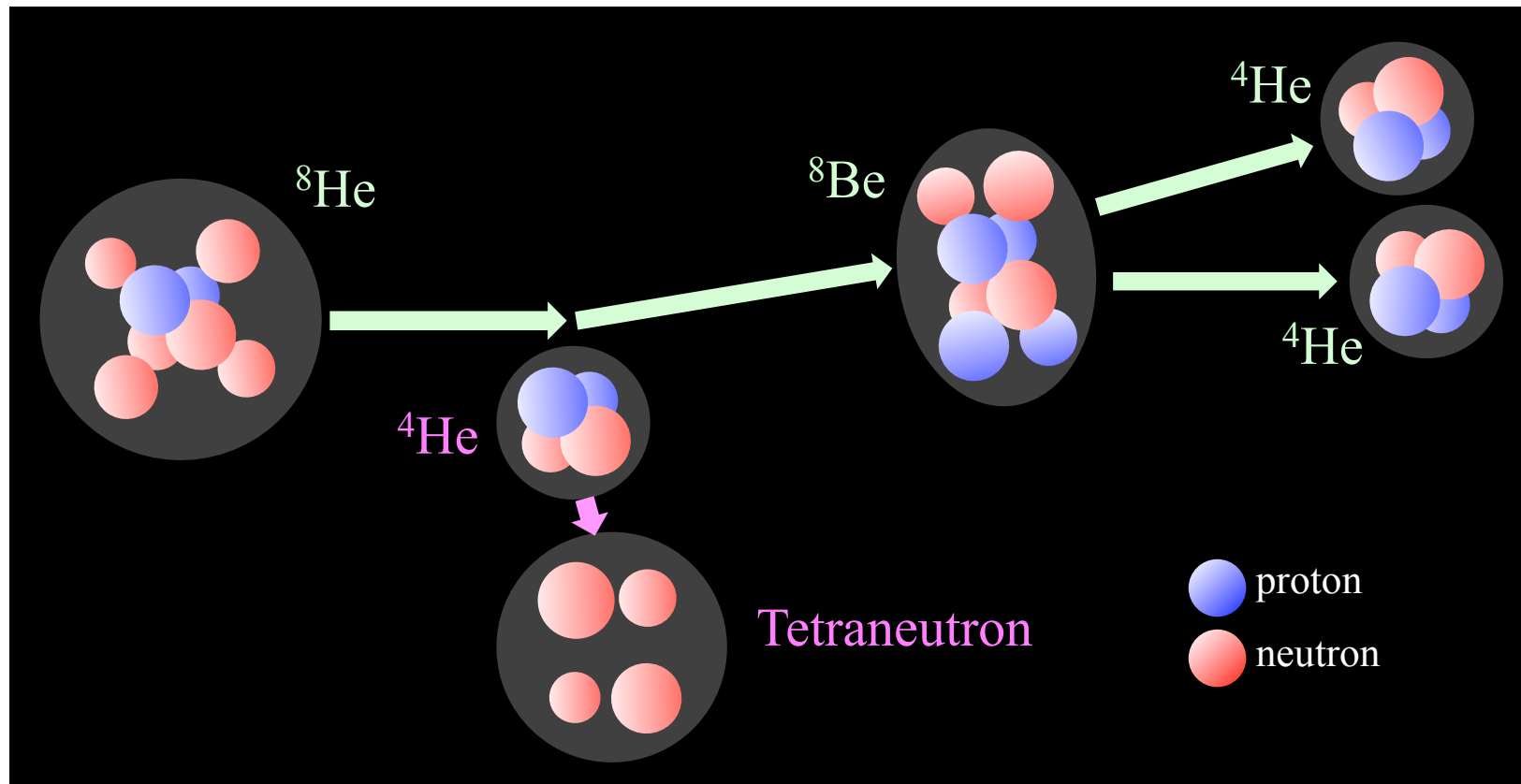




Tetra-neutron system studied by double-charge exchange reaction ${}^4\text{He}({}^8\text{He}, {}^8\text{Be})$



S. Shimoura

CNS, University of Tokyo



Motivation



Tetra-neutron

- Multi-neutron System
 - Neutron cluster (?) in fragmentation of ^{14}Be
PRC65, 044006 (2002)
 - NN, NNN, NNNN interactions
 - $T=3/2$ NNN force
 - > 3-body force in neutron matter
 - Ab initio type calculations
 - Multi-body resonances
 - Correlations in multi-fermion scattering states



Historical Review

~ search for a bound state of $4n$ ~

1960s

fission of Uranium

- No evidence for particle stable state of tetra-neutron

J. P. Shiffer Phys. Lett. 5, 4, 292 (1963)

1980s

$^4\text{He}(\pi^-, \pi^+)$ reaction

- Only upper limit of cross section was decided.

J. E. Unger, et al., Phys. Lett. B 144, 333 (1984)

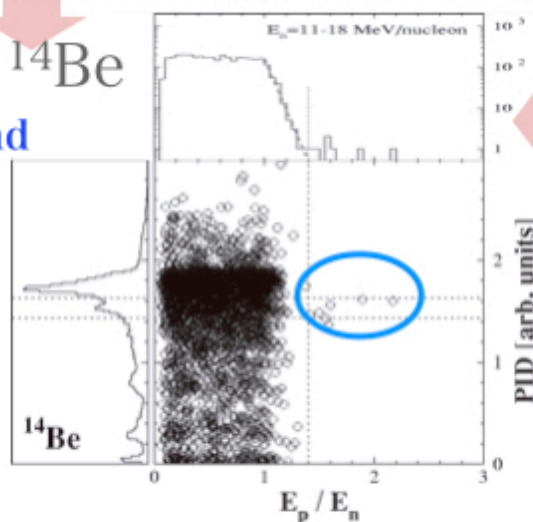
Bound state: No clear evidence.

2000s

Breakup of ^{14}Be

- Candidates of **bound tetra-neutron** were observed.

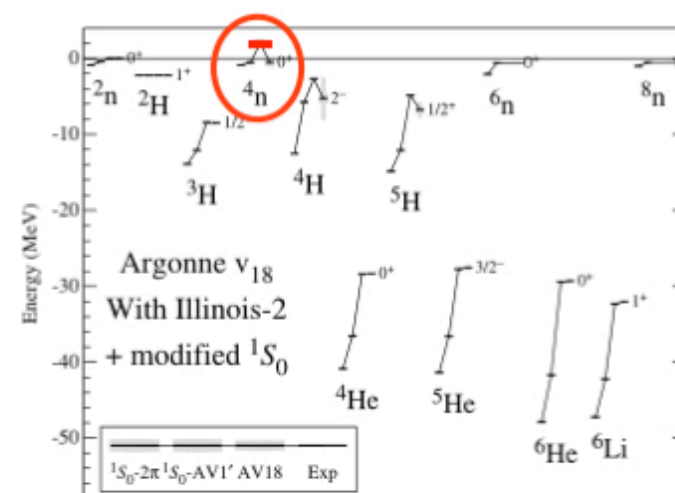
F. M. Marques, et al,
Phys. Rev. C 65,
044006 (2002)



2000s

Theoretical work

- ab-initio calculation
NN, NNN interaction



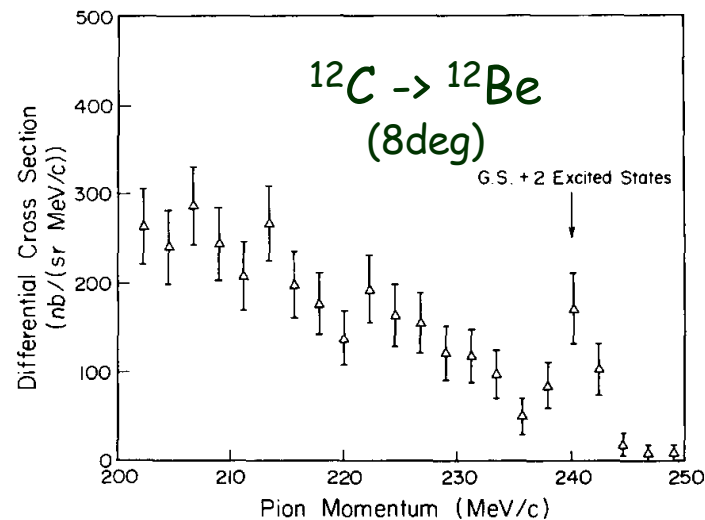
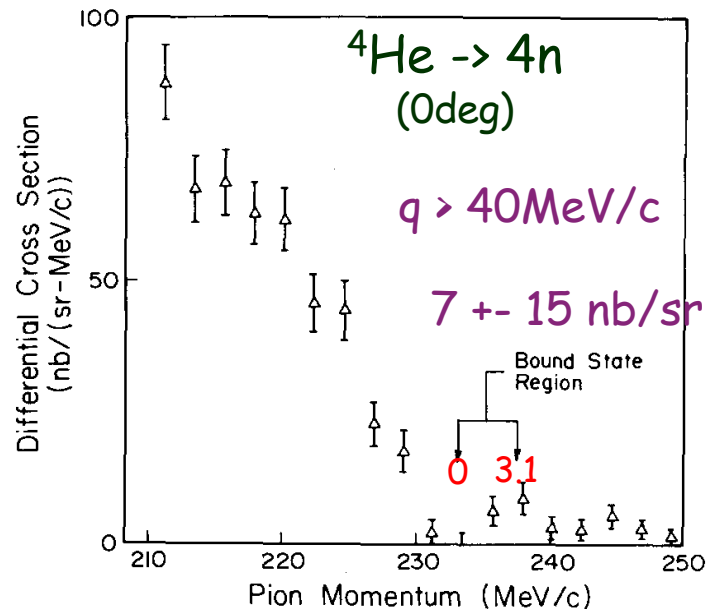
S. C. Piper, Phys. Rev. Lett. 90, 252501 (2003)

- **Bound $4n$ cannot exist**
- **Possible resonance state ~ 2 MeV**

Resonance state : Possibility of the state is still an open and fascinating question.



(π^-, π^+) reaction @ 165 MeV; $\theta_{\pi^+} = 0$ degree



The peak is due primarily to the transition to the ${}^{12}\text{Be}$ ground state, with some contribution from the first two excited states as well.

We have measured the momentum spectrum of π^+ produced at 0° by 165 MeV π^- on ${}^4\text{He}$. A $\Delta P/P = 1\%$ beam of $10^6 \pi^-$ per second was provided by the P³ line of the Los Alamos Meson Physics Facility, and a cell of 910 mg/cm² liquid ${}^4\text{He}$ with windows of 18 mg/cm² Kapton served as the target [15]. An

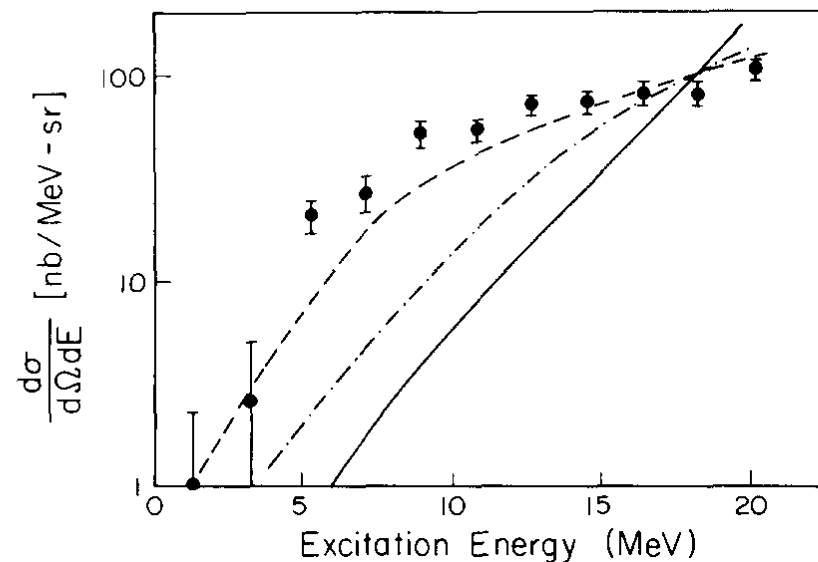
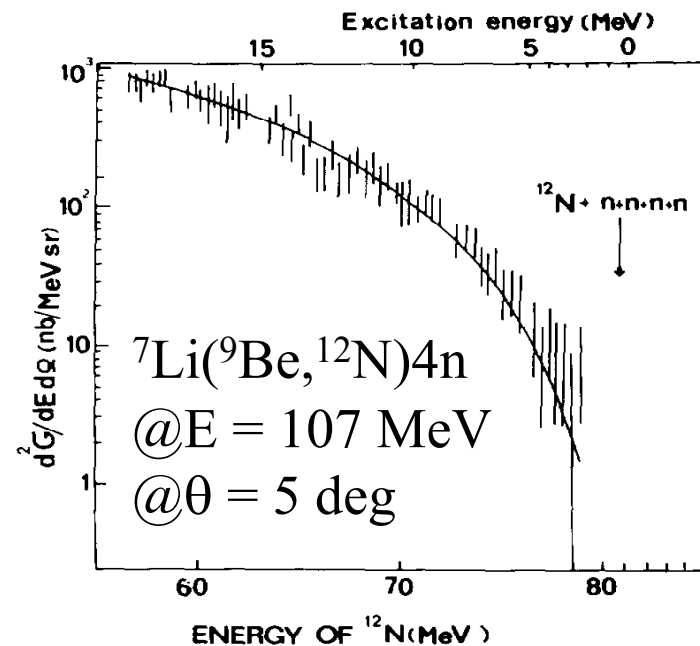
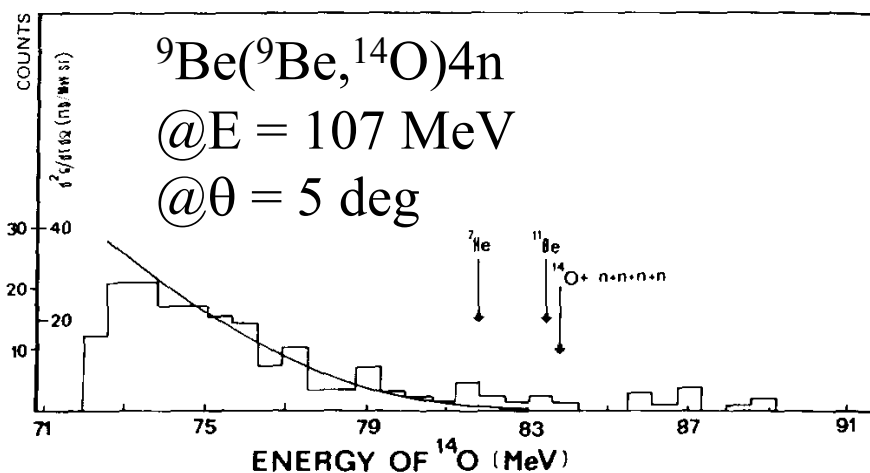
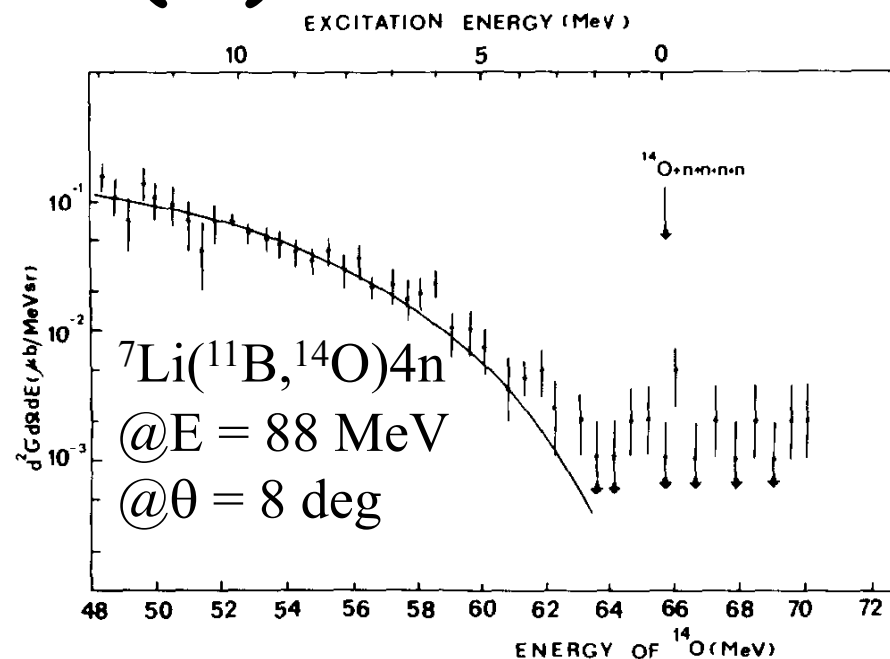
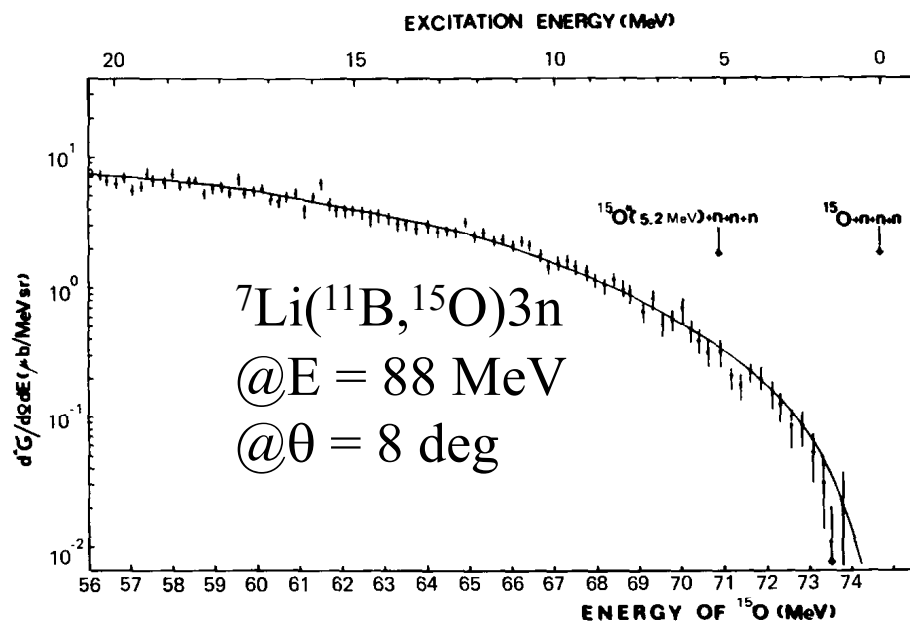


Fig. 3. The experimental results are plotted against the excitation of the final four-neutron state. The solid curve corresponds to the pure four-neutron phase space, while the dot-dashed and dashed curves are the four-neutron phase space curves with singlet state interactions in, respectively, one and both of the final state neutron pairs.



Historical review (2)

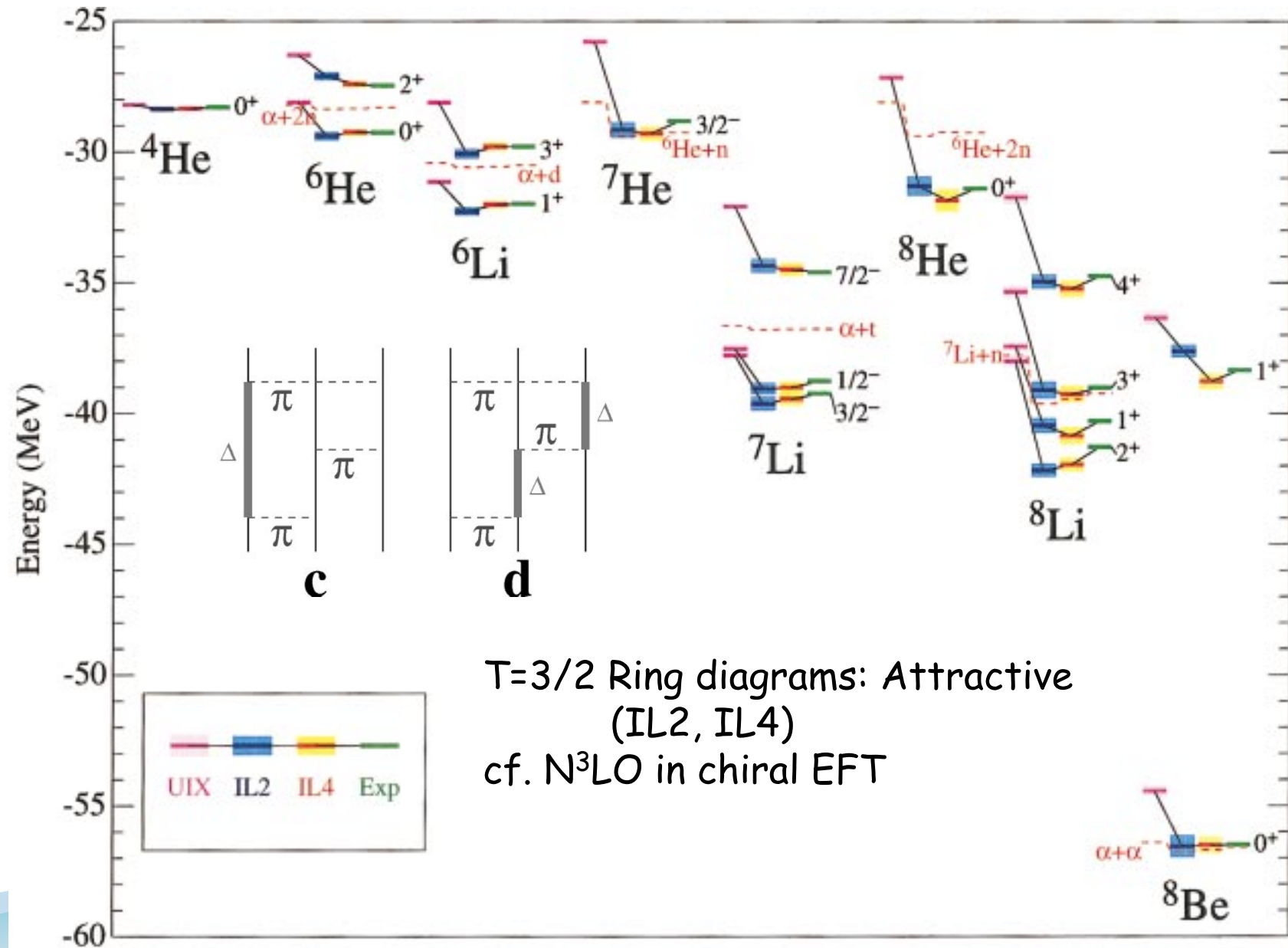
Nucl. Phys. A477 (1988) 131





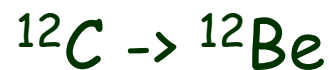
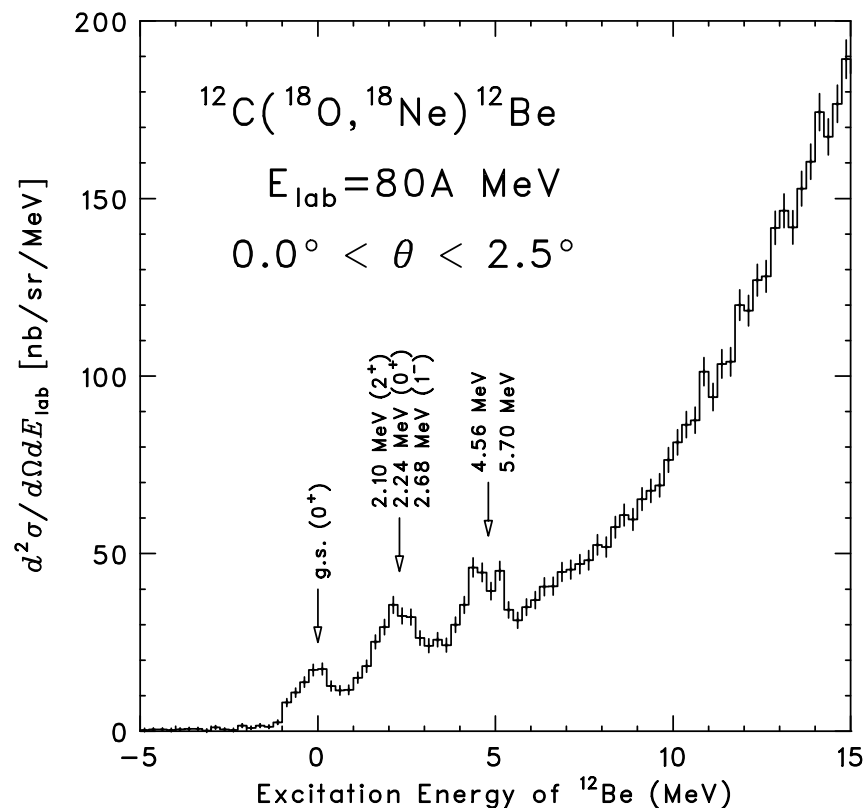
3-body force

S. C. Pieper, et al., PRC 64, 014001





Double charge exchange (DCX) reaction of HI

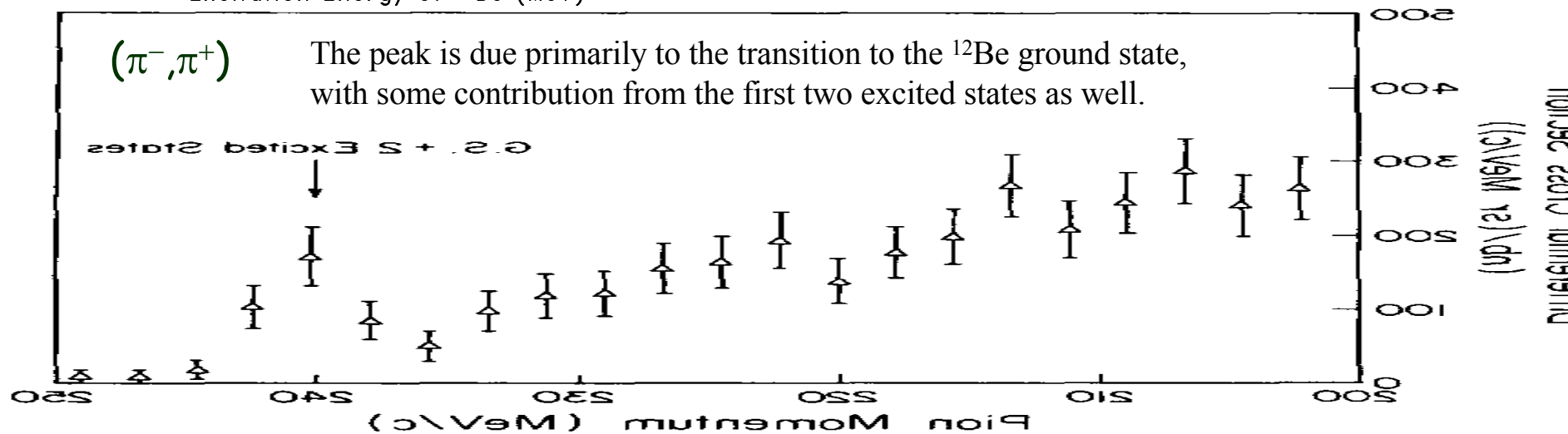


Stable ^{18}O beam (80A MeV) (Takaki et al.)

$\sim 70 \text{ nb/sr}$ (Gnd)

$\sim 200 \text{ nb/sr}$ ($\sim 2 \text{ MeV}$)

HI DCX reaction can be used for spectroscopy for exotic nuclei (q is not so small $> 80 \text{ MeV}/c$)

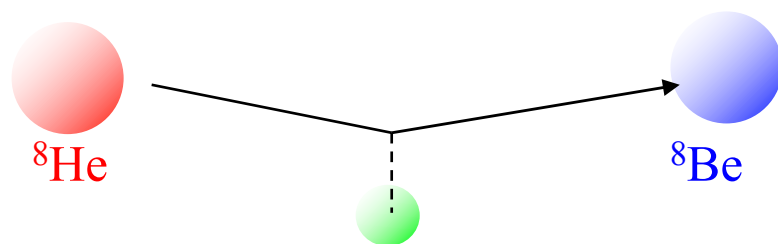




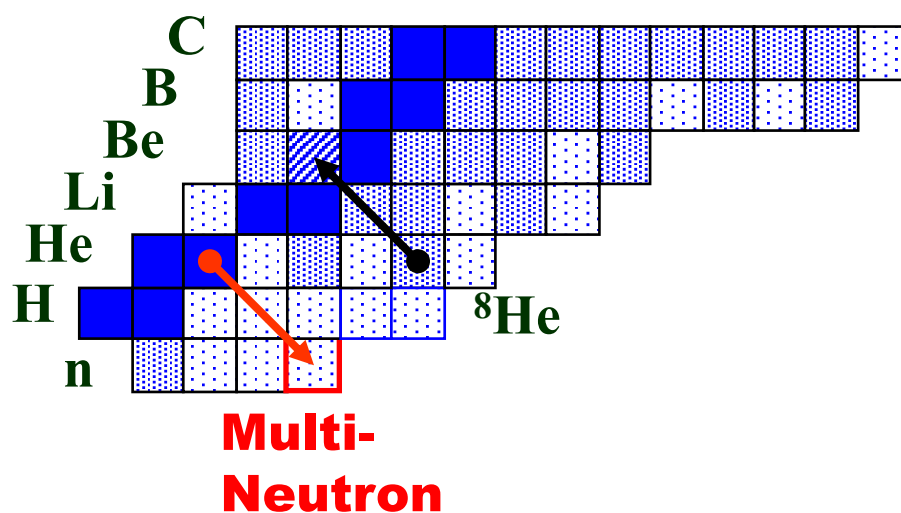
Exothermic DCX Reaction



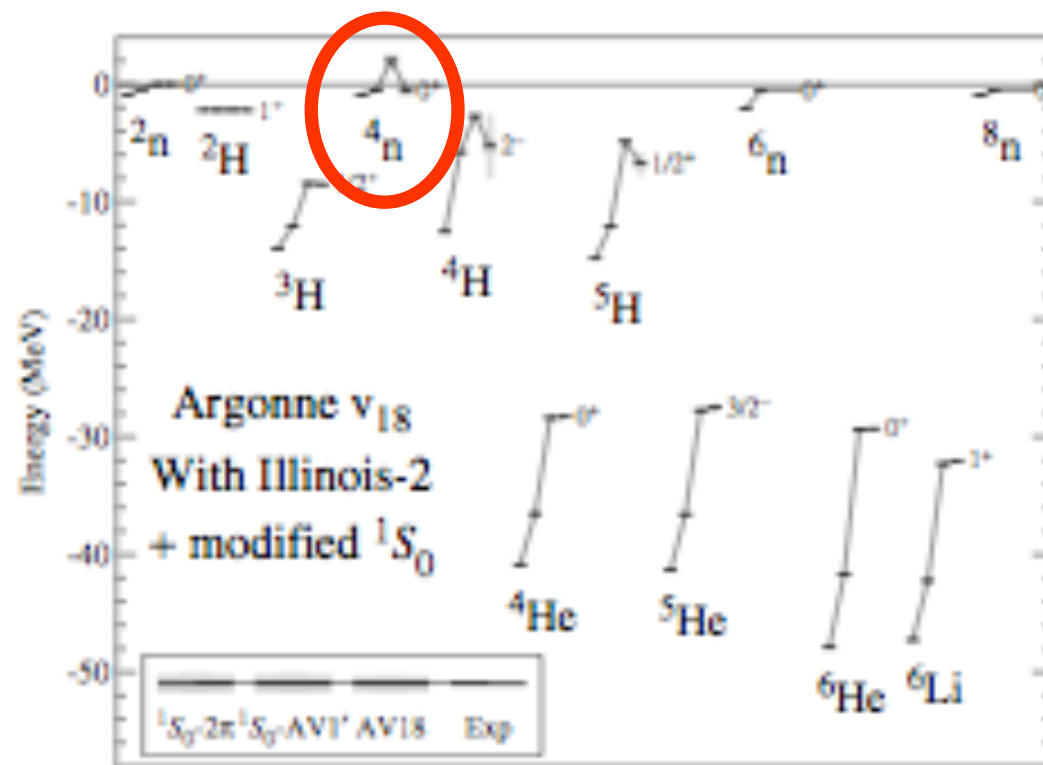
Tetra-neutron system produced by exothermic double-charge exchange reaction



Recoil-less 4n system via DCX using internal energy of ${}^8\text{He}$



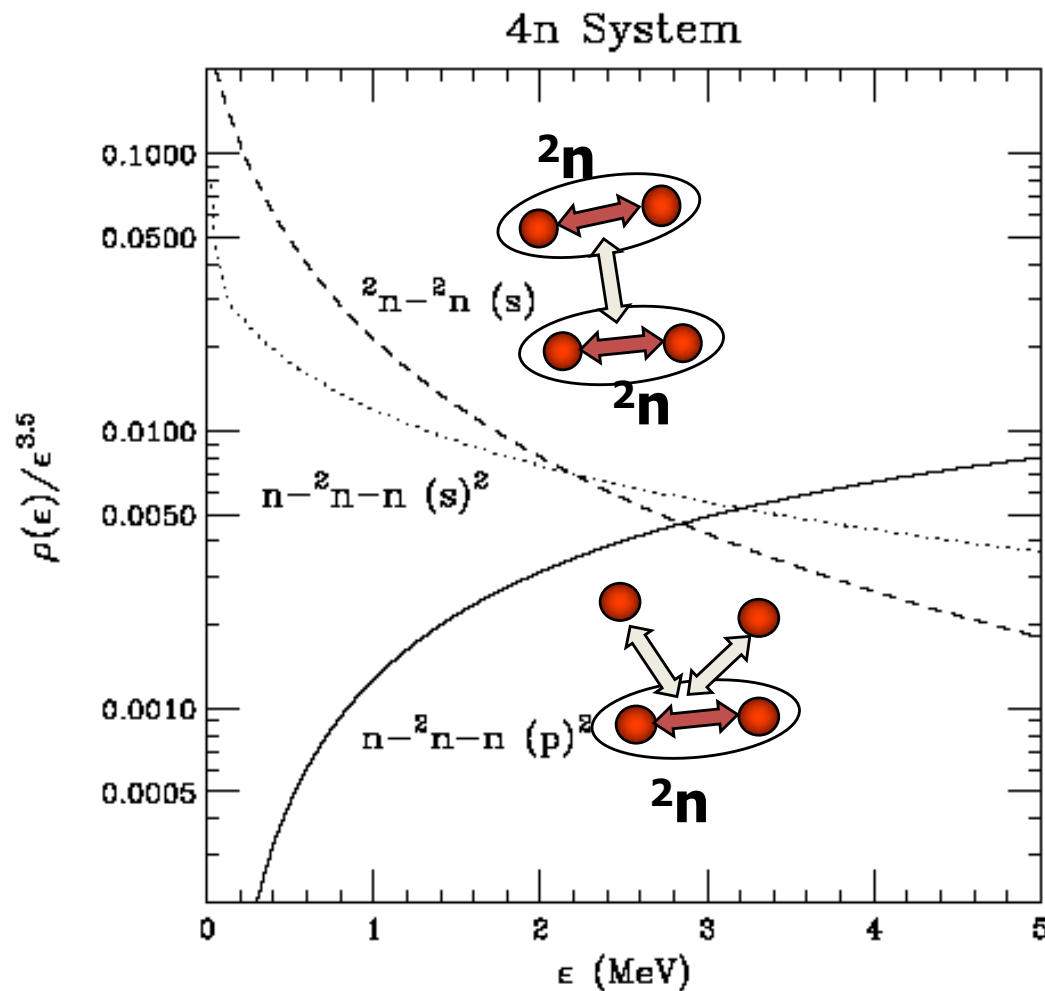
Almost recoil-less condition with ${}^4\text{He}({}^8\text{He}, {}^8\text{Be})4n$ reaction at 200 A MeV



S.C. Pieper et al., PRL 90, 252501 (2003)



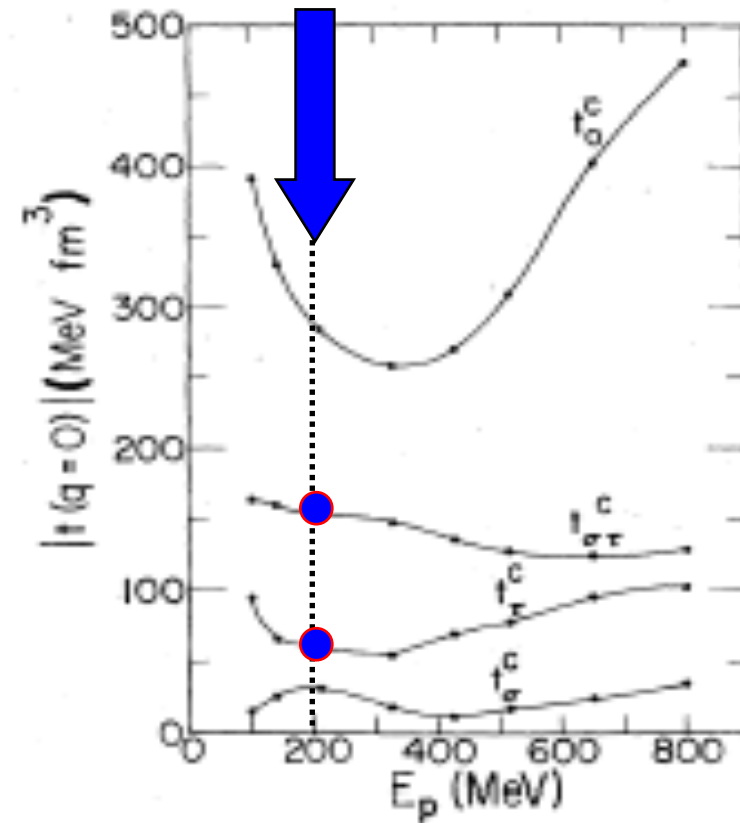
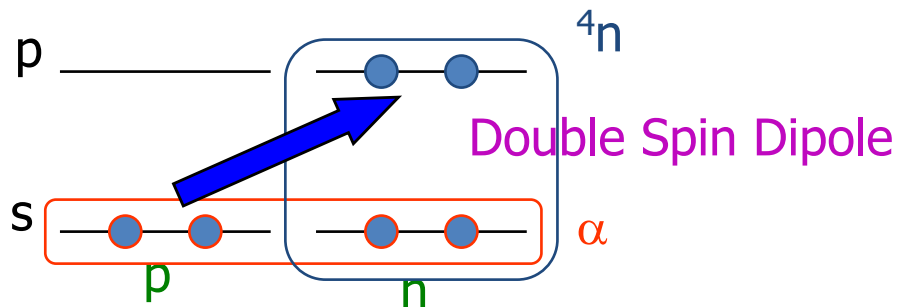
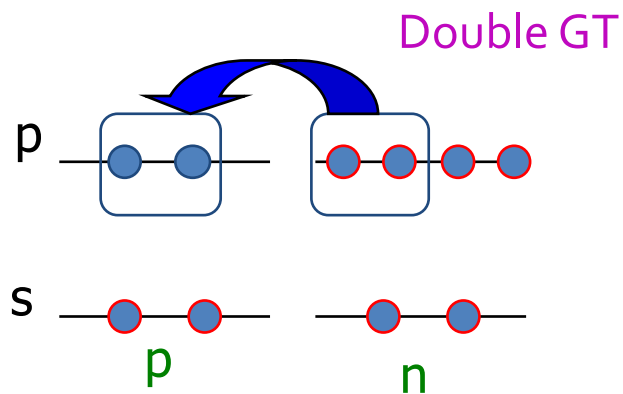
Correlation in multi-body continuum



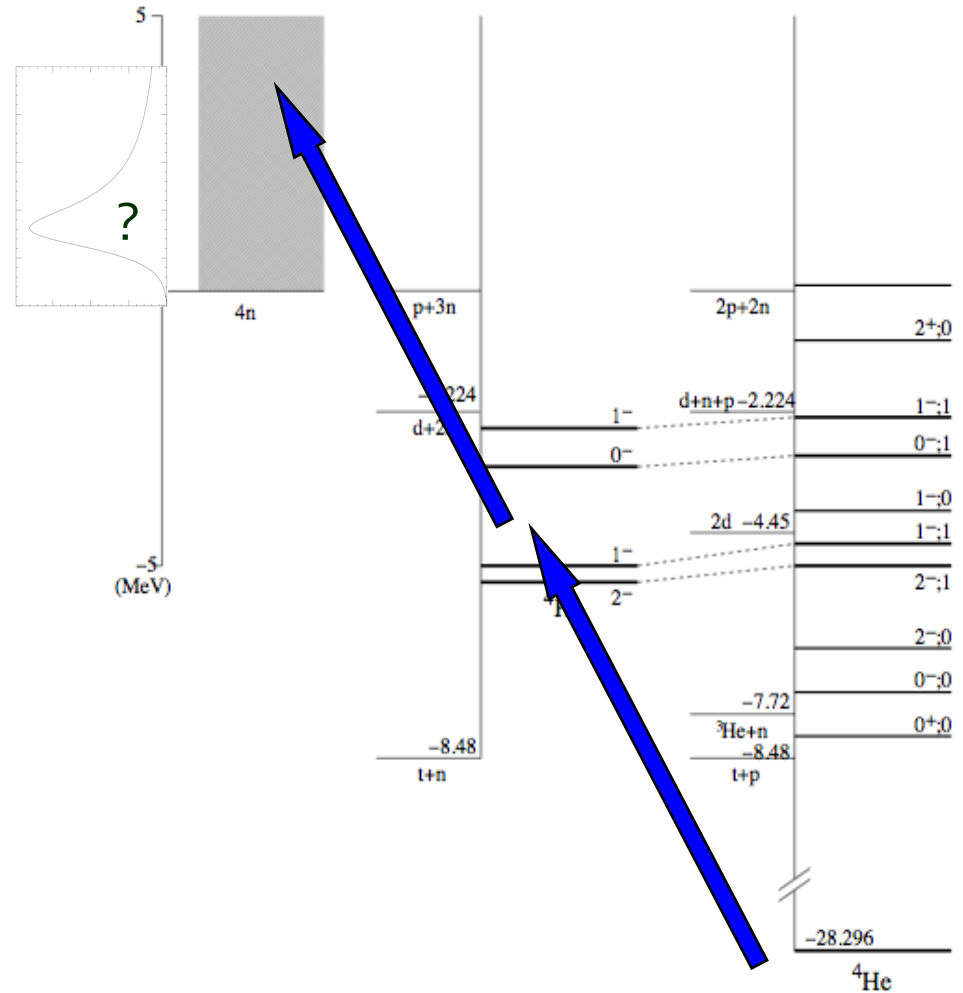
- Deviation from four-body phase space informs us the final state interaction(s) of sub-system



Reaction Mechanism



$$\left[\left(\vec{\tau}_p \cdot \vec{\tau}_t \right) \left(\vec{\sigma}_p \cdot \vec{\sigma}_t \right) r_t Y_1(\hat{r}_t) \right]^2$$


$$q_{\min} \sim 10 \text{ MeV}/c$$



Experiment

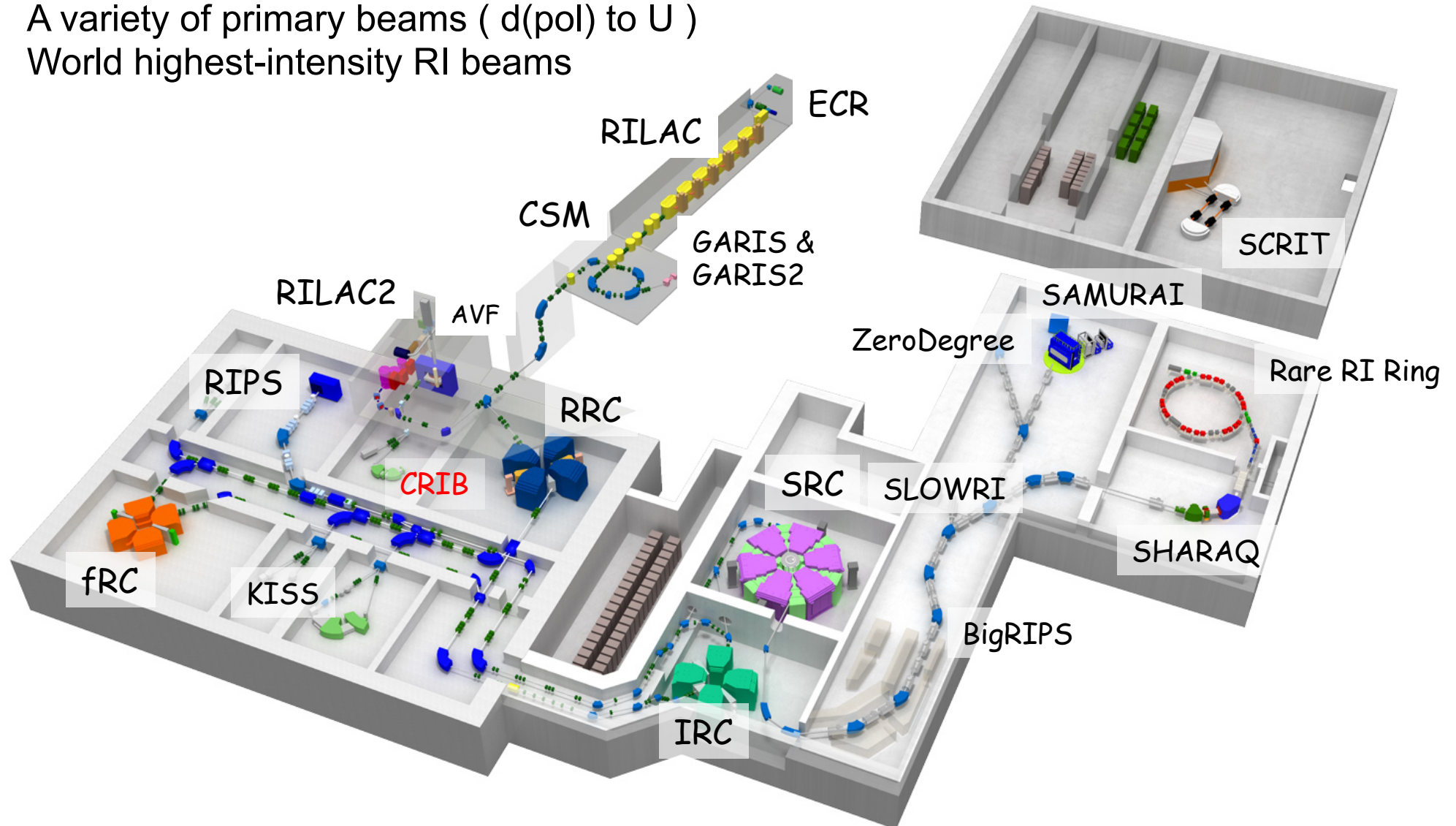
RI Beam Factory at RIKEN

3 injectors + cascade of 4 cyclotrons

⇒ several to 345 MeV/nucleon

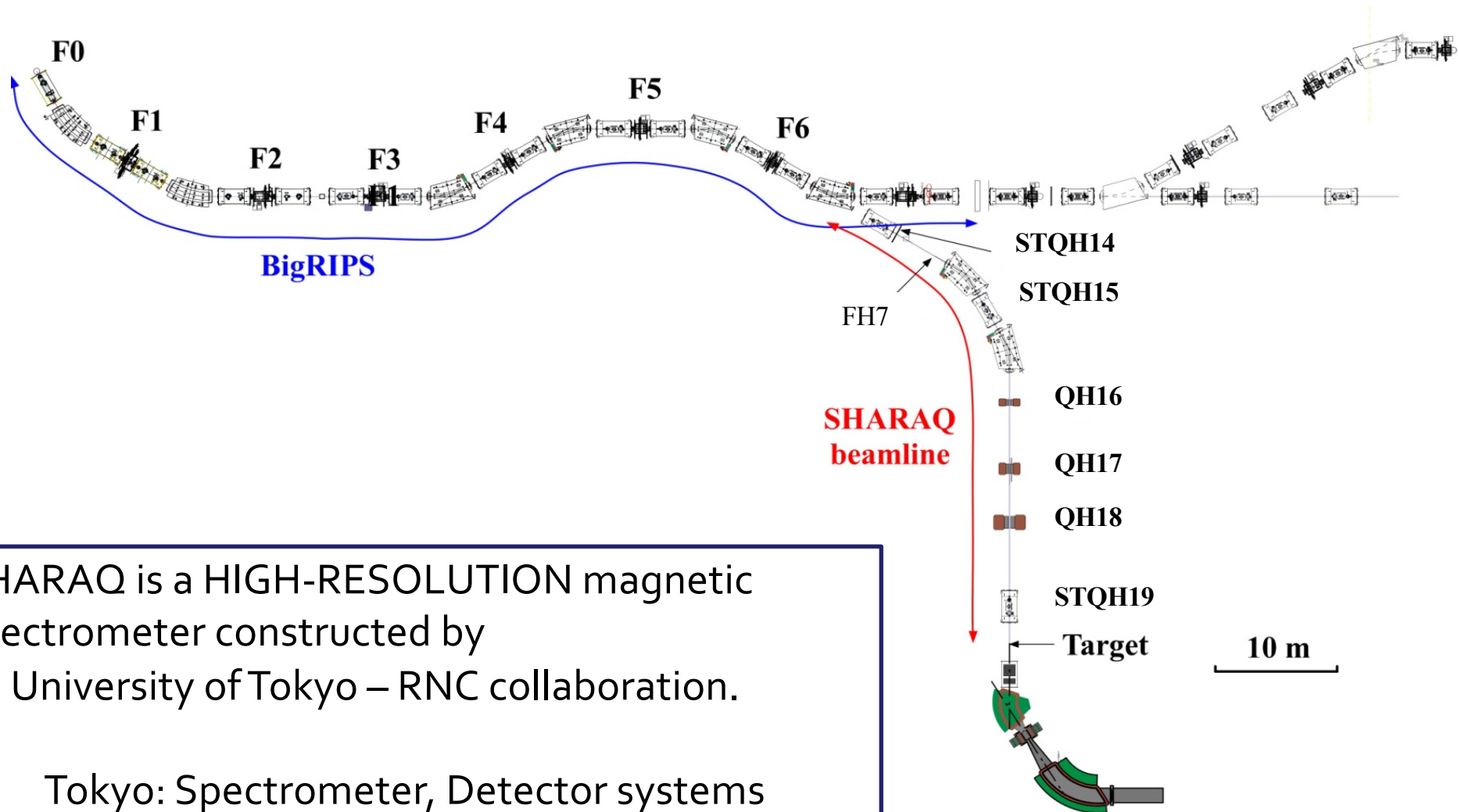
A variety of primary beams (d(pol) to U)

World highest-intensity RI beams





SHARAQ @ RI beam factory



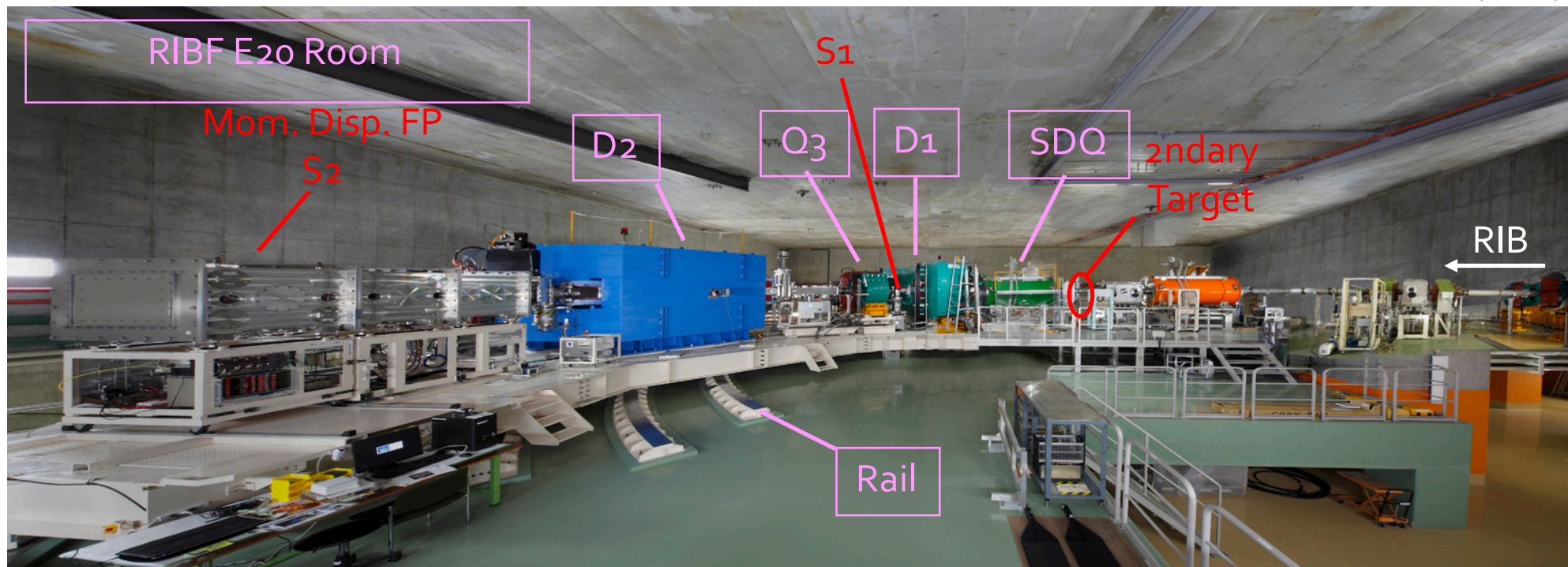
SHARAQ is a HIGH-RESOLUTION magnetic spectrometer constructed by University of Tokyo – RNC collaboration.

Tokyo: Spectrometer, Detector systems
RNC: Beam-line, Infrastructure



SHARAQ spectrometer

T. Uesaka et al.,
NIMB B **266** (2008) 4218.
PTEP 2012, 03C007 (2012)



Maximum rigidity

6.8 Tm

Momentum resolution

$dp/p = 1/14700$

Angular resolution

~ 1 mrad

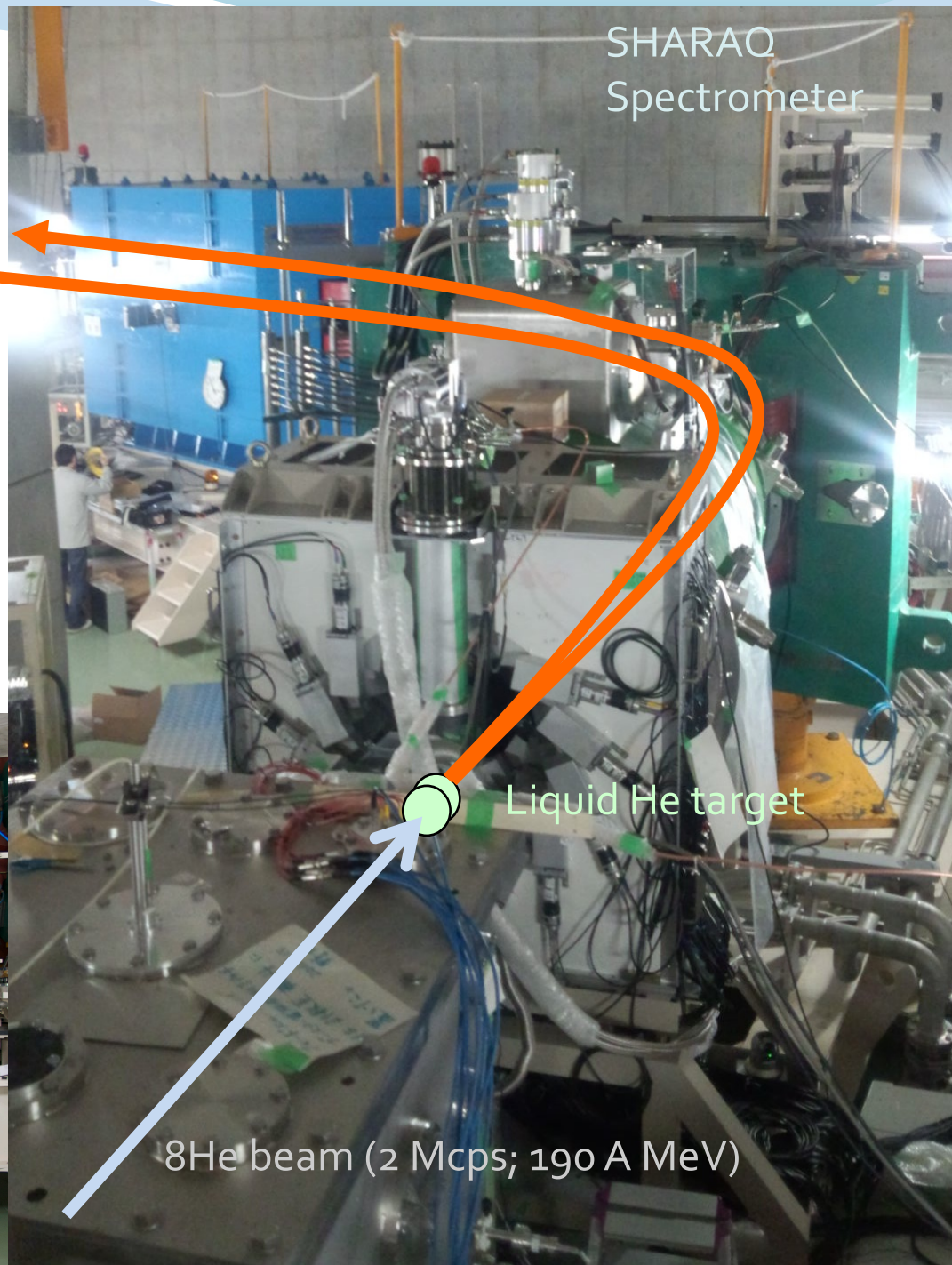
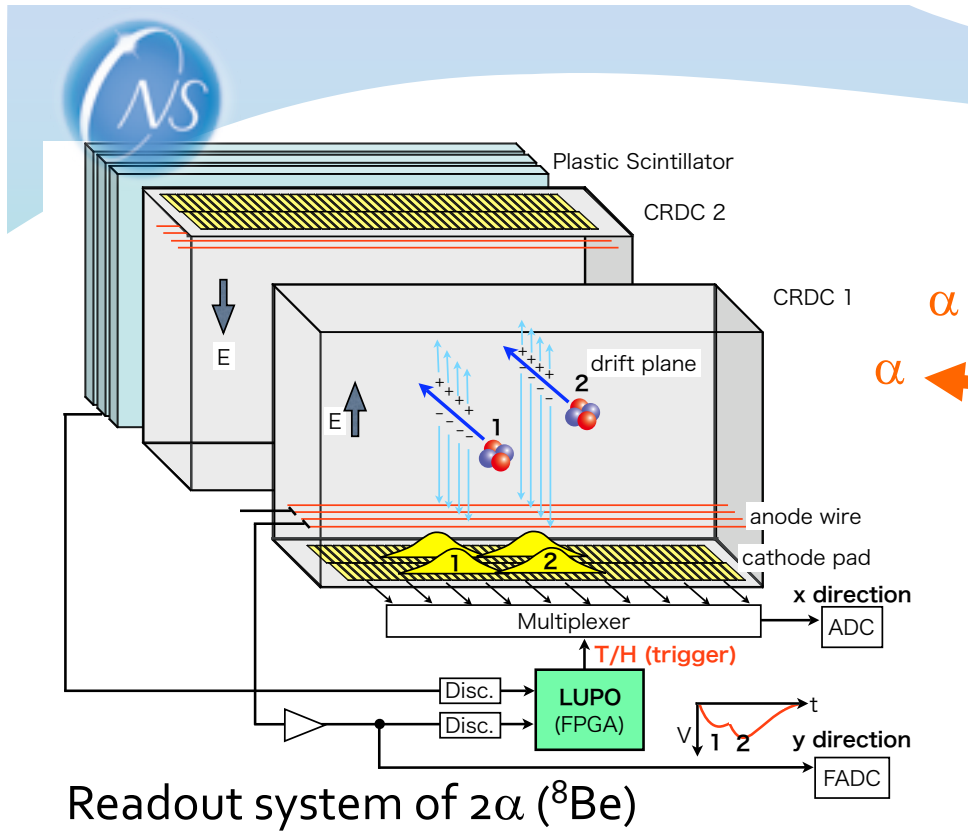
Momentum acceptance

$\pm 1\%$

Angular acceptance

~ 5 msr





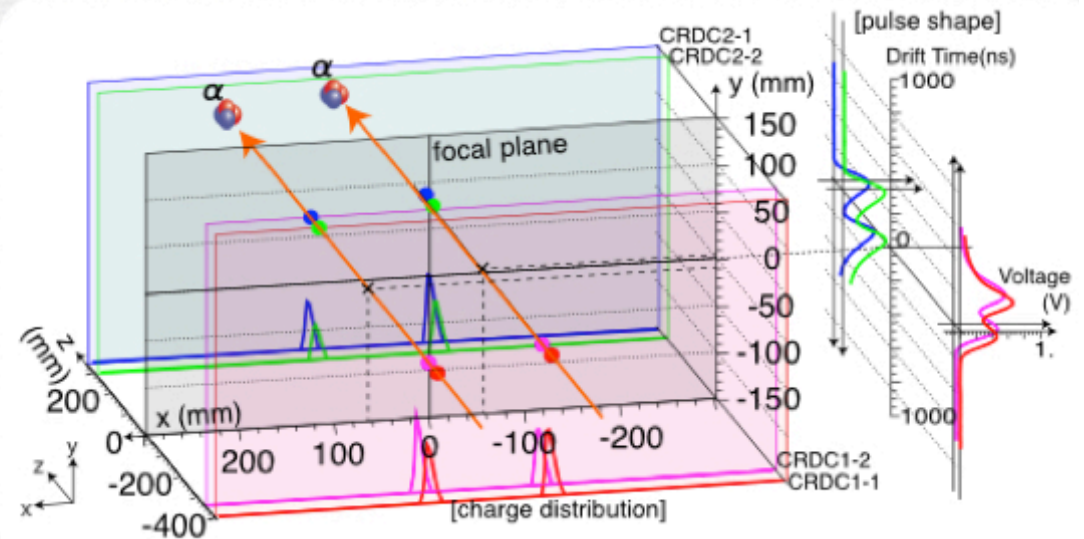


Analysis

Selection of 4n Events

- ✦ Extracting 2 α events @SHARAQ
- ✦ Multi-particle in high-intensity beam

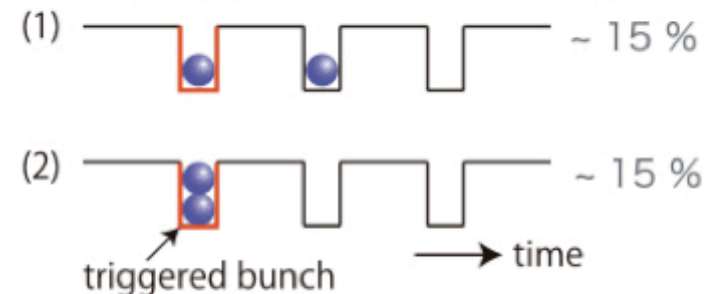
Background process:
Breakup of two ^8He in the same beam bunch to two alpha particle
Identified by multi-hit in F6-MWDC



Background Estimation

- ✦ Shape in spectrum: random 2 α
- ✦ Number of events:
 - failure of the multi-particle rejection at MWDC
 - multi-particle in one cell of MWDC

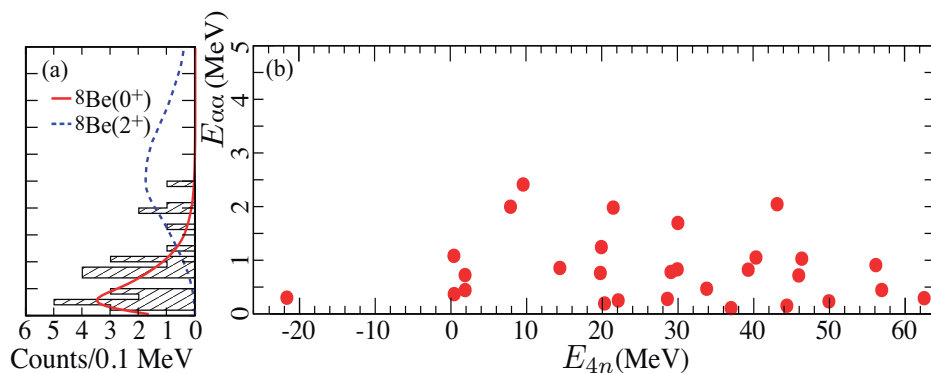
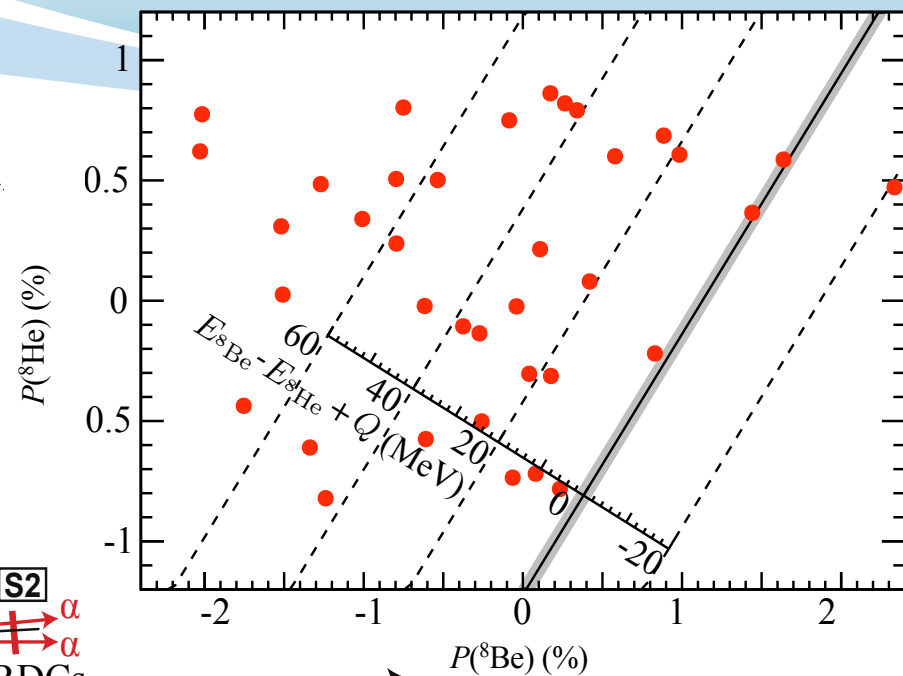
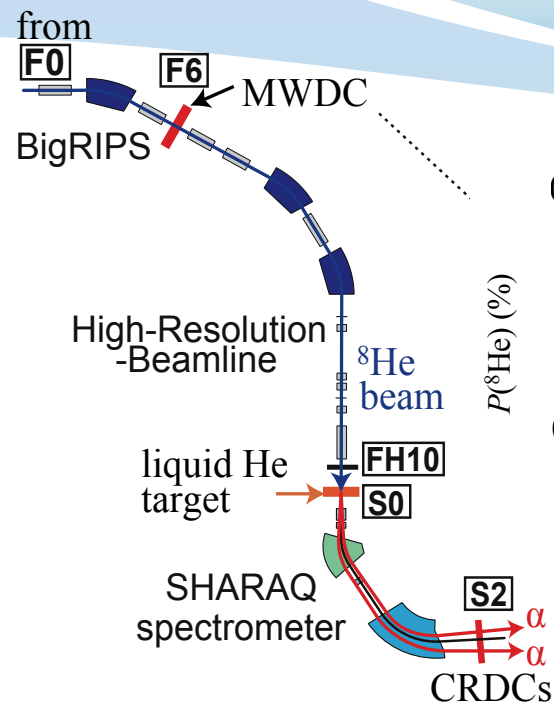
2 MHz beam from 13.7MHz cyclotron



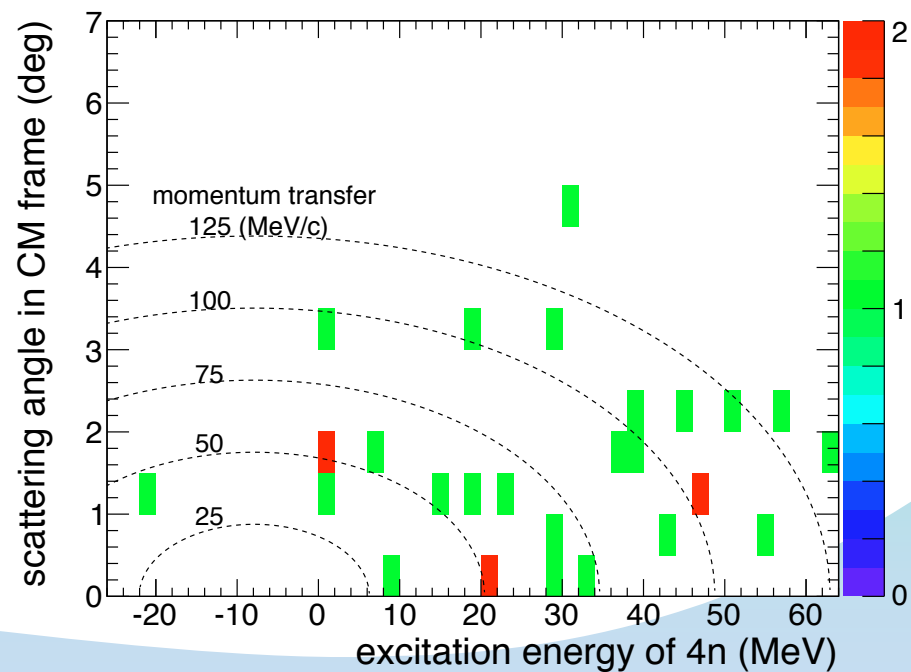
Backgrounds after analysis:
Finite efficiency of multi-hit events at F6-MWDC



Experimental Results

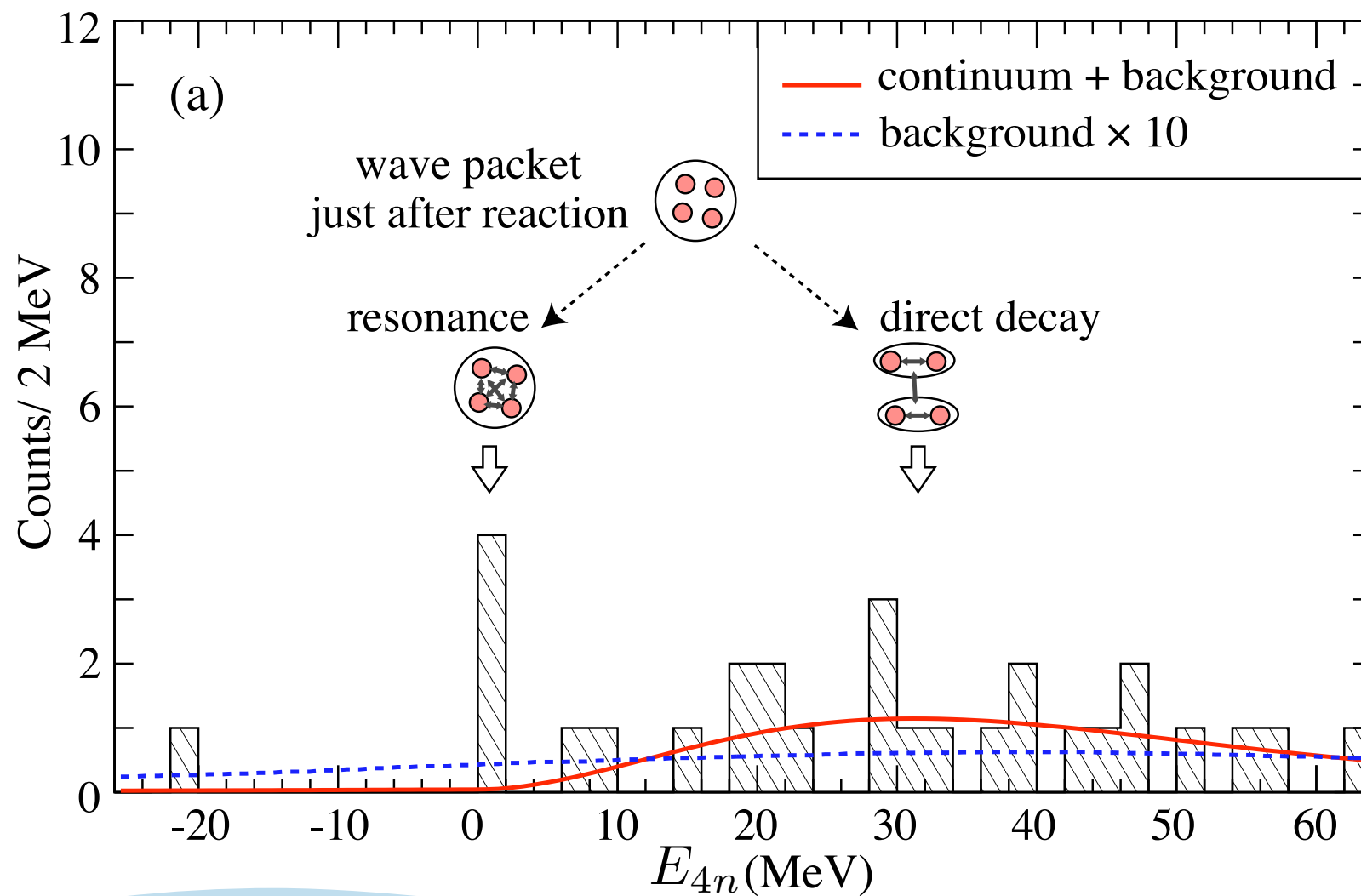


Acceptance for ${}^8\text{Be}(2^+)$ was 13 % of that for ${}^8\text{Be}(0^+)$
A few events could be from ${}^8\text{Be}(2^+)$.





Experimental Results



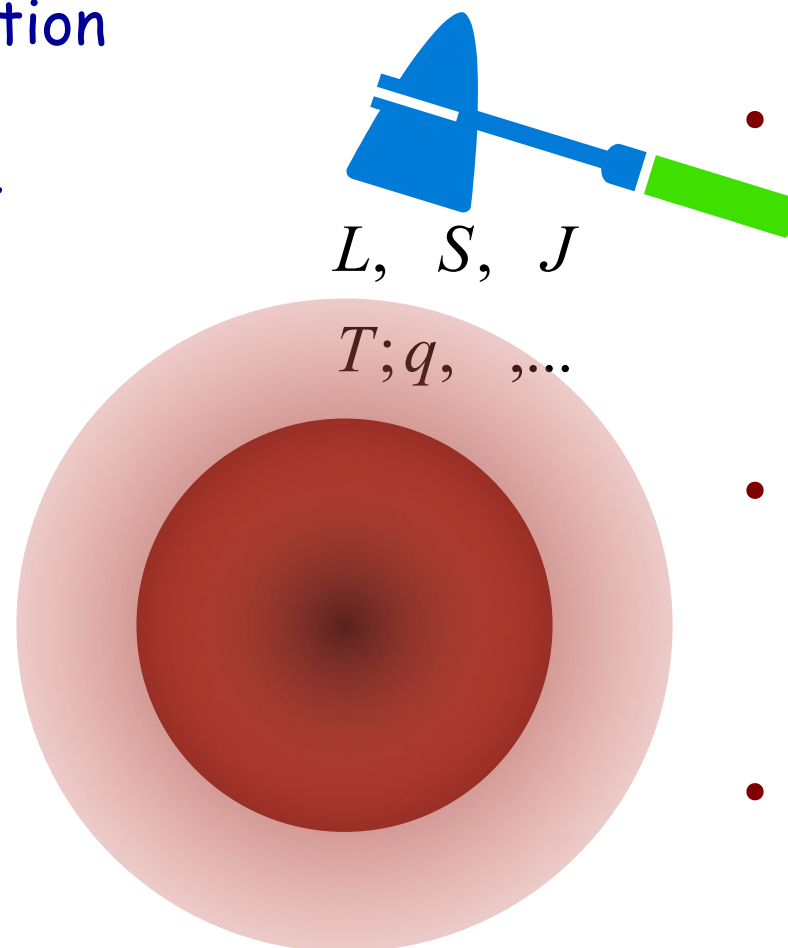


Analysis & Discussion



Studies of Nuclei via Direct reactions

Direct Reactions



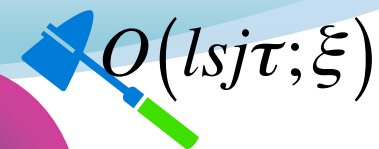
- Size/ ρ -distribution
 - Skin/Halo
- Shell Structure
 - New magic #
 - Isospin / Deformation
- New modes
 - IVE1
 - ISE0, ISE1
- Correlation
 - Pairing
 - Clustering
 - etc
- etc.

- Size/ ρ -distribution
 - σ_R , elastic scat.
- Shell Structure
 - Mass / S_n , S_{2n}
 - Inelastic scatt.
 - Low lying states
 - Knockout / Transfer
- New modes
 - Coulex
 - Inelastic scatt.
 - CEX
- Correlation
 - Knockout/Transfer
 - Breakup
 - CEX
- etc.

"Hit and analyze the sound"



Transition Probabilities



$$M_{if} = \langle E_f J_f \pi_f T_f; \xi_f \| O(ls j \tau; \xi) \| E_i J_i \pi_i T_i; \xi_i \rangle$$

if distortion is insensitive to ω

$$\text{Cross Section} \propto |M_{if}|^2 ; \text{Lifetime} \propto 1/|M_{if}|^2$$

$O(ls j \tau; \xi)$: Property of Reaction / Aciton / Decay Processes

sum of

one-body operator

e.g.

$$O(ls j \tau; \vec{r}) = \sum f(r_i) T(\tau_i) [S(\sigma_i) \otimes Y_l(\hat{r}_i)]_j$$

$$|E_i J_i \pi_i T_i; \xi_i\rangle \text{ and/or } |E_f J_f \pi_f T_f; \xi_f\rangle^i \text{ energy eigen functions}$$

$$O(ls j \tau; \xi) |E_i J_i \pi_i T_i; \xi_i\rangle = \sum_f M_{if}(E_f) |E_f J_f \pi_f T_f; \xi_f\rangle \quad \text{Response}$$

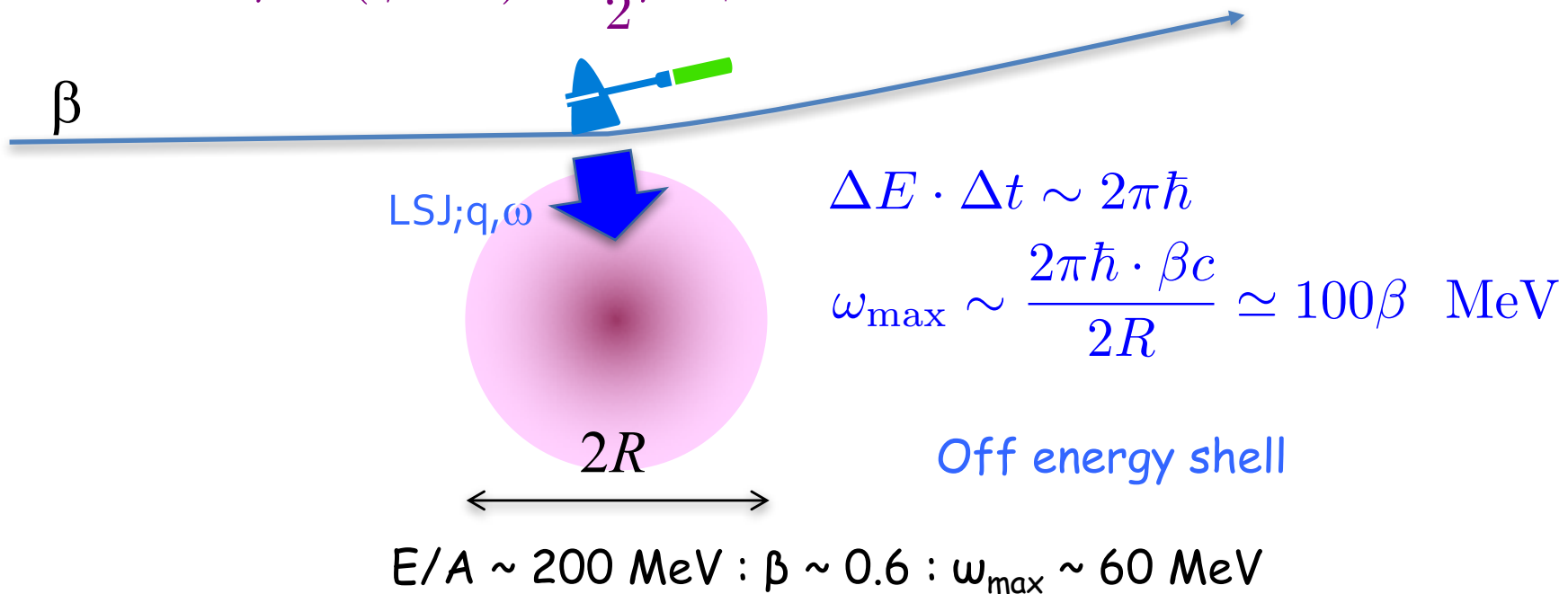
$$|M_{if}(E_f)|^2 : \text{Energy Spectrum}$$

coherent sum of wave packets made by one-body action
"Collective wave packet" (not always energy eigen state),
e.g. coherent sum of 1p-1h for inelastic-type excitation



Reaction time & excitation energy for intermediate-energy “inelastic-type scattering”

$$\omega \ll \mu c^2 (\gamma - 1) \simeq \frac{1}{2} \mu c^2 \beta^2$$



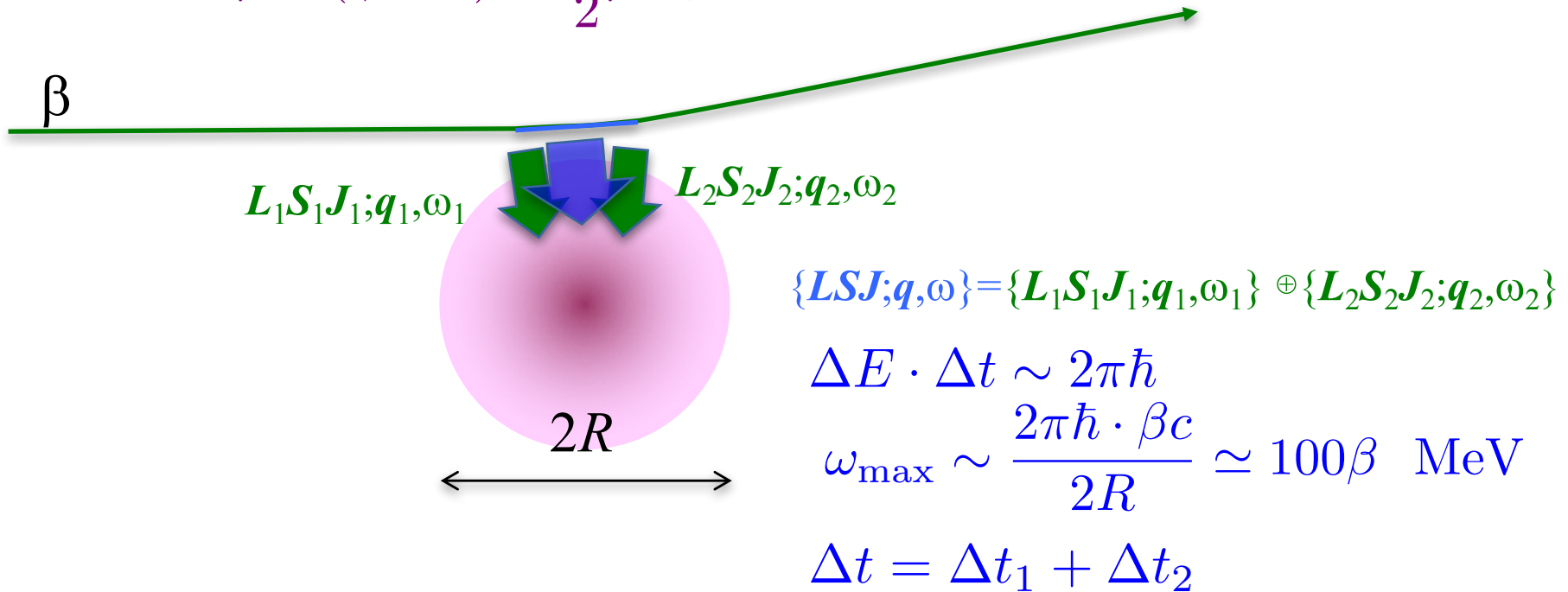
$$O(ls j \tau; \xi) |E_i J_i \pi_i T_i; \xi_i\rangle = \int M_{if}(E_f) |E_f J_f \pi_f T_f; \xi_f\rangle \quad \text{Response}$$

$|M_{if}(E_f)|^2$: Energy Spectrum



Two step?

$$\omega \ll \mu c^2 (\gamma - 1) \simeq \frac{1}{2} \mu c^2 \beta^2$$



“Intermediate state”: Not energy eigen state

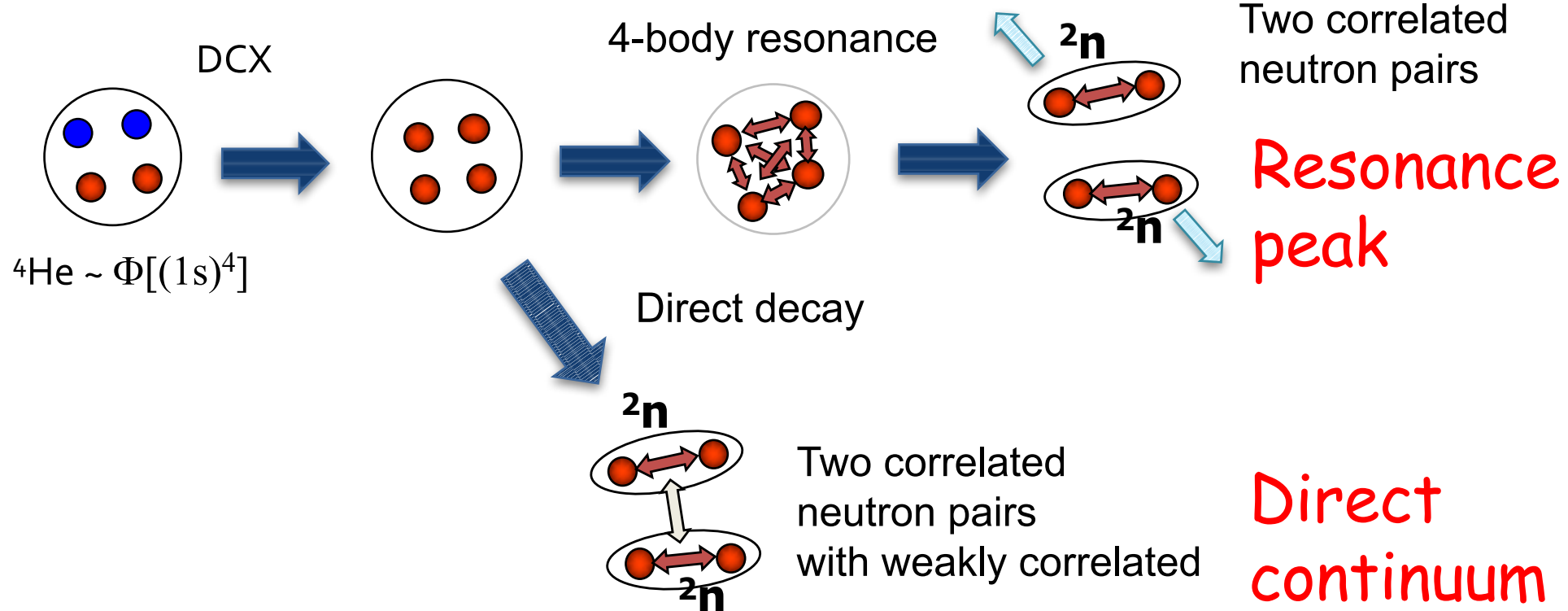
~ wave packet consists of “eigen states” over 200β MeV

~ closure approximation ~ almost one-step



Picture of ^4He DCX reaction @ 200 A MeV

4n wave packet just after DCX
(double spin dipole)
 $\sim \mathcal{A}[\mathbf{r}_1 \cdot \mathbf{r}_2 \Phi[(0s)^4]]$



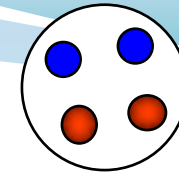


Direct Part

c.f.

Continuum spectrum with n-n FSI

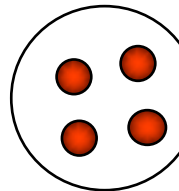
L.V. Grigorenko, N.K. Timofeyuk, M.V. Zhukov, Eur. Phys. J. A 19, 187 (2004)



${}^4\text{He} \sim \Phi[(0s)^4]$

DCX

$q \ll 200 \text{ MeV}/c$



4n wave packet just after DCX

$\Phi_0 \sim \mathbf{r}_1 \cdot \mathbf{r}_2 \Phi[(0s)^4]$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{A}\Phi_0(\mathbf{r}_{12}, \mathbf{r}_{34}, \mathbf{r}_\alpha) \sim & \left[\left(\frac{r_{12}^2}{a^2} - \frac{3}{2} \right) - \left(\frac{r^2}{a^2} - \frac{3}{4} \right) \right] \exp \left[-\frac{r^2}{a^2} - \frac{r_{12}^2}{2a^2} - \frac{r_{34}^2}{2a^2} \right] \chi(1,2)\chi(3,4) \\ & \left[\left(\frac{r_\alpha^2}{(a/\sqrt{2})^2} - \frac{3}{2} \right) - \frac{2\vec{r}_{12} \cdot \vec{r}_{34}}{a^2} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{r_\alpha^2}{a^2} - \frac{r_{12}^2}{2a^2} - \frac{r_{34}^2}{2a^2} \right] \chi(1,3)\chi(4,2) \\ & \left[\left(\frac{r_\alpha^2}{(a/\sqrt{2})^2} - \frac{3}{2} \right) + \frac{2\vec{r}_{12} \cdot \vec{r}_{34}}{a^2} \right] \exp \left[-\frac{r_\alpha^2}{a^2} - \frac{r_{12}^2}{2a^2} - \frac{r_{34}^2}{2a^2} \right] \chi(1,4)\chi(2,3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{r}_\alpha = \frac{\vec{r}_1 + \vec{r}_2}{2} - \frac{\vec{r}_3 + \vec{r}_4}{2} \quad \chi(i, j) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow(i) \downarrow(j) - \downarrow(i) \uparrow(j))$$



Fourier Transform: $(\mathbf{r}_{12}, \mathbf{r}_{34}, \mathbf{r}_\alpha) \rightarrow (\mathbf{k}_{12}, \mathbf{k}_{34}, \mathbf{k})$

$$\int |\mathcal{A}\tilde{\Phi}_0|^2 d^3k d^3k_{12} d^3k_{34} \delta(E - \epsilon - \epsilon_{12} - \epsilon_{34}) \propto X^{11/2} \exp(-X)$$

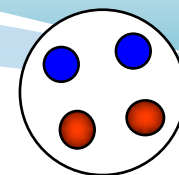
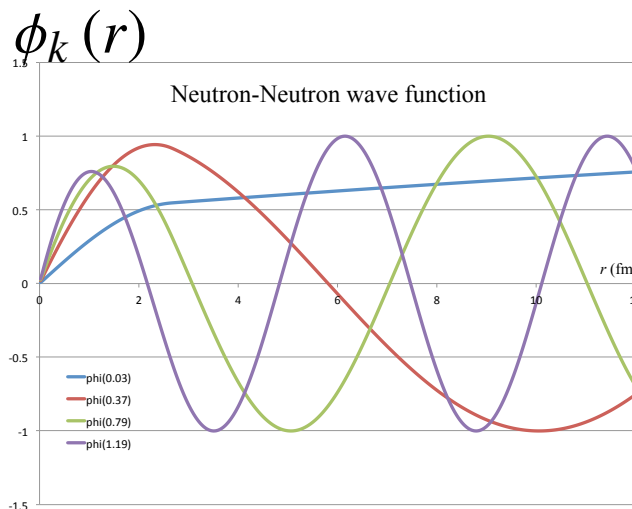
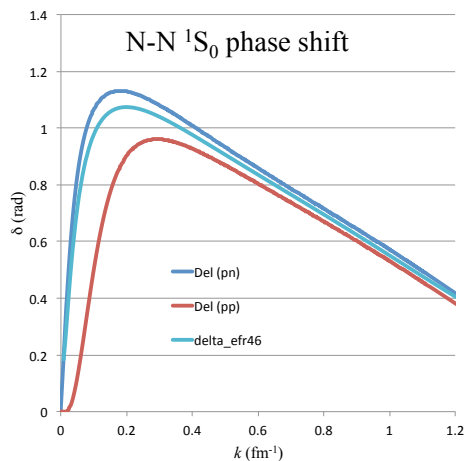
Peak at $X = 11/2$; $E \sim 60 \text{ MeV}$

$$X = E/\epsilon_a \quad \epsilon_a = \frac{\hbar^2}{m_N a^2} = 11 \text{ MeV},$$



NN FSI

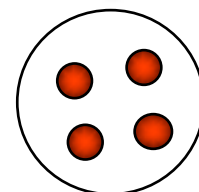
Continuum spectrum with n-n FSI



${}^4\text{He} \sim \Phi[(0s)^4]$

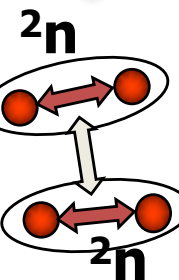
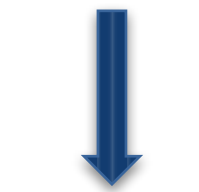
DCX

$q > 15 \text{ MeV}/c$



4n wave packet just after DCX

$\Phi_0 \sim \mathbf{r}_1 \cdot \mathbf{r}_2 \Phi[(0s)^4]$



Two correlated neutron pairs with weakly correlated

Density of State

$$D_{ns}(\epsilon_{nn}) = \frac{|\hat{A}_{ns}(k)|^2}{k} \quad (\text{for } n = 1, 2) \quad ; \quad \epsilon_{nn} = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{m_N}$$

$$\hat{A}_{1s}(k) = \int_0^\infty dr \, r \, \psi_{1s}(r) \phi_k(r) = 2 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} a^3} \right)^{1/2} k A_{1s}(k)$$

$$\hat{A}_{2s}(k) = \int_0^\infty dr \, r \, \psi_{2s}(r) \phi_k(r) = 2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} a^3} \right)^{1/2} k A_{2s}(k)$$

Expand $\mathcal{A}\Phi_0$ with correlated n-n scattering wave $\phi_k(r)$

$A(k)$'s are used instead of Fourier component

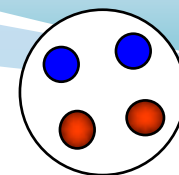
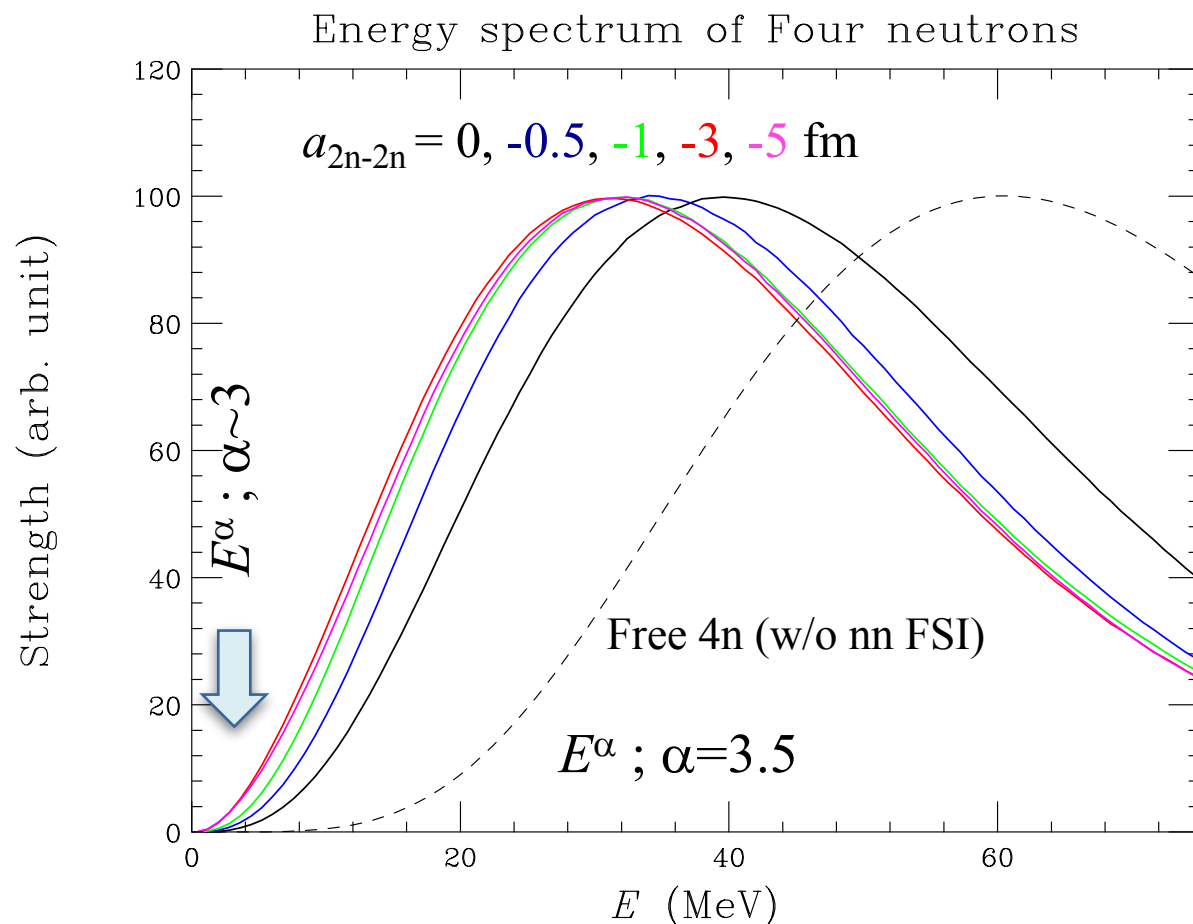


Direct Part

Continuum spectrum with n-n FSI

c.f.

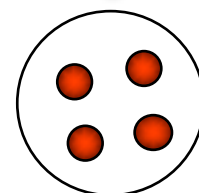
L.V. Grigorenko, N.K. Timofeyuk, M.V. Zhukov, Eur. Phys. J. A 19, 187 (2004)



$${}^4\text{He} \sim \Phi[(0s)^4]$$

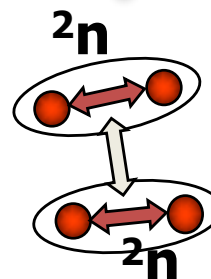
DCX

$$q \ll 200 \text{ MeV}/c$$



4n wave packet just after DCX

$$\Phi_0 \sim \mathbf{r}_1 \cdot \mathbf{r}_2 \Phi[(0s)^4]$$

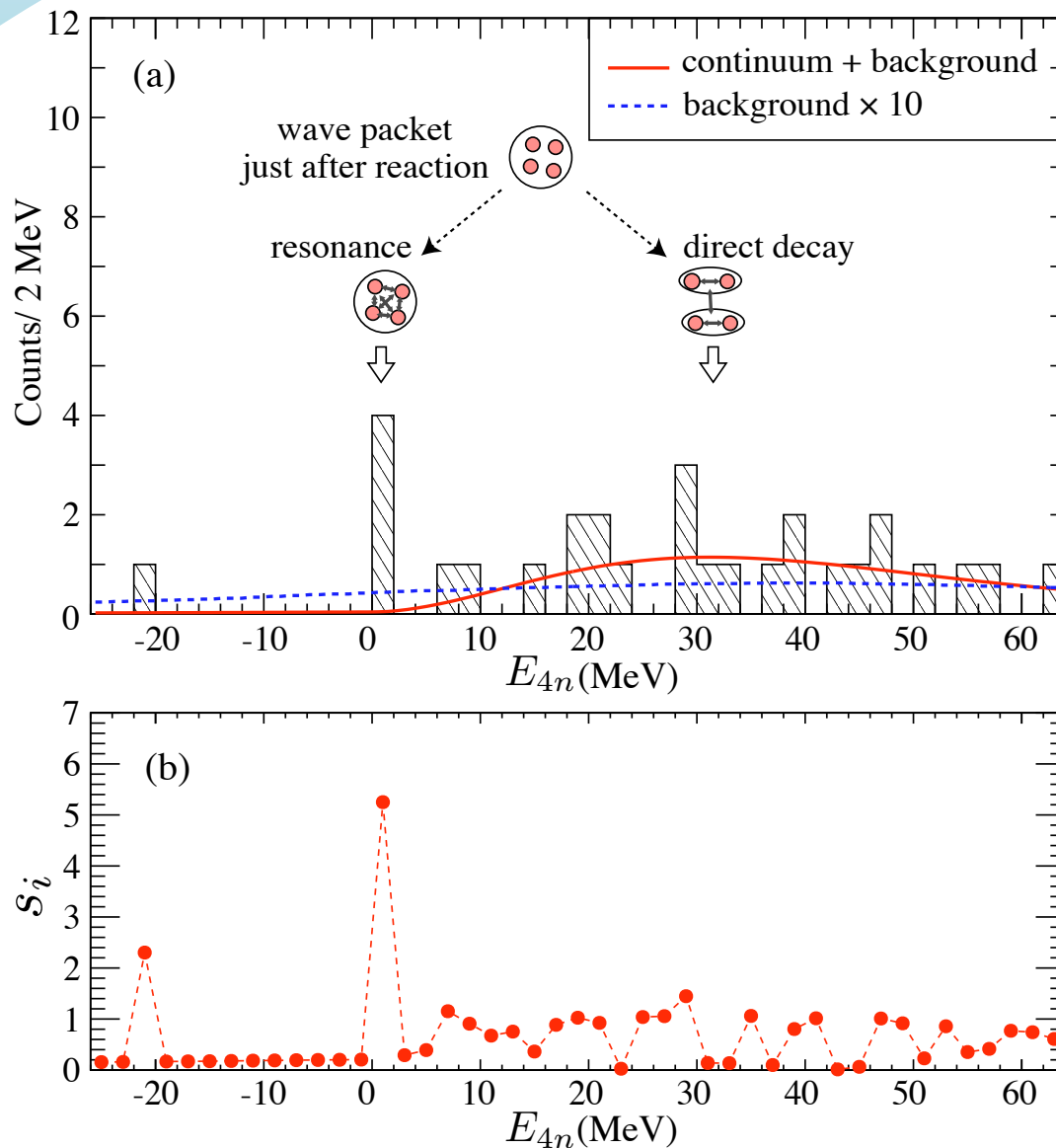


Two correlated neutron pairs with weakly correlated

Correlation is taking into account for 2n-2n relative motion by using scattering length



Fit with direct component & BG



Energy spectrum is expressed by the continuum from the direct decay and (small) experimental background except for four events at $0 < E_{4n} < 2$ MeV

The Four events suggest a possible resonance at $0.83 \pm 0.65(\text{stat.}) \pm 1.25(\text{sys.})$ MeV with width narrower than 2.6 MeV (FWHM). [4.9 σ significance]

Integ. cross section $\theta_{\text{cm}} < 5.4^\circ$:
 $3.8^{+2.9}_{-1.8}$ nb

• likelihood ratio test

$$\chi^2_\lambda = -2 \ln [L(\mathbf{y}; \mathbf{n}) / L(\mathbf{n}; \mathbf{n})]$$

• Significance:

$$s_i = \sqrt{2[y_i - n_i + n_i \ln(n_i/y_i)]}$$

n_i : num. of events in the i -th bin

y_i : trial function in the i -th bin

• Look Elsewhere Effect

$$\mu^n e^{-\mu} / n! \simeq 10^{-6} \quad \text{for } \mu = 0.07, n = 4$$