

# Beating the sign problem in finite density lattice QCD

## Zn Collaboration



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Thu. 8:30-8:50



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Thu. 8:50-9:10



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### Grand-Canonical Partition Function

↔ Canonical Partition Function

$$Z(\mu, T) = \text{Tr} e^{-(H - \mu \hat{N})/T}$$

$$= \sum_n \langle n | e^{-(H - \mu \hat{N})/T} | n \rangle$$

We assume  $[H, \hat{N}] = 0$

$$= \sum_n \langle n | e^{-H/T} | n \rangle e^{\mu n/T}$$

$$= \sum_n \langle n | e^{-H/T} | n \rangle e^{\mu n/T}$$

$$= \sum_n Z_n(T) \xi^n, \quad (\xi = e^{\mu/T})$$

### Sign Problem

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}U \prod_f \det \Delta(m_f, \mu_f) e^{-\beta S_G}$$

Complex

$$Z(\mu, T) = \sum_n Z_n(T) (e^{\mu/T})^n$$

Sign Problem

Canonical Approach

$$\det \Delta(\mu) = \xi^{-N_r/2} C_0 \det(\xi + Q)$$

Diagonalize Q

$$\det \Delta(\mu) = C_0 \sum_n c_n \xi^n$$

$$Z(\mu, T) = \int \mathcal{D}U (\sum_n C_n \xi^n)^{N_f} e^{-\beta S_G}$$

$$= \sum_n Z_N \xi^n \quad \text{Nagata-AN, 2012}$$

Or  $Z_n = \int \frac{d\theta}{2\pi} e^{i\theta n} \frac{A. Hasenfratz - Toussant, 1993}{\mu I} \times Z(\theta \equiv \frac{\mu I}{T})$

### Key-Relation

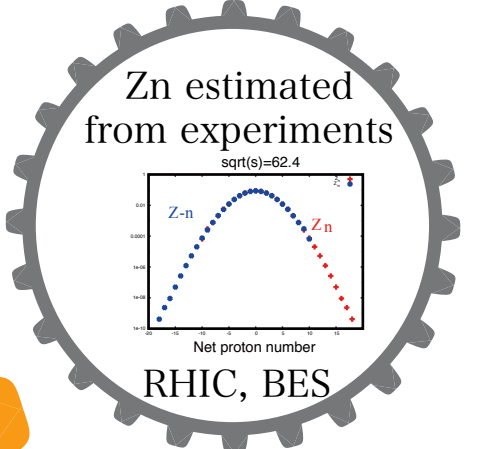
$$Z(\mu, T) = \sum_n Z_n \xi^n$$

$$\xi^n \equiv e^{\mu n/T}$$

### Zn

We can construct at real  $\mu$

- $\log Z$  (Pressure)
- $T \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \log Z$  (Number density)
- $(T \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu})^2 \log Z$  (Susceptibility)
- $\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle$  (Hadron propagators)



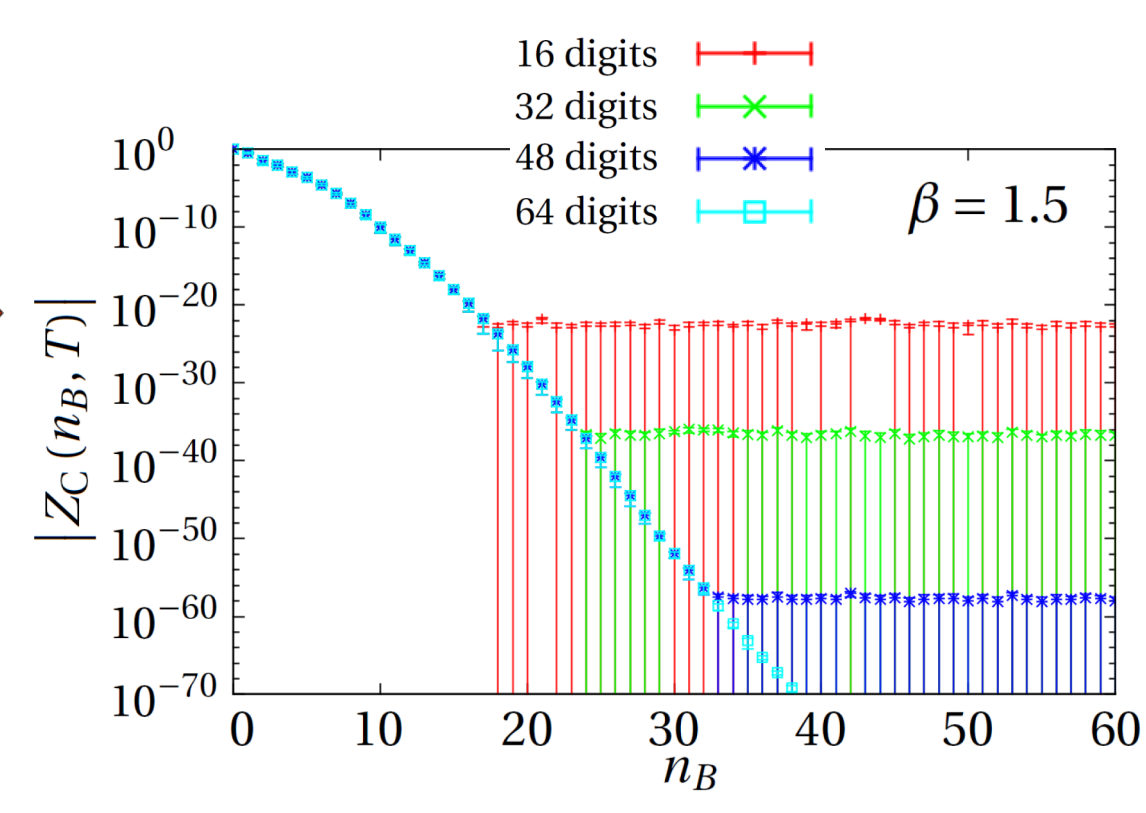
### Canonical Partition Functions

### Hasenfratz-Toussant method

Large  $n$

- Rapid Oscillation in Fourier trans.
- 'Sign Problem'

Multi-Precision Arithmetic



### Lee-Yang Zeros

$$Z(\alpha_k) = 0$$

$$Z(\xi, T) \propto \prod_k (\xi - \alpha_k) \equiv f(\xi)$$

$$\frac{f'}{f} = \sum_k \frac{1}{\xi - \alpha_k} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \oint_C \frac{f'(\xi)}{f(\xi)} d\xi = \text{No. of Zeros in C}$$

cut Baum-Kuchen

Roberge-Weise Phase Transition!

### $\Delta p/T^4$

$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle$

$\chi/T^2$

Our study vs Multi-parameter reweighting