PDF-sensitive measurements at the LHC

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Useful references

• Workshop "Parton Distributions for the LHC"

15-21 Feb 2015, Benasque, Spain, http://benasque.org/2015lhc/ (many plots taken from this workshop)

• "The PDF4LHC report on PDFs and LHC data"

J. Rojo et al., arXiv:1507.00556, J. Phys. G42 (2015) 103103

• HERAPDF2.0 - latest PDF from final H1+ZEUS data

arXiv:1506.06042, Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 580

LHeC workshop

24-26 Jun 2015, CERN & Chavannes-de-Bogis http://indico.cern.ch/event/356714/

PDFs in LHC era (& beyond)

Precise knowledge on PDF is crucial for new

physics discovery at hadron colliders

Proton PDFs, today



- need to know PDFs much better than today, for: nucleon structure; q-g dynamics; Higgs; BSM searches; future colliders, FCC-pp; development of QCD; ..
- LHC will provide further constraints, but cannot resolve precisely (shown are latest global PDFs, also including available LHC data)

Monica D'Onofrio, LHeC Workshop, CERN/ Chavannes

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6/24/2015

HERAPDF 2.0

- PDF set extracted from only HERA data
 - -no nuclear correction (no fixed-target data)
 - -no isospin symmetry assumption (no deuteron data)
- Use final H1+ZEUS combined cross sections
 - -NC/CC, e+p/e-p
 - -special runs (low Ep, shifted vertex)
- HERAPDF 1.0 from HERA-I, HERAPDF 1.5 from prel. HERA-II measurements
- Available in LO/NLO/NNLO



PDF parametrization

$$xg(x) = A_{g}x^{B_{g}}(1-x)^{C_{g}} - A'_{g}x^{B'_{g}}(1-x)^{C'_{g}}$$

$$xu_{v}(x) = A_{u_{v}}x^{B_{u_{v}}}(1-x)^{C_{u_{v}}}\left(1+E_{u_{v}}x^{2}\right),$$

$$xd_{v}(x) = A_{d_{v}}x^{B_{d_{v}}}(1-x)^{C_{d_{v}}},$$

$$x\bar{U}(x) = A_{\bar{U}}x^{B_{\bar{U}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}}\left(1+D_{\bar{U}}x\right),$$

$$x\bar{D}(x) = A_{\bar{D}}x^{B_{\bar{D}}}(1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}.$$

$$x\bar{U} = x\bar{u} \text{ and } x\bar{D} = x\bar{d} + x\bar{s}$$

$$xS = 2x(\bar{U} + \bar{D})$$

 $\begin{array}{l} M(charm) = 1.47 \; GeV \, (NLO) \\ 1.43 \; GeV \, (NNLO) \\ M(bottom) = 4.5 \; GeV \\ \alpha_{S}(M_{Z}{}^{2}) = 0.118 \, (NLO/NNLO) \\ 0.130 \, (LO) \end{array}$



Q² evolution

H1 and ZEUS



- Scaling violation at low-x, Z-exchange at high Q²
- Electroweak unification: NC~CC at high Q²

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Limit on quark radius

- Traditionally, tests of beyond-SM physics were made by comparing HERA high-Q² data with PDF sets obtained from fixed-target and small portion of HERA data (eg CTEQ5D)
- Now, with HERAPDF obtained from full data set from HERA, a conceptual problem is that effect of BSM physics could be absorbed in the PDF
- New approach from ZEUS: do the simultaneous fit of PDF including the BSM term (quark form factor)
- from full H1+ZEUS data: $R_q < 0.43 \times 10^{-18} \text{ m}$



accepted by Phys. Lett. B

The Large Hadron Collider

Completed in 2008, CERN, Geneva
Physics runs in 2010 - 2012 (Run 1)

$\int Ldt \sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1} 2011$ 20 fb⁻¹ 2012

• pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV} (3.5 + 3.5) \text{ for } 2010-11$ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV} (4 + 4) \text{ for } 2012$ • also Pb+Pb, p+Pb (not covered here) • Long Shutdown (LS1) 2013-2014

MS

•Run 2 from 2015
started @ √s = 13 TeV
(design 14 TeV)
•Recorded ~4 fb⁻¹ in 2015
2016 run to start soon!

The experiments



SM measurements - ATLAS



Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: Nov 2015



SM measurements - CMS





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PDF sensitivity at LHC

- W/Z cross section, W asymmetry, W/Z p_T, W/Z+jets
- Drell-Yan $\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow$ lepton pair
- Inclusive jets, dijets, trijets, prompt photons
- Heavy quark production (especially top pair)
- W/Z + heavy quark (eg. W+c for strange quark)

arXiv:1507.00556

REACTION	OBSERVABLE	PDFS	x	Q
$pp \to W^{\pm} + X$	$d\sigma(W^{\pm})/dy_l$	q,ar q	$10^{-3} \lesssim x \lesssim 0.7$	$\sim M_W$
$pp \to \gamma^*/Z + X$	$d^2\sigma(\gamma^*/Z)/dy_{ll}dM_{ll}$	q, ar q	$10^{-3} \lesssim x \lesssim 0.7$	$5~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 2~{ m TeV}$
$pp \to \gamma^*/Z + \text{jet} + X$	$d\sigma(\gamma^*/Z)/dp_T^{ll}$	q,g	$10^{-2} \lesssim x \lesssim 0.7$	$200~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 1~{ m TeV}$
$pp \to \text{jet} + X$	$d\sigma(\text{jet})/dp_T dy$	q,g	$10^{-2} \lesssim x \lesssim 0.8$	$20~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 3~{ m TeV}$
$pp \rightarrow \text{jet} + \text{jet} + X$	$d\sigma(\text{jet})/dM_{jj}dy_{jj}$	q,g	$10^{-2} \lesssim x \lesssim 0.8$	$500~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 5~{ m TeV}$
$pp \to t\bar{t} + X$	$\sigma(t\bar{t}), d\sigma(t\bar{t})/dM_{t\bar{t}}, \dots$	g	$0.1 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.7$	$350~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 1~{ m TeV}$
$pp \to c\bar{c} + X$	$d\sigma(c\bar{c})/dp_{T,c}dy_c$	g	$10^{-5} \lesssim x \lesssim 10^{-3}$	$1~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 10~{ m GeV}$
$pp \to b\bar{b} + X$	$d\sigma(bar{b})/dp_{T,c}dy_c$	g	$10^{-4} \lesssim x \lesssim 10^{-2}$	$5~{ m GeV} \lesssim Q \lesssim 30~{ m GeV}$
$pp \rightarrow W + c$	$d\sigma(W+c)/d\eta_l$	$s, ar{s}$	$0.01 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.5$	$\sim M_W$

Vector bosons at LHC

Flavour decomposition at LHC (EW bosons)

Additional constraints on PDFs come from DY and jet data at the LHC probe a bi-linear combination of quarks $\longrightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc \longrightarrow x_1 = \frac{M}{\sqrt{s}}e^{+y}$

$$\begin{split} W^+ &\sim 0.95(u\bar{d}+c\bar{s}) + 0.05(u\bar{s}+c\bar{d}) \\ W^- &\sim 0.95(d\bar{u}+s\bar{c}) + 0.05(d\bar{c}+s\bar{u}) \end{split}$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} Z & \sim 0.29(u\bar{u}+c\bar{c})+0.37(d\bar{d}+s\bar{s}+b\bar{b}) \\ \gamma^* & \sim 0.44(u\bar{u}+c\bar{c})+0.11(d\bar{d}+s\bar{s}+b\bar{b}) \end{array} \end{array}$

 $x_2 = \frac{M}{\sqrt{s}}e^{-y}$



Measurements of W, Z production differentially in y_Z and η_ℓ provide information on light sea decomposition

Inclusive W/Z at 8 TeV



Special data set with low pile-up

- Rw/z = 10.63±0.11(stat.)±0.25(syst.) (FEWZ NNLO: 10.74±0.04)
- Rw+/w⁻ =

 1.39±0.01(stat.)±0.02(syst.)
 (FEWZ NNLO: 1.41±0.01)



arXiv:1402.0923 PRL112 (2014) 191802





W charge asymmetry

- A=(σ^+ - σ^-)/(σ^+ + σ^-) as a function of lepton η
- Impressive improvement on valence PD' and d)



13TeV results @Moriond

e Production Cross Se fets in *pp* collisions at



13TeV results - ratios



Forward W in LHCb





-0.4

-0.6

η

2

3

4

η 18

■ ATLAS (2010) $W^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ ■ ATLAS (2010) $W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \overline{\nu}$

2

3

0

Drell-Yan cross sections

- $q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma^*/Z \rightarrow e^+e^-, \ \mu^+\mu^-$
 - -ATLAS paper @low-mass (incl. low-pT events in 2010)
 - -CMS results @8TeV (double diff. $d^2\sigma/dmd|y|$)



Inclusive jet production



Inclusive jets @13TeV







• 100 < $E_T{}^\gamma$ < 1000 GeV, $|\eta{}^\gamma|{<}2.37$



various PDF sets



ATLAS-PUB-2013-018





m_# [GeV]

- *σ*~200pb: LHC is a 'top factory'
- Helps improving gluon PDF precision



Top pair @ 13TeV



Inclusive dilepton analysis

- Opposite-sign e μ
 events mainly from
 - -ttbar
 - -WW
 - $-Z \rightarrow \tau \tau$
- Simultaneous
 measurement of
 3 cross sections
- compared to N(N)LO prediction with PDFs



W+charm: mild tension?



- directly sensitive to strange quark
 traditionally 's-suppression'
 based on ν -charm data
- ATLAS data consistent with no suppression (symmetric sea)
- also consistent with ATLAS W/Z
- but CMS W+c consistent w/ sup.



Z+b, Z+bb



- BG to ZH(WH), $H \rightarrow bb$
- Z(W)+heavy flavor: larger theo. uncertainty than light quarks
- 4FNS, 5FNS schemes (udsc+g or udscb+g in proton)





arXiv:1407.3643

Z+D from LHCb

- Exclusive reconstruction of Z $\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and D⁰ \rightarrow K⁻ π^+ and D⁺ \rightarrow K⁻ $\pi^+\pi^+$ (+c.c.)
- Compared with <u>Single Parton Scattering</u> (one parton-parton collision creates Z & D) and <u>Double Parton Scattering</u> (one collision creates Z and another for D)









LHC Run 2 prospects

- Profiling study of Run 2 data's impact on PDF
- W/Z ratio, tt/Z ratio, W asymmetry, Z rapidity
- various assumptions on systematic uncertainty



arXiv:1507.00556

(High energy) future of DIS

- LHeC project: 7TeV p in LHC × 60GeV e in ERL
- also h-e option considered in FCC (100km ring)

lepton-proton facilities



ECM=1.3 TeV, 4 times HERA

Luminosity up to:10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹

A.M. Cooper-Sarker, LHeC workshop, June'15

LHC (and other future machines eg. FCC-pp) is/will be main discovery machine **LHeC not a competitor to these**; complementary; synchronous with HL-LHC; transforms them into high precision facilities

Energy Recovery Linac

• The e beam after collision is decelerated in the same linac (at the 'wrong' RF phase) to give energy to the accelerating beam

Recirculating Linac with Energy Recovery:

60 GeV acceleration with Recirculating Linacs:

Animation from A. Bogacz (JLab) @ ERL'15



Three accelerating passes through each of the two 10 GeV linacs (efficient use of LINAC installation!)
 60 GeV beam energy

LH 🗘

LHeC footprints

• P2/P8 options evaluated (runs concurrently with ATLAS/CMS) Site Considerations:

John Osborne June 2014 Prevessin Site Pt 2 LHeC **Civil Engineering Different Options** Fraction 1/3-1/4-1/5 Pt 1 Pt2 and Pt8 Pt 8 OSBORNE/L.FAISANDEL GS-SE-DC Mey

2015 LHeC Workshop: Seminar at CERN 24th June

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PDF precision at LHeC

• LHeC CDR: arXiv:1206.2913



precision determination, free from higher twist corrections and nuclear uncertainties

Monica D'Onofrio, LHeC Workshop, CERN/Chavannes

Valence quarks

High-x valence, sea, gluon

High x PDFs: link to LHC

• large uncertainties in high x PDFs limit searches for new physics at high scales



^{6/24/2015}

Low-x physics

Low x and gluon saturation



gluon measurement down to $x=10^{-6} \rightarrow < 5\%$

- FL measurements would improve further
- Allow understanding of possible non-linear evolution (not accommodated by DGLAP fits) leading to saturation at low x (tension between F_2 and F_L)
- Important for high energy neutrino cross sections
 - \rightarrow E.g. essential input for ICECUBE observations

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Higgs studies at LHeC

Result

- Mass reconstructed with 1st and 2nd minimum η b-jets.
- Signal region is defined as [100,130] GeV.



- We can detect H->bb signal in good efficiency.
- Peak around 80 GeV is Z boson from CC background.
- PAjjj background has large statistical error due to small statistics.
- Electron tagging of Photo-production events could further suppress BG under peak.
 M. Tanaka (Tokyo Tech), LHeC workshop

Events in signal region

100fb⁻¹/year

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Conclusions

- Precise PDF knowledge stays to be crucial in LHC and post-LHC era in search for new physics.
- Scale uncertainty of theoretical calculation needs to improve as well. NLO, NNLO, NNNLO ...
- HERAPDF2.0 recently released using (only) final full cross sections from H1+ZEUS.
- LHC measurements also sensitive to PDF, giving added precision good prospects for Run 2.
- Ultimate big jump would be a new ep collider: LHeC (and FCC-he).