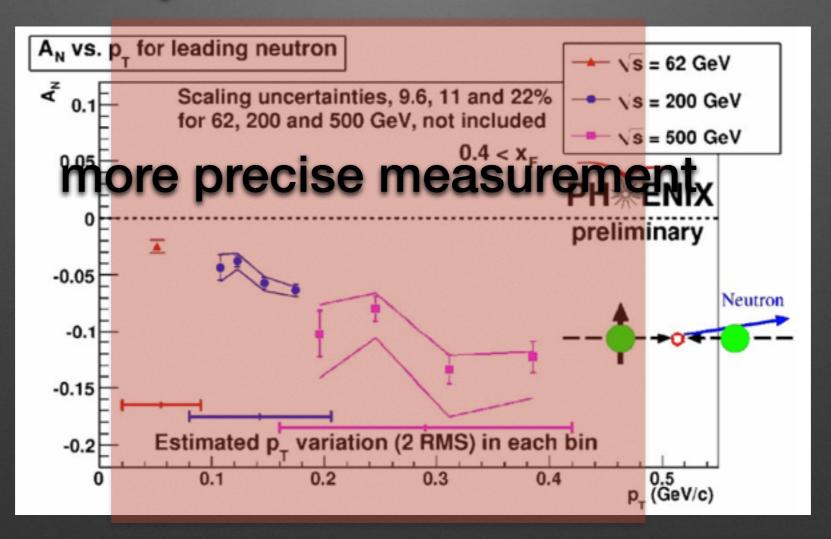
Forward neutron's AN

Run5 data shows relation between XF and AN





● AN vs √S



Hadronic interaction models

- Theoretical basis
 - pQCD
 - Regge Theory
 - energy conservation
- Phenomenology(Models)
 - hadronization
 - Pomeron interaction
 - etc..

Low PT region!

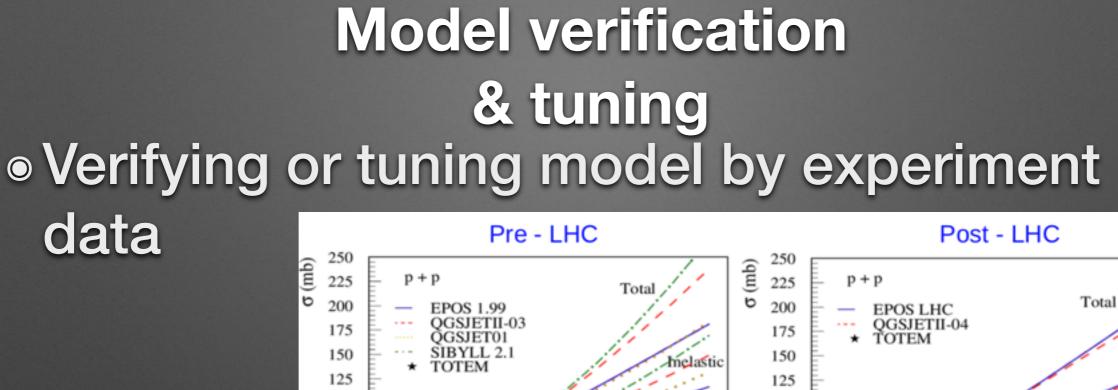
Tuning parameters with data

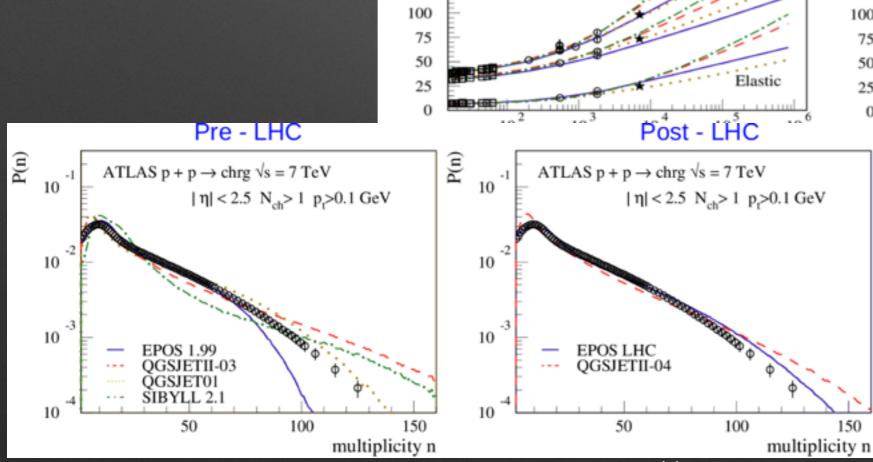
Various Models

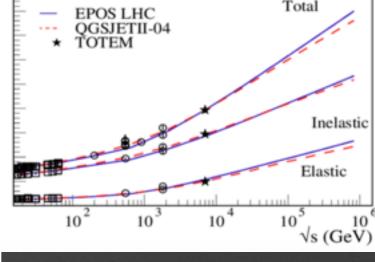
 QGSJET series : Regge theory + String dynamics + semi-hadprocess + Pomeron interaction..

 SIBYLL series : mini-jet model + Eikonal approximation
 + Dual parton model +

• DPMJET series, EPOS series and so on....









Why are these models important to **Cosmic Ray Physics?**

Observation of CR(cosmic ray)

- direct method(satellite) \rightarrow waste space, time and \$
- indirect method(Surface Detector, Radio telescope)



Yangbajing International Cosmic Ray Observatiry

3rd J/K Phenix

Very Energetic Radiation Telescope Array, Arizona

Park

closer to the ground

Why are these models important to Cosmic Ray Physics?

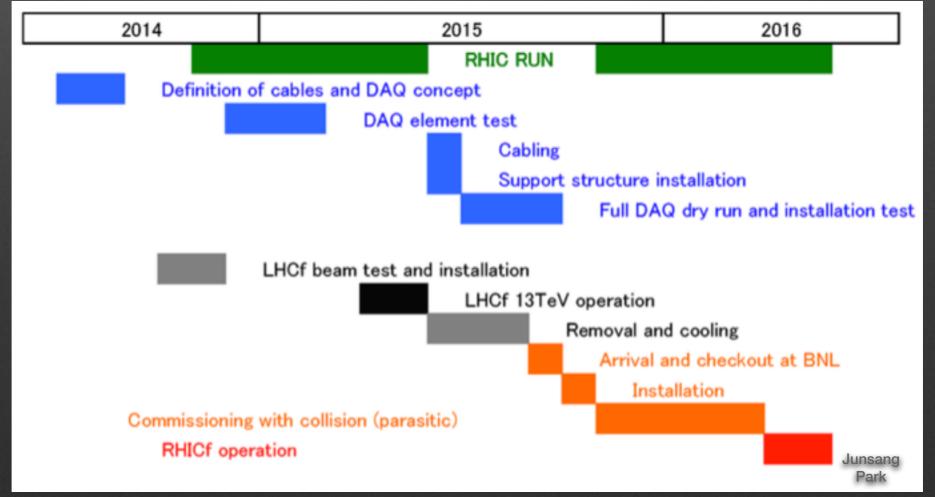
Primary cosmic ray • Primary CR makes secondary molecules particles(through hadronic interaction) Secondary cosmic ray in atmosphere It is important to know about secondary particles Muons Neutrons Positrons Hadronic interaction model plays important role in generating secondary CR Neutrons Energy decreases when

Schedules

● 2015 - Run in LHC

Installation starts from end of 2015

Mainrun in 2016



3rd J/K Phenix

Simulation

Rhicf

Rhicf summary

 Observe neutral particles with Low energy, small PT and η>6

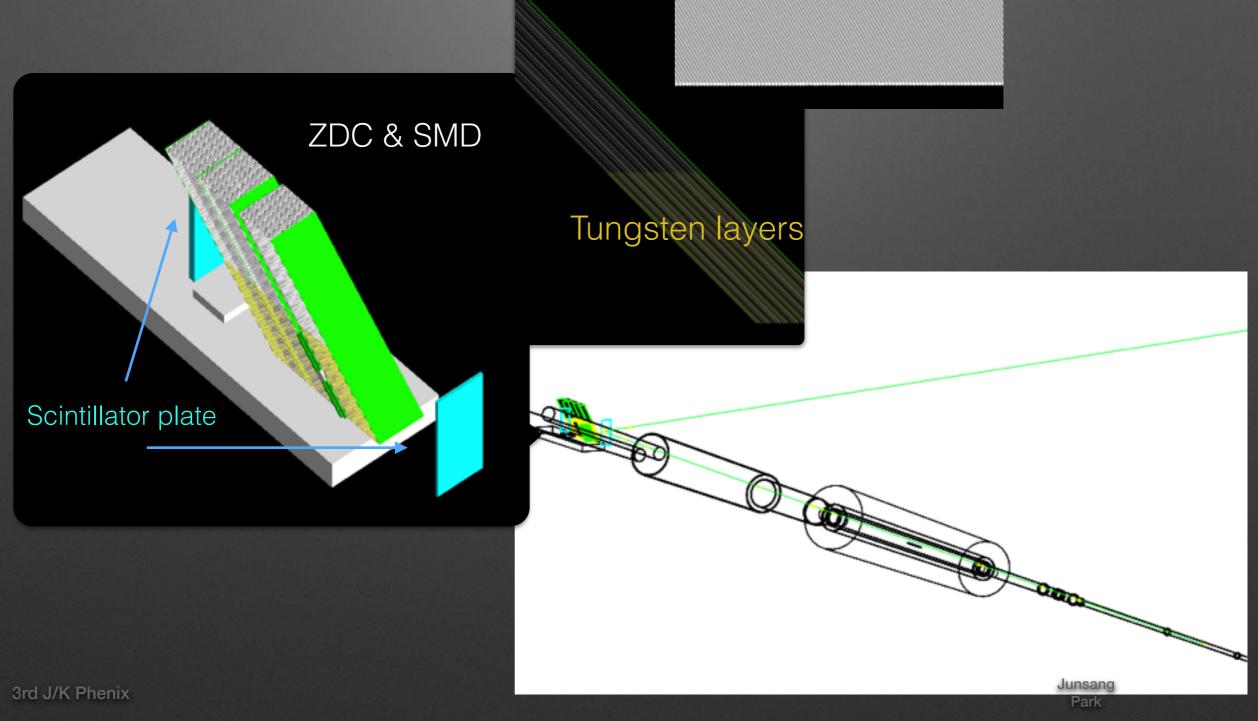
 Data from Rhicf contributes to spin physics, cosmic ray physics and particle physics.

Operation in 2016

Simulation

- Generally before experiment starts, Need to estimate results of experiment for determination of parameter (e.g:structure of detector, matter and so on)
- Use Geant4 simulator for consistency between Phenix detectors and LHCf (present code for Phenix is based on geant3)
- geometry code is completed





Summary & outlook

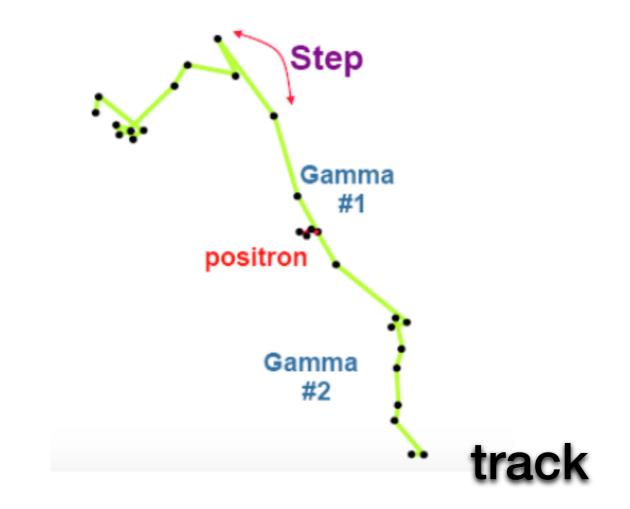
- Localpol's geometry code is completed
- ZDC's energy resolution calculation is on going
- Make more proper PhysicsList to Rhicf
- Need to make Multithread activate
- Calculate efficiency, position resolution and energy resolution after implementation of LHCf

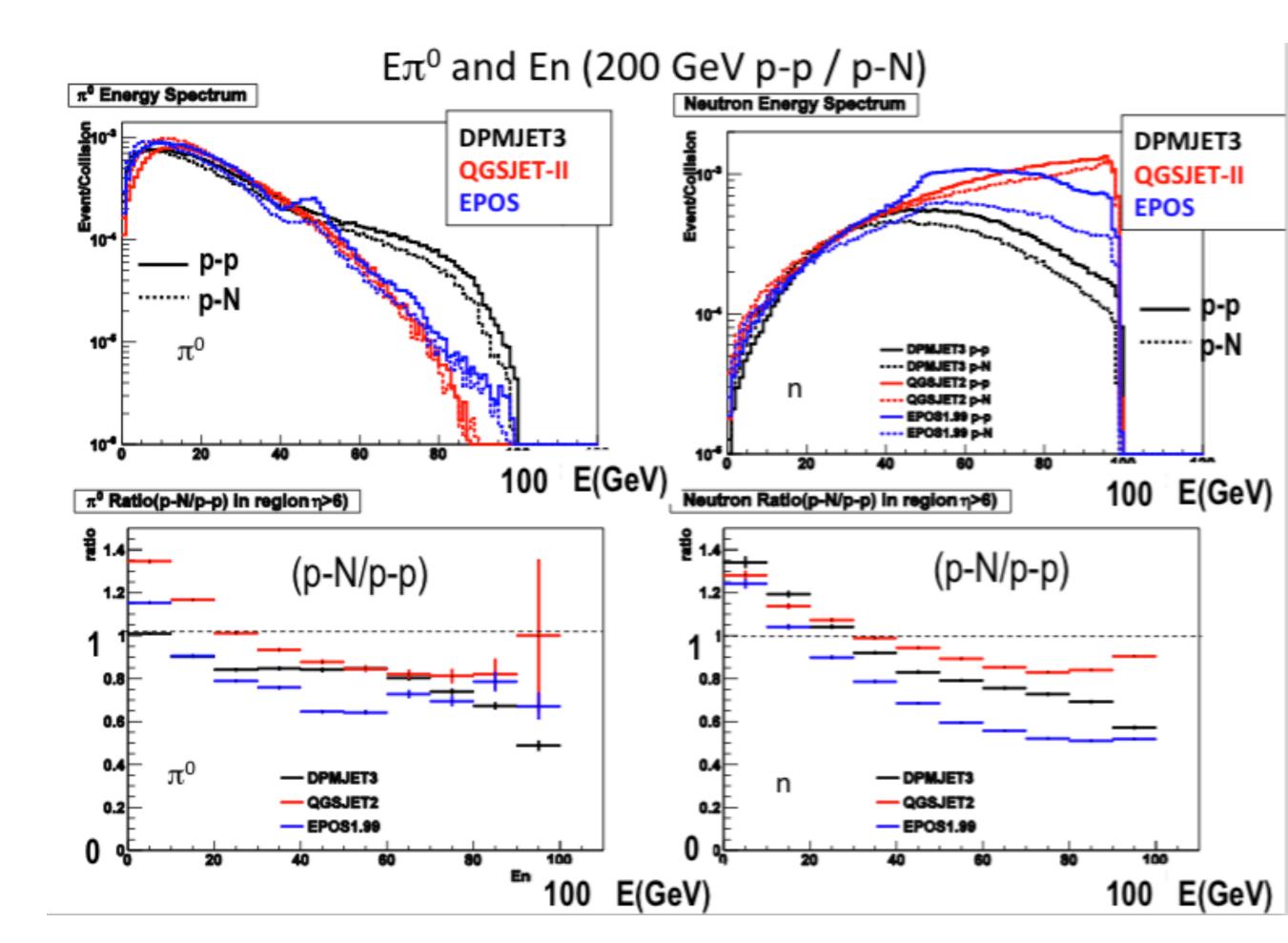
Back Up

Definition of Variables

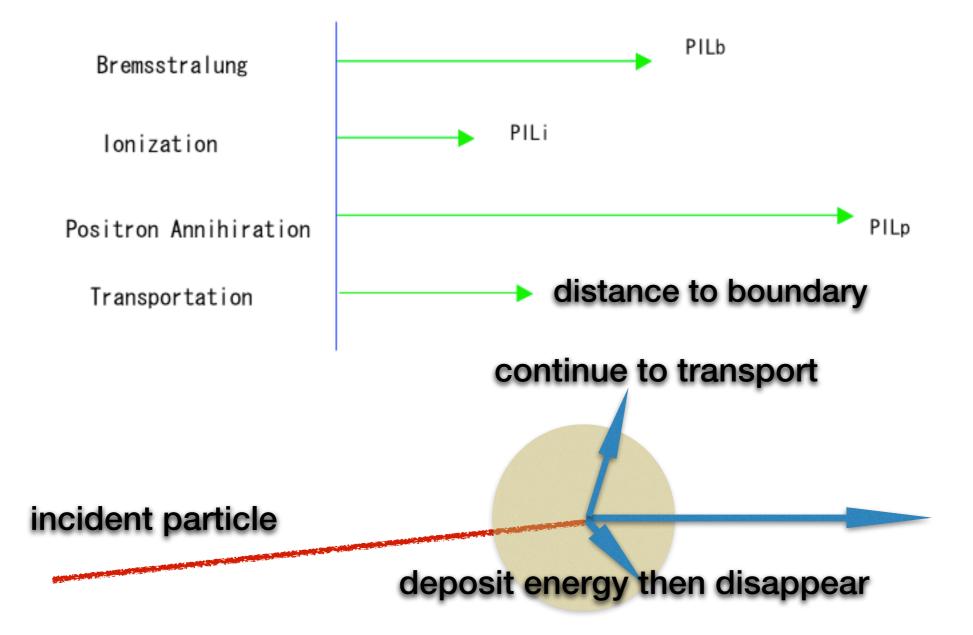
$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{p_L}{\sqrt{s/2}} = \frac{2p_L}{\sqrt{s}} & \text{Feynman-}x \\ y &= \ln \frac{E + p_L}{m_T} = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E + p_L}{E - p_L} & \text{Rapidity} \\ m_T^2 &= p_T^2 + m^2 & \text{Transverse mass squared} \\ d^3 p/E &= d^2 p_T \frac{dp_L}{E} = d^2 p_T \, dy & \text{Phase space element} \\ \eta &\equiv y_{m=0} = -\ln \tan(\theta/2) & \text{Pseudorapidity} \\ p_L &= m_T \sinh y \\ E &= m_T \cosh y \end{aligned}$$

Transportation in geant4

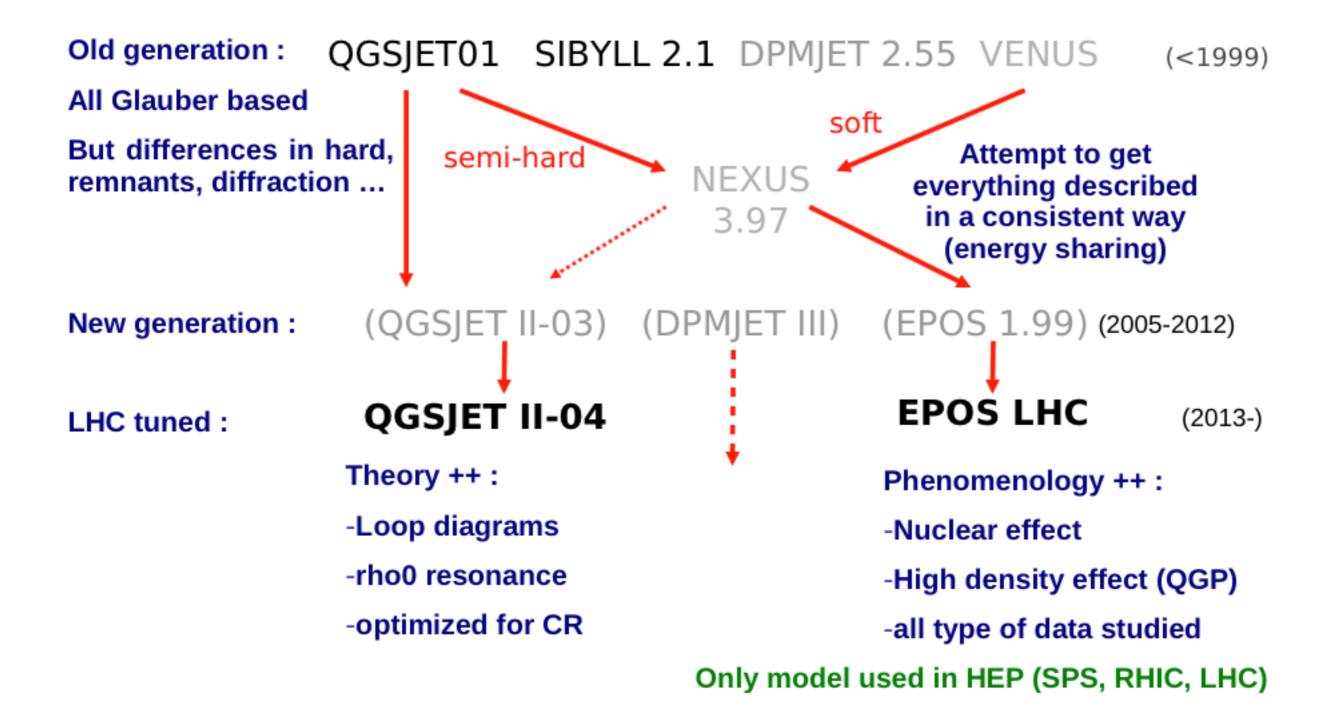




conversion NLL to distance



Hadronic interaction models



T. Pierog, KIT - 36/25

Flow of simulation

