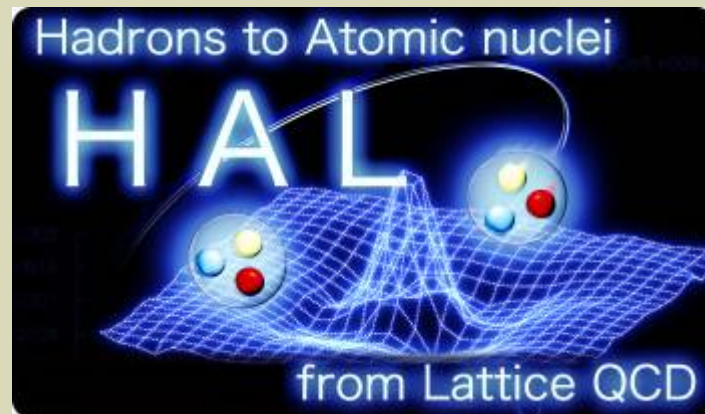


An implementation of hybrid parallel CUDA code for the hyperonic nuclear forces

H. Nemura¹,

for HAL QCD Collaboration

S. Aoki², T. Doi³, F. Etminan¹, S. Gongyo², T. Hatsuda³,
Y. Ikeda³, T. Inoue⁴, T. Iritani², N. Ishii⁵, D. Kawai²,
T. Miyamoto², K. Murano⁵, and K. Sasaki¹,



¹*Center for Computational Science, University of Tsukuba, Japan*

²*Yukawa Institute for Theoretical Physics, Kyoto University, Japan*

³*Theoretical Research Division, Nishina Center RIKEN, Japan*

⁴*College of Bioresource Science, Nihon University, Japan*

⁵*Research Center for Nuclear Physics, Osaka University, Japan*

Outline

- ⊗ Introduction
- ⊗ Brief explanation of effective block algorithm for various baryon-baryon channels
- ⊗ Implementation of hybrid parallel CUDA code
- ⊗ Summary

- [1] HN, Ishii, Aoki, Hatsuda [PACS-CS Collaboration],
Pos LATTICE2008, 156 (2008).
- [2] HN [HAL QCD Collaboration and PACS-CS Collaboration],
PoS LAT2009, 152 (2009).
- [3] HN [HAL QCD Collaboration], PoS LATTICE 2011, 167 (2011).
- [4] HN [HAL QCD Collaboration], PoS LATTICE 2013, 426 (2014).

Plan of research

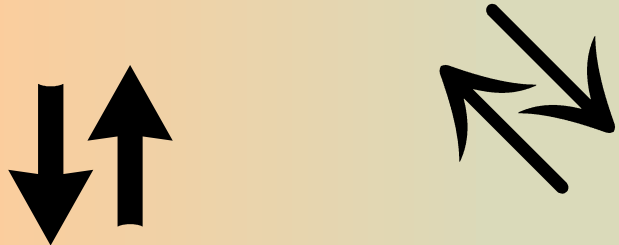
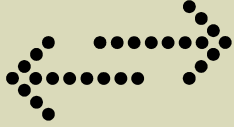
QCD



Baryon interaction



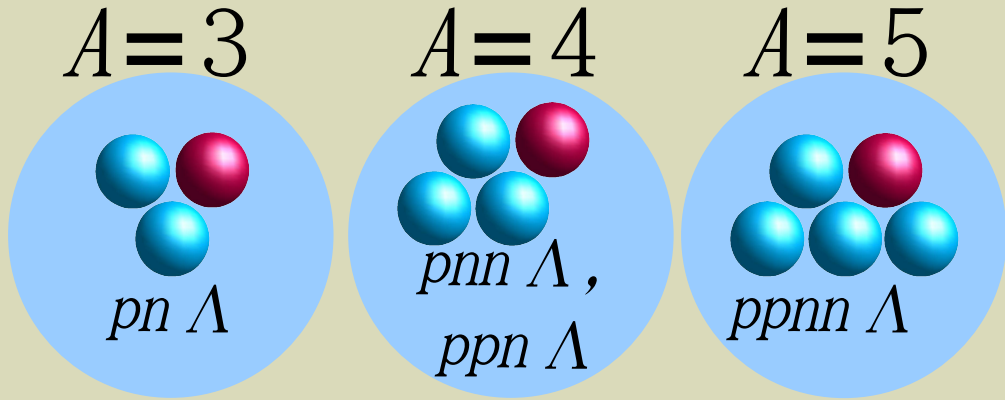
J-PARC
hyperon-nucleon (YN)
scattering



Structure and reaction of
(hyper)nuclei

Equation of State (EoS)
of nuclear matter

Neutron star and
supernova

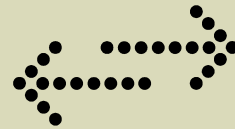


Plan of research

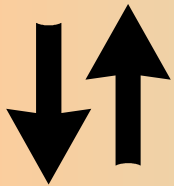
QCD



Baryon interaction



J-PARC
hyperon-nucleon (YN)
scattering



Equation of State (EoS)
of nuclear matter

Neutron star and
supernova

Structure and reaction of
(hyper)nuclei

This talk: Hybrid parallel
CUDA implementation of
hyperonic
nuclear
forces



Determination of the baryon-baryon interactions using lattice QCD at the physical point

www.jicfus.jp/field5/en/

HPCI Strategic Program Field 5
"The origin of matter and the universe"

Japanese Access Contact RSS feed

検索

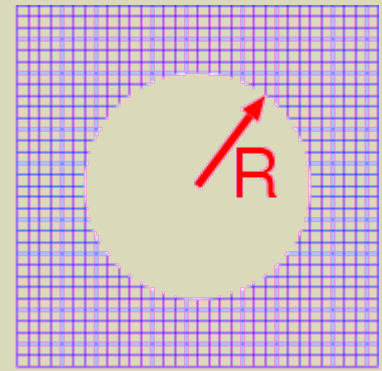
About Project Research Development Computational Sciences

Lattice QCD
Nucleus
Supernova Explosion
Early Star Formation

Ukita,	16:50-17:30	RM402	July 14.
Yamazaki,	14:20-14:40	RM402	July 15.
Doi,	16:30-16:50	RM402	July 15.
Ishii,	16:50-17:10	RM402	July 15.
Sasaki,	17:10-17:30	RM402	July 15.
Motoki,	18:30-	(Poster)	July 15.

Recruitment

Formulation

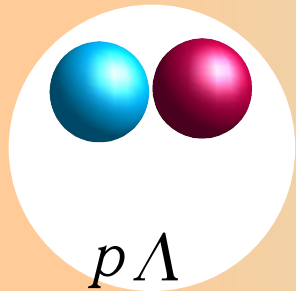


Lattice QCD simulation

$$L = -\frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (i \partial_\mu - g t^a A_\mu^a) q - m \bar{q} q$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle O(\bar{q}, q, U) \rangle &= \int dU d\bar{q} dq e^{-S(\bar{q}, q, U)} O(\bar{q}, q, U) \\ &= \int dU \det D(U) e^{-S_v(U)} O(D^{-1}(U)) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N O(D^{-1}(U_i))$$

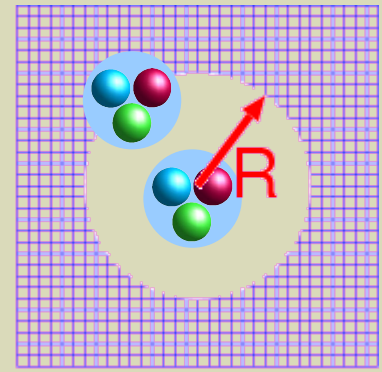


$$\longrightarrow \left\langle \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{p} \Lambda \\ \text{p} \Lambda \end{array} \right) (t) \overline{\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{p} \Lambda \\ \text{p} \Lambda \end{array} \right) (t_0)} \right\rangle$$

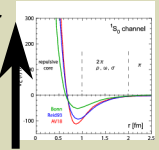
$$= \sum_n A_n \exp(-E_n(t - t_0))$$

Formulation

Lattice QCD simulation



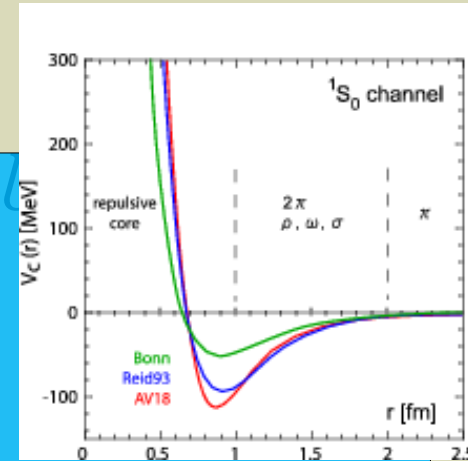
$$L = -\frac{1}{4} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (i \partial_\mu - g t^a A_\mu^a) q - m \bar{q} q$$



$$\langle O(\bar{q}, q, U) \rangle = \int dU d\bar{q} dq e^{-S(\bar{q}, q, U)} O(\bar{q}, q$$

$$= \int dU \det D(U) e^{-S_v(U)} O(D^{-1}(U))$$

$$F(\vec{r}, t - t_0)$$



$$\rightarrow \left\langle \left(\text{p} \Lambda \right) (\vec{r}, t) \left(\text{p} \Lambda \right) (t_0) \right\rangle$$

$$= \sum_n A_n \Psi_n(\vec{r}) \exp(-E_n(t - t_0))$$

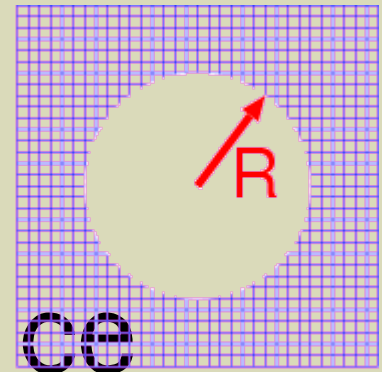
HAL formulation

Slogan:

Make better use of the lattice
output ! (wave function)

interacting region

→ potential



Ishii, Aoki, Hatsuda,
PRL99, 022001 (2007);
ibid., arXiv:0805.2462[hep-ph].

NOTE:

- > Potential is not a direct experimental observable.
- > Potential is a useful tool to give (and to reproduce) the physical quantities. (e.g., phase shift)

HAL formulation

Slogan:

Make better use of the lattice
output ! (wave function)

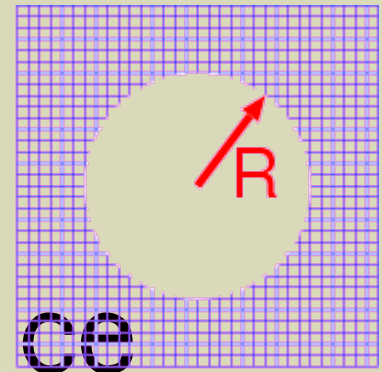
interacting region

→ potential

Ishii, Aoki, Hatsuda,
PRL99, 022001 (2007);
ibid., arXiv:0805.2462[hep-ph].

⇒

- > Phase shift
- > Nuclear many-body problems



$$R_{\alpha\beta}^{(J,M)}(\vec{r}, t-t_0) = \sum_{\vec{X}} \left\langle 0 \left| B_{1,\alpha}(\vec{X} + \vec{r}, t) B_{2,\beta}(\vec{X}, t) \overline{\mathcal{J}_{B_3 B_4}^{(J,M)}(t_0)} \right| 0 \right\rangle / \exp\{-(m_{B_1} + m_{B_2})(t-t_0)\},$$

$$p = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) u_c, \quad n = -\varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) d_c, \quad (2)$$

$$\Sigma^+ = -\varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 s_b) u_c, \quad \Sigma^- = -\varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) d_c, \quad (3)$$

$$\Sigma^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (X_u - X_d), \quad \Lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (X_u + X_d - 2X_s), \quad (4)$$

$$\Xi^0 = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 s_b) s_c, \quad \Xi^- = -\varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) s_c, \quad (5)$$

where

$$X_u = \varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) u_c, \quad X_d = \varepsilon_{abc} (s_a C \gamma_5 u_b) d_c, \quad X_s = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) s_c, \quad (6)$$

A simplified (historical) version of the potential

$$\left(\frac{\nabla^2}{2\mu} - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right) R(\vec{r}, t) = \int d^3 r' U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') R(\vec{r}', t) + O(k^4) = V_{\text{LO}}(\vec{r}) R(\vec{r}, t) + \dots \quad (8)$$

See Ishii' s talk for more precise (modern) formulation of the potential

Effective block algorithm for various baryon-baryon calculations

Consider the proton-Lambda system as a specific example.

$$p = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) u_c, \quad n = -\varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) d_c, \quad (2)$$

$$\Sigma^+ = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 s_b) u_c, \quad \Sigma^- = -\varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) d_c, \quad (3)$$

$$\Sigma^0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (X_u - X_d), \quad \Lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} (X_u + X_d - 2X_s), \quad (4)$$

$$\Xi^0 = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 s_b) s_c, \quad \Xi^- = -\varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) s_c, \quad (5)$$

where

$$X_u = \varepsilon_{abc} (d_a C \gamma_5 s_b) u_c, \quad X_d = \varepsilon_{abc} (s_a C \gamma_5 u_b) d_c, \quad X_s = \varepsilon_{abc} (u_a C \gamma_5 d_b) s_c,$$

$$\begin{aligned} p_\alpha(x) &= \varepsilon(c_1, c_2, c_3) (C \gamma_5) (\alpha_1, \alpha_2) \delta(\alpha, \alpha_3) u(\xi_1) d(\xi_2) u(\xi_3), \quad (\xi_i = x_i \alpha_i c_i) \\ &= \varepsilon(1, 2, 3) (C \gamma_5) (1, 2) \delta(\alpha, 3) u(1) d(2) u(3). \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

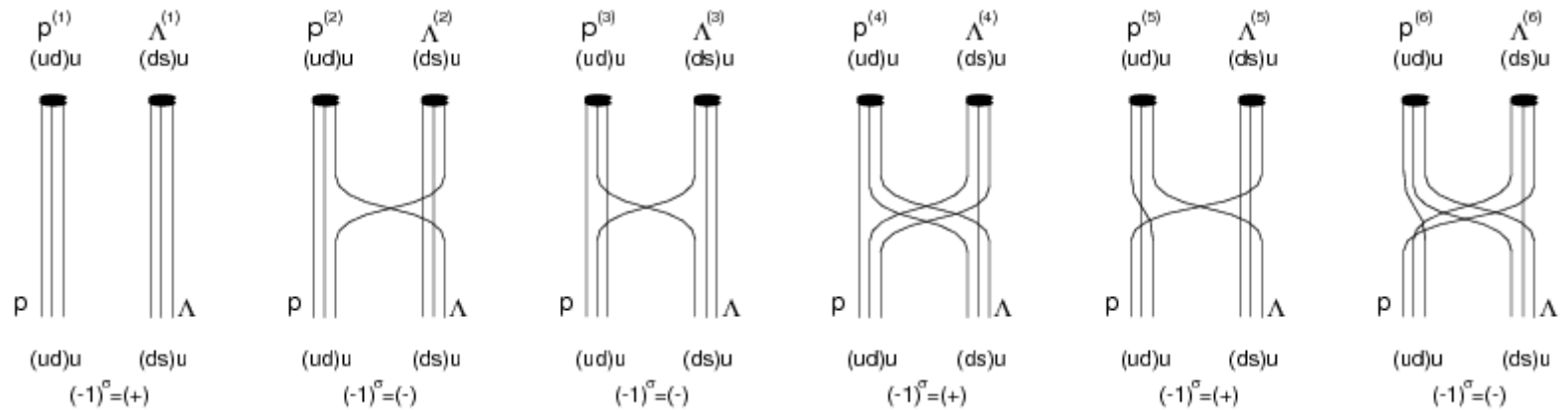
$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{\vec{X}} \langle 0 | p_\alpha(\vec{X} + \vec{r}, t) \Lambda_\beta(\vec{X}, t) \overline{\mathcal{J}_{p_\alpha \Lambda_\beta}(t_0)} | 0 \rangle \\ &= \sum_{\vec{X}} \frac{1}{6} \varepsilon(1, 4, 2) \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \varepsilon(1', 4', 2') \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') (C \gamma_5) (1, 4) \delta(\alpha, 2) (C \gamma_5) (1', 4') \delta(\alpha', 2') \\ & \times \{ (C \gamma_5) (5, 6) \delta(\beta, 3) + (C \gamma_5) (6, 3) \delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C \gamma_5) (3, 5) \delta(\beta, 6) \} \\ & \times \{ (C \gamma_5) (5', 6') \delta(\beta', 3') + (C \gamma_5) (6', 3') \delta(\beta', 5') - 2(C \gamma_5) (3', 5') \delta(\beta', 6') \} \\ & \times \langle u(1) d(4) u(2) d(5) s(6) u(3) \bar{u}(3') \bar{s}(6') \bar{d}(5') \bar{u}(2') \bar{d}(4') \bar{u}(1') \rangle. \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\sum_{c_1, \dots, c_6} \sum_{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_6} \sum_{c_1', \dots, c_6'} \sum_{\alpha_1', \dots, \alpha_6'}$$

E.g., 3981312

for Lambda-Nucleon →

$$(N_c! N_\alpha)^{2B} \times N_u! N_d! N_s!$$



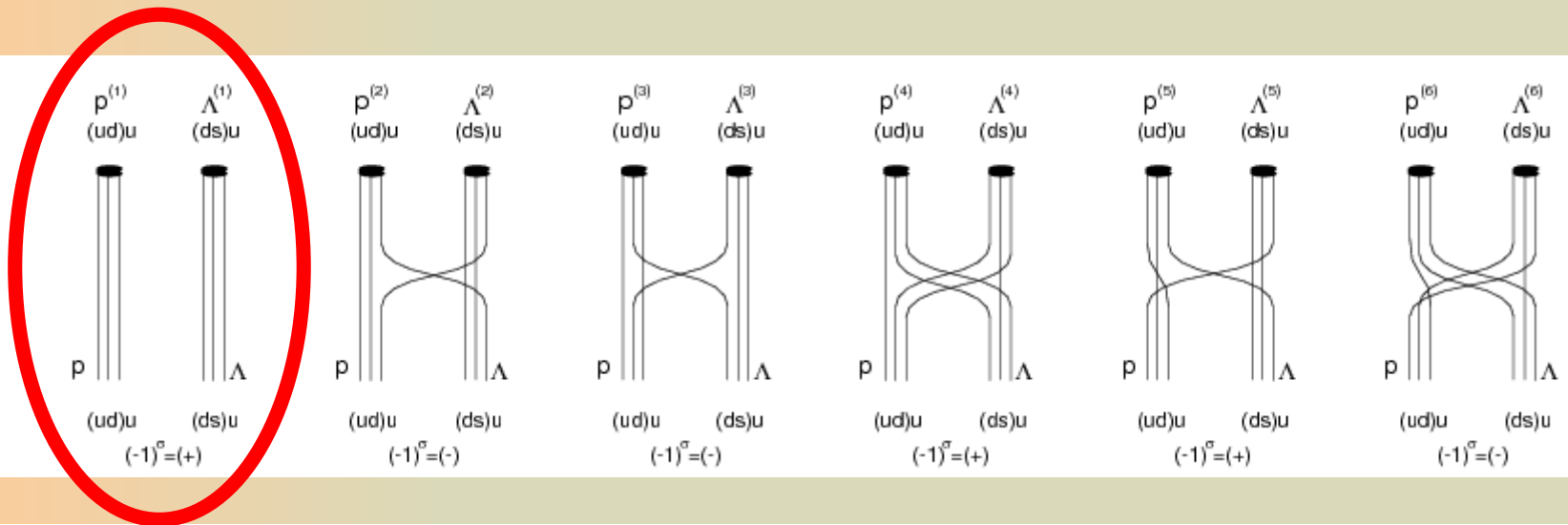
$$\begin{aligned}
 p_\alpha(x) &= \varepsilon(c_1, c_2, c_3)(C\gamma_5)(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)\delta(\alpha, \alpha_3)u(\xi_1)d(\xi_2)u(\xi_3), & (\xi_i = x_i\alpha_i c_i) \\
 &= \varepsilon(1, 2, 3)(C\gamma_5)(1, 2)\delta(\alpha, 3)u(1)d(2)u(3).
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\sum_{\vec{X}} \langle 0 | p_\alpha(\vec{X} + \vec{r}, t) \Lambda_\beta(\vec{X}, t) \overline{\mathcal{J}_{p_{\alpha'} \Lambda_{\beta'}}(t_0)} | 0 \rangle \\
 &= \sum_{\vec{X}} \frac{1}{6} \varepsilon(1, 4, 2) \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \varepsilon(1', 4', 2') \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') (C\gamma_5)(1, 4) \delta(\alpha, 2) (C\gamma_5)(1', 4') \delta(\alpha', 2') \\
 &\quad \times \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6) \delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3) \delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5) \delta(\beta, 6) \} \\
 &\quad \times \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6') \delta(\beta', 3') + (C\gamma_5)(6', 3') \delta(\beta', 5') - 2(C\gamma_5)(3', 5') \delta(\beta', 6') \} \\
 &\quad \times \langle u(1)d(4)u(2)d(5)s(6)u(3)\bar{u}(3')\bar{s}(6')\bar{d}(5')\bar{u}(2')\bar{d}(4')\bar{u}(1') \rangle.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{12}$$

$$\sum_{c_1, \dots, c_6} \sum_{\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_6} \sum_{c_1', \dots, c_6'} \sum_{\alpha_1', \dots, \alpha_6'}$$

E.g., 3981312
for Lambda-Nucleon →

$$(N_c ! N_\alpha)^{2B} \times N_u ! N_d ! N_s !$$



$$[p_{\alpha\alpha'}^{(1)}](\vec{x}) = \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2)\varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4')\delta(\alpha', 2')$$

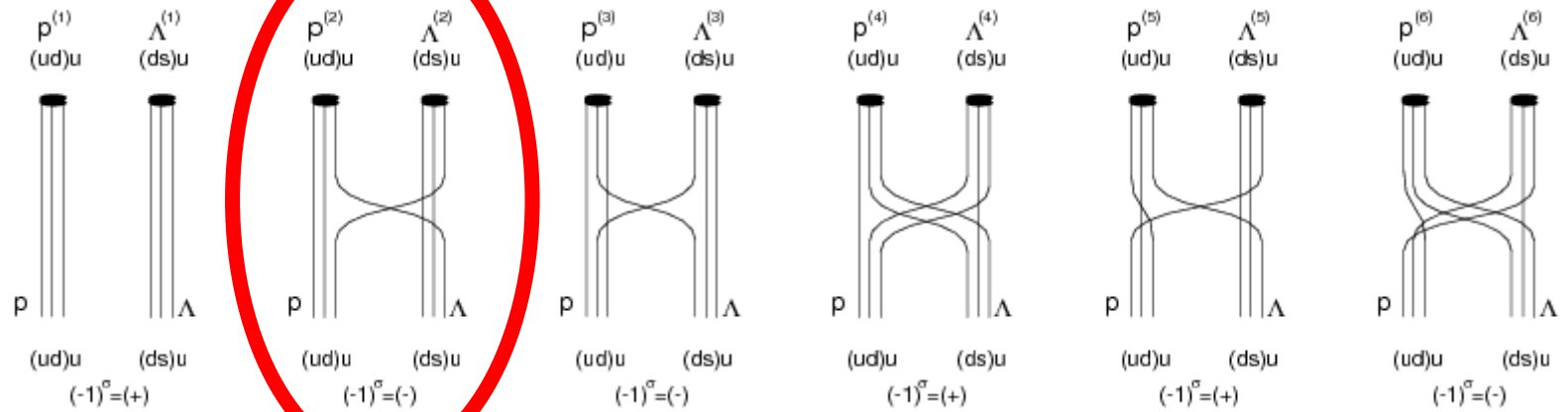
$$\times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(4') \rangle,$$

$$[\Lambda_{\beta\beta'}^{(1)}](\vec{y}) = \langle u(3)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(5') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6) \}$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6')\delta(\beta', 3') \}.$$

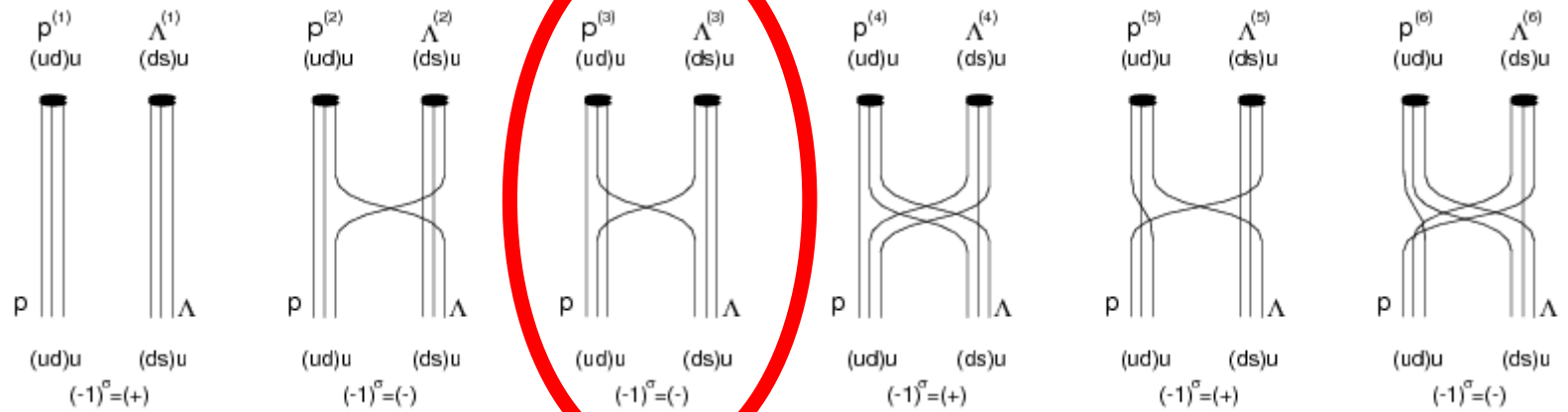
This fact significantly slashes in the computational cost: The reduction factor at the first diagram is $(N_c!N_\alpha)^2 \times 2^{B-N_\Lambda-N_{\Sigma^0}}/1 = 1152$.



$$[p_{\alpha\beta'}^{(2)}](\vec{x}; c'_2, c'_3) = \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2)\varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4') \times \delta(\beta', 3') \\ \times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(4') \rangle, \quad (21)$$

$$[\Lambda_{\beta;\alpha'}^{(2)}](\vec{y}; c'_2, c'_3) = \langle u(3)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(5') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle \times \delta(\alpha', 2') \\ \times \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6) \} \\ \times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6') \}.$$

are crossed as $[p_{\alpha\beta'}^{(2)}]$ and $[\Lambda_{\beta\alpha'}^{(2)}]$. Performed these manipulations, the number of explicit summations of indices reduces to only two colors which makes the reduction factor $(N_c!N_\alpha)^2 \times 2^{B-N_\Lambda-N_{\Sigma^0}} / (N_c^2) = 128$.



$$[p_{\alpha;\alpha'}^{(3)}](\vec{x}; c'_4, c'_5, \alpha'_4, \alpha'_5) \quad (25)$$

$$= \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2)\varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4')\delta(\alpha', 2') \quad (26)$$

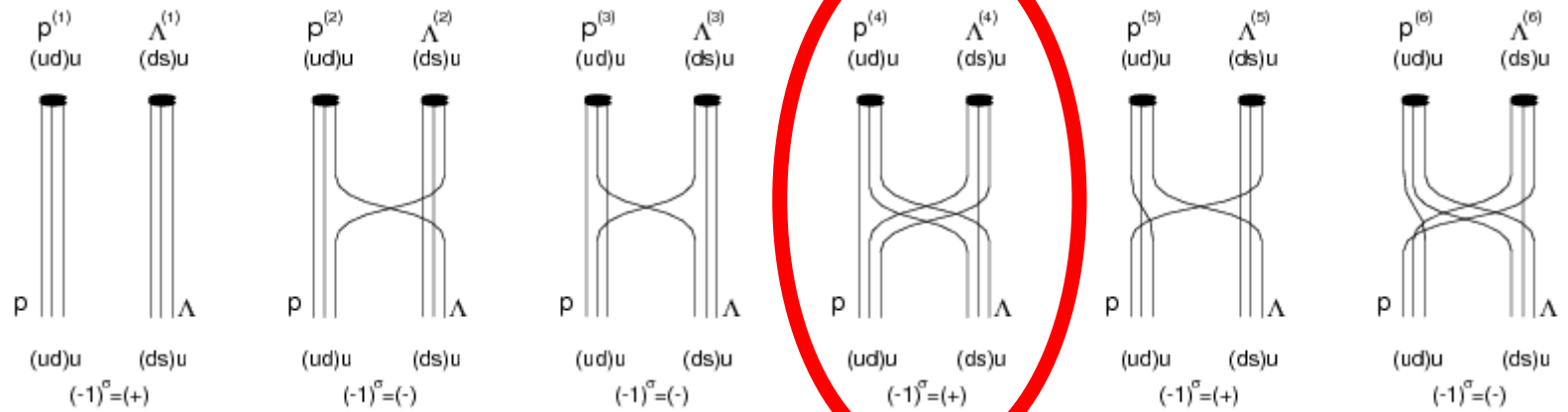
$$\times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(5') \rangle, \quad (27)$$

$$[\Lambda_{\beta;\beta'}^{(3)}](\vec{y}; c'_4, c'_5, \alpha'_4, \alpha'_5) \quad (28)$$

$$= \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6) \} \quad (29)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6')\delta(\beta', 3') \} \\ \times \langle u(3)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(4') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle. \quad (30)$$

The number of explicit summations of indices reduces to two colors and two spinors which makes the reduction factor $(N_c!N_\alpha)^2 \times 2^{B-N_\Lambda-N_{\Sigma^0}} / (N_c^2 N_\alpha^2) = 8$.



$$[p_{\alpha;\beta'}^{(4)}](\vec{x}; c'_1, c'_6, \alpha'_1, \alpha'_6) \quad (33)$$

$$= \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2) \quad (34)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{(C\gamma_5)(5', 6')\delta(\beta', 3')\}$$

$$\times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(1') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(5') \rangle, \quad (35)$$

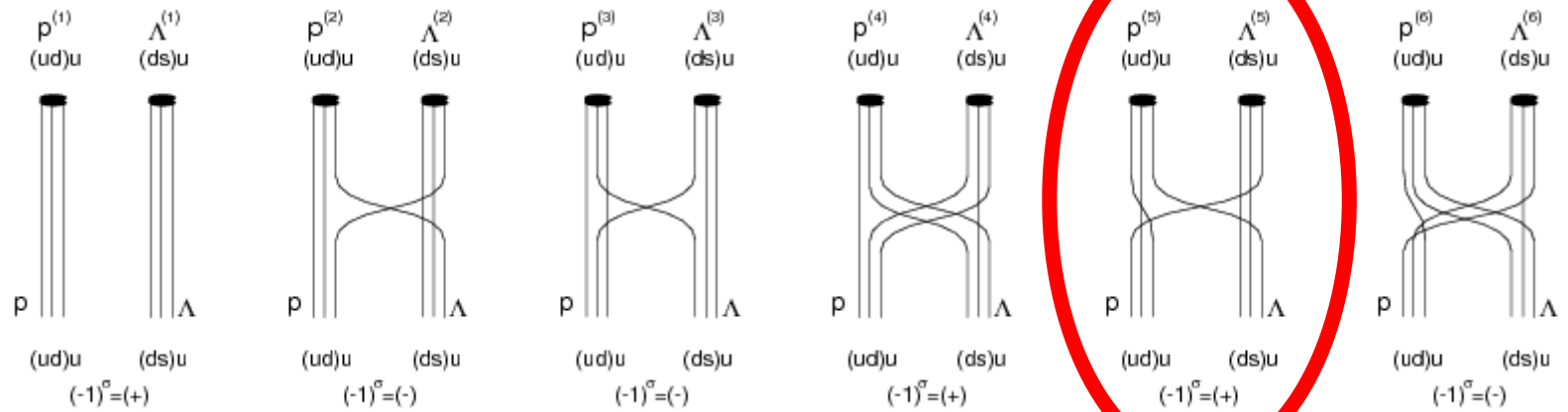
$$[\Lambda_{\beta;\alpha'}^{(4)}](\vec{y}; c'_1, c'_6, \alpha'_1, \alpha'_6) \quad (36)$$

$$= \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{(C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6)\} \quad (37)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4')\delta(\alpha', 2') \quad (38)$$

$$\times \langle u(3)\bar{u}(2') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(4') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle. \quad (39)$$

exchanged, too. The number of explicit summations of indices reduces to two colors and two spinors which makes the reduction factor $(N_c!N_\alpha)^2 \times 2^{B-N_\Lambda-N_{\Sigma^0}} / (N_c^2 N_\alpha^2) = 8$.



$$[p_{\alpha\alpha'\beta'}^{(5)}](\vec{x}; c'_1, c'_3, \alpha'_1) \quad (42)$$

$$= \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2)\varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4')\delta(\alpha', 2') \times \delta(\beta', 3') \quad (43)$$

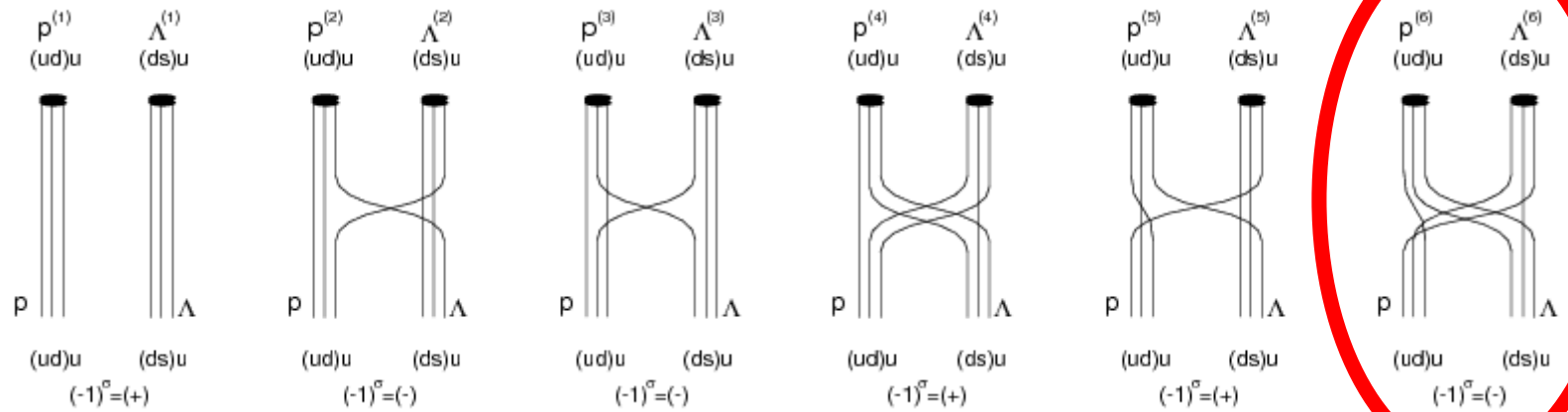
$$\times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(2') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(2') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(4') \rangle, \quad (44)$$

$$[\Lambda_{\beta}^{(5)}](\vec{y}; c'_1, c'_3, \alpha'_1) \quad (45)$$

$$= \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6) \} \quad (46)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6') \} \\ \times \langle u(3)\bar{u}(1') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(5') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle. \quad (47)$$

accompanied in the $[p_{\alpha\alpha'\beta'}^{(5)}]$. The number of explicit summations of indices reduces to two colors and one spinor which makes the reduction factor $(N_c!N_\alpha)^2 \times 2^{B-N_\Lambda-N_{\Sigma^0}} / (N_c^2 N_\alpha) = 32$.



$$[p_{\alpha\alpha'\beta'}^{(6)}](\vec{x}; c'_2, c'_6, \alpha'_6) \quad (50)$$

$$= \varepsilon(1, 4, 2)(C\gamma_5)(1, 4)\delta(\alpha, 2) \times \delta(\alpha', 2') \quad (51)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(5', 6', 3') \{ (C\gamma_5)(5', 6')\delta(\beta', 3') \}$$

$$\times \det \begin{vmatrix} \langle u(1)\bar{u}(2') \rangle & \langle u(1)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \\ \langle u(2)\bar{u}(2') \rangle & \langle u(2)\bar{u}(3') \rangle \end{vmatrix} \langle d(4)\bar{d}(5') \rangle, \quad (52)$$

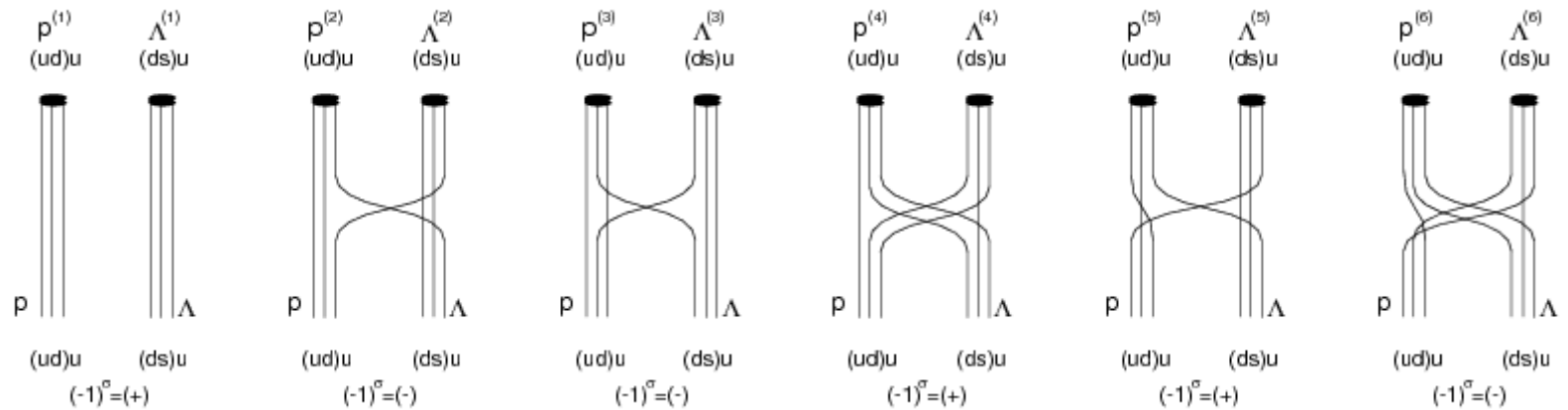
$$[\Lambda_{\beta}^{(6)}](\vec{y}; c'_2, c'_6, \alpha'_6) \quad (53)$$

$$= \varepsilon(5, 6, 3) \{ (C\gamma_5)(5, 6)\delta(\beta, 3) + (C\gamma_5)(6, 3)\delta(\beta, 5) - 2(C\gamma_5)(3, 5)\delta(\beta, 6) \} \quad (54)$$

$$\times \varepsilon(1', 4', 2')(C\gamma_5)(1', 4') \quad (55)$$

$$\times \langle u(3)\bar{u}(1') \rangle \langle d(5)\bar{d}(4') \rangle \langle s(6)\bar{s}(6') \rangle. \quad (56)$$

are exchanged between $[p_{\alpha;\alpha'\beta'}^{(6)}]$ and $[\Lambda_{\beta}^{(6)}]$ while $\delta(\alpha', 2')$ is kept in $[p_{\alpha\alpha'\beta'}^{(6)}]$. The number of explicit summations of indices reduces to two colors and one spinor which makes the reduction factor $(N_c!N_{\alpha})^2 \times 2^{B-N_{\Lambda}-N_{\Sigma^0}} / (N_c^2 N_{\alpha}) = 32$.



Performed these manipulations based on the diagrammatic classification, most of the summations can be carried out prior to evaluating the FFT so that the number of iterations significantly reduces; The numbers of iteration are $\{1, 9, 144, 144, 36, 36\}$ for the baryon blocks $\{([p_\alpha^{(i)}] \times [\Lambda_\beta^{(i)}]); i = 1, \dots, 6\}$. Therefore only 370 iterations should be explicitly performed to obtain the four-point correlation function of the $p\Lambda$ system when we take the operator \bar{X}_u in $\bar{\Lambda}_{\beta'}$ in the source. For the sake of completeness, the total number of iterations does not change when we take the operator \bar{X}_s in $\bar{\Lambda}_{\beta'}$ in the source whereas the numbers of iteration are $\{1, 36, 36, 144, 144, 36\}$ when we consider the contribution from the operator X_d in $\Lambda_{\beta'}$ in the source which slightly differ from the former cases and the total number of iterations is 397.

Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=0 to -4 systems

$$\langle pn\bar{p}\bar{n} \rangle, \quad (4.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle p\Lambda\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0p\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0p\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0p\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \\ &\langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \\ &\quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{n}\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

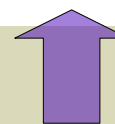
$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Xi^-\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Xi^-\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Xi^-\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^-\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^-\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^-\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Sigma}^-\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.4)$$

$$\langle \Xi^-\bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Xi}^-\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle. \quad (4.5)$$

Make better use of the computing resources!

Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=0 and -1 systems

channel	# of diagrams	{(# of iterations) ^{sign} }	# of total iterations
$\langle pn\bar{p}\bar{n} \rangle$	9	$\{1^+, 36^-, 144^-, 36^+, 36^+, 144^-, 144^+, 9^-, 36^+\}$	586
$\langle p\Lambda\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_u} \rangle$	6	$\{1^+, 9^-, 144^-, 144^+, 36^+, 36^-\}$	370
$\langle p\Lambda\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	6	$\{1^+, 36^-, 36^-, 144^+, 144^+, 36^-\}$	397
$\langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle$	6	$\{144^-, 36^+, 36^+, 144^-, 9^-, 36^+\}$	405
$\langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}_{X_u}^0p \rangle$	6	$\{144^+, 36^-, 9^-, 36^+, 144^+, 1^-\}$	370
$\langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}_{X_d}^0p \rangle$	6	$\{144^-, 36^+, 36^+, 144^-, 36^-, 1^+\}$	397
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_u} \rangle$	3	$\{144^-, 144^+, 36^-\}$	324
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	3	$\{144^-, 36^+, 9^-\}$	189
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_s} \rangle$	3	$\{36^-, 144^+, 36^-\}$	216
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle$	3	$\{1^+, 36^-, 144^+\}$	181
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}_{X_u}^0p \rangle$	3	$\{144^-, 36^+, 144^-\}$	324
$\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}_{X_d}^0p \rangle$	3	$\{36^+, 9^-, 144^+\}$	189
$\langle \Sigma^0\bar{p}\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_u,s} \rangle$	6	$\{36^+, 144^-, 144^+, 36^-, 9^+, 1^-\}$	370
$\langle \Sigma^0\bar{p}\bar{p}\Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	6	$\{36^+, 144^-, 36^+, 144^-, 36^+, 1^-\}$	397
$\langle \Sigma^0\bar{p}\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle$	6	$\{36^-, 144^+, 36^-, 9^+, 36^-, 144^+\}$	405
$\langle \Sigma^0\bar{p}\bar{\Sigma}_{X_u}^0p \rangle$	6	$\{1^+, 36^-, 9^+, 144^-, 36^+, 144^-\}$	370
$\langle \Sigma^0\bar{p}\bar{\Sigma}_{X_d}^0p \rangle$	6	$\{1^-, 144^+, 36^-, 36^+, 36^-, 144^+\}$	397



Each number of iterations is less than 600

Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=-2 systems

channel	# of diagrams	{(# of iterations) ^{sign} }	# of total iterations
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda X_q \Lambda X_{q'} \rangle$ ($q = q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda X_q \Lambda X_{q'} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	434
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda p \Xi^- \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda n \Xi^0 \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \rangle$	8	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	450
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda \Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0 \rangle$ ($q = q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Lambda \Lambda \Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0 \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	8	{1 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁻ , 1 ⁺ }	434
$\langle p \Xi^- \Lambda X_q \Lambda X_q \rangle$ ($q = u, s$)	2	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	72
$\langle p \Xi^- \Lambda X_q \Lambda X_{q'} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(d, u), (u, d), (s, d), (d, s))	2	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \Lambda X_q \Lambda X_{q'} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(s, u), (u, s))	2	{9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	153
$\langle p \Xi^- \Lambda X_d \Lambda X_d \rangle$	2	{144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	288
$\langle p \Xi^- p \Xi^- \rangle$	2	{1 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	145
$\langle p \Xi^- n \Xi^0 \rangle$	2	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \rangle$	2	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	72
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0 \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \rangle$	2	{144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	288
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Lambda X_u \rangle$	2	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	72
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda X_{q'} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(d, u), (u, d), (d, s))	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Lambda X_d \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	288
$\langle p \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Lambda X_s \rangle$	2	{144 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ }	153

Each number of iterations is less than **600**

Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=-2 systems (cont' d)

$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Sigma_{X_u}^0} \rangle$	2		$\{36^+, 36^-\}$	72
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	2		$\{36^-, 144^+\}$	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Sigma_{X_d}^0} \rangle$	2		$\{144^+, 144^-\}$	288
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Lambda_{X_u}} \rangle$	2		$\{36^+, 36^-\}$	72
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (d, u), (u, d), (d, s))$	2		$\{36^-, 144^+\}$	180
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Lambda_{X_d}} \rangle$	2		$\{144^-, 144^+\}$	288
$\langle p \Xi^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$	2		$\{144^+, 9^-\}$	153
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_u} \Lambda_{X_u}} \rangle$	2		$\{144^+, 144^-\}$	288
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (d, u), (u, d), (s, u), (u, s))$	2		$\{144^+, 36^-\}$	180
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_q}} \rangle$ ($q = d, s$)	2		$\{36^+, 36^-\}$	72
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (s, d), (d, s))$	2		$\{9^+, 144^-\}$	153
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	2		$\{36^+, 144^-\}$	180
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	2		$\{1^+, 144^-\}$	145
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	2		$\{144^-, 36^+\}$	180
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Sigma_{X_u}^0} \rangle$	2		$\{144^+, 144^-\}$	288
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	2		$\{144^-, 36^+\}$	180
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Sigma_{X_d}^0} \rangle$	2		$\{36^+, 36^-\}$	72
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Lambda_{X_u}} \rangle$	2		$\{144^+, 144^-\}$	288
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (d, u), (u, d), (u, s))$	2		$\{144^-, 36^+\}$	180
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Lambda_{X_d}} \rangle$	2	18	$\{36^-, 36^+\}$	72
$\langle n \Xi^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$	2		$\{144^-, 9^+\}$	153

Each number of iterations is less than **600**

Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=-2 systems (cont' d)

channel	# of diagrams	{(# of iterations) ^{sign} }	# of total iterations
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_q}} \rangle$ ($q = u, d$)	2	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	72
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(d, u), (u, d))	2	{9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	153
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(s, u), (s, d), (u, s), (d, s))	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_s} \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	288
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	2	{1 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	145
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_q}^0} \rangle$ ($q = u, d$)	2	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	72
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	2	{9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	153
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_q}} \rangle$ ($q = u, d$)	2	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	72
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ ((q, q')=(d, u), (u, d))	2	{9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	153
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$ ($q = u, d$)	2	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ ($q = q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	434
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ ($q = q'$)	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ ($q \neq q'$)	8	{1 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁻ , 1 ⁺ }	434
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450

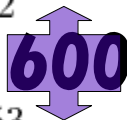
Each number of iterations is less than 600



Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=-2 systems (cont' d)

$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (s, u), (s, d), (u, s), (d, s))$	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda_{X_s} \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	288
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	2	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	2	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	2	{1 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	145
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_q}^0} \rangle$ (q = u, d)	2	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	72
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ (q ≠ q')	2	{9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	153
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_q}} \rangle$ (q = u, d)	2	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	72
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ $((q, q') = (d, u), (u, d))$	2	{9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	153
$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_s}} \rangle$ (q = u, d)	2	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	180
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ (q = q')	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda_{X_q} \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ (q ≠ q')	8	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	434
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ (q = q')	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Sigma_{X_{q'}}^0} \rangle$ (q ≠ q')	8	{1 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁻ , 1 ⁺ }	434
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{p \Xi^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{n \Xi^0} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle$	8	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	450
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ (q = q')	8	{1 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	596
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{\Sigma_{X_q}^0 \Lambda_{X_{q'}}} \rangle$ (q ≠ q')	8	{1 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁻ , 1 ⁺ }	434

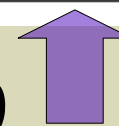
Each number of iterations is less than 600



Generalization to the various baryon-baryon channels strangeness S=-3 and -4 systems

channel	# of diagrams	{(# of iterations) ^{sign} }	# of total iterations
$\langle \Xi^- \Lambda \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_{u,s}} \rangle$	6	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ }	370
$\langle \Xi^- \Lambda \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	6	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	397
$\langle \Xi^- \Lambda \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \rangle$	6	{36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	405
$\langle \Xi^- \Lambda \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	6	{36 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	370
$\langle \Xi^- \Lambda \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	6	{144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 1 ⁺ }	397
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_u} \rangle$	3	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	216
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	3	{9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	189
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_s} \rangle$	3	{36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	324
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \rangle$	3	{1 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	181
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	3	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ }	216
$\langle \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	3	{144 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	189
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Xi^- \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_{u,s}} \rangle$	6	{9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	370
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Xi^- \Xi^- \Lambda_{X_d} \rangle$	6	{36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 1 ⁻ }	397
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Xi^- \Sigma^- \Xi^0 \rangle$	6	{36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 9 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ }	405
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_u}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	6	{1 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 144 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ }	370
$\langle \Sigma^0 \Xi^- \Sigma_{X_d}^0 \Xi^- \rangle$	6	{1 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 36 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	397
$\langle \Xi^- \Xi^0 \Xi^- \Xi^0 \rangle$	6	{1 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 9 ⁺ , 144 ⁺ , 36 ⁻ , 144 ⁺ }	370

Each number of iterations is less than 600



Effective block algorithm to calculate the 52 channels of 4pt correlator

$$\langle p n \overline{p n} \rangle, \quad (4.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle p \Lambda \overline{p \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^+ n} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^0 p} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^+ n \overline{p \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ n \overline{\Sigma^+ n} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ n \overline{\Sigma^0 p} \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.2)$$

$$\langle \Sigma^0 p \overline{p \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 p \overline{\Sigma^+ n} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 p \overline{\Sigma^0 p} \rangle,$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Lambda \Lambda \overline{\Lambda \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda \Lambda \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda \Lambda \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^0} \rangle, \\ &\langle p \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Sigma^- \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Sigma^- \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle p \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^0 \Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle n \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^0 \Lambda} \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

$$\langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Lambda \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+ \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^0 \Lambda} \rangle,$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Lambda \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^0} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{p \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{n \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^+ \Sigma^-} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^0 \Lambda} \rangle, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Sigma^- \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^- \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^- \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \Lambda \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^-} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^- \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^- \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^- \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^-} \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.4)$$

$$\langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^- \Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^- \Sigma^0} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0 \Sigma^- \overline{\Sigma^0 \Sigma^-} \rangle,$$

$$\langle \Sigma^- \Sigma^0 \overline{\Sigma^- \Sigma^0} \rangle. \quad (4.5)$$

★ Elapse times to calculate the 52 matrix correlators (MPI+OpenMP)

★ [tasks_per_node] x [OMP_NUM_THREADS]

★ 64x1 32x2 16x4 8x4 4x8 2x16 1x32

★ Step-1 0:14 0:16 0:09 0:09 0:07 0:06 0:06

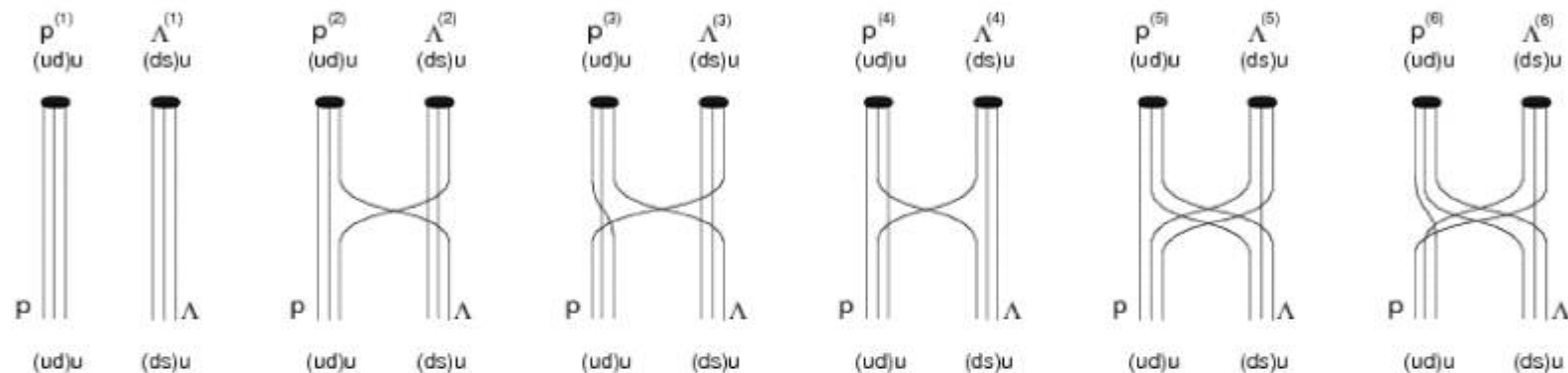
★ Step-2 0:10 0:11 0:12 0:12 0:12 0:13 0:14

4pt correlator through the FFT

★ Cuda implementations for various parts:

$$[B]_{\alpha}(r, \alpha_1, c_1, \alpha_2, c_2, \alpha_3, c_3)$$

$$[B] = [N, \Sigma, \Xi, \Lambda(dsu), \Lambda(sud), \Lambda(uds)]$$



$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\ &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q)$$

$$\tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q)$$

$$\phi_{\alpha\beta}(r)$$

$$p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r)$$

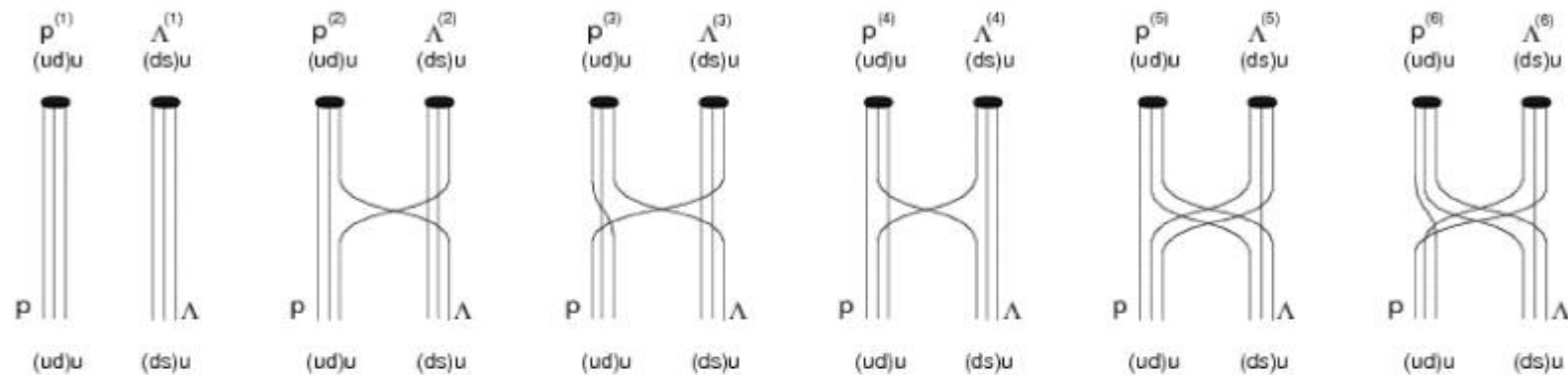
$$\Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X)$$

$$\left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right)$$

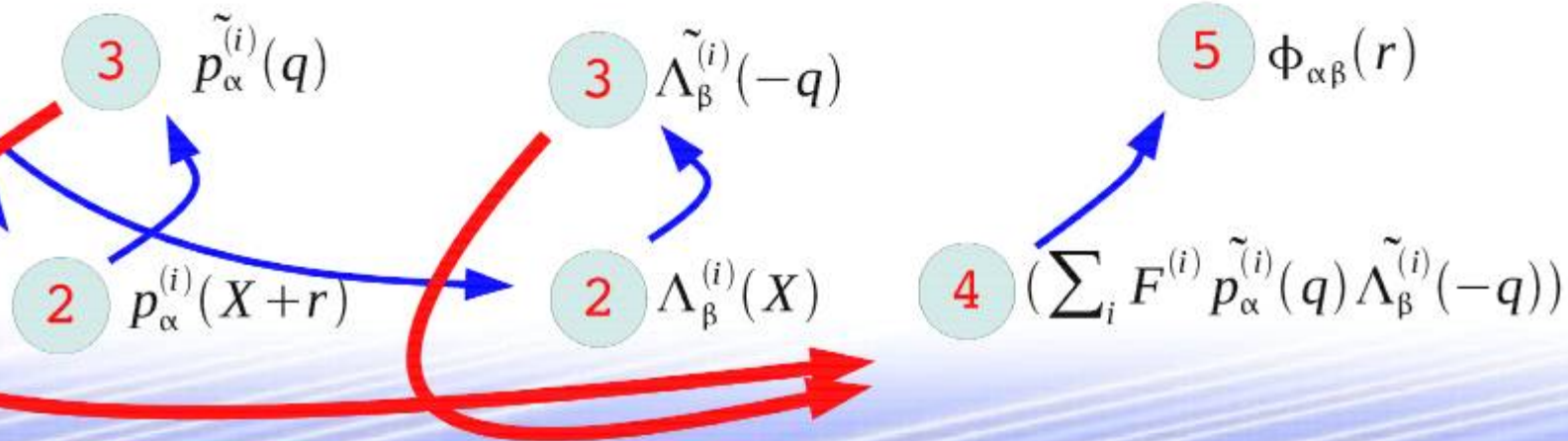
4pt correlator through the FFT

★ Cuda implementations for various parts:

1 $[B]_{\alpha}(r, \alpha_1, c_1, \alpha_2, c_2, \alpha_3, c_3)$ $[B] = [N, \Sigma, \Xi, \Lambda(dsu), \Lambda(sud), \Lambda(uds)]$



$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\ &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr} \end{aligned}$$

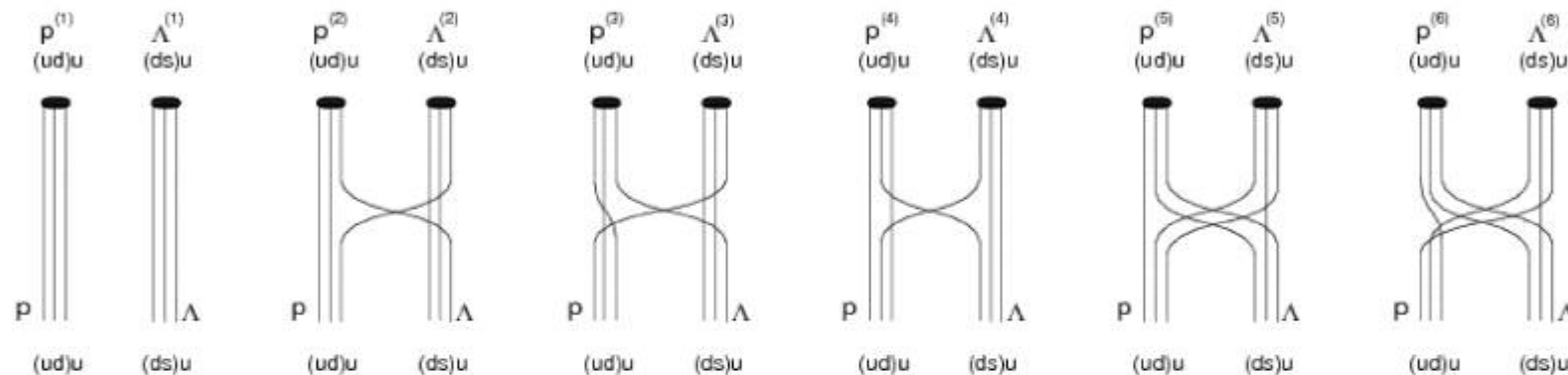


4pt correlator through the FFT

★ Cuda implementations for various parts:

$$[B]_{\alpha}(r, \alpha_1, c_1, \alpha_2, c_2, \alpha_3, c_3)$$

$$[B] = [N, \Sigma, \Xi, \Lambda(dsu), \Lambda(sud), \Lambda(uds)]$$



$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\ &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q)$$

cufft

$$p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r)$$

$$\tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q)$$

cufft

$$\Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X)$$


$$\phi_{\alpha\beta}(r)$$

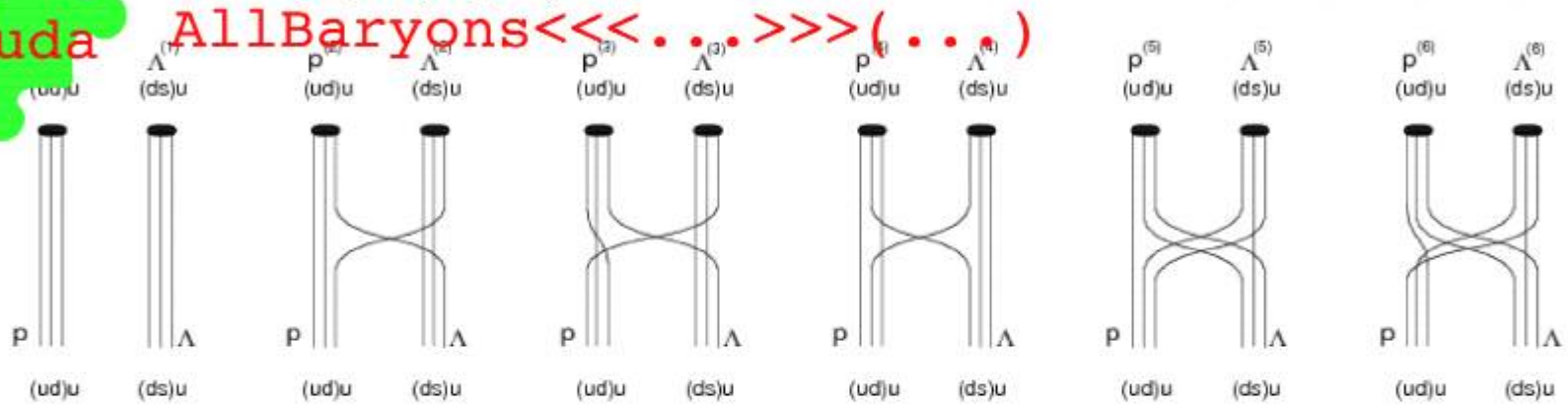
cufft

$$\left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right)$$

4pt correlator through the FFT

★ Cuda implementations for various parts:


 $[B]_{\alpha}(r, \alpha_1, c_1, \alpha_2, c_2, \alpha_3, c_3)$
 $[B] = [N, \Sigma, \Xi, \Lambda(dsu), \Lambda(sud), \Lambda(uds)]$




$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\ &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr} \end{aligned}$$


$$\tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q)$$

$$\tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q)$$


$$\phi_{\alpha\beta}(r)$$

 **cuda**

$$p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r)$$

 **cuda**

$$\Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X)$$

 **cuda**

$$\left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right)$$

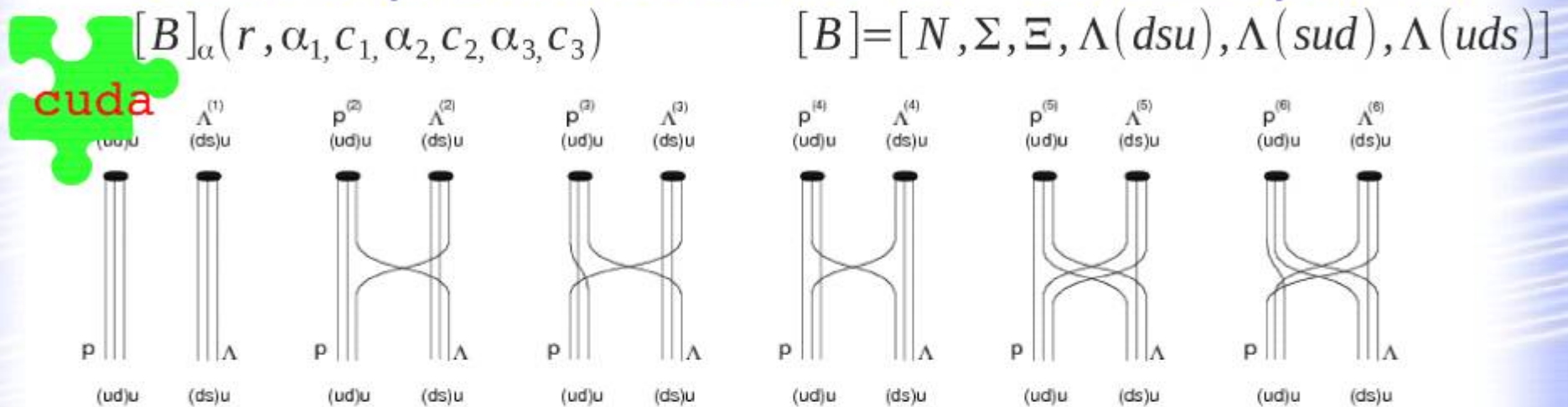
A <<<...>>> (1, ...)

A <<<...>>> (2, ...)

B <<<...>>> (...)

4pt correlator through the FFT

★ Cuda implementations for various parts:



$$\begin{aligned} \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\ &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr} \end{aligned}$$

cufft $\tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q)$

cuda $p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r)$

cufft $\tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q)$


cuda $\Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X)$

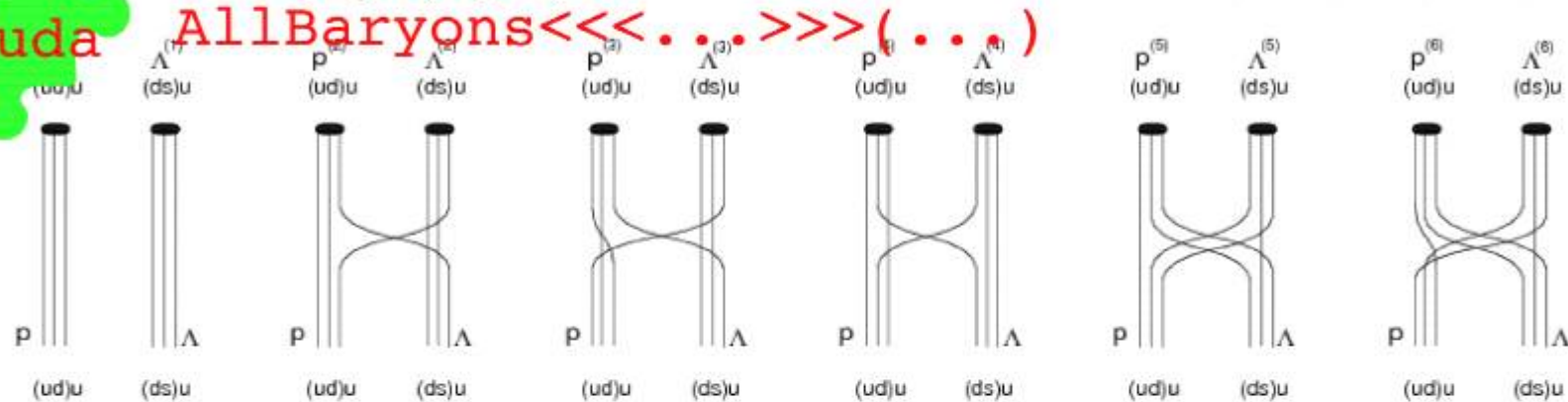
cufft $\phi_{\alpha\beta}(r)$

cuda $\left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right)$

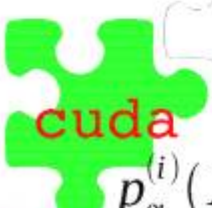
4pt correlator through the FFT


★ Cuda implementations for various parts:



 $[B]_{\alpha}(r, \alpha_1, c_1, \alpha_2, c_2, \alpha_3, c_3)$
 $[B] = [N, \Sigma, \Xi, \Lambda(dsu), \Lambda(sud), \Lambda(uds)]$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi_{\alpha\beta}(r) &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \phi_{\alpha\beta}^{(i)}(r) = \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_x p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r) \Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X) \\
 &= \sum_i F^{(i)} \sum_q \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) e^{iqr} = \sum_q \left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right) e^{iqr}
 \end{aligned}$$


 $\tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q)$
 $p_{\alpha}^{(i)}(X+r)$


 $\tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q)$
 $\Lambda_{\beta}^{(i)}(X)$


 $\phi_{\alpha\beta}(r)$
 $\left(\sum_i F^{(i)} \tilde{p}_{\alpha}^{(i)}(q) \tilde{\Lambda}_{\beta}^{(i)}(-q) \right)$

A <<<...>>> (1, ...)
 A <<<...>>> (2, ...)
 B <<<...>>> (...)

HA-PACS

★ BASE

- Intel E5-2670 (16core) + NVIDIA M2090 (x4)
332.8 GFlops 665 GFlops (x4)
128 GBytes 6 GBytes (x4)

★ TCA

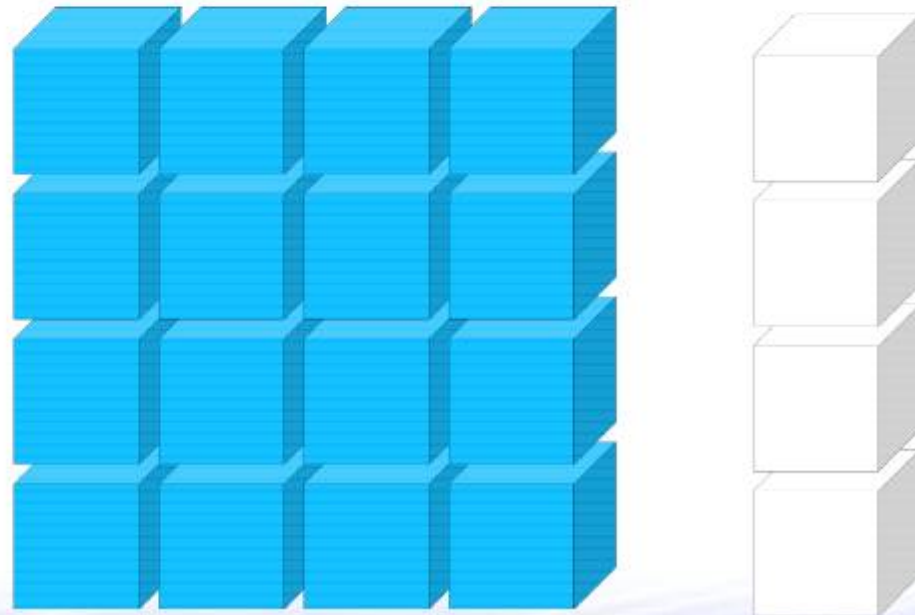
- Intel E5-2680v2 (20core) + NVIDIA K20X (x4)
448 GFlops 1310 GFlops (x4)
128 GBytes 6 GBytes (x4)



MPI+OpenMP + CUDA

★ For normal hybrid parallel calculation, 16 CPU cores can be divided into:

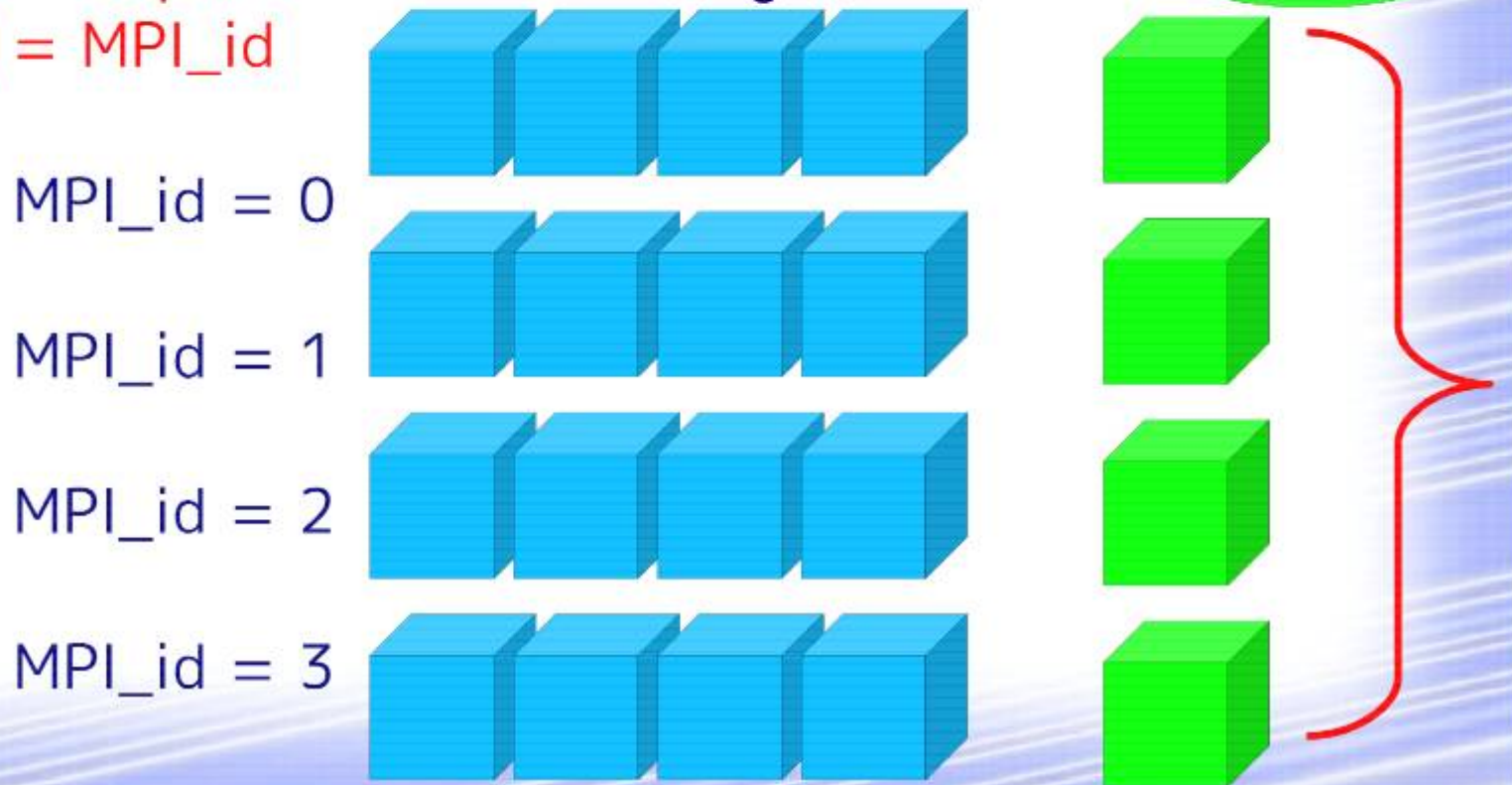
- 16mpi * 1thread
- 8mpi * 2threads
- 4mpi * 4threads
- 2mpi * 8threads
- 1mpi * 16threads



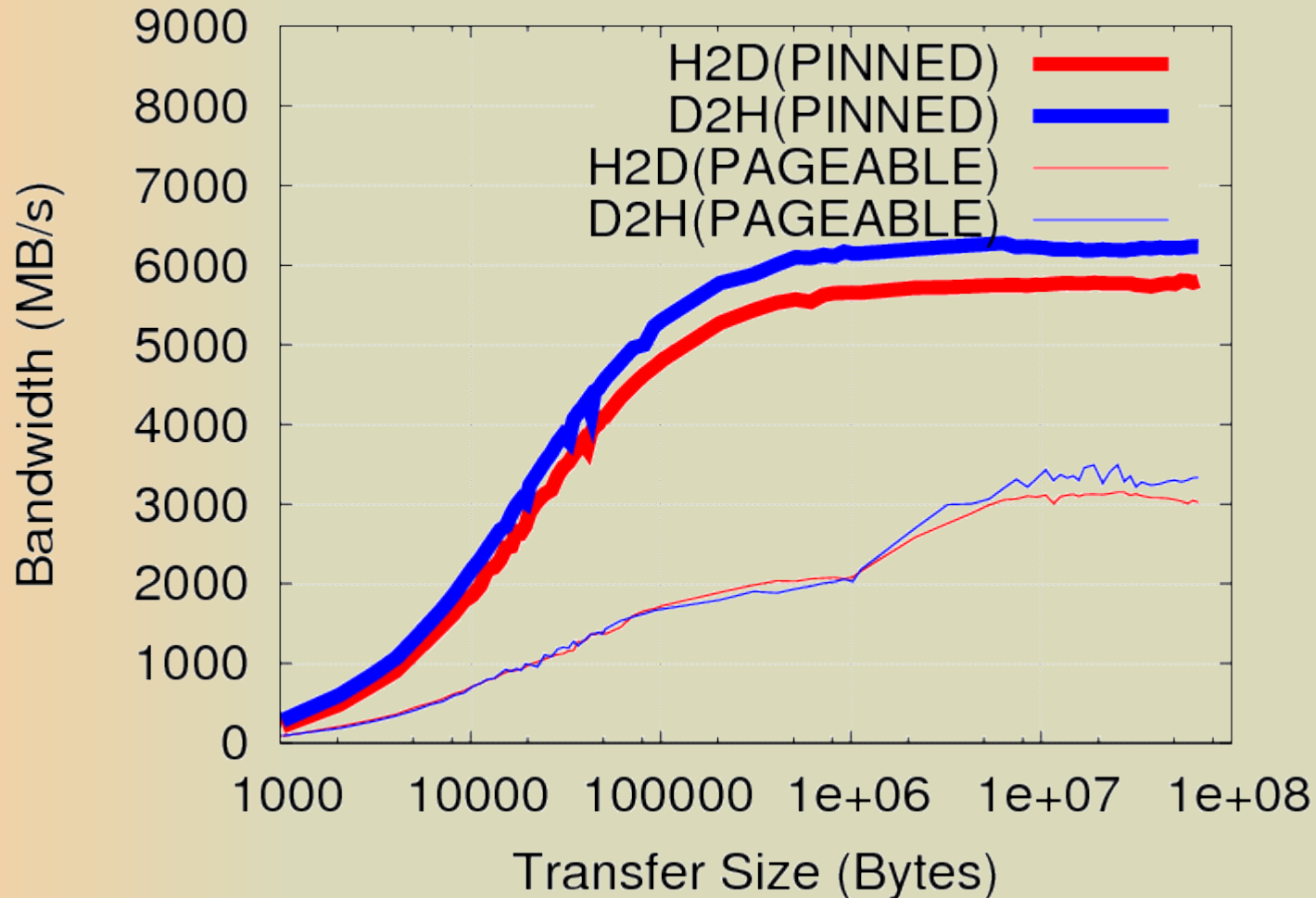
MPI+OpenMP + CUDA

★ For HA-PACS, 1PE has
16 CPU cores and 4 GPUs:

- `cudaSetDevice(GPU_id)`; specifies the GPU
- GPUid is determined by MPI_id or thread_id
- We take "4mpi * 4threads" configuration and
- `GPU_id = MPI_id`



Make use of PINNED host memory and cudaMemCpyAsync



Typical memory sizes allocated on GPU:

Wave functions:

$$52 * 2*2*2*2 * 16*16*16 * 16\text{bytes} = 52\text{MBytes}$$

Sub-diagrams:

$$(1+9+144+144+36+36)*2*2 * 16*16*16 * 16\text{bytes} = 93\text{MB}$$

(per 1 line in the Tables)

Detailed elapsed time

	GPU	CPU-1	CPU-2	CPU-3	
0	(0.0e+00)	0.0e+00	0.0e+00	0.0e+00	Start
...					
3	(1.2e-02)	2.3e-01	2.1e-01	2.3e-01	End A (1)
7	(5.8e-02)	4.7e-01	5.1e-01	4.7e-01	End A (2)
53	(1.7e+00)	4.2e+00	4.3e+00	4.2e+00	End B
...					
55	(1.7e+00)	4.4e+00	4.5e+00	4.4e+00	End A (1)
57	(1.7e+00)	4.6e+00	4.7e+00	4.6e+00	End A (2)
86	(1.9e+00)	7.2e+00	7.0e+00	7.2e+00	End B
...					
88	(1.9e+00)	*	*	*	End A (1)
90	(1.9e+00)	*	*	*	End A (2)
119	(2.1e+00)	*	*	*	End B
...					
121	(2.1e+00)	*	*	*	End A (1)
123	(2.2e+00)	*	*	*	End A (2)
152	(2.3e+00)	*	*	*	End B
...					
847	(6.9e+00)	*	*	*	End A (1)
849	(6.9e+00)	*	*	*	End A (2)
878	(7.1e+00)	*	*	*	End B

GPU performs a lot of job!

52 channel calculation with 16³x32 lattice

- ★ Without GPU, elapsed time is 2:22
- ★ With GPU (M2090), 1:45

$$\langle p\bar{n}p\bar{n} \rangle, \quad (4.1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle p\Lambda\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle p\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^+n\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+n\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0p\bar{p}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0p\bar{\Sigma}^+n \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0p\bar{\Sigma}^0p \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Lambda\Lambda\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \\ &\langle p\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^- n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle p\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 \bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 \bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle n\bar{\Xi}^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0 \rangle, \\ &\quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{p}\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}n\bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^+\bar{\Sigma}^- \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\langle \Xi^- \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Xi^- \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Xi^- \bar{\Lambda}\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^- \bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^- \bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \\ &\langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Lambda} \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Sigma}^- \bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle, \quad \langle \Sigma^0\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Sigma}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \rangle, \end{aligned} \quad (4.4)$$

$$\langle \Xi^- \bar{\Xi}^0\bar{\Xi}^- \bar{\Xi}^0 \rangle. \quad (4.5)$$

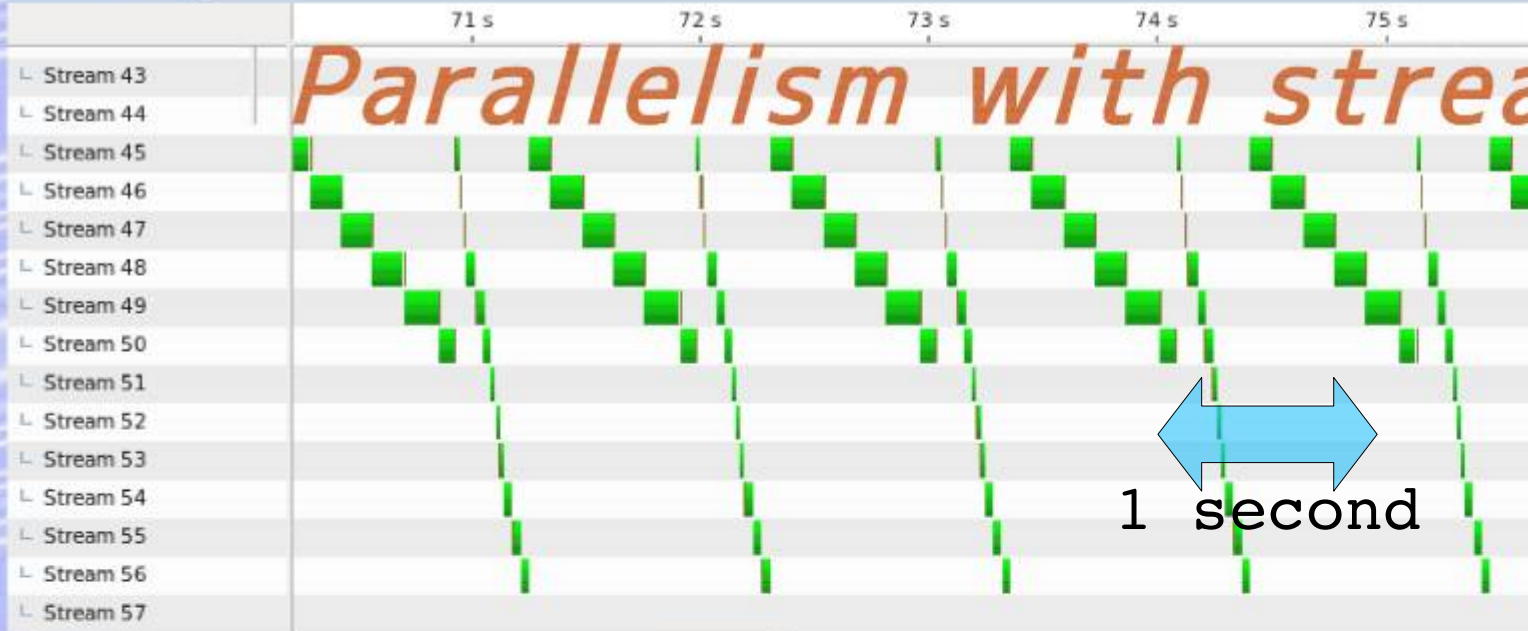
Results

★ HA-PACS:

- M2090 (665 GFlops) K20X (1310 GFlops)
- 20 GFlops 27 GFlops *AllBaryons*<<<...>>>(....)
- 1.6 GFlops 1.1 GFlops *A*<<<...>>>(....)
- 5.4 GFlops 6.1 GFlops *B*<<<...>>>(....)

- Lattice size: $16^3 \times 32$

Session1



Results

★ HA-PACS:

- M2090 (665 GFlops) K20X (1310 GFlops)
- 20 GFlops 27 GFlops `AllBaryons<<<...>>>(...)`
- 1.6 GFlops 1.1 GFlops `A<<<...>>>(...)`
- 5.4 GFlops 6.1 GFlops `B<<<...>>>(...)`
- 4.7 GFlops 26 GFlops `B<<<...>>>(...)`
[using streams]
- Lattice size: $16^3 \times 32$

Summary

- (1) We present a **fast algorithm** to calculate the 4pt correlation function of Lambda-Nucleon system, which was used to study the hyperonic nuclear forces from lattice QCD.
- (2) Generalize the target system to various baryon-baryon channels. (E.g., **52 channel** NBS wave functions can be obtained at the same time from one computing job for the **2+1 lattice QCD**.)
- (3) In this approach, the number of iterations to obtain the four-point correlation function is **remarkably smaller** than the numbers given in the **unified contraction algorithm**[2].
- (4) A **hybrid parallel (C++) and multi-GPU (CUDA)** program has been implemented with **MPI** and **OpenMP**, working on supercomputer (HA-PACS); Concurrent kernel executions with streams improve the computing performance for K20X (TCA part of HA-PACS).

[1] H.N. PoS(LAT2013)426;(LAT2008)156;(LAT2009)152;(LAT2011)167;
(LAT2013)426.

[2] Doi and Endres, Comput. Phys. Commun. 184, 117 (2013).