

A 3D cutaway diagram of the PHENIX detector structure, showing various components in different colors (red, green, blue, yellow, purple) and a central beam pipe. The diagram is semi-transparent, allowing the internal structure to be visible.

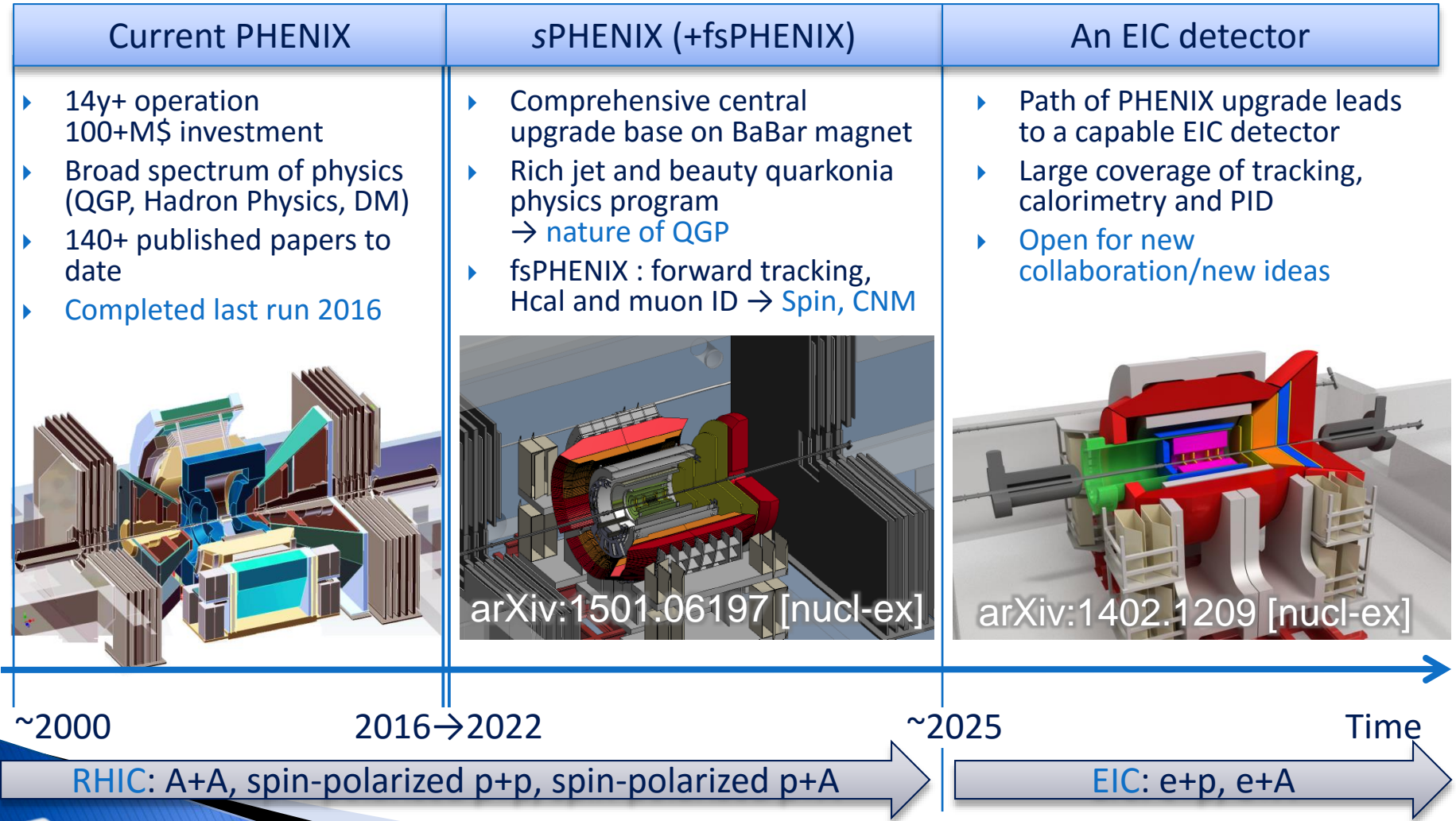
Brief introduction to fsPHENIX and its EIC evolution

Jin Huang (BNL)

2016 PHENIX SpinFest @ UCR

Evolution of the 8 o'clock IR @ RHIC

Documented: <http://www.phenix.bnl.gov/plans.html>

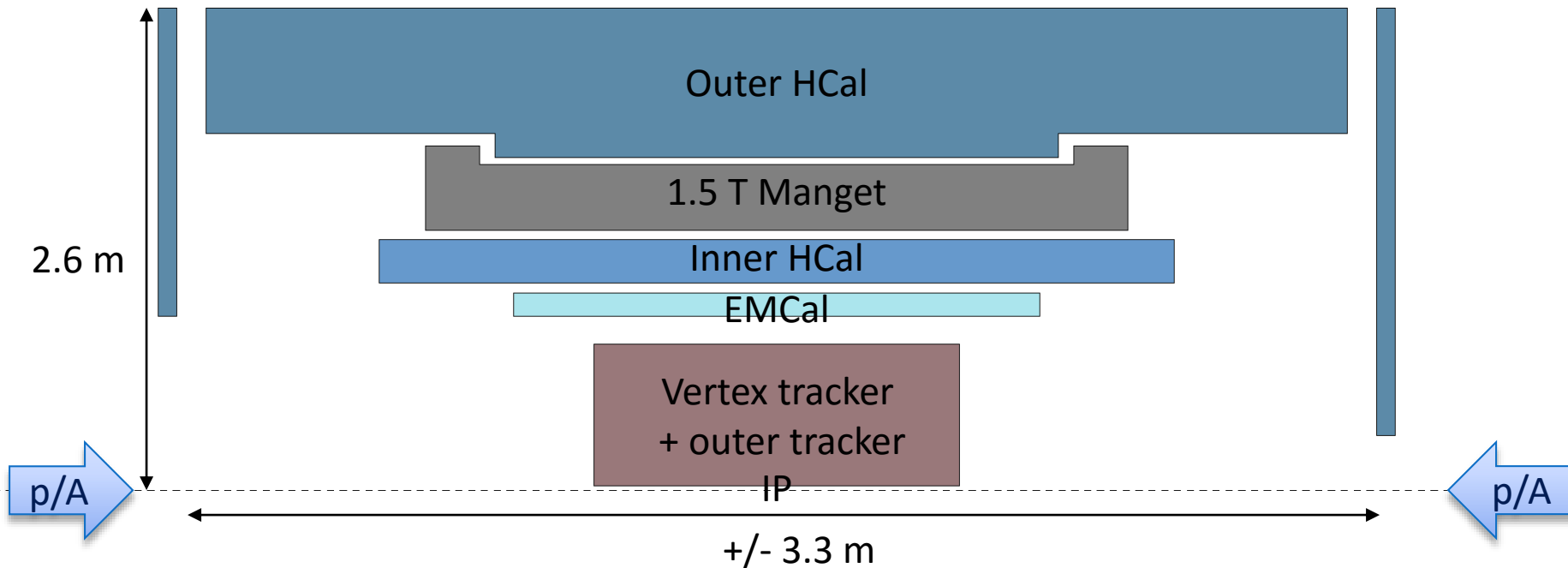


Recent documents / events

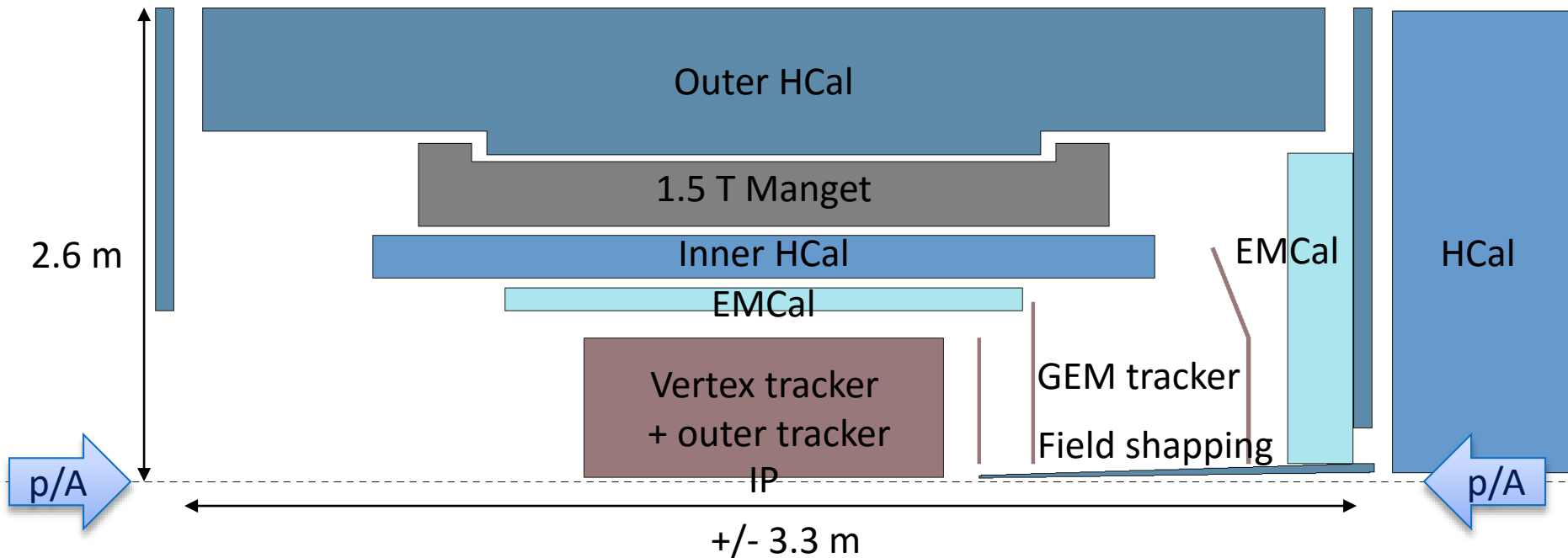
- ▶ An EIC detector Letter of Intent: arXiv:1402.1209 [nucl-ex]
- ▶ sPHENIX proposal: arXiv:1501.06197 [nucl-ex]
- ▶ fsPHENIX white paper:
<https://indico.bnl.gov/getFile.py/access?resId=0&materialId=5&confId=764>
- ▶ eRHIC white paper: arXiv:1409.1633 [physics.acc-ph]
- ▶ Dec 2015: Formation of sPHENIX scientific collaboration
- ▶ RHIC cold-QCD white paper:
<https://indico.bnl.gov/getFile.py/access?resId=0&materialId=8&confId=1761>
- ▶ **2016 fsPHENIX workshop:**
<https://indico.bnl.gov/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=1796>
- ▶ **As of now: formation of cold-QCD topical group in sPHENIX collaboration**

Detector evolution concept

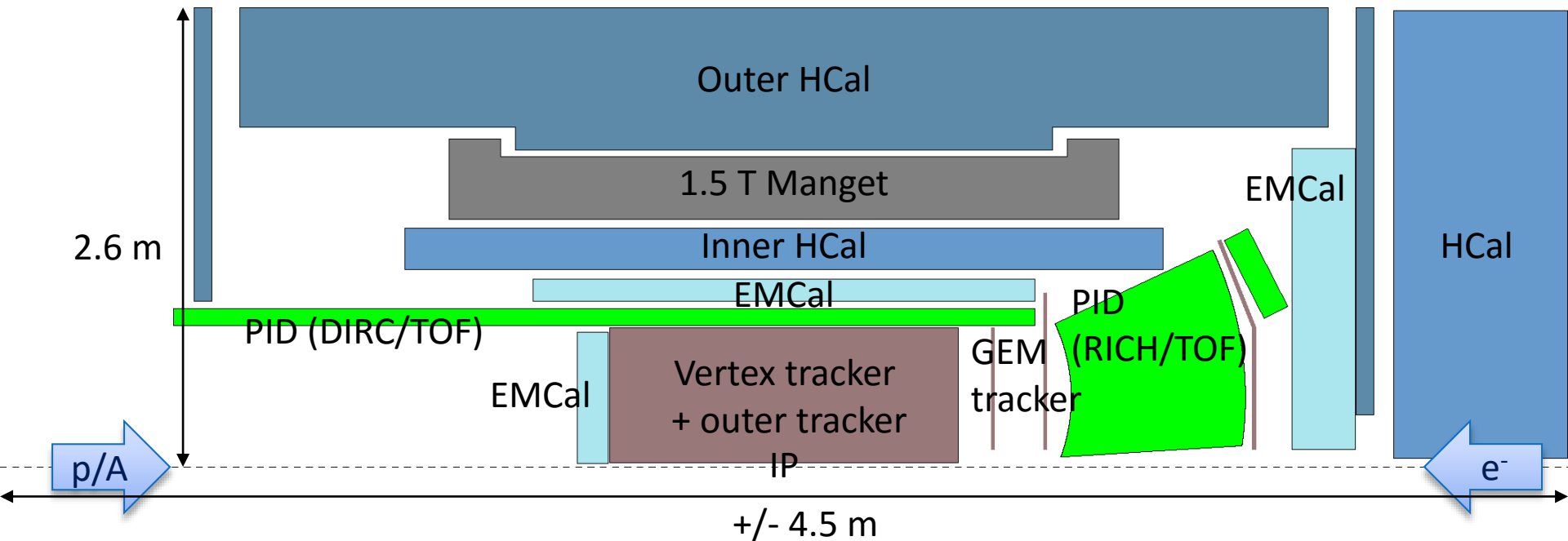
sPHENIX, arXiv:1501.06197 [nucl-ex]



Detector evolution concept sPHENIX + fsPHENIX



Detector evolution concept sPHENIX + fsPHENIX as foundation of an EIC detector



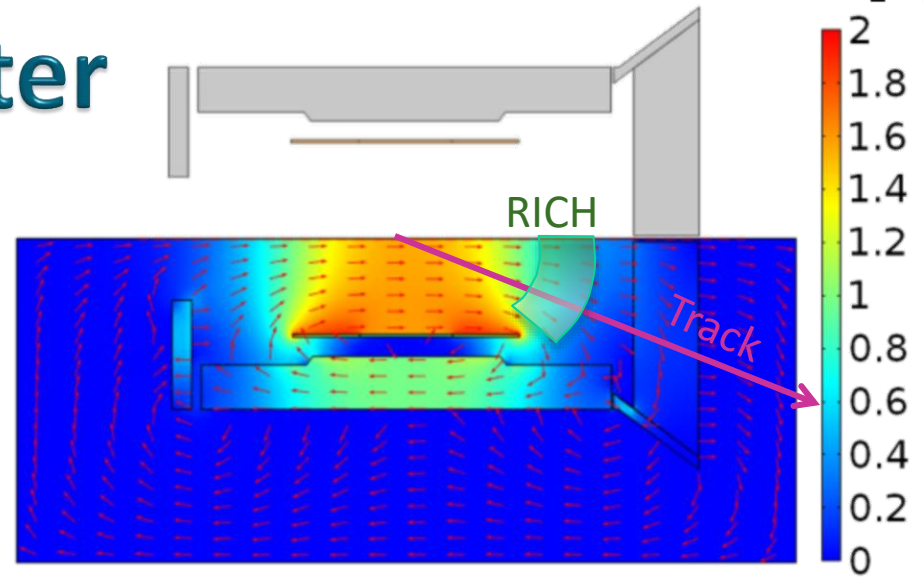
fsPHENIX and recent updates



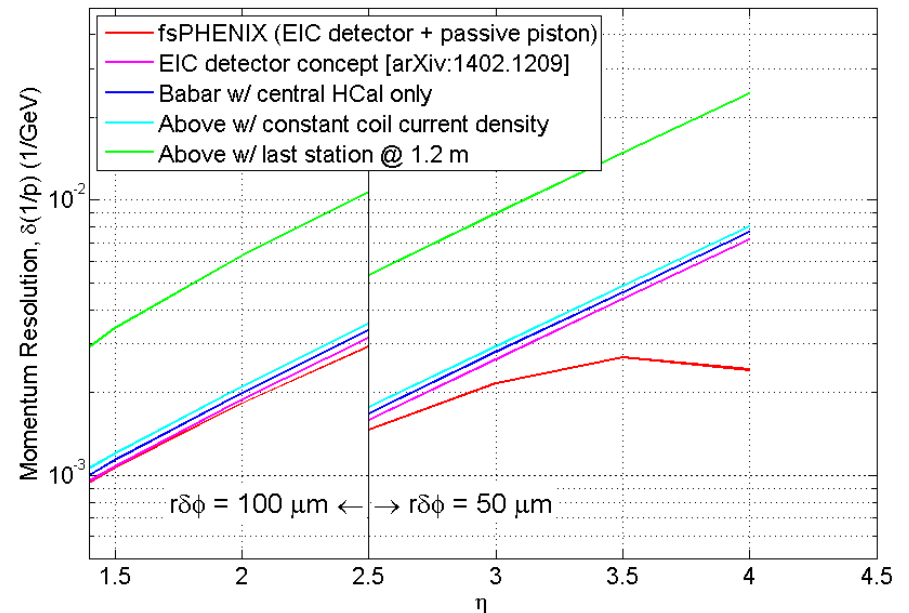
Forward spectrometer

- ▶ BaBar superconducting magnet is a power full and large magnet
 - Nominal field: 1.5T
 - Length: 385 cm
- ▶ Field calculation and yoke tuning
 - Preliminary field calculation in 2D : POISSON, FEM, OPERA and COMSOL
- ▶ Favor for forward spectrometer
 - Designed for homogeneous B-field in central tracking
 - Longer field volume for forward tracking
 - FOM (Position resolution) $\sim B \cdot L^2$
 - FOM (multiple scattering) $\sim B \cdot L$
 - Higher current density at end of the magnet -> better forward bending
 - Work well with RICH with field-shaping yoke: Forward & central Hcal + Steel lampshade
- ▶ Success super-conducting coil test

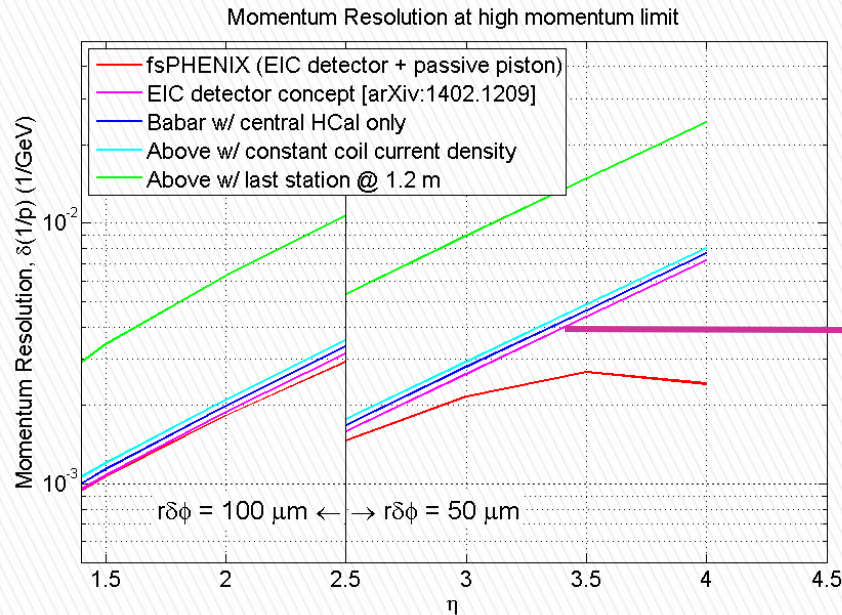
Field calculation in COMSOL (SBU) **B [T]**



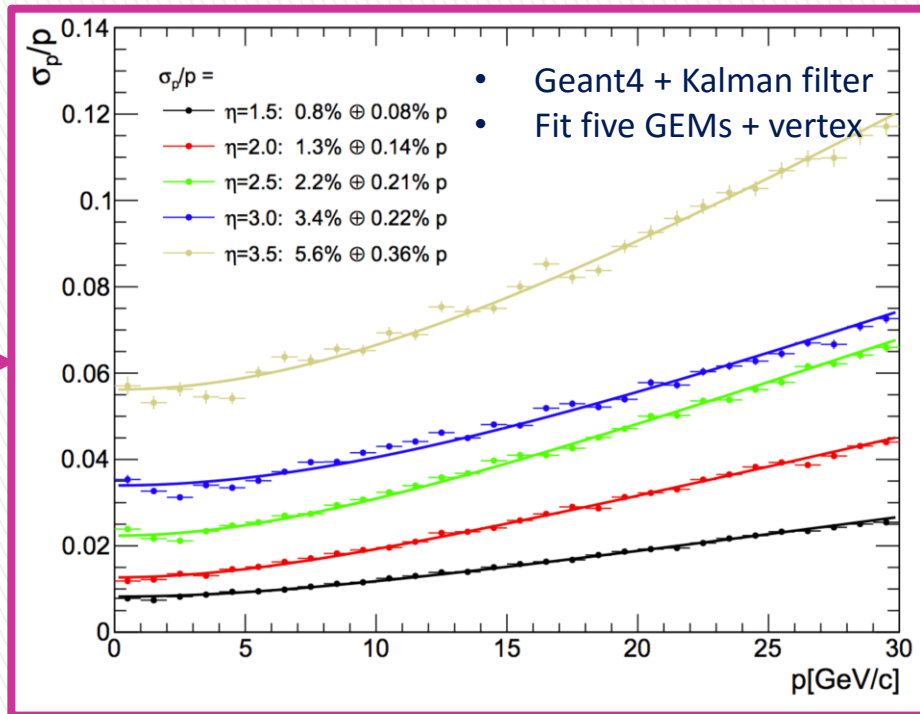
Momentum Resolution at high momentum limit



Recent update on tracking



MS: < 1% (low η) to 3% ($\eta = 3$)



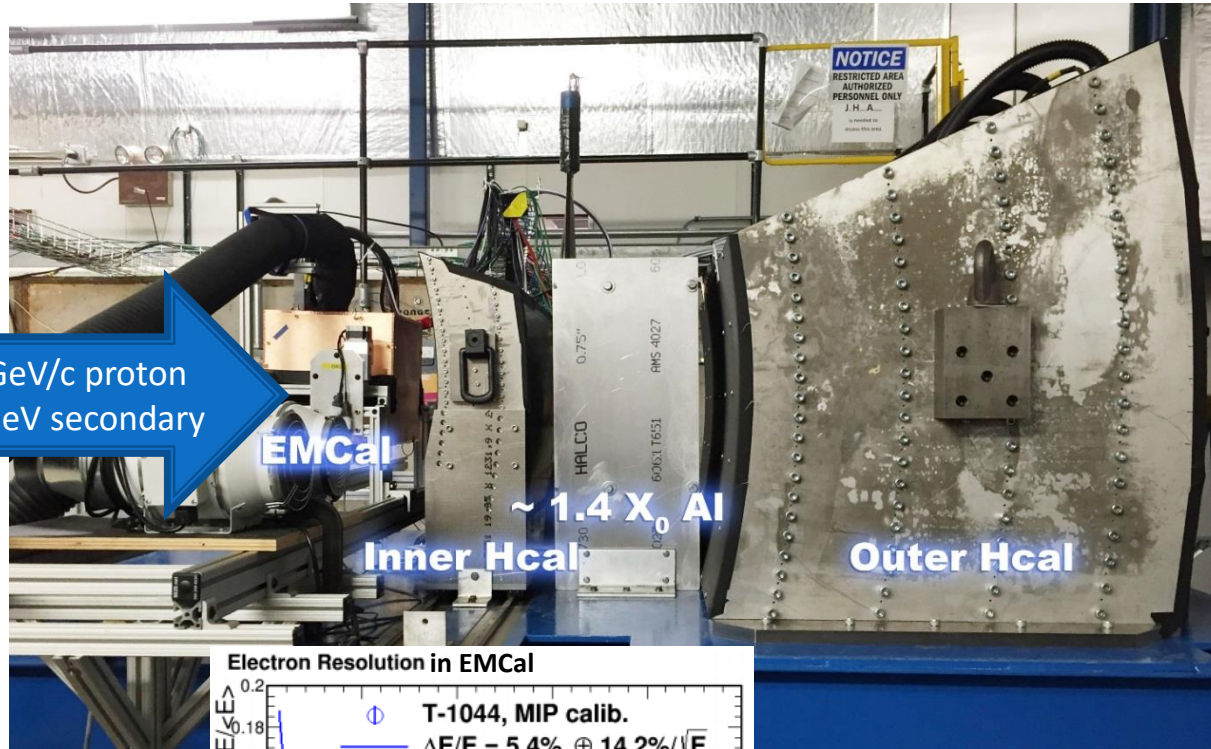
Analytical tracking resolution estimation in design stage

Geant4 simulation + Kalman Filter fit using GenFit2

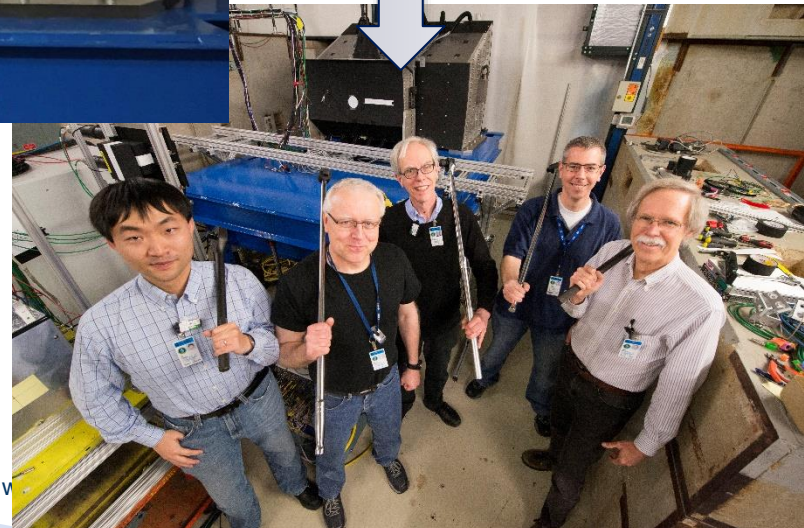
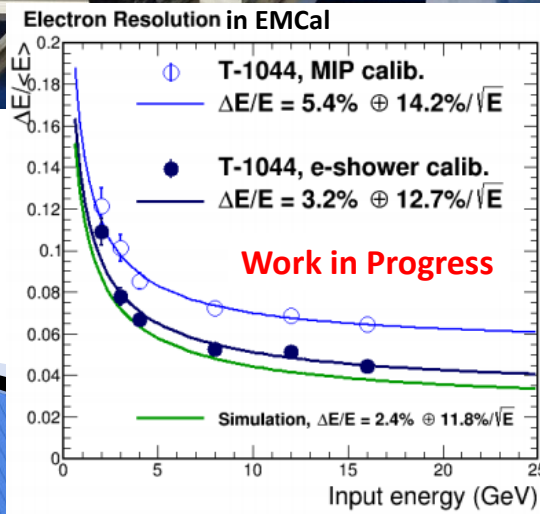
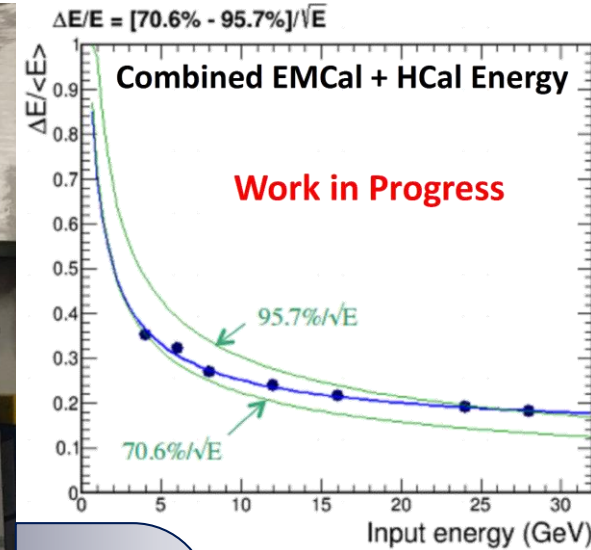
Tracking, next ...

- ▶ Making the tracking output wider available in this workfest (Afternoon talk by Haiwang)
- ▶ Drell-Yan measurement
 - S/B: DY electron ID using track – calorimeter matching
 - John L. started Pythia background sample generation in sPHENIX framework
 - /gpfs02/sphenix/lajoie/user/fsPHENIX/events , electro triggered
 - HF background determination using e- μ correlations
 - DY pair pT resolution and azimuthal angle determination
- ▶ Upsilon in small collision system (Richard)
 - Calorimeter energy scale + track pointing to separate
- ▶ Direct heavy flavor tagging (Richard, LANL?)
 - Space point using central MAPS detector partially cover to $\eta < 3$ for the forward track

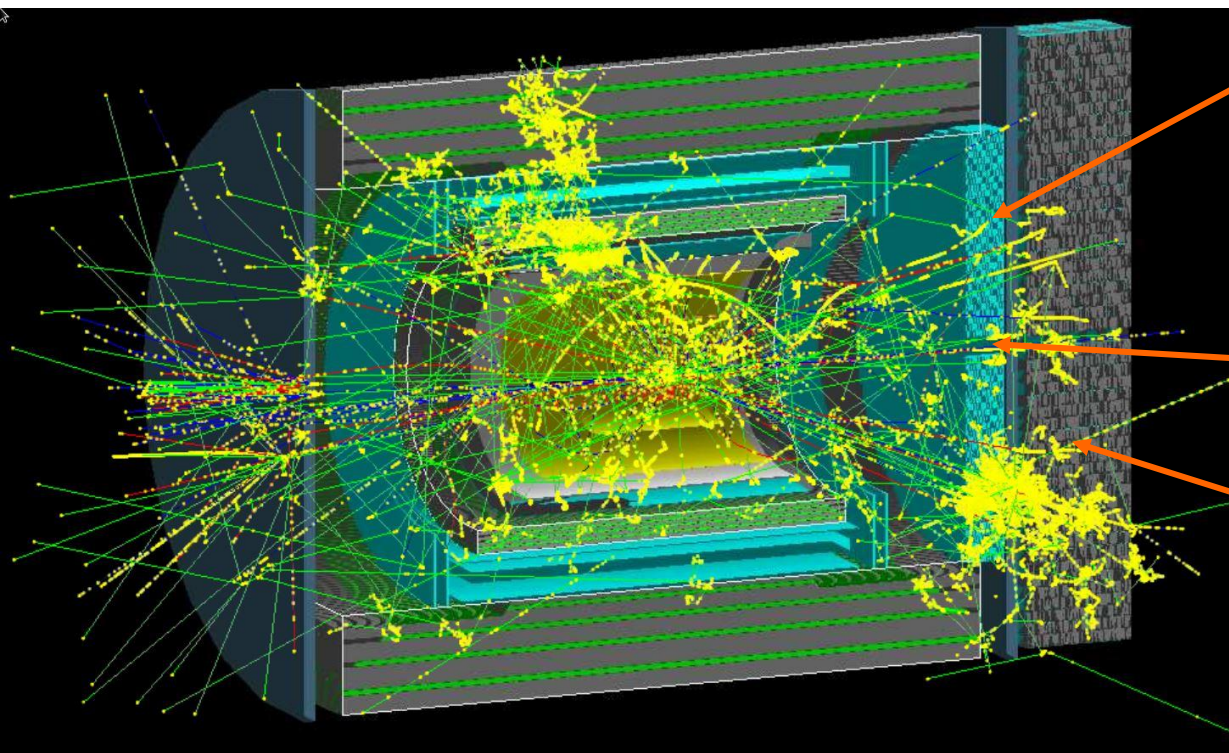
Beam test on the central calorimetry



120 GeV/c proton
1-60 GeV secondary



Recent update on forward calorimetry



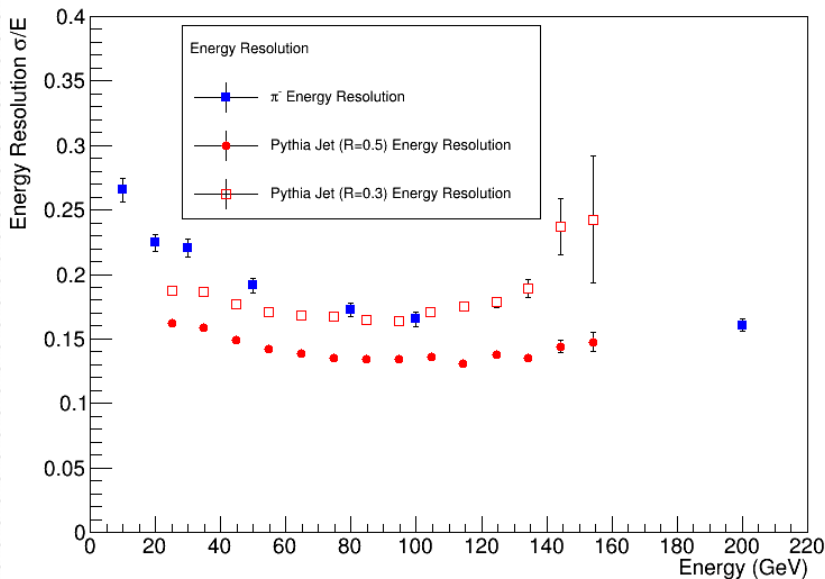
- ▶ Outer EMCal: restack super module of PHENIX PbSc (Pb-shashlyk)
- ▶ Inner EMCal: restack PHENIX MPC (PWO_4)
- ▶ HCal: Tile-Cal with Iron absorber
- ▶ John produced layout and implemented in Geant4

Quantifying impact of inactive field return (~ 1 interaction length after EMCal)

Magnet end door

-> 1 interaction length of inactive material

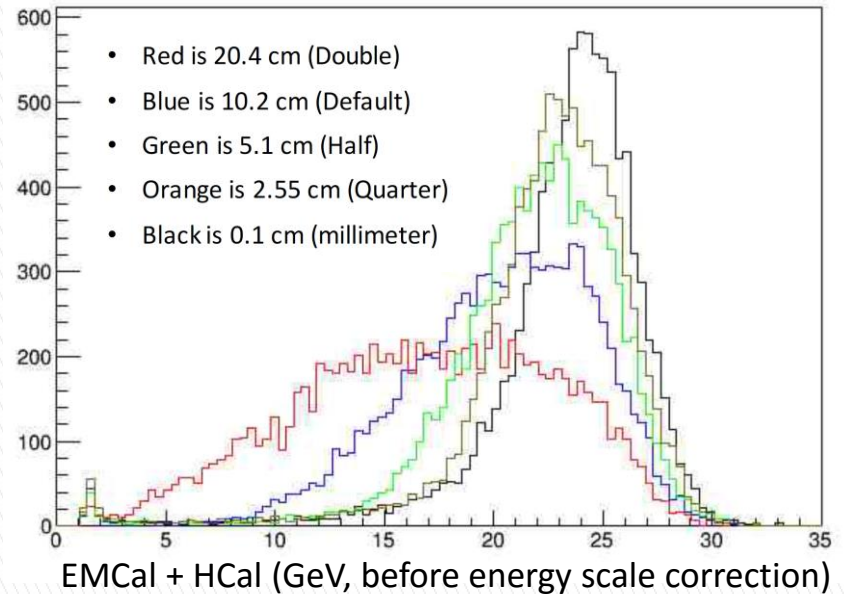
Limited to ~14% - large constant term



By John Lajore

Energy resolution

Hadron shower lineshape (30 GeV pion)
VS field return thickness (inactive iron)



By David Kapukchyan

Lineshape and low side tails

Calorimetry, next ...

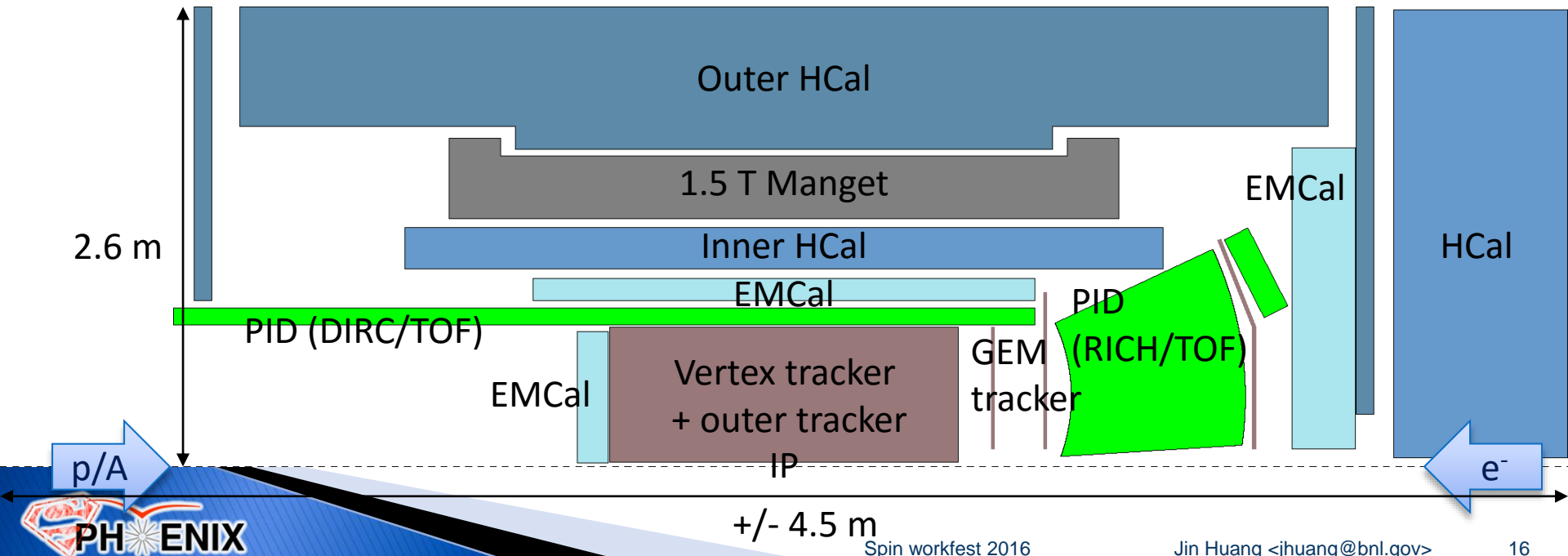
- ▶ Evolving the concept:
 - Readout, trigger
 - HCal as magnetic field return (iron based tile-cal?)
- ▶ Quantifying jet response (Chong, Dave)
- ▶ Sieves with charge tagging (update from white paper with unfolding?)
- ▶ Transversity measurement using track azimuthal A_N in jet (Ralf)

EIC concept and areas to be updated

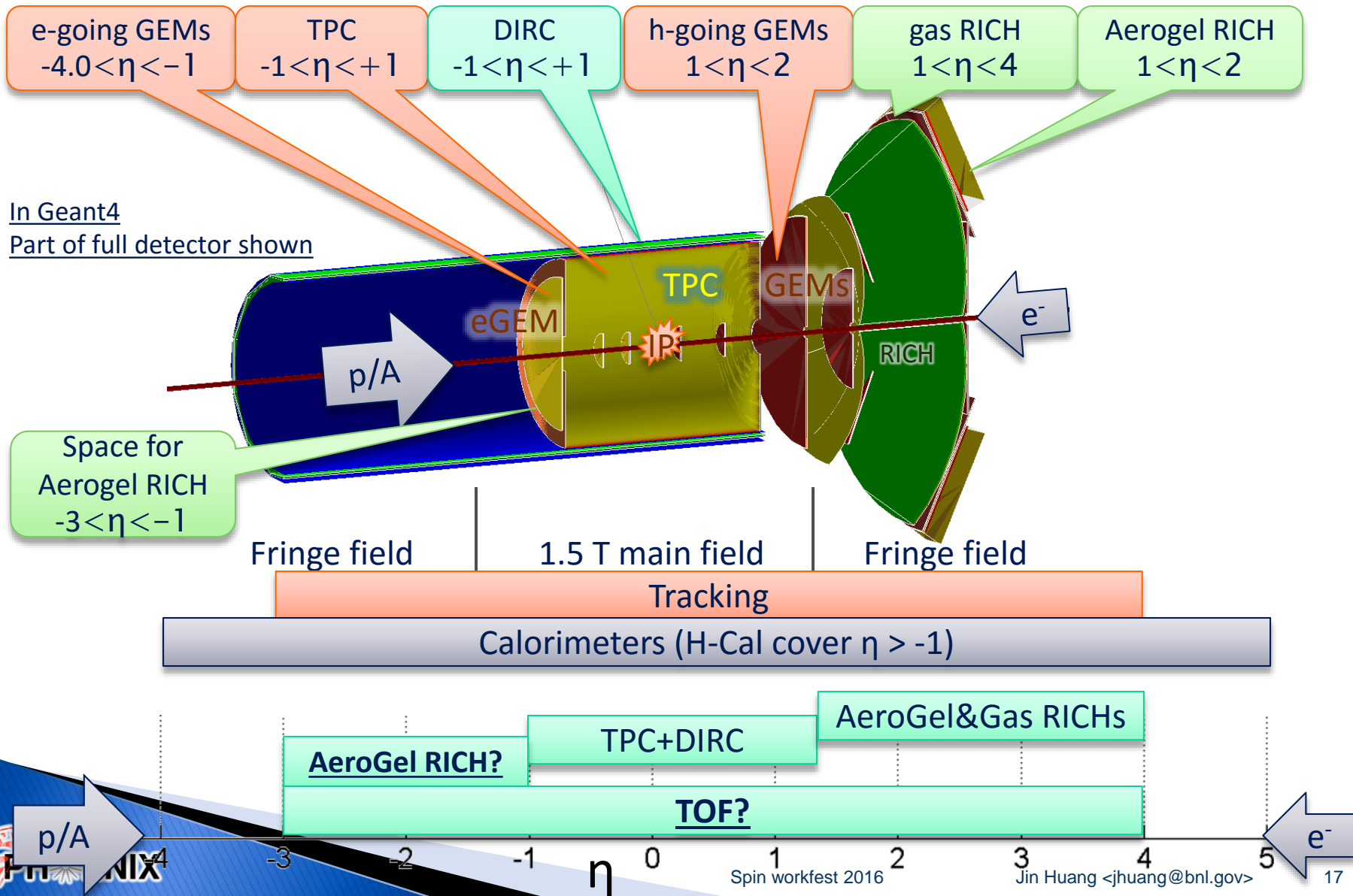


Next, in EIC era

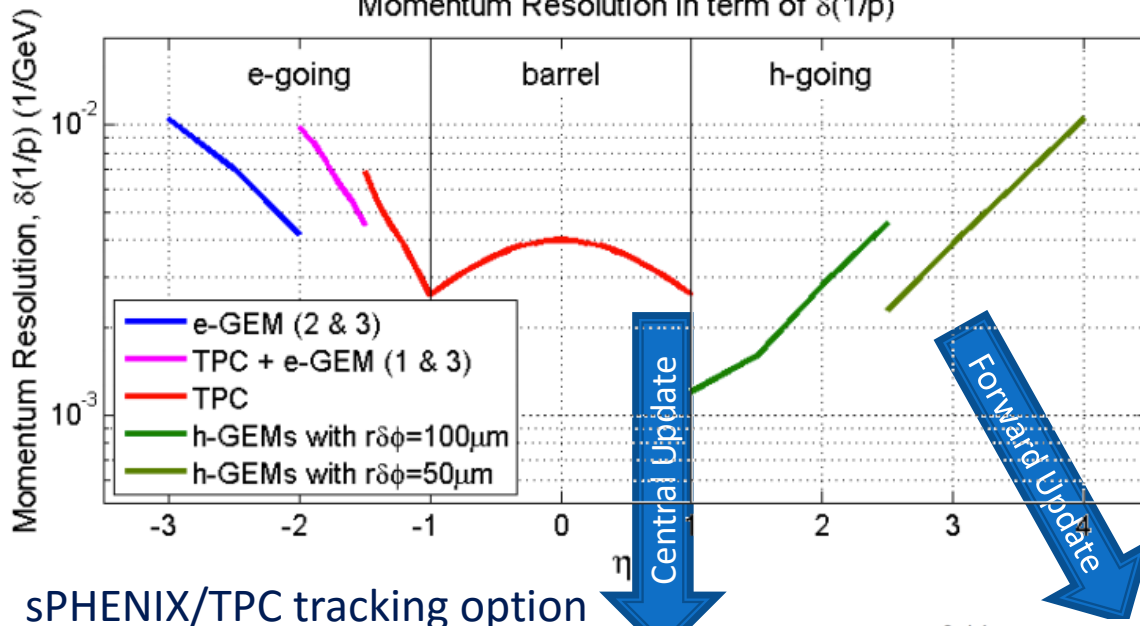
- ▶ $-1 < \eta < +1$ (barrel) : sPHENIX + Compact-TPC + DIRC/TOF Working title: "ePHENIX"
- ▶ $-4 < \eta < -1$ (e-going) : LOI: arXiv:1402.1209
High resolution calorimeter + GEM trackers
- ▶ $+1 < \eta < +4$ (h-going) :
 - $1 < \eta < 4$: GEM tracker + Gas RICH/TOF
 - $1 < \eta < 2$: Aerogel RICH
 - $1 < \eta < 5$: EM Calorimeter + Hadron Calorimeter
- ▶ Along outgoing hadron beam: ZDC and roman pots



Tracking, PID and calorimetry coverage



Momentum Resolution in term of $\delta(1/p)$

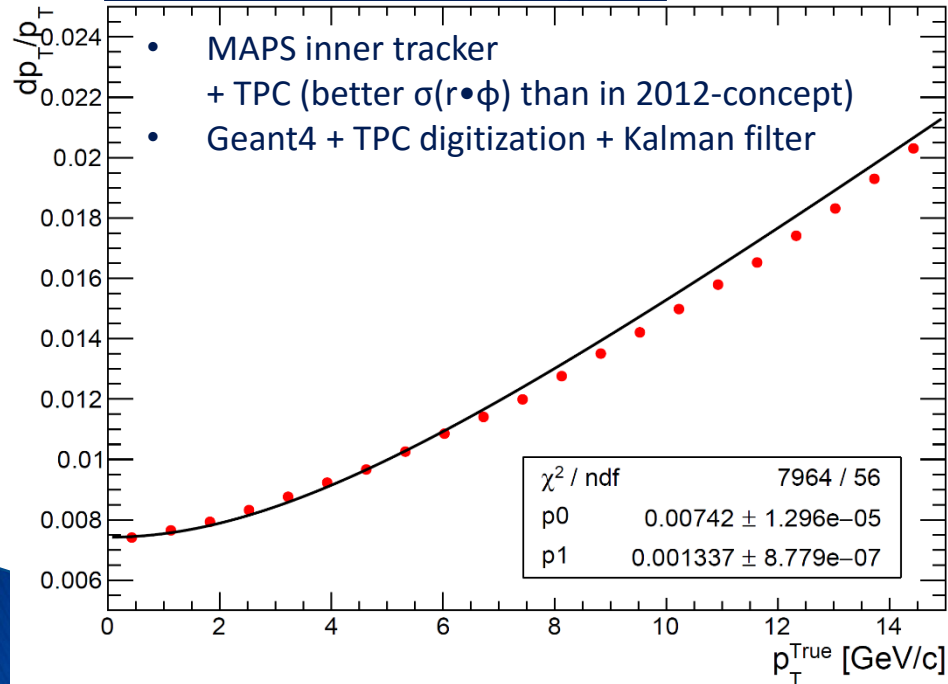


Tracking

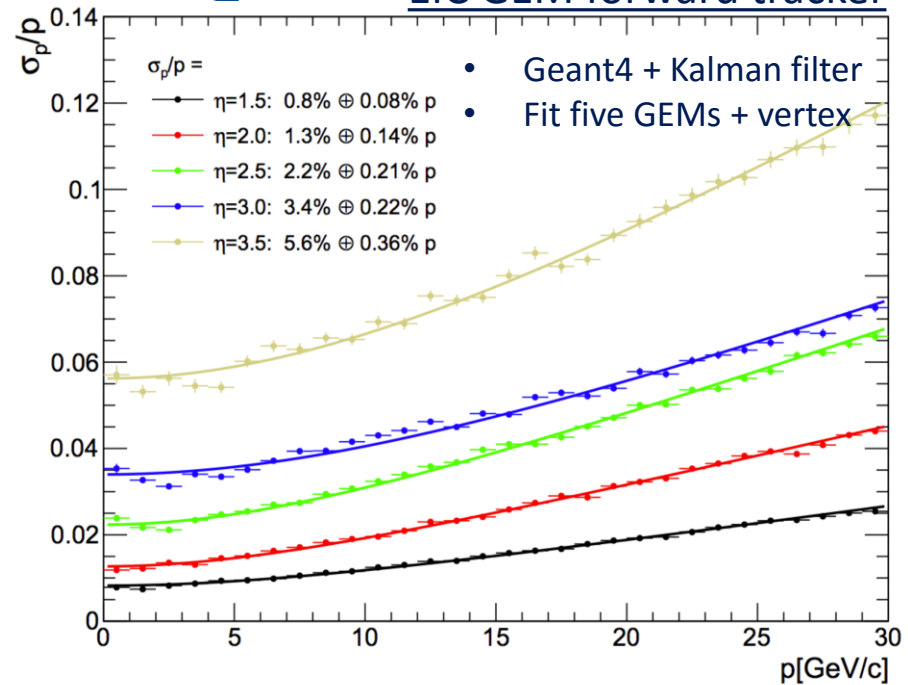
Analytical estimation of linear resolution term
 In 2012-concept
 [arXiv:1402.1209v1]

MS: < 1% (low η) to 3% ($\eta = 3$)

sPHENIX/TPC tracking option



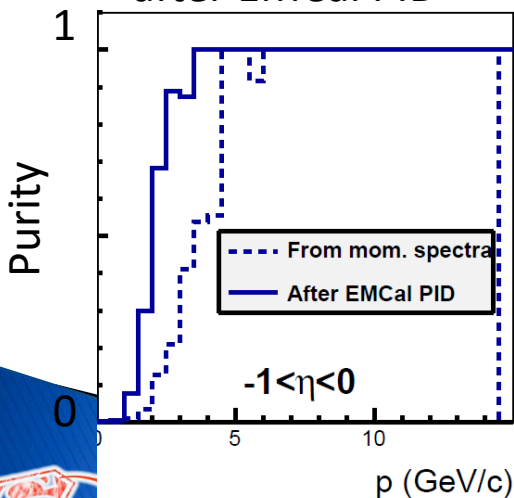
EIC GEM forward tracker



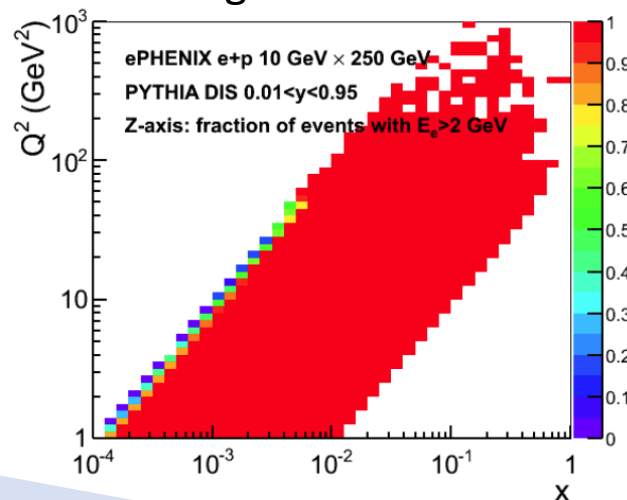
Calorimeter

- ▶ Electron identification (e-EMC, barrel EMC)
- ▶ Electron kinematics measurement (e-EMC, barrel EMC)
- ▶ DIS kinematics using hadron final states (barrel EMC/HCal, h-EMC/HCal)
- ▶ Photon ID for DVCS (All EMC)
- ▶ Diffractive ID (h-HCal)
- ▶ High momentum track energy measurement (h-HCal)

Electron purity after EMCal PID

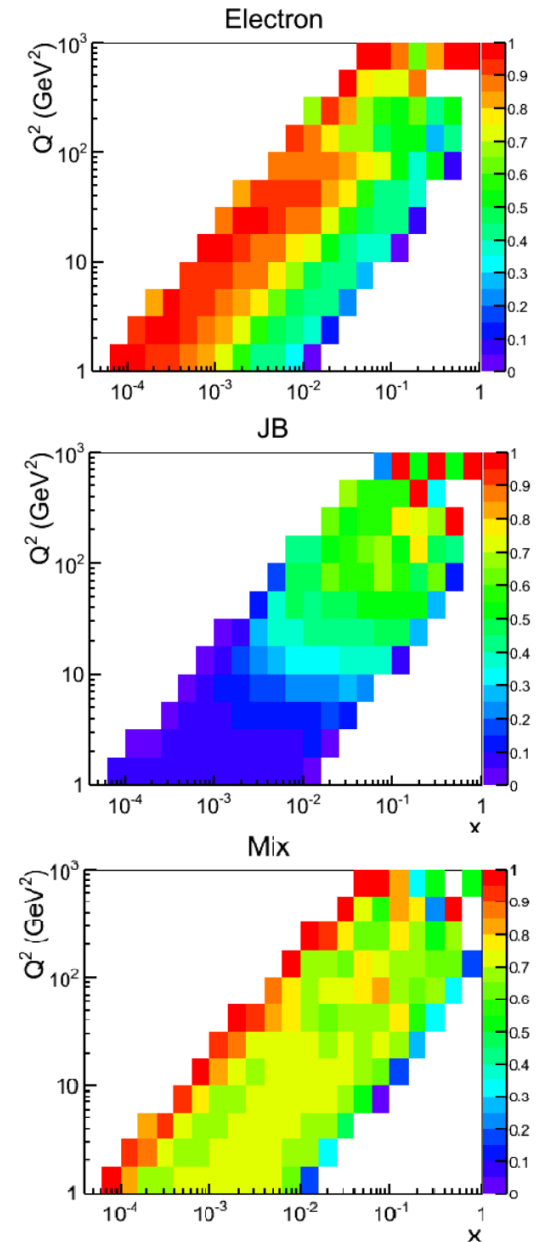


Fraction of DIS event with good electron ID

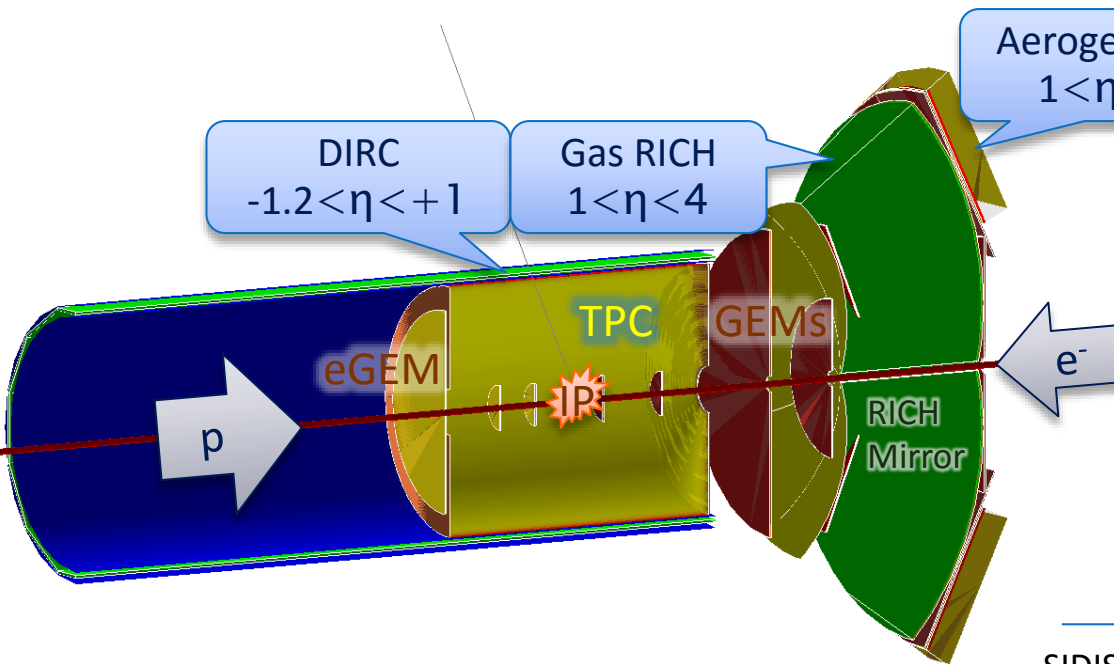


DIS kinematics survivability

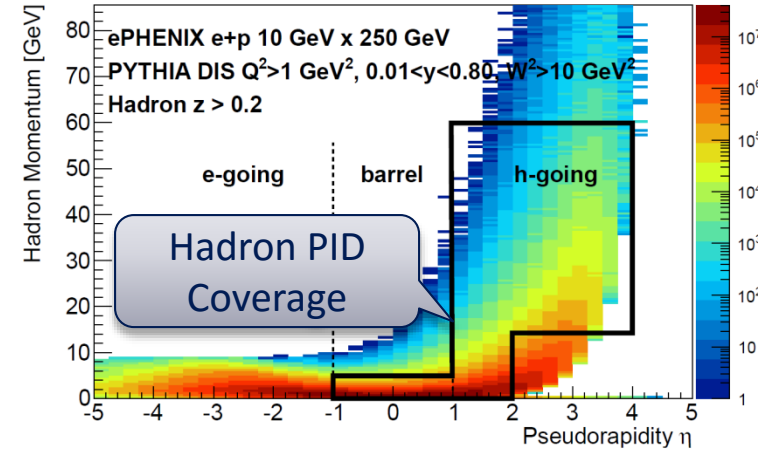
ePHENIX 15 \times 250 GeV



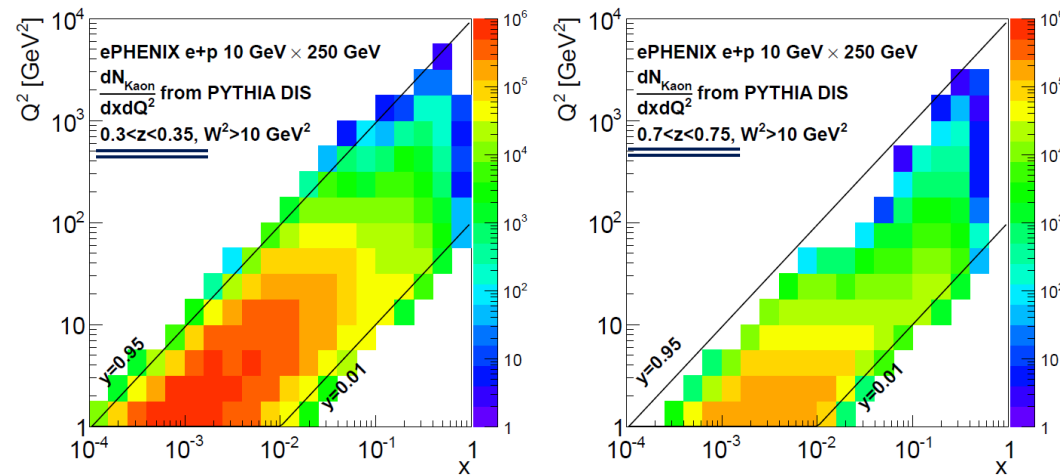
Hadron Identification



Detector coverage for hadron PID



SIDIS x - Q^2 coverage with hadron PID in two z -bins



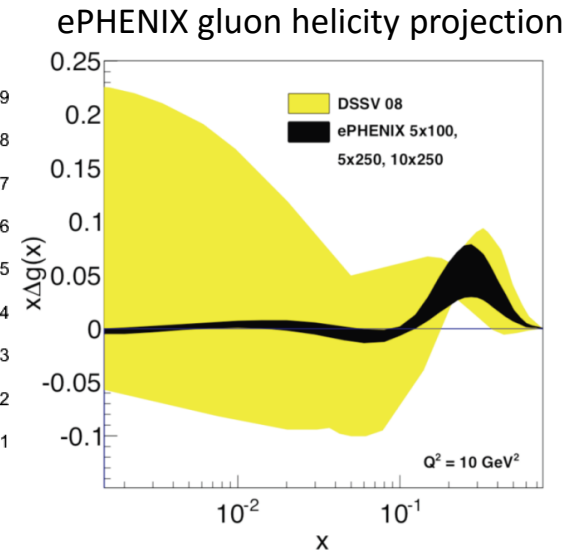
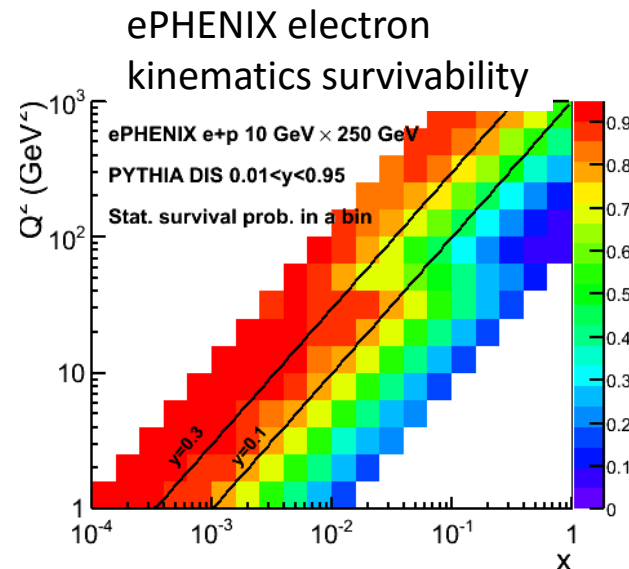
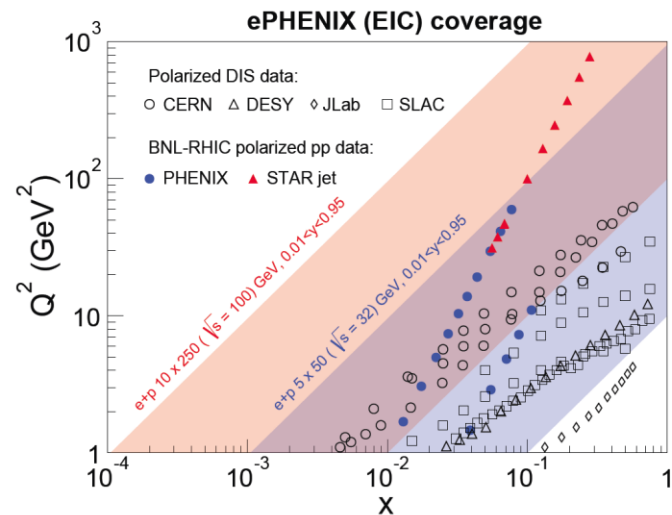
- ▶ **DIRC**
 - Based on BaBar DIRC design plus compact readout
 - Collaborate with TPC dE/dx for hadron ID in central barrel
- ▶ **Aerogel RICH**
 - Approximate focusing design as proposed by Belle-II
 - Collaborate with gas RICH to cover $1 < \eta < 2$
- ▶ **Gas RICH: next slides**
- ▶ **Actively exploring ToF alternatives**
- ▶ **Considering hadron ID in en-going direction**

Target updates - ePHENIX

- ▶ Update with sPHENIX
- ▶ New detector that can be introduced to the concept:
 - ToF as part of eRD14
 - MAPS as part of sPHENIX ref. tracking design
 - TPC as SBU refining design for sPHENIX based on ALICE and ILC R&D
- ▶ Updated hadron ID in e-going direction
- ▶ Refresh performance plots
- ▶ New impact studies:
 - Parity violating NC exchange asymmetry projection and impact (SBU)

Physics performance to be updated: Example longitudinal structure of proton

- ▶ Update with EM calorimeter and tracking simulation, → updates on DIS kinematic determination and e-ID
- ▶ Update with impact plot with updated PDF, RHIC projection and new projection curve



High x and Q^2 region will be better determined using info from hadron final states

Summary

- ▶ Concepts evolve sPHENIX \rightarrow + fsPHENIX \rightarrow a foundation of an EIC detector
- ▶ Concept developed in the past years, being updated/need to be updated as physics knowledge, detector technology evolves.
 - Abundant opportunities to contribute
 - Open agenda/software development to colleagues in the field
- ▶ Cold-QCD was recognized by the sPHENIX collaboration as one of four topical groups

Extra information

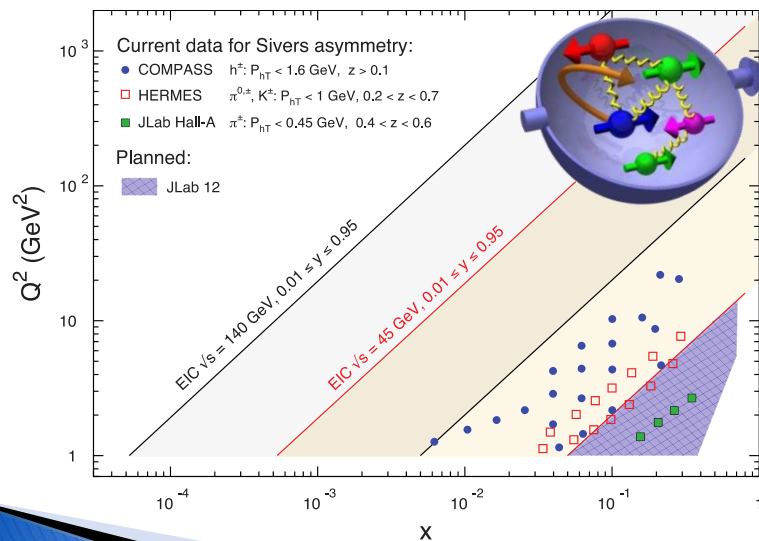


Physics performance:

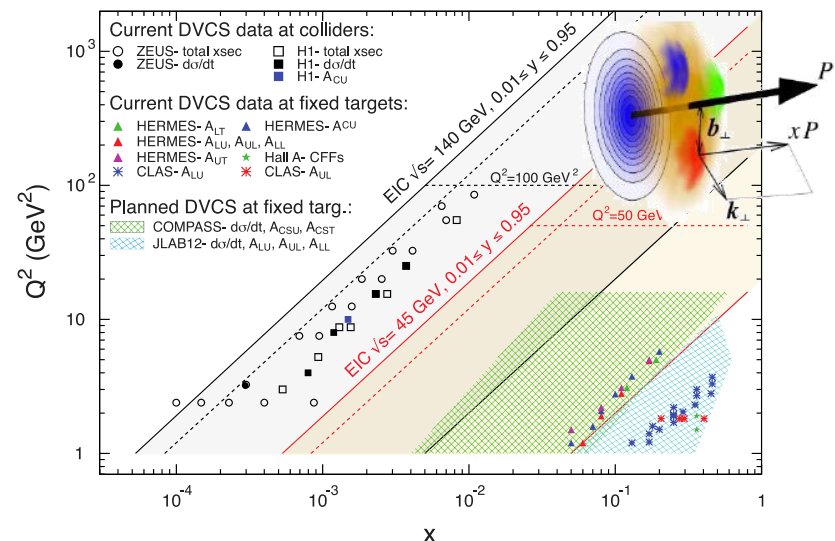
Transverse structure of nucleon

- ▶ Deliver clean measurement for SIDIS and DVCS
- ▶ Significantly expand x - Q^2 reach and precision for such measurements
- ▶ Extract sea quark and gluon's transverse motion and their tomographic imaging inside polarized nucleons
- ▶ Sensitive to the orbital motion of quark inside proton

SIDIS Sivers Asymmetries



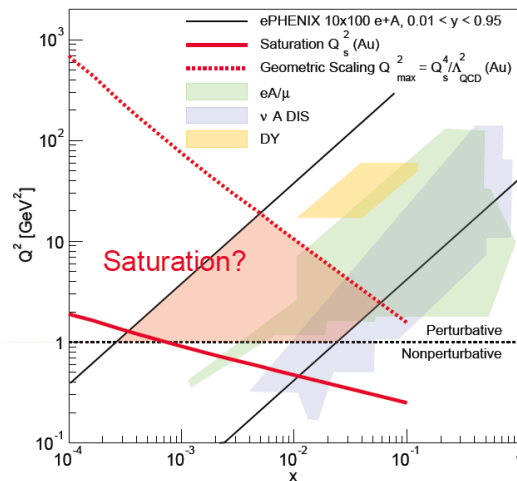
DVCS



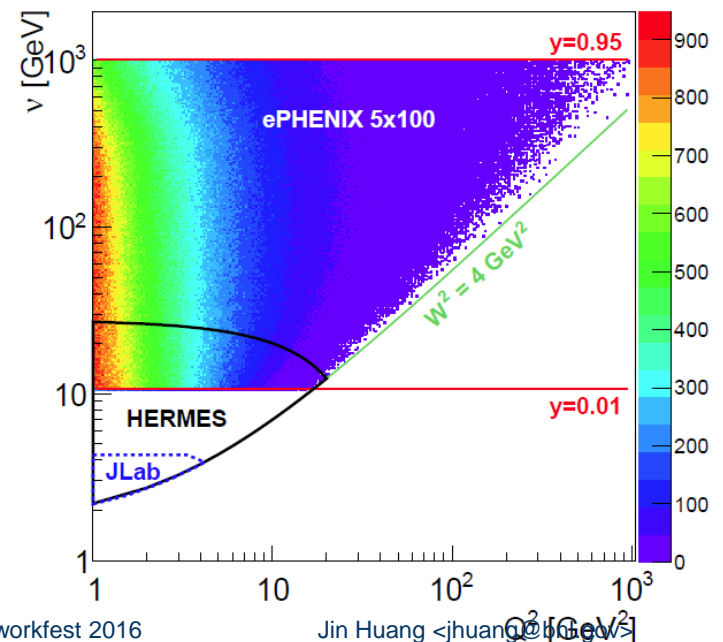
Physics performance: nucleus as a laboratory for QCD

- ▶ Probe the kinematic range to inspect the transition to gluon saturation region and their nuclear size dependent
 - Large H-cal coverage ($-1 < \eta < +5$) provide clean ID of diffractive events with reasonable efficiency through the rapidity gap method
- ▶ SIDIS in e-A collisions probe color neutralization and harmonization as it propagate through nuclear matters
 - Provide a set of flexible handles : struck quark's energy and flavor, virtuality of DIS, geometry of the collision, specie of nuclei.

Probing saturation region in electron kinematics



Energy transfer ν VS Q^2 coverage



2.5m Hcal summary

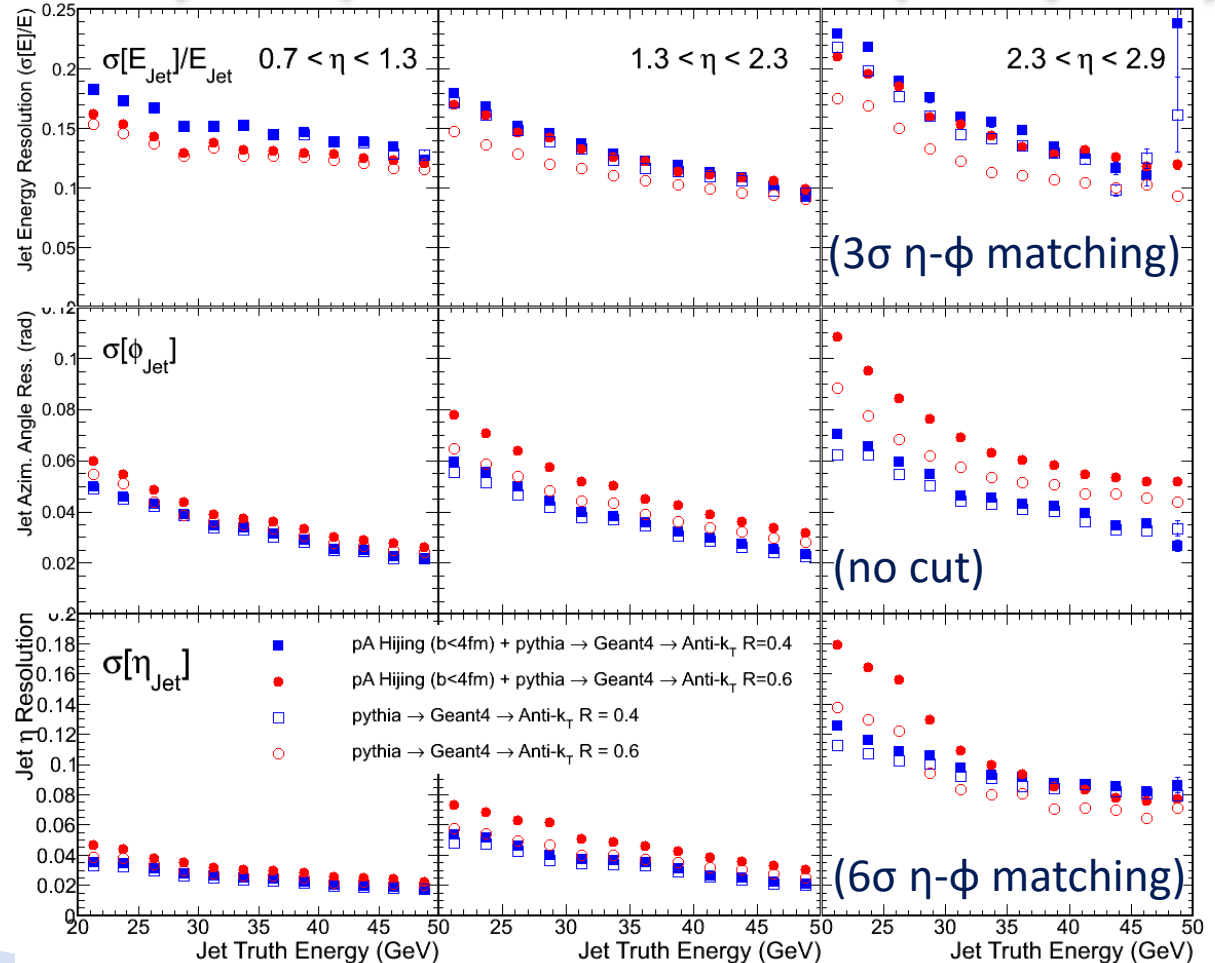
2.5m FHCAL results

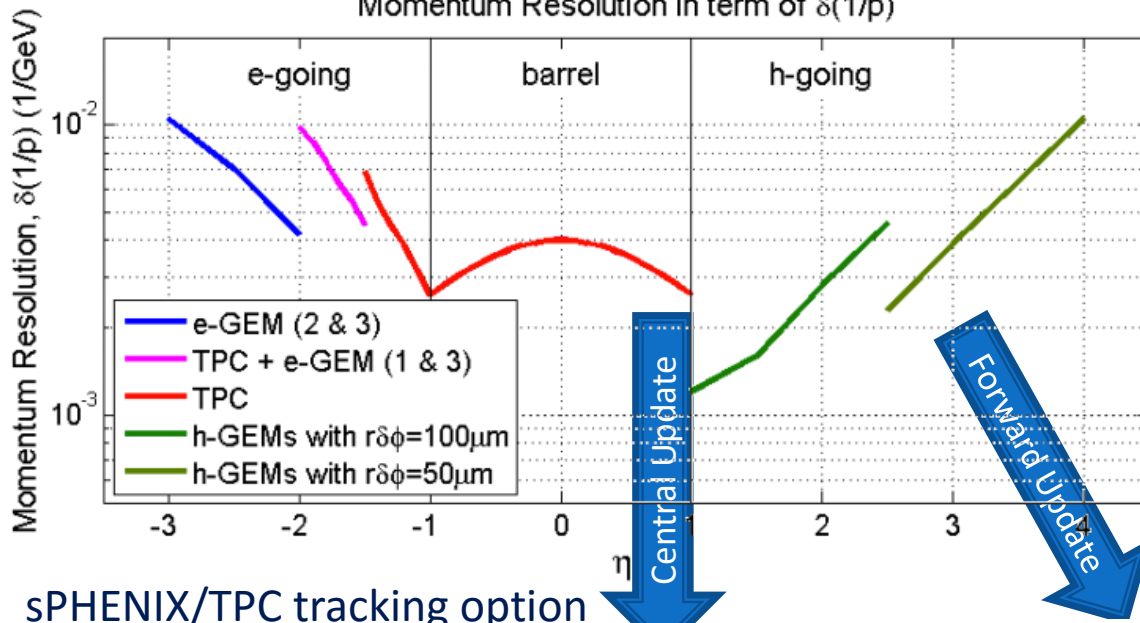
– need refresh for new calo, should do better

Presented: Appendix A, Nov-2014 sPHENIX proposal [arXiv:1501.06197]



- ▶ R=0.6 is better for energy resolution
- ▶ R=0.4 is better for angular measurement and for pA
- ▶ Matching energy resolution in barrel for pp
- ▶ Good angular resolution
- ▶ Some complexity for
 - Energy matching barrel-forward join region
 - Angular resolution for very forward region



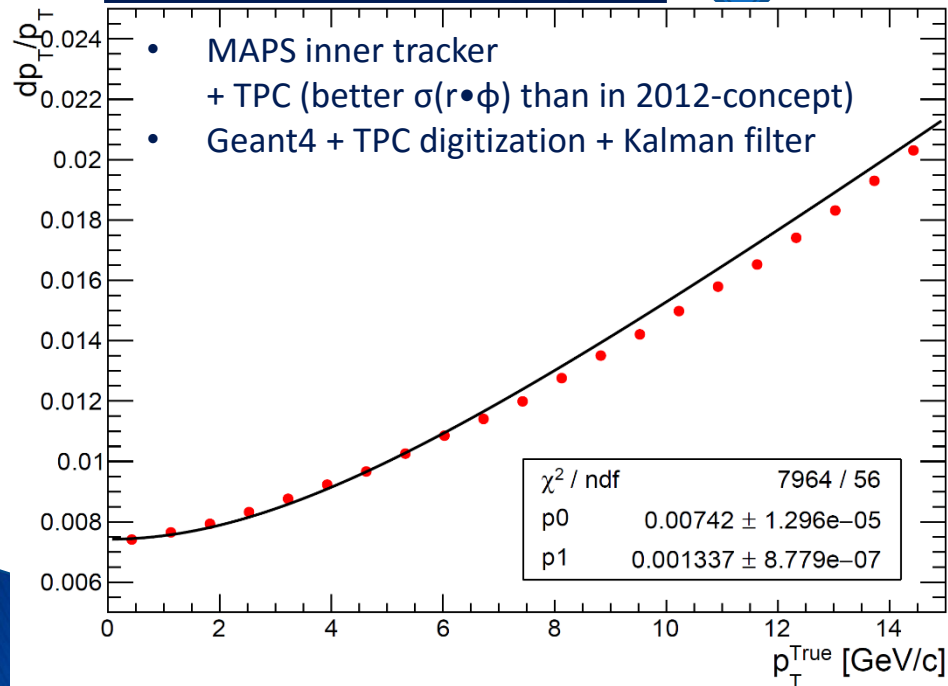


Tracking

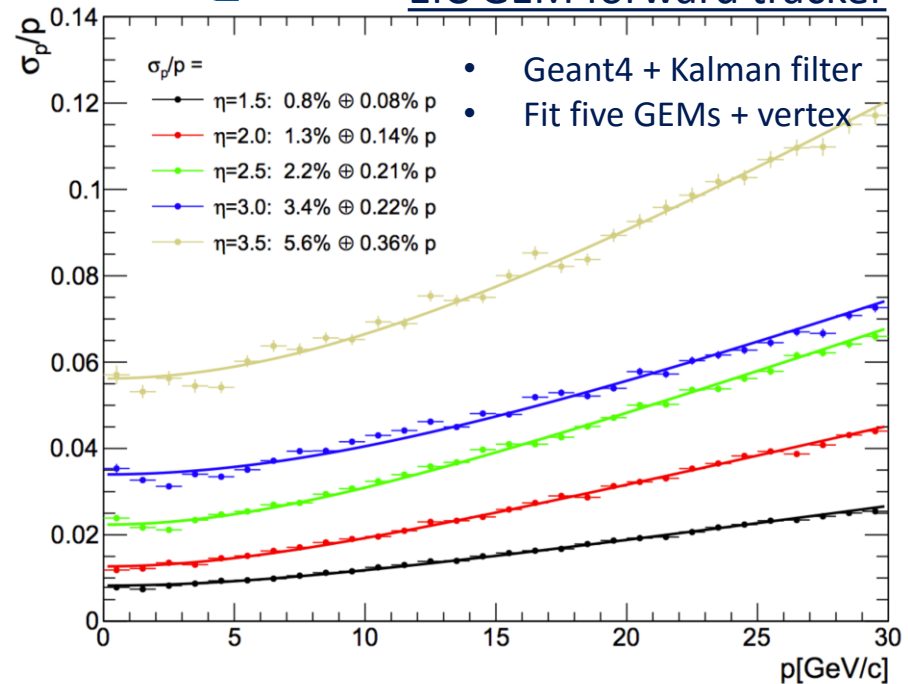
Analytical estimation of linear resolution term
In 2012-concept
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SPHENIX/TPC tracking option



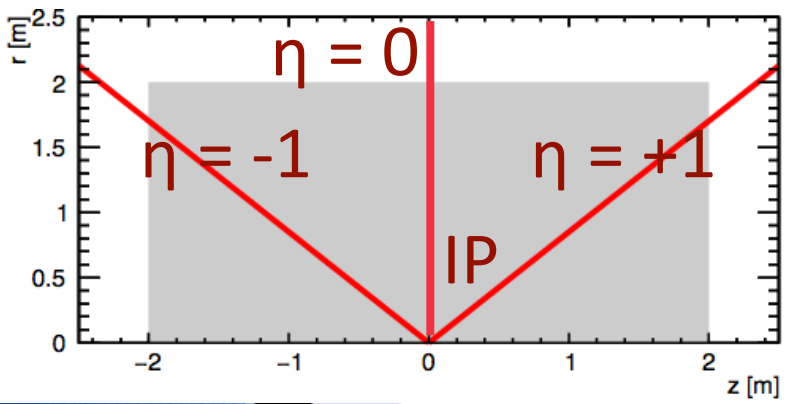
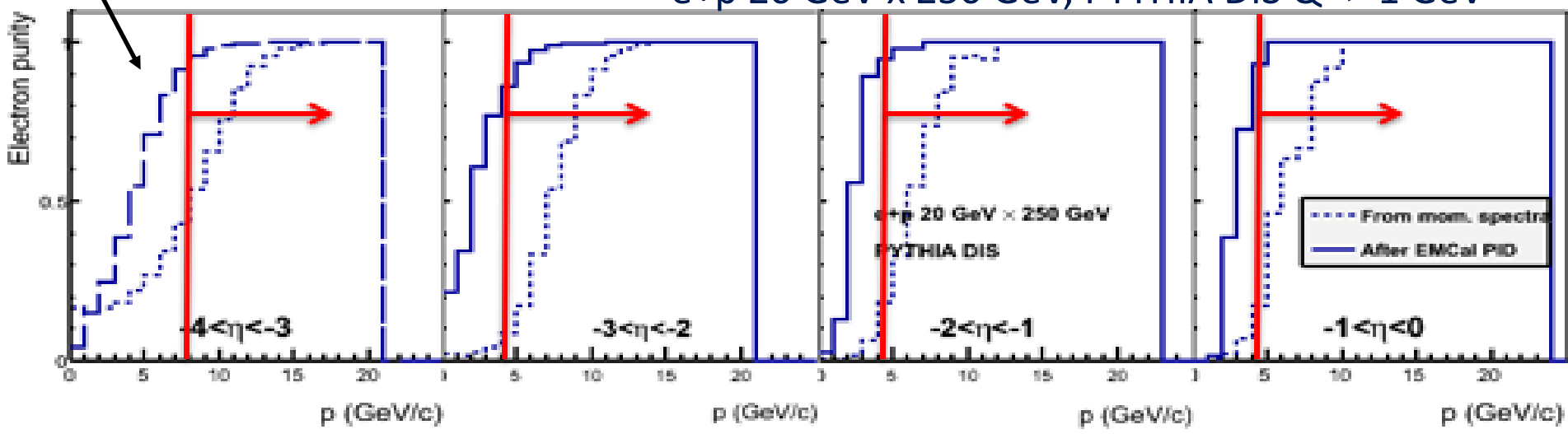
EIC GEM forward tracker



Electron Identification

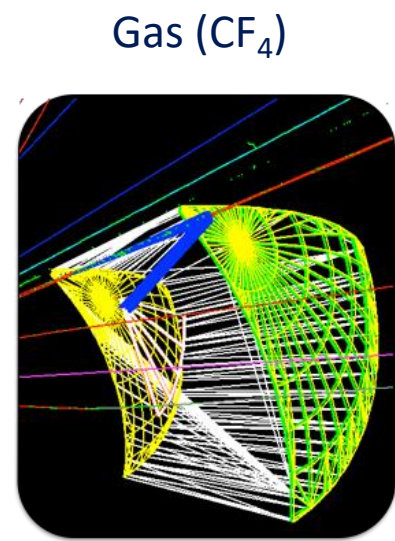
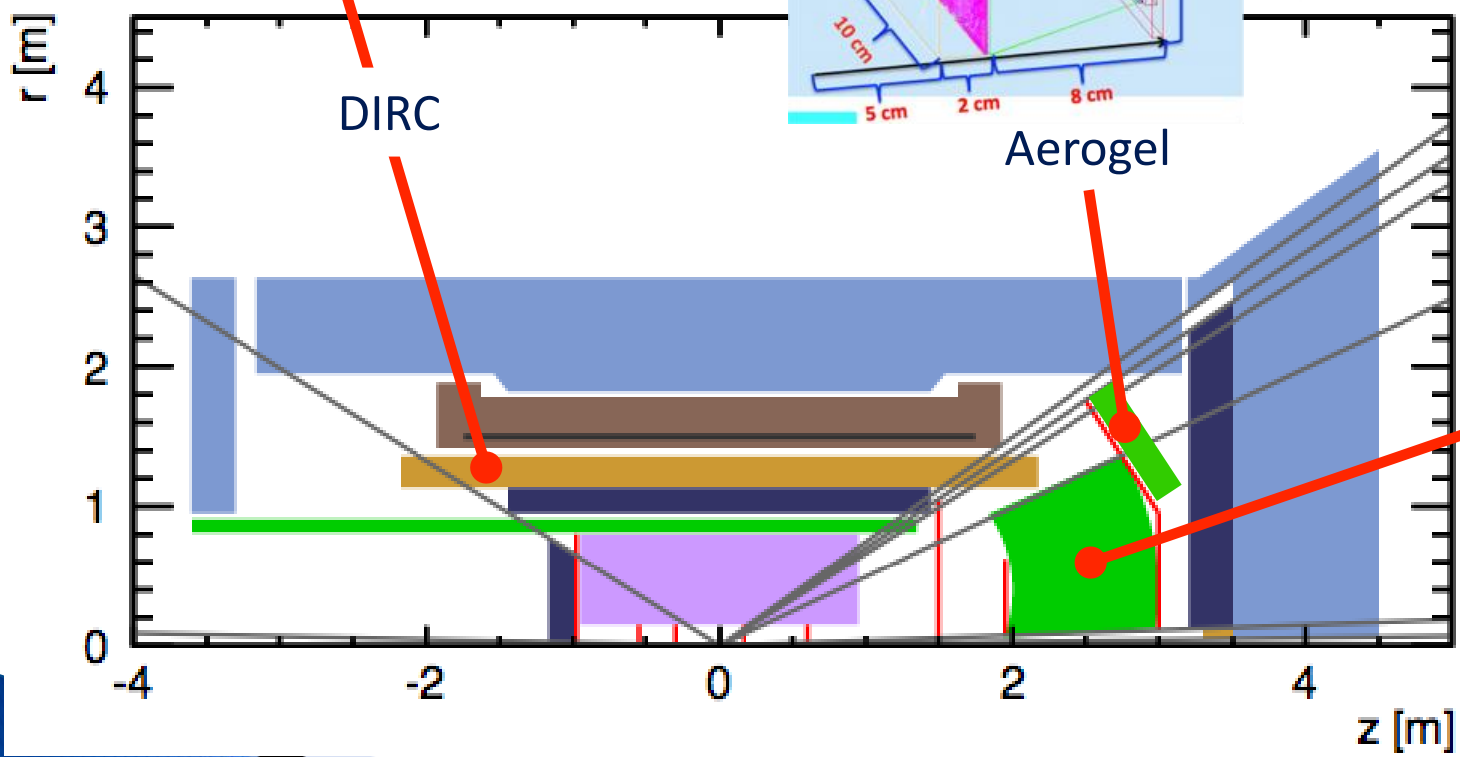
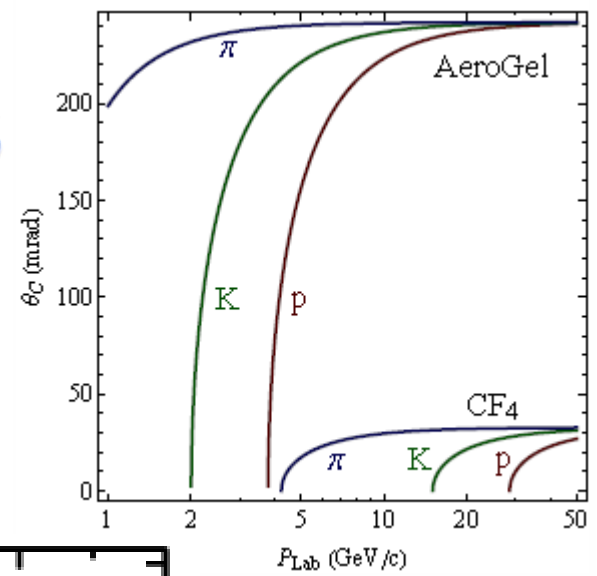
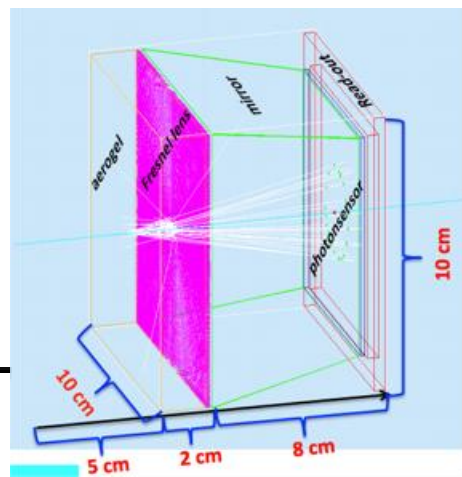
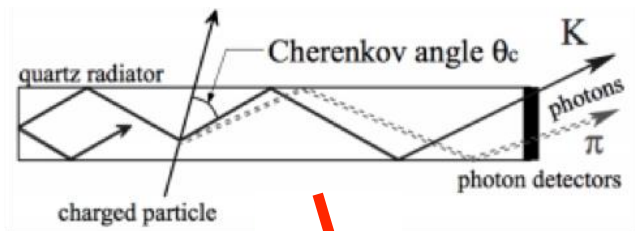
No tracking or E/p

e+p 20 GeV x 250 GeV, PYTHIA DIS $Q^2 > 1$ GeV

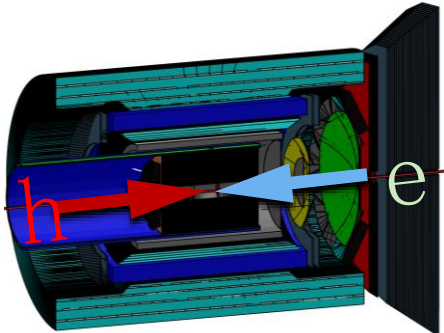


- ▶ Cut on electron energy only marginally reduces x- Q^2 coverage

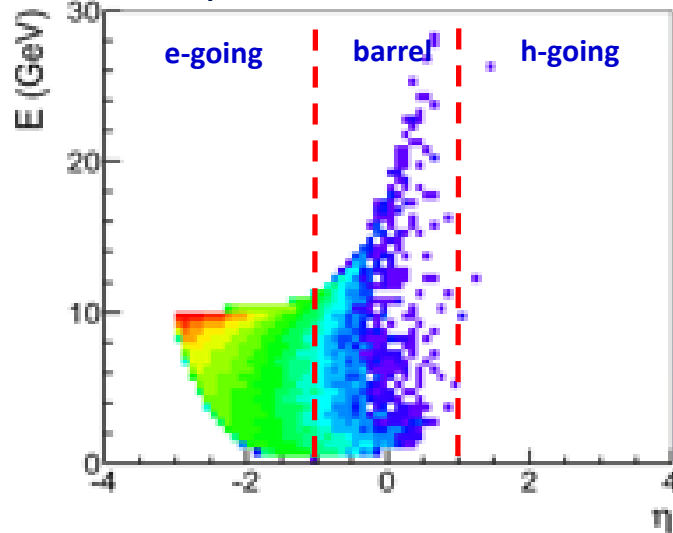
Particle ID: RICH Detectors



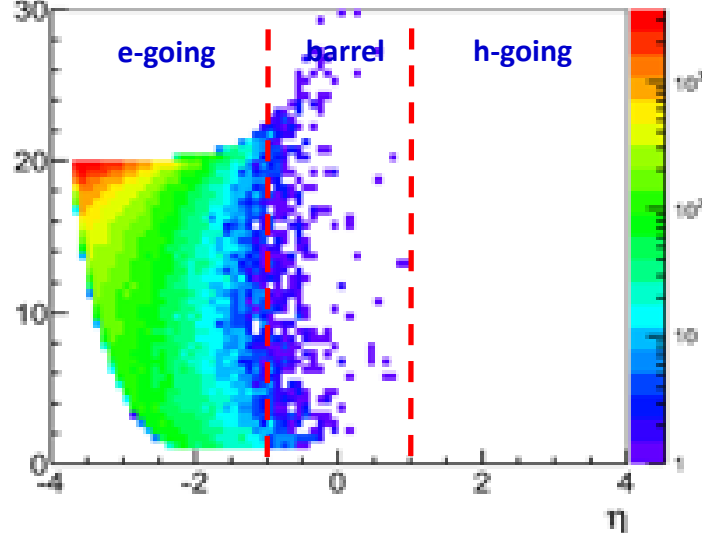
DIS: electron measurement



e+p 10 GeV x 250 GeV



e+p 20 GeV x 250 GeV



PYTHIA DIS with $Q^2 > 1 \text{ GeV}$

Requirements (EIC task force):

- High purity electron ID (99%)
- Energy measurement
- Angle measurement
- High survival probability (80%) in each x, Q^2 bin
- e-going and barrel coverage

Solution (electron-going):

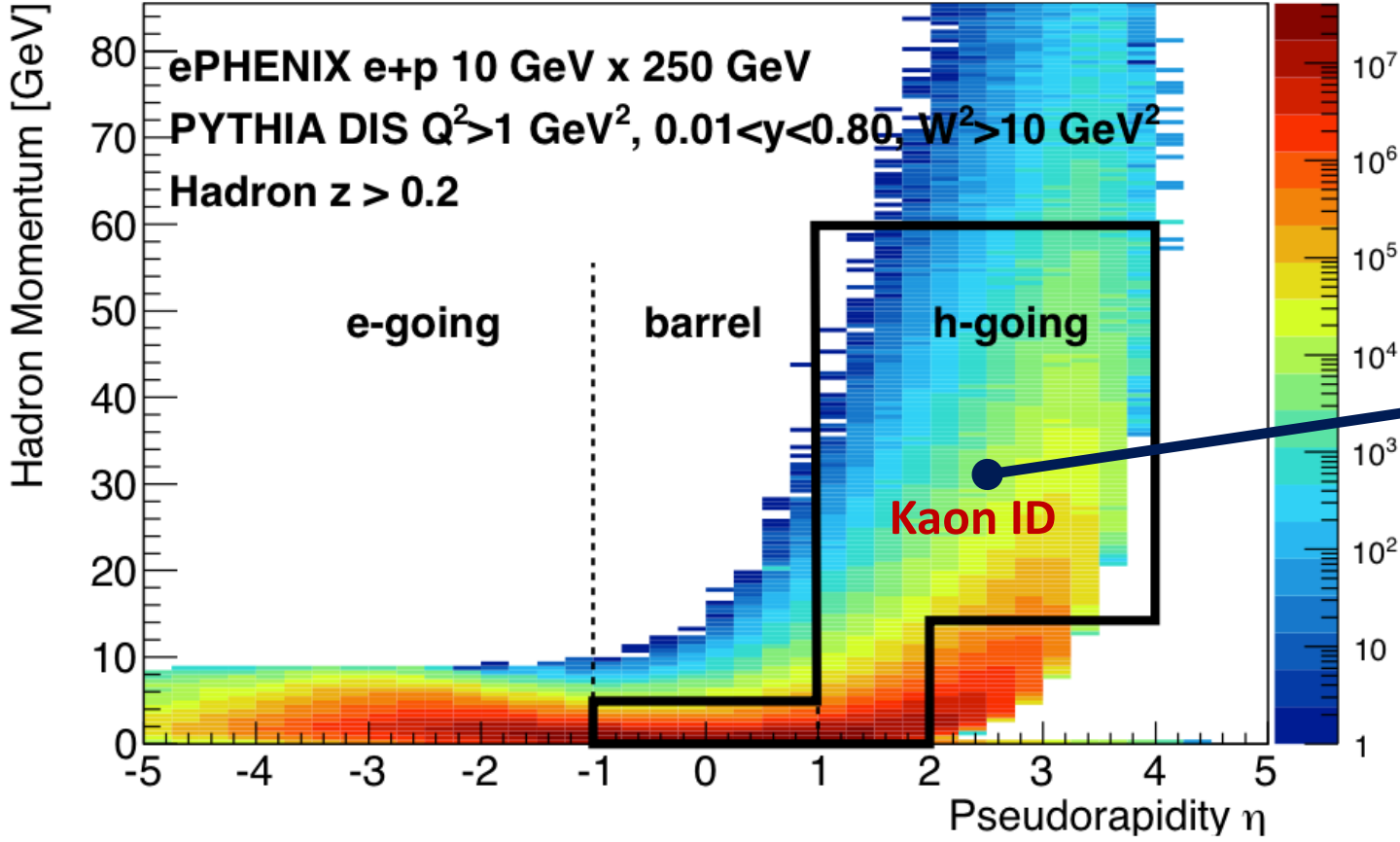
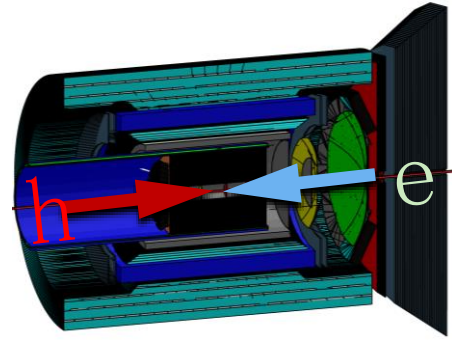
- ✓ High resolution GEM Tracking
- ✓ High resolution Crystal EMCAL

Solution (barrel):

- ✓ (sPHENIX?) Compact-TPC+(MAPS?)
- ✓ sPHENIX EMCAL



SIDIS: Hadrons from DIS



Black outline:
 Identified Kaons
 in planned PID
 detectors

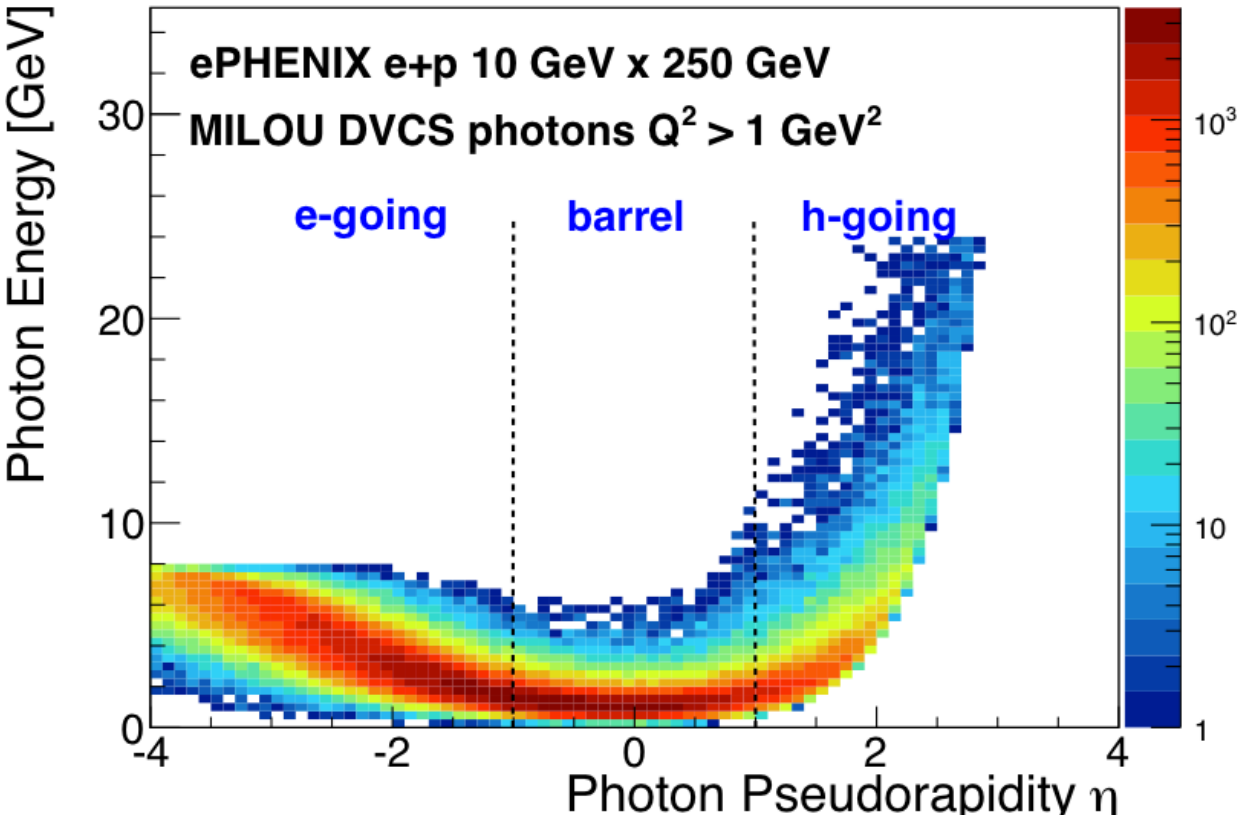
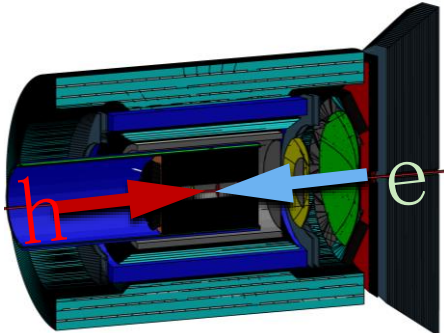
Requirements:

- Hadron ID
- 90% eff, 90% purity

Solution: RICH

- ✓ Barrel: DIRC (+TPC dE/dX for low p)
- ✓ h-going: Gas RICH (high p) & Aerogel (low p)

Exclusive DIS: DVCS photons



Requirements:

- e/γ separation over large x, Q^2, t range
- Confirm exclusiveness

Solution:

- ✓ Granular EMCal and tracking from $-4 < \eta < 4$
- ✓ Roman Pots

Active development from both sPHENIX and for EIC applications

- ▶ Software open in access:
 - sPHENIX software core:
<https://github.com/EIC-Detector/coresoftware>
 - Macros to drive the software:
<https://github.com/EIC-Detector/coresoftware-eic>
 - Virtual machine under test, available to run on your computer soon
- ▶ Software meeting series (in open access):
 - Application to sPHENIX:
<https://indico.bnl.gov/categoryDisplay.py?categId=93>
 - Application to EIC:
<https://indico.bnl.gov/categoryDisplay.py?categId=88>
 - Tutorial workshop:
<https://indico.bnl.gov/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=1237>
- ▶ A few updates shown in the next section

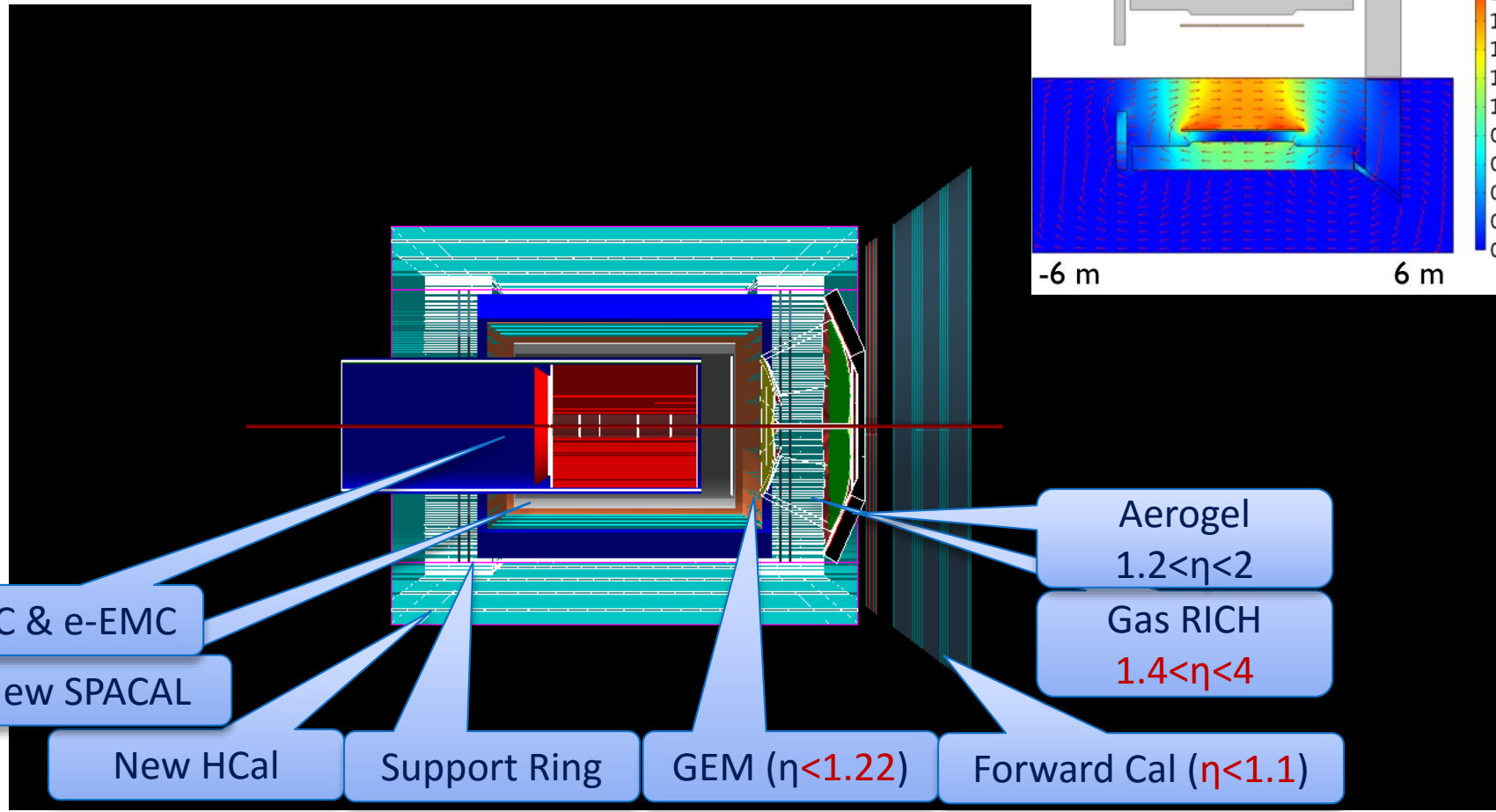
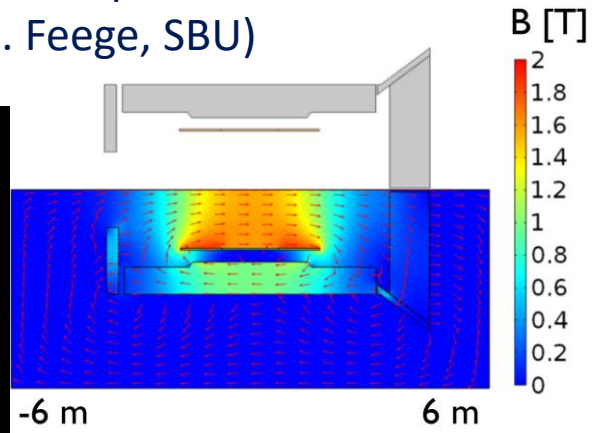
GitHub



Detector implemented in details under Fun4All

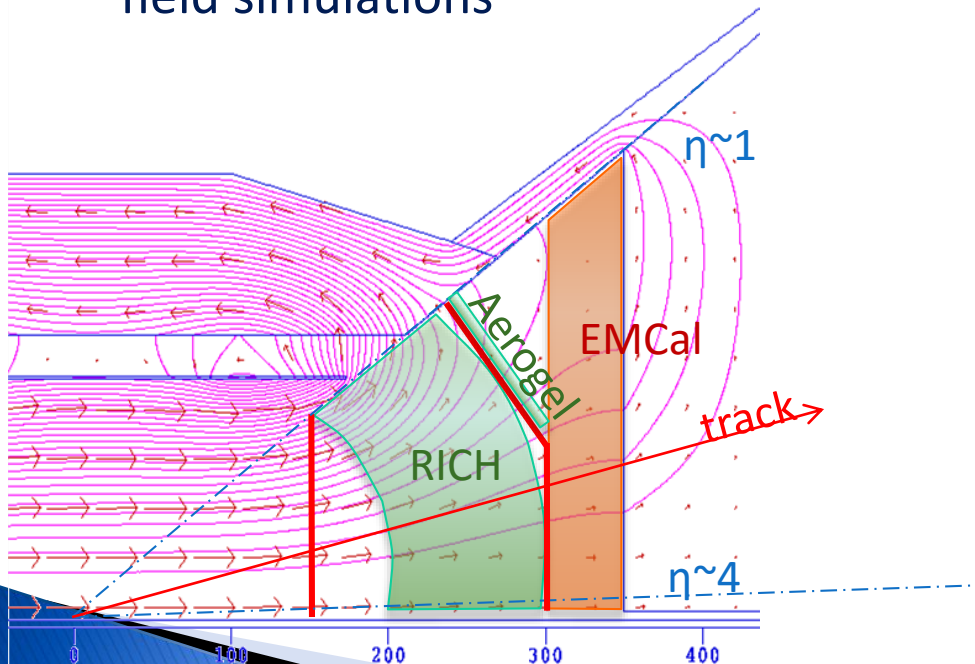
Available under GitHub/[EIC-Detector](https://github.com/coresoftware-eic/macros/Fun4All_G4_ePHENIX.C):
 coresoftware-eic/macros/Fun4All_G4_ePHENIX.C

Field map/balance in COMSOL
 (N. Feege, SBU)



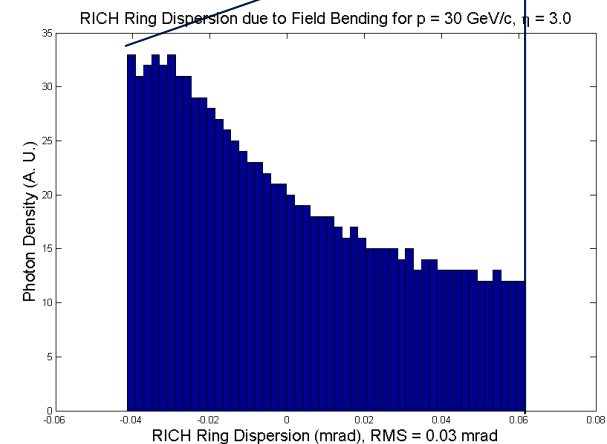
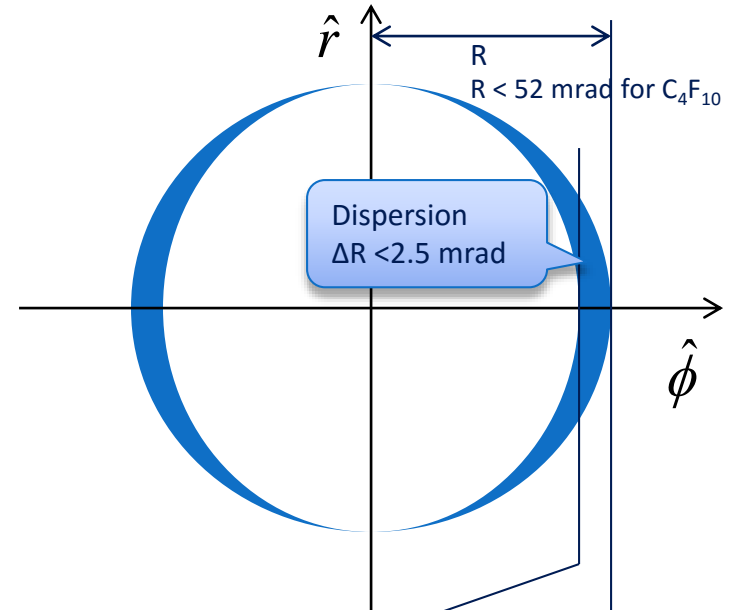
Field effect - distortion for RICH

- ▶ Field calculated numerically with field return
- ▶ Field lines mostly parallel to tracks in the RICH volume with the yoke
- ▶ We can estimate the effect through field simulations



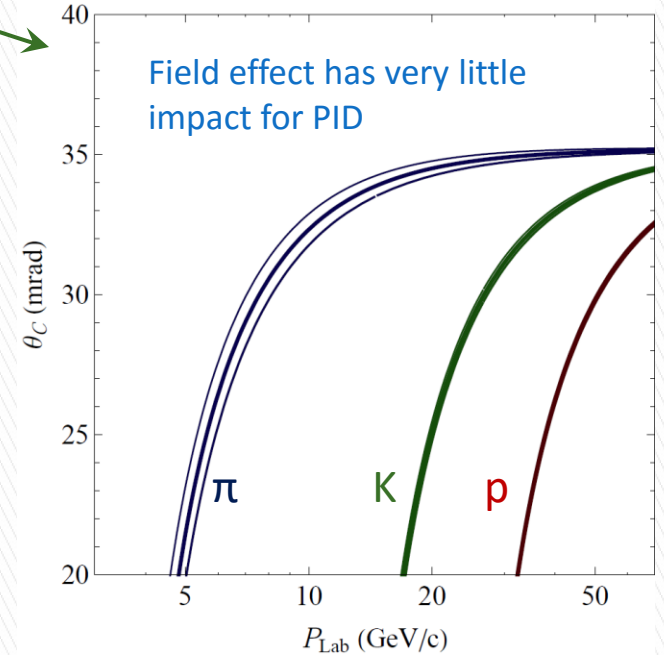
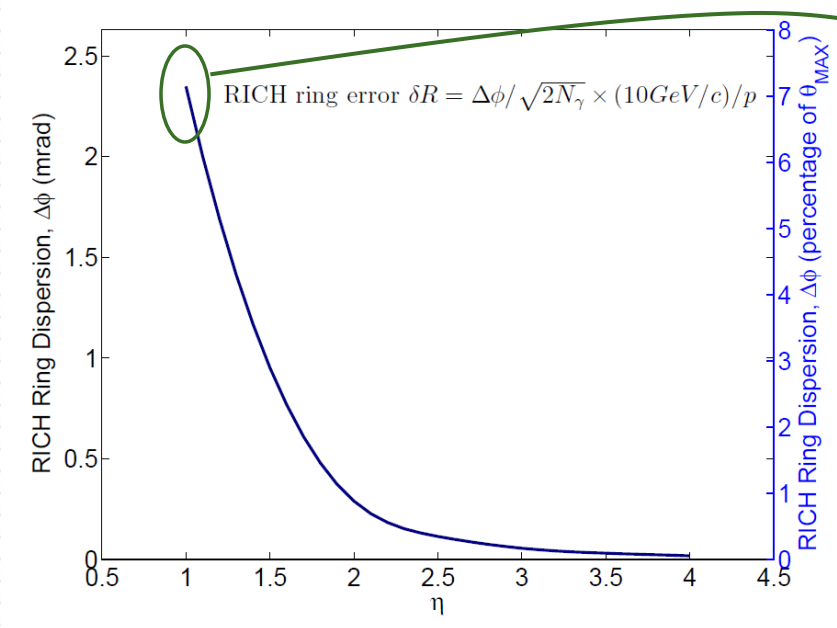
A RICH Ring:

Photon distribution due to tracking bending only



Field effect – Radius uncertainty of RICH Ring

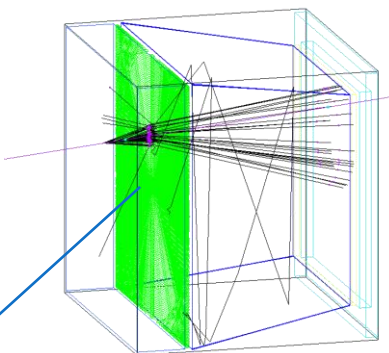
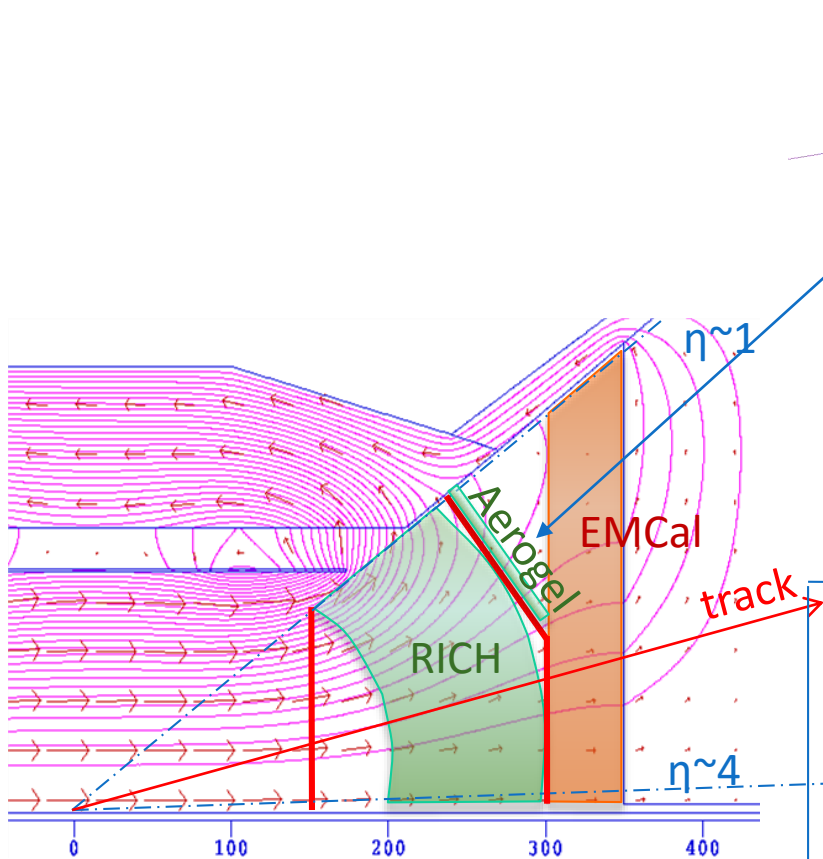
Ring radius $\pm 1\sigma$ field effect (for worst $\eta=1$)



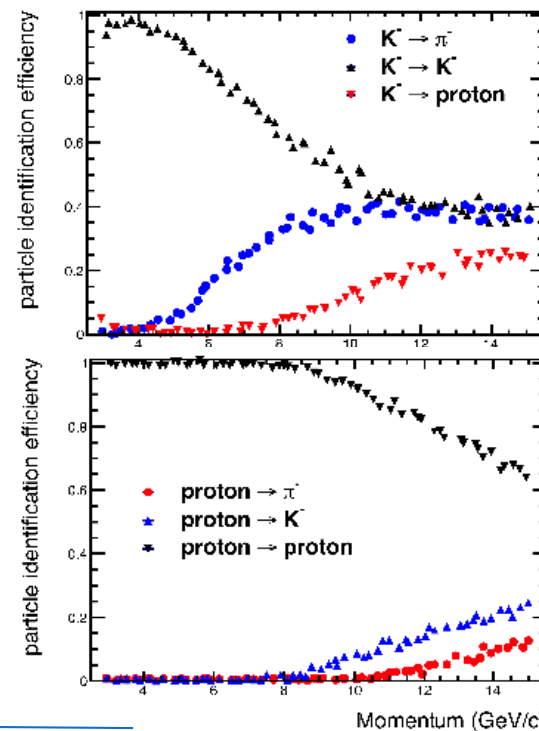
Quantify ring radius error

In the respect of PID: minor effect

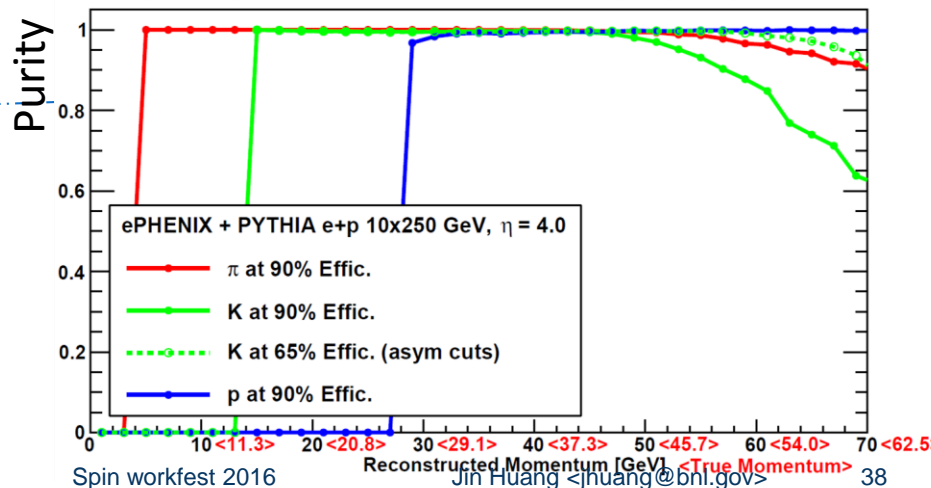
H-going side - performance



AeroGel RICH PID eff.



Gas RICH PID purity at $\eta=4$ (most challenging region w/ δp)



Central Barrel PID, DC + DIRC in BaBar

