



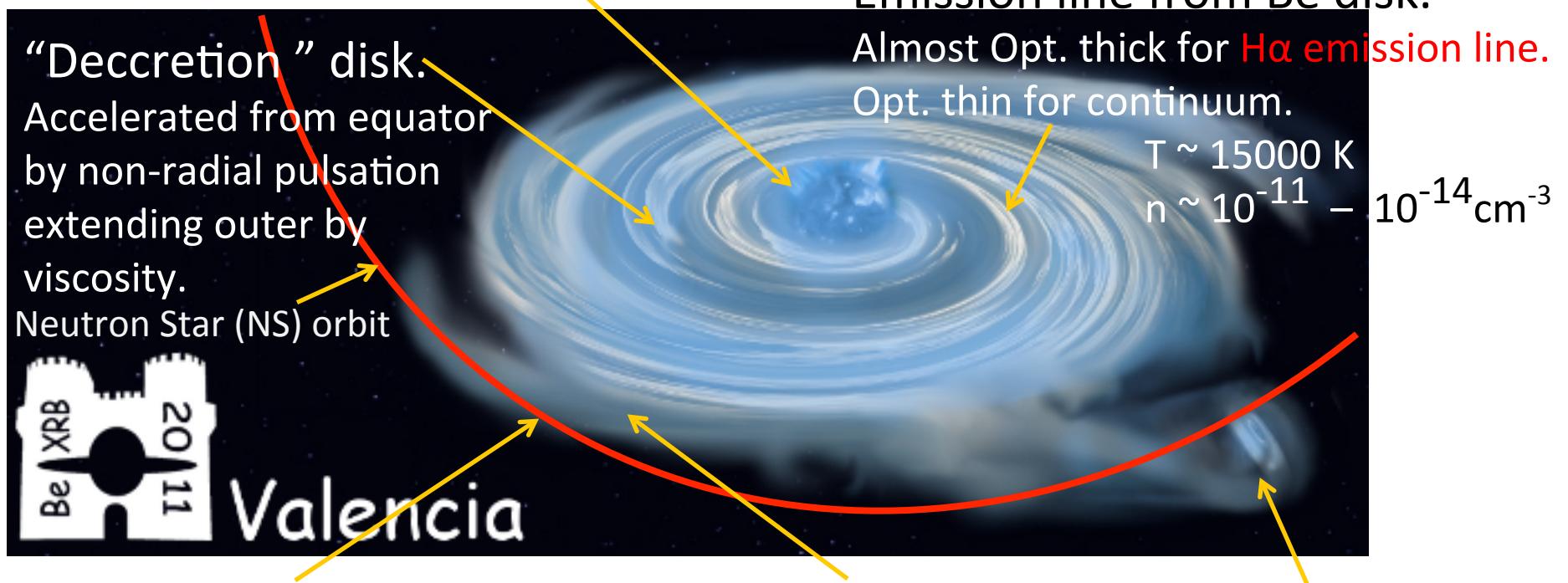
MAXI/GSC observation of X-ray outbursts from Be/X-ray binary pulsars

Motoki Nakajima (Nihon Univ.)



Be X-ray binary pulsars (BeXRB)

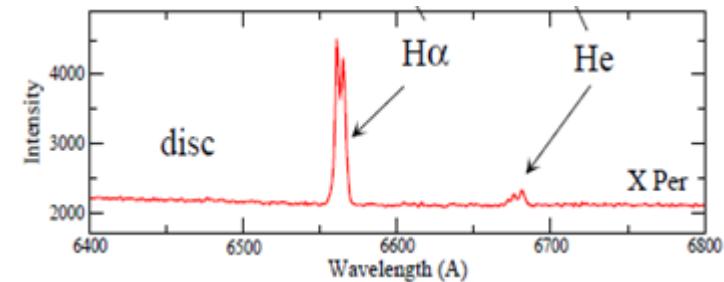
Almost maximum-rotating B star
(mostly B0-2, ~ 10 Mo). Elliptical shape.



Lagrangian (L1) point sweeps
the disk. It is truncated at the
distance of L1 at periastron.

When Be disk extends
close to L1, it is deformed
to one-armed, or
warped at the edge.

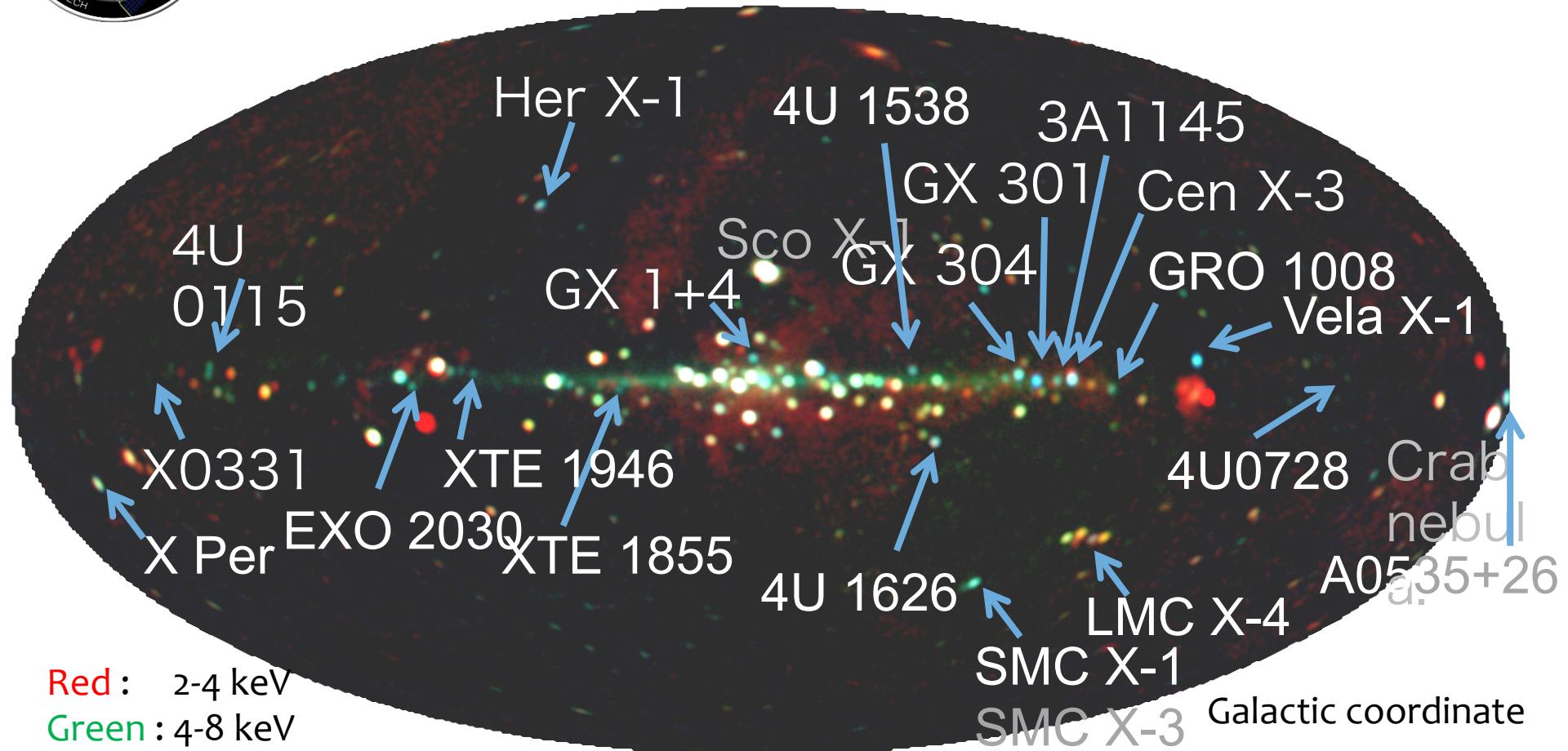
NS in an eccentric
orbit may carry some
gas in the Roche lobe.
→ **X-ray Outburst
(OB)**



Reig 2011



7 years All-sky map by MAXI/GSC



Blue stars are mostly binary pulsars.

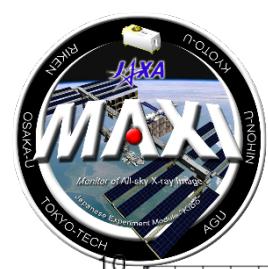
Be X-ray binary pulsars are more than a half of XBP.



Issued Atel list

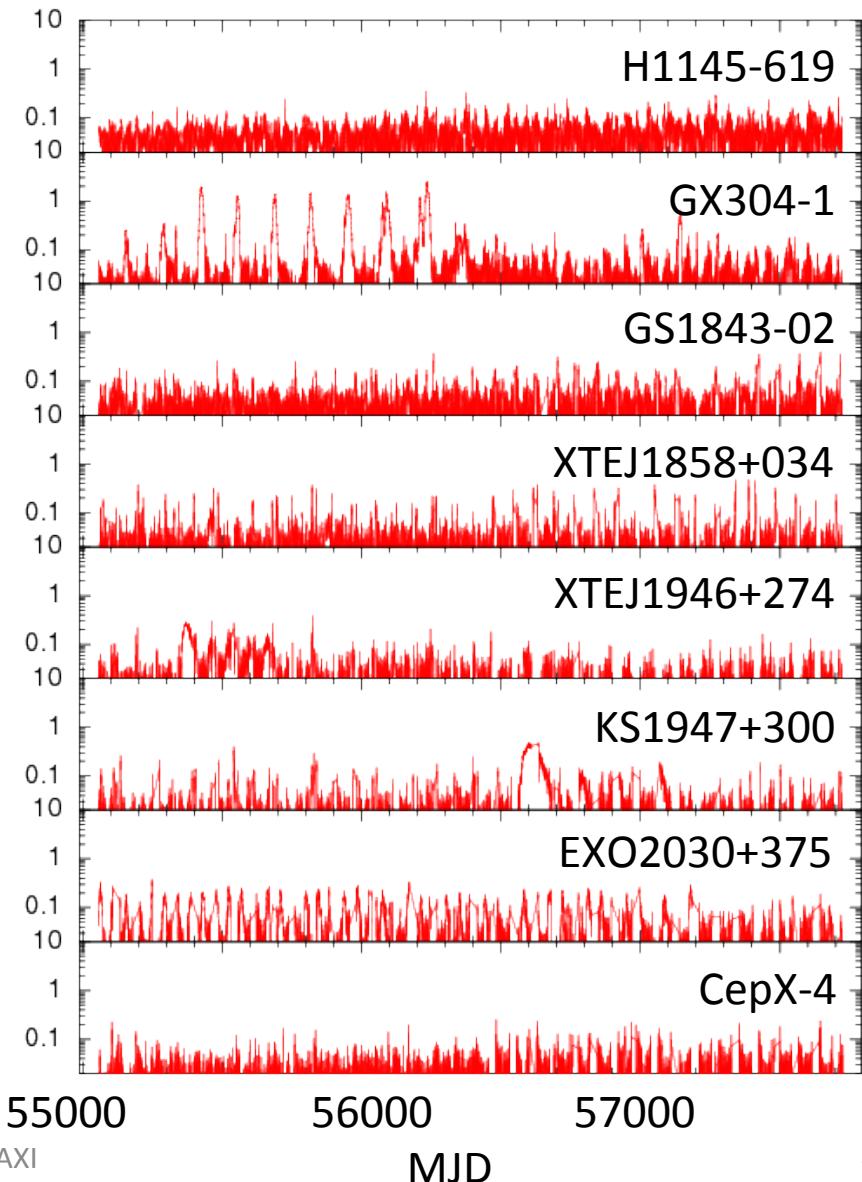
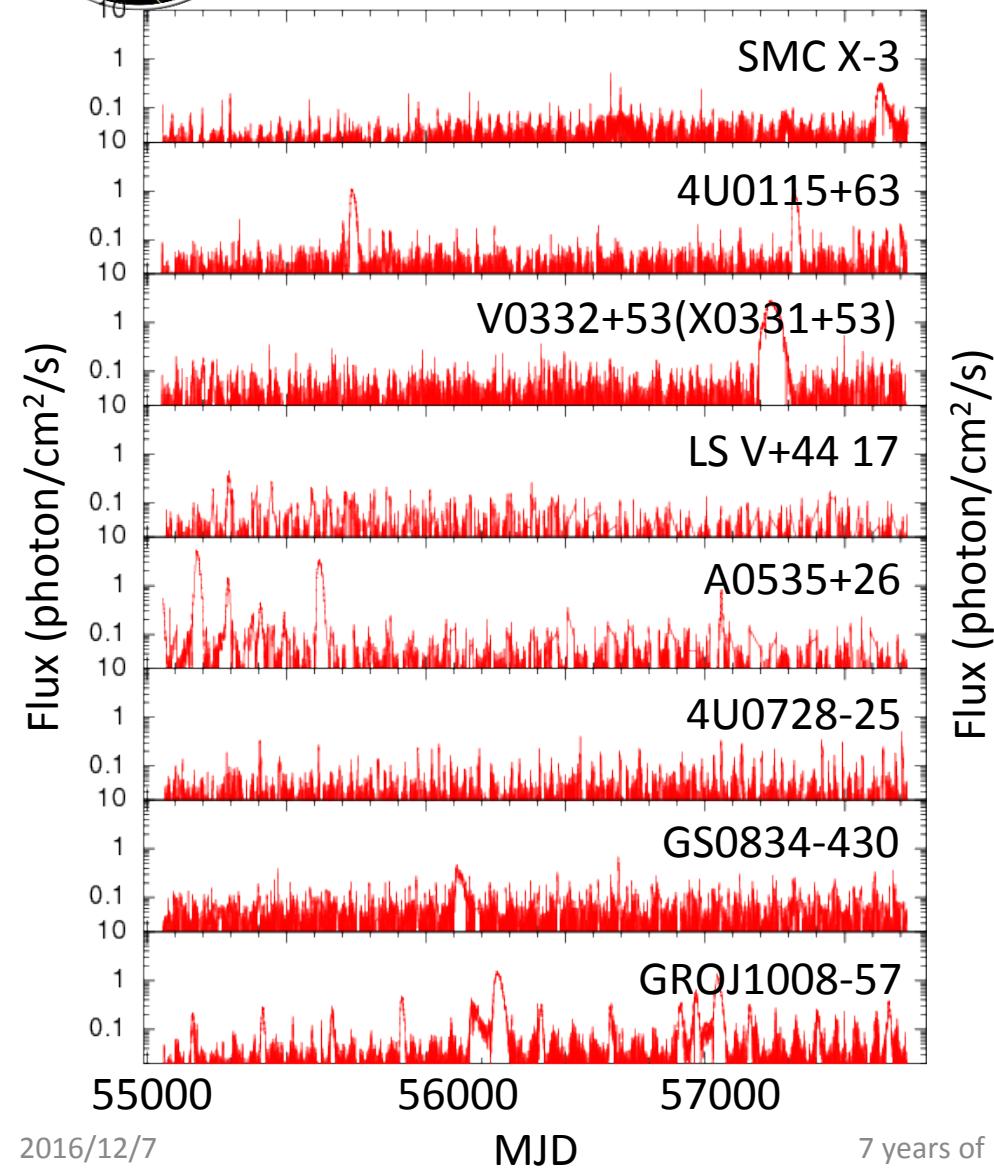
Source	Atel number	Source	Atel number
SMC X-3	1	H1145-619	2
4U 0115+63	6	GX 304-1	12
V0332+53(X0331+53)	5	GS 1843-02	2
LS V +44 17	1	XTE J1858+034	1
A0535+26	8	XTE J1946+274	1
4U 0728-25	1	KS 1947+300	1
GS 0834-430	1	EXO 2030+375	1
GRO J1008-57	10	Cep X-4	1

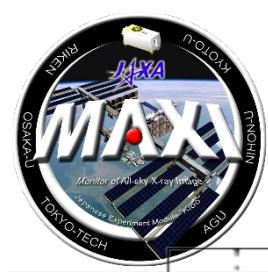
- MAXI team have issued 54 Atels in 7years.
- More than 100 alert mails have been circulated to the mailing .
- By our Atel/alert of BeXRB, several ToO observations were conducted.
 - The Suzaku ToO observations for 2 BeXRBP (GX 304-1 and GRO J1008-57) discovered cyclotron resonance features in the X-ray spectrum



Light curves of Be X-ray binaries

MAXI/GSC 2-20 keV



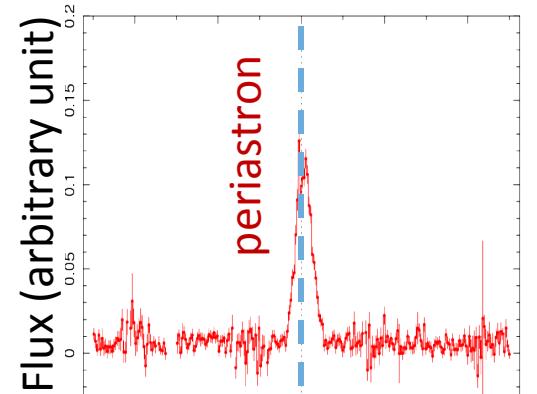


Outburst classification Normal, Giant outbursts

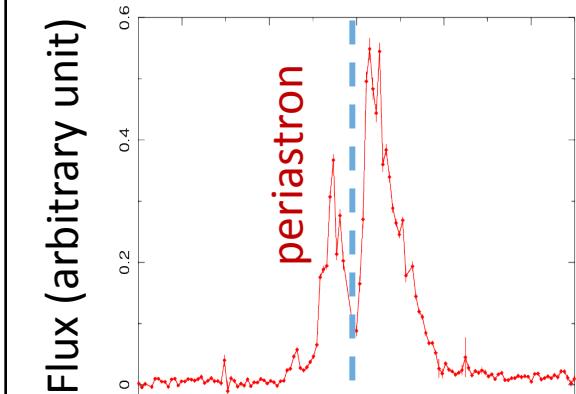
MAXI/GSC(4-10keV)
Swift/BAT(15-50keV)
vertical lines :
periastron

GX304-1
 $P_{\text{orb}} = 132.2 \text{ d}$

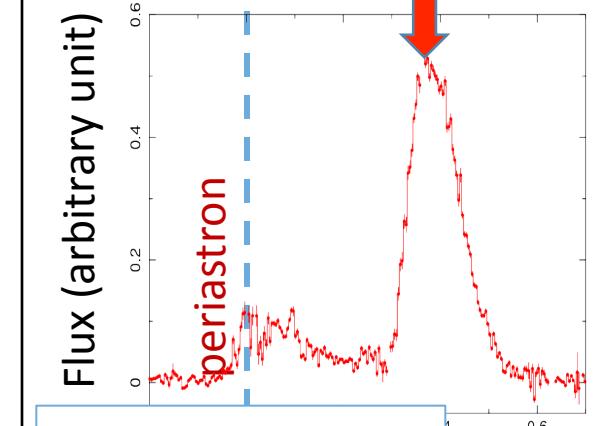
GROJ1008-57
 $P_{\text{orb}} = 249.5 \text{ d}$



Normal OB (NOB)
OB at periastron
Peak $L_x < 10^{36-37} \text{ erg/s}$
Truncated Be disk +
RIAF model (Okazaki+'13)



Giant OB (GOB; multi peak)
Multi peaks around periastron.
Peak $L_x \sim 10^{36-37} \text{ erg/s}$



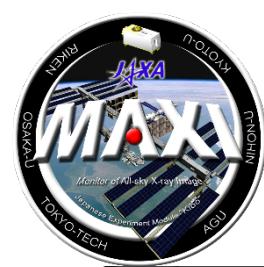
Giant OB (GOB)
OB off periastron
Peak $L_x > 10^{37} \text{ erg/s}$

Misaligned (eccentric) Be disk + BHL accretion model
(Okazaki+2013)



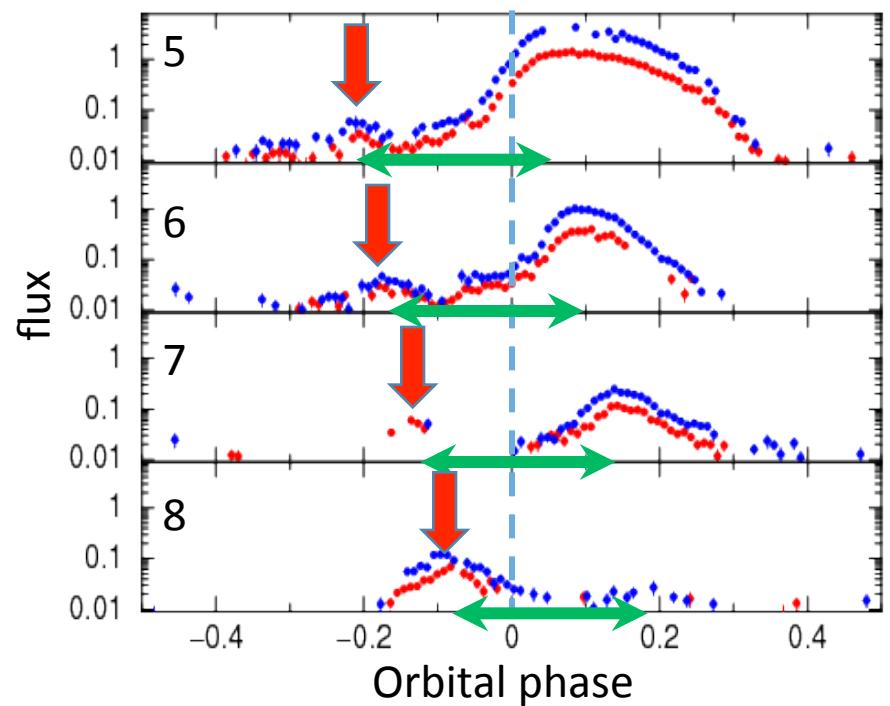
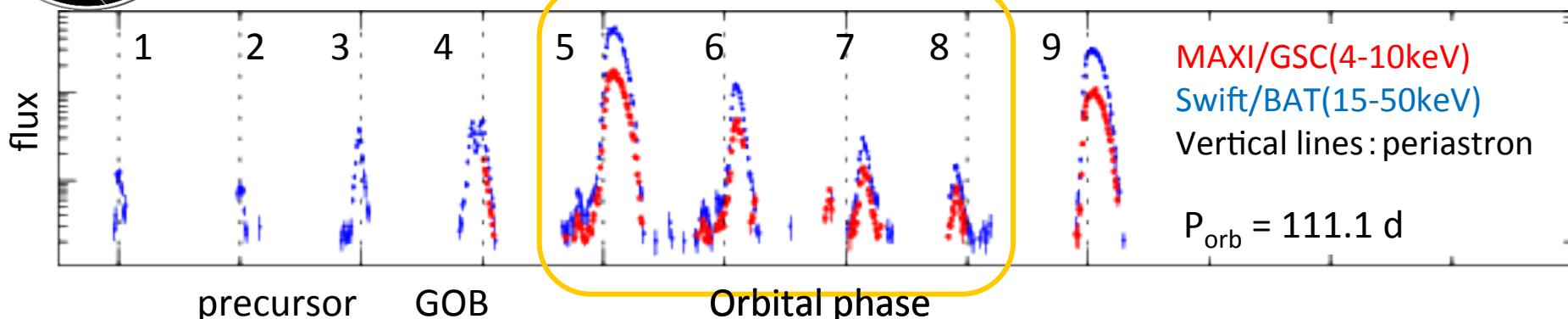
Topics

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 - The systematic orbital phase “delay”
 - The systematic orbital phase “advance”
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A0535+26

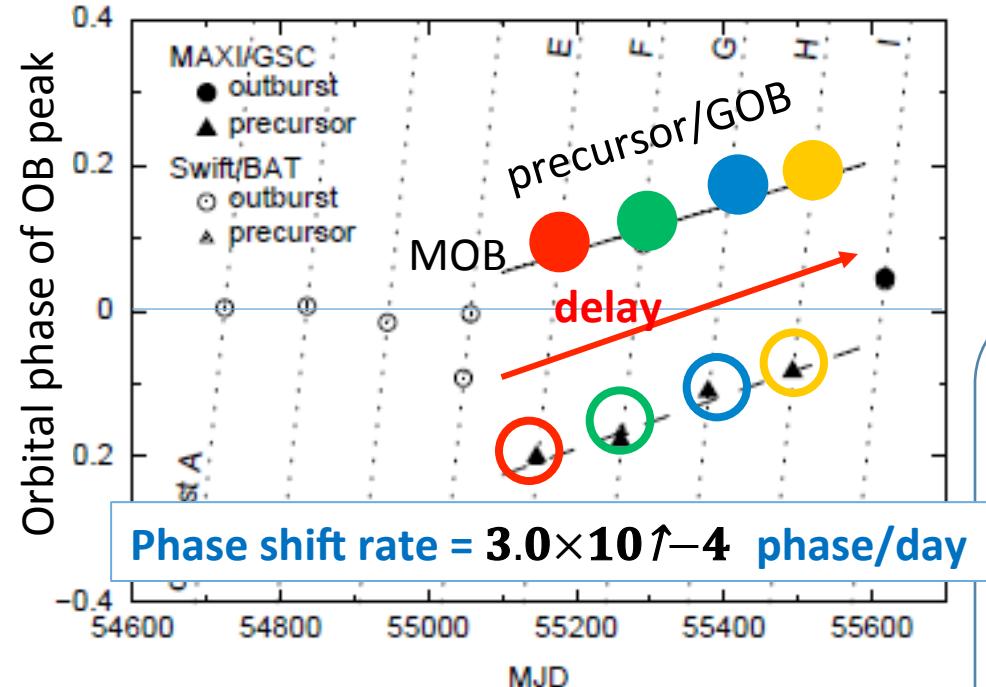
Precursors/GOBs Phase Shift



- The source was active in 2008-2011.
- Detection of consecutive GOBs.
- MAXI detected **precursors** before GOB
- Separation between precursor/GOB are constant and about 30 days (0.27 orbital phase)
- **Period of precursor/GOB is 115 d, not P_{orb} (=111.1 d)**
- In OB-8, intensities of precursor/GOB reversed.



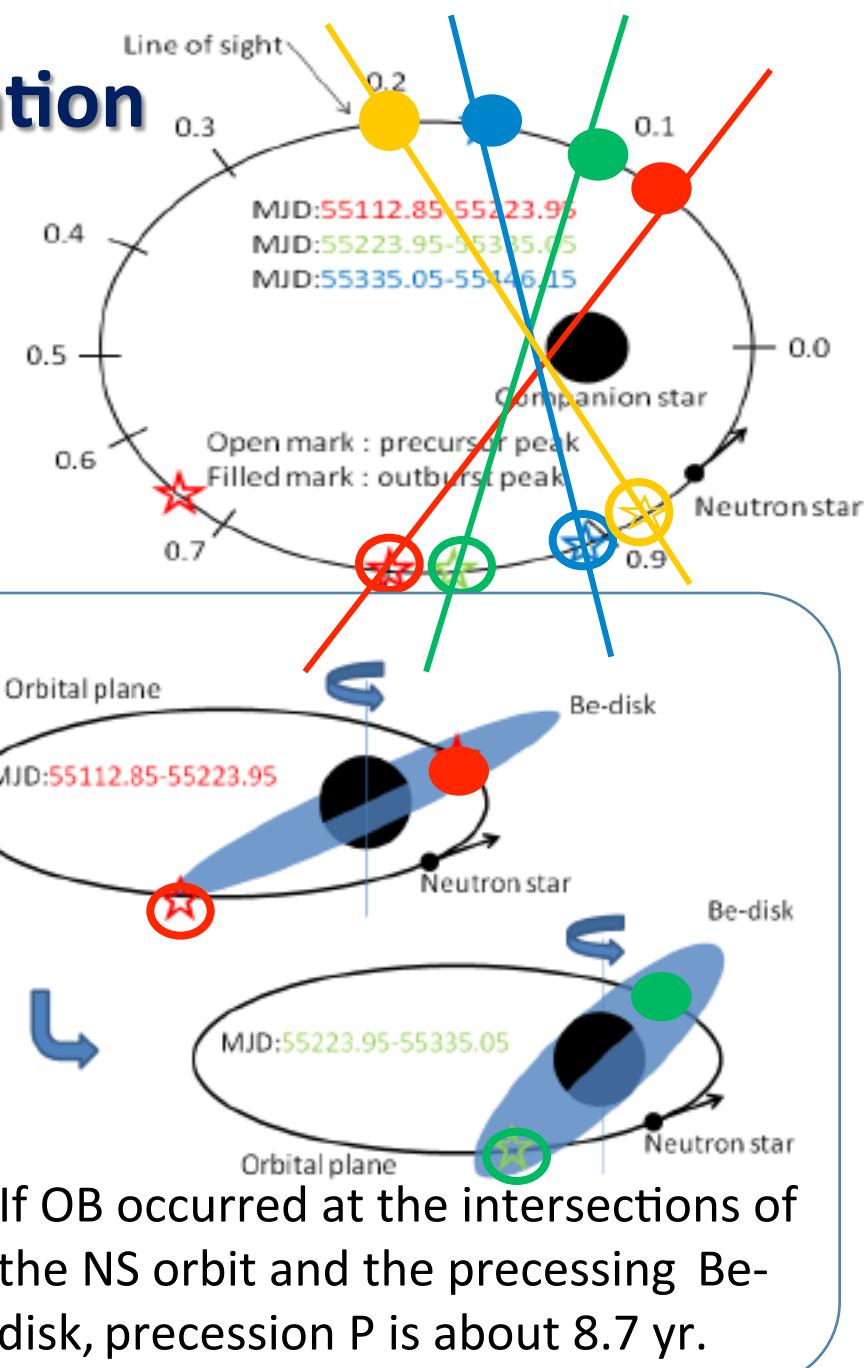
A0535+26 : Interpretation of OB Phase Shift



- Period of precursor/GOB is 115 d, not P_{orb} (=111.1 d)
- After MOB, EW of H α line increased. (Moritani+2011)
→ emergence of warped Be disk?

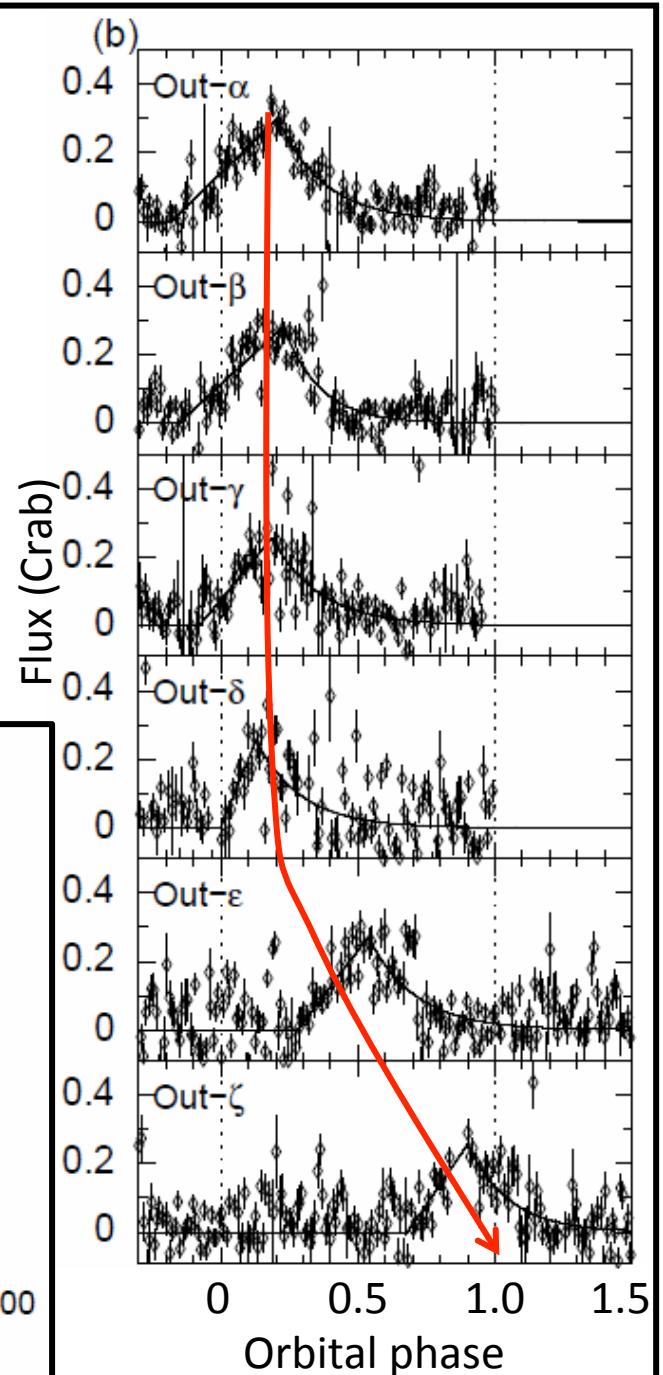
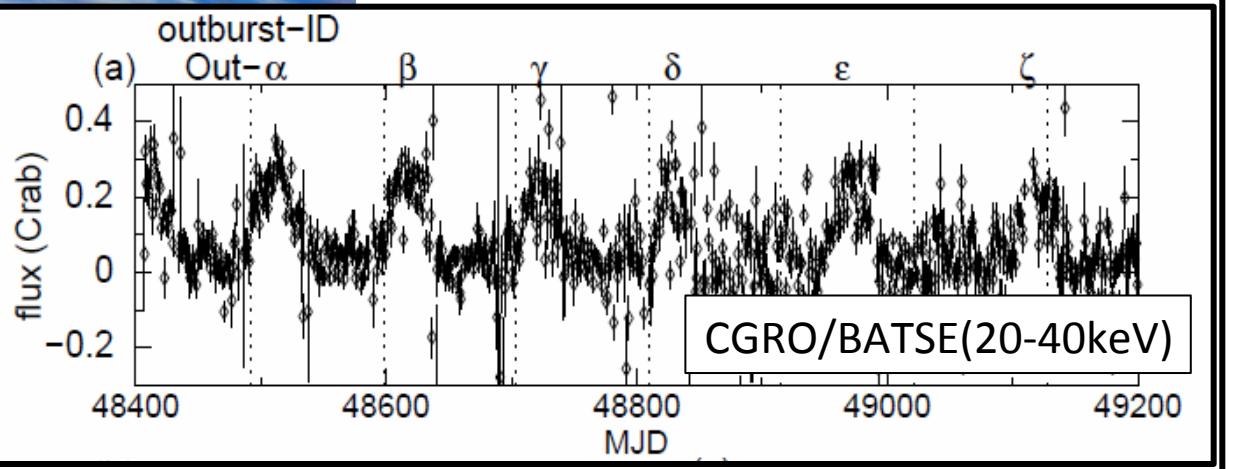
7 years of MAXI

(Okazaki+'13, Moritani+'13, Nakajima+'14)

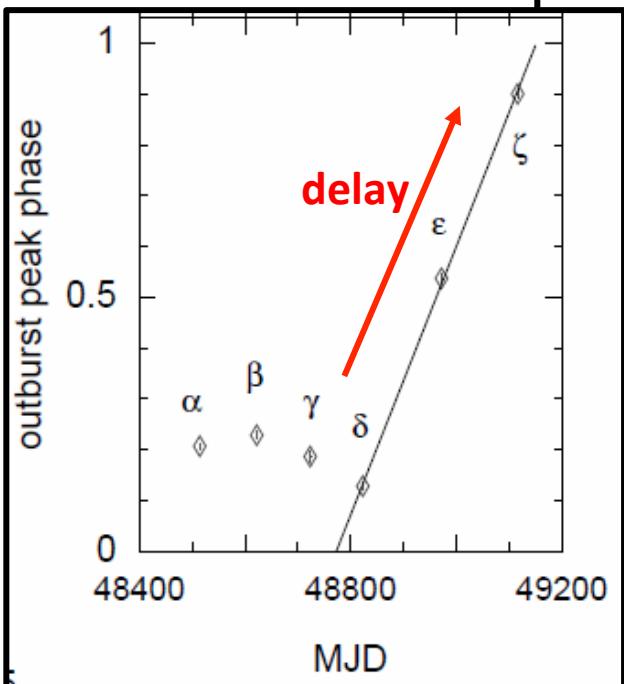




GS 0834-430 OB Phase Shift

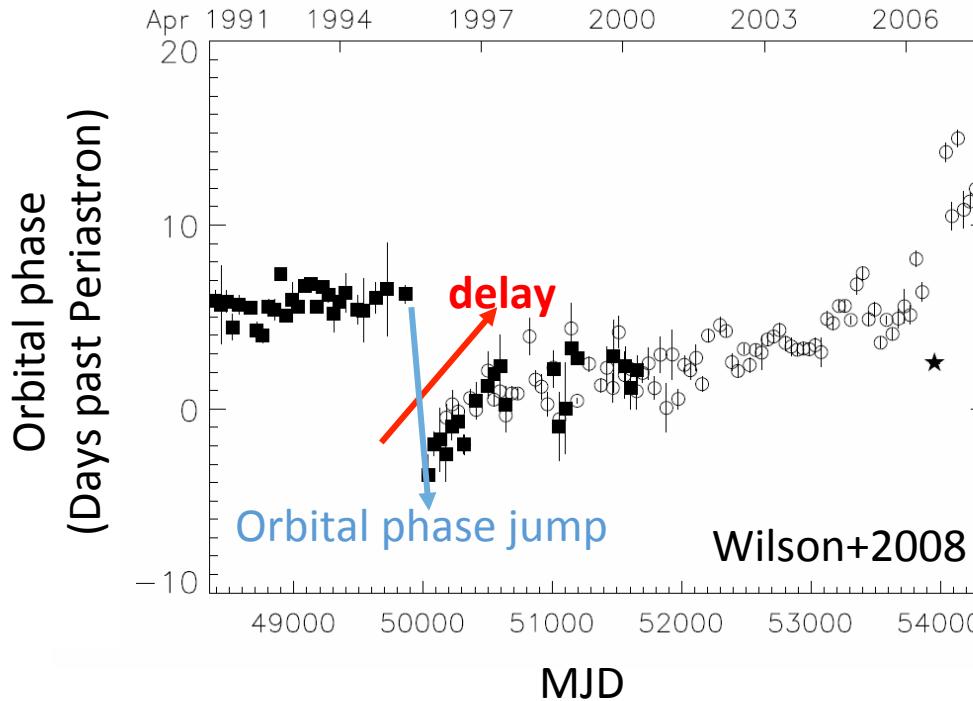


- First report of OB phase shift (Wilson+1997)
- OB phase shift was observed as “**delay**”.
- The phase shift rate is **2.4×10^{-3} phase/day**





EXO 2030+375 OB Phase Shift

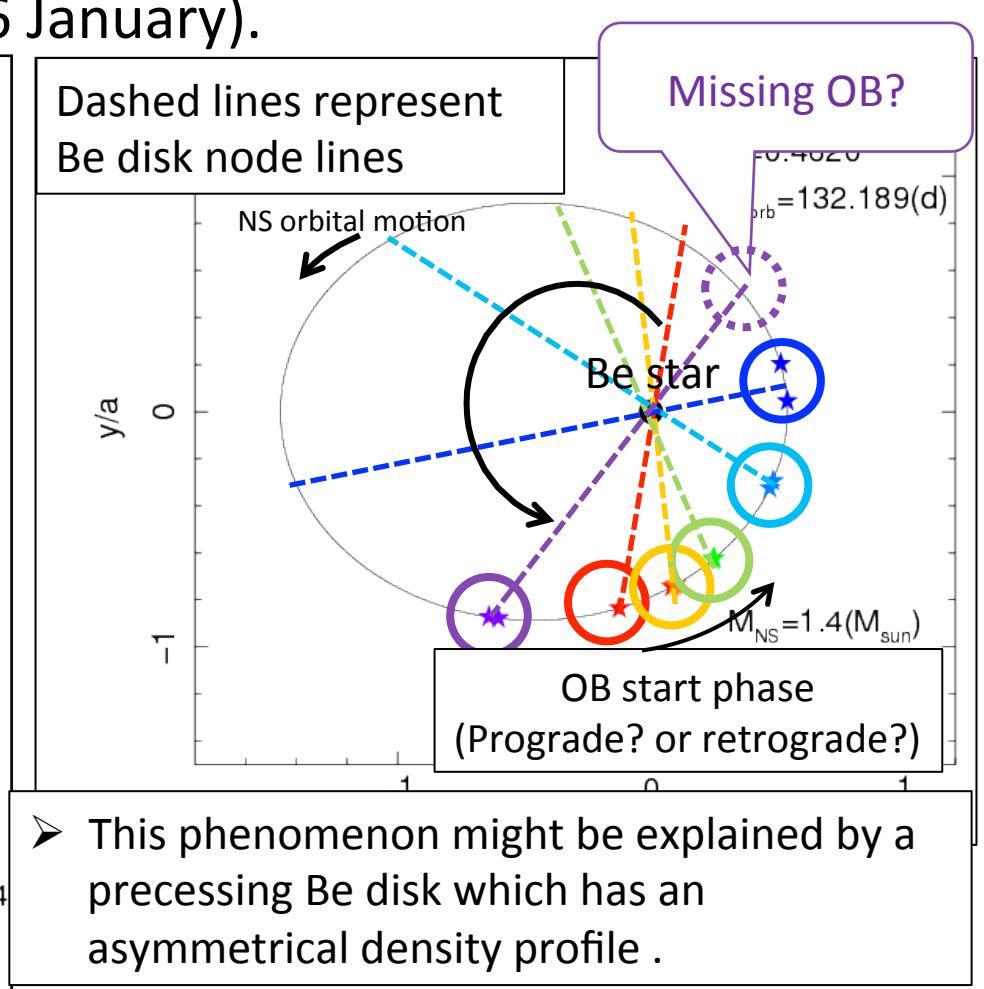
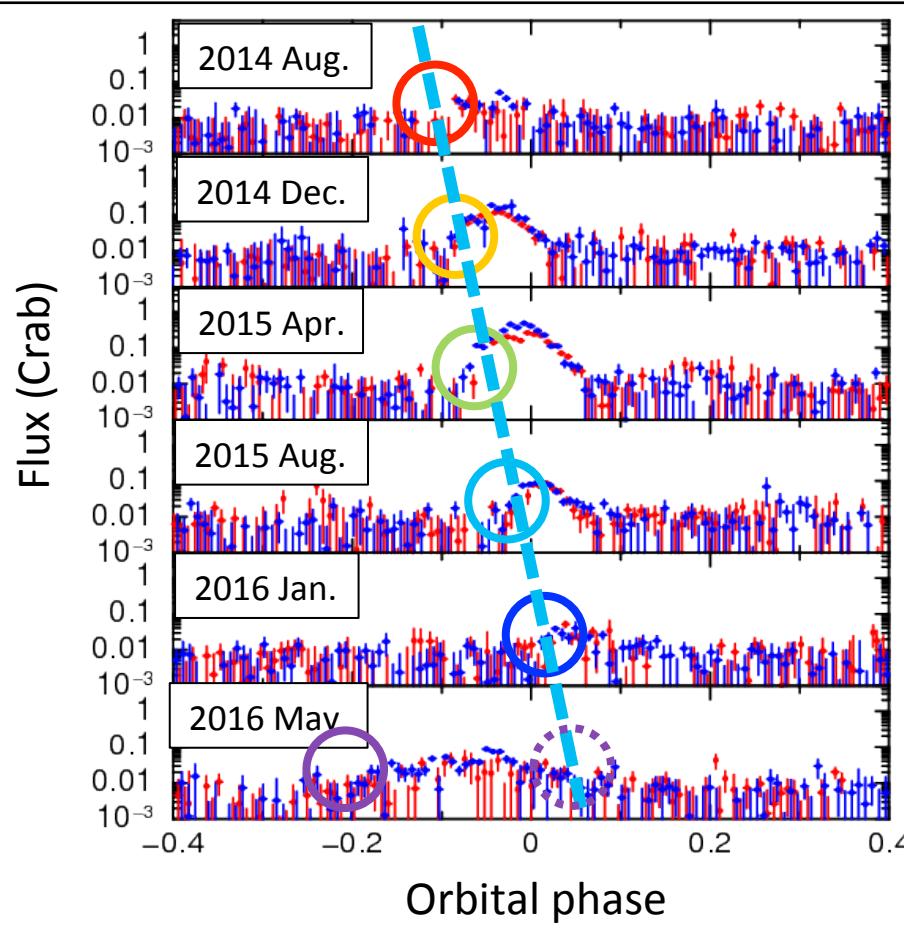


- Wilson+2008 reported the outburst orbital phase shift from EXO 2030+375.
- OB phase shift was observed as “**delay**”.
- The phase shift rate is **1.8×10^{-4} phase/day**
- Please see also Poster P-58, “Possible regular phenomena in EXO 2030+375” (Eva Laplace)



GX 304-1 Outburst Phase Shift

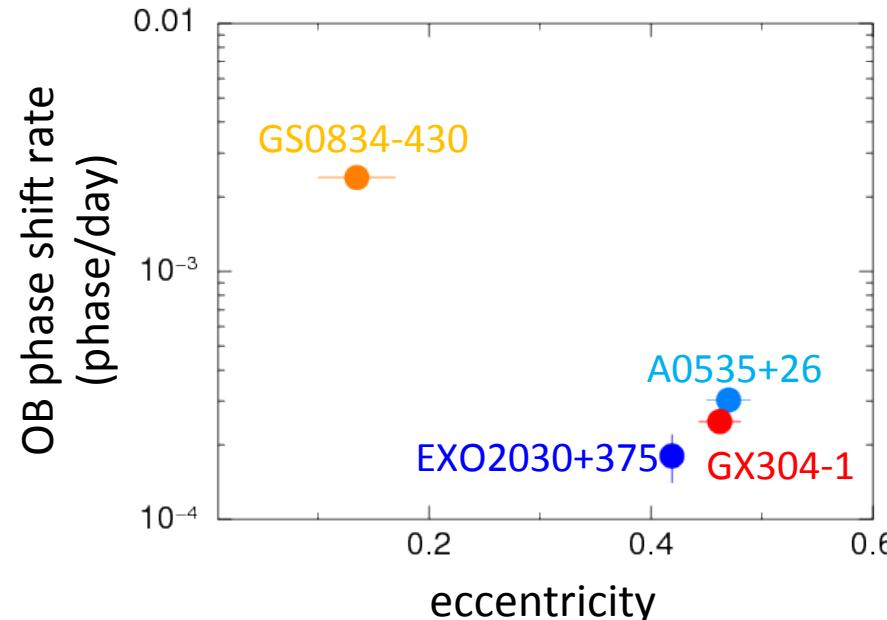
- (Atel#8592) the onset phases of the outbursts shifted steadily through the five normal outbursts (from ~ 0.90 orbital phase on 2014 August to 0.02 on 2016 January).





Comparison of OB Phase Shift

- OB phase shift has been observed from 4 BeXRBPs.
 - common phenomena among BeXRBPs ?
- The phase shift rate does not correlate with Be star type, orbital period and $a_x \sin i$.
- There is a possibility that a correlation between eccentricities and OB phase shift rate exists.



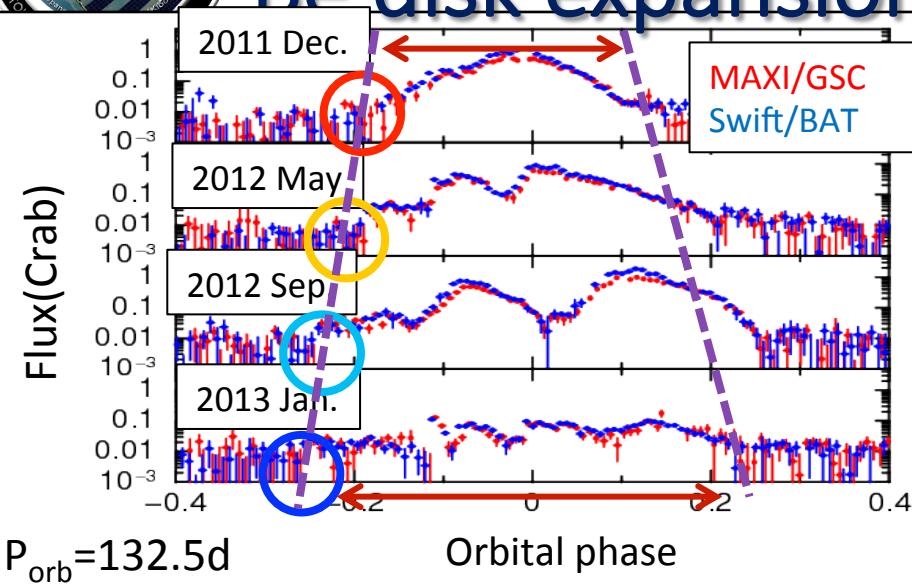


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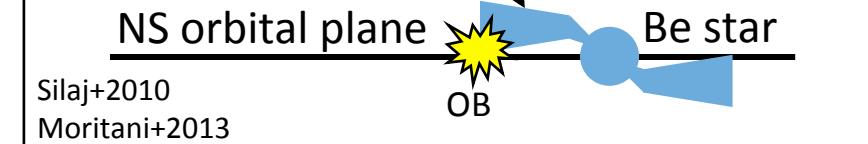


GX 304-1 Be disk expansion

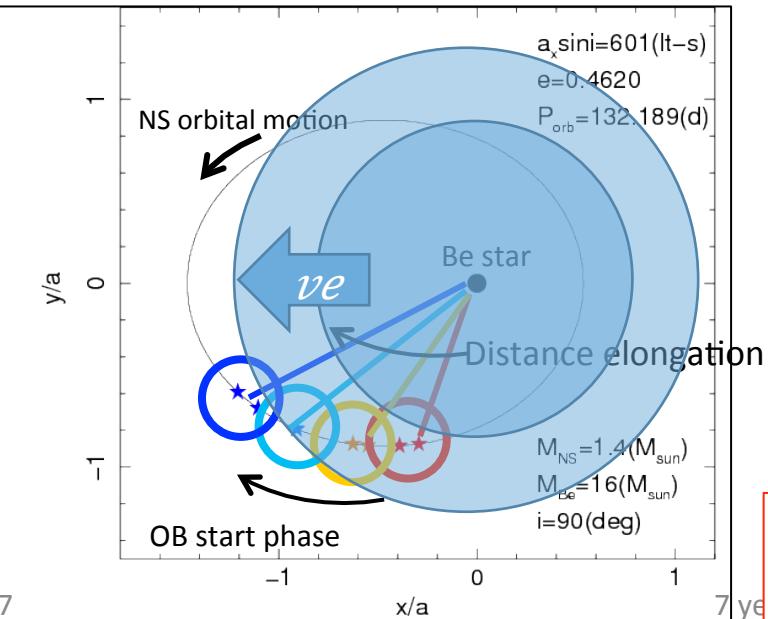


- OB start phase advances to the early orbital phase every revolution.
- Duration of the mass accretion is elongated.
- If the warped Be disk exists, the disk would expand along to the orbital plane.

Warped Be disk



- OB start phase represents the position where NS contacts with the Be disk. Thus the expansion velocity of Be disk can be derived.



Comparison with Be disk expansion velocity v_e
BeXRBPs

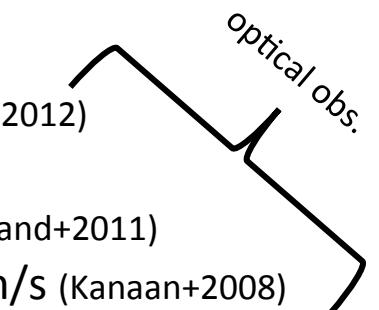
GX304-1 : $2.3 \pm 0.2 \text{ km/s}$

A0535+26: 2.3 km/s (Yan+2012)

Isolated Be star

δ Sco : 0.2 km/s (Meilland+2011)

Achernar : $0.27 \pm 0.08 \text{ km/s}$ (Kanaan+2008)



First measurement of v_e by X-ray observation.
The v_e of BeXRBPs are larger than isolated ones



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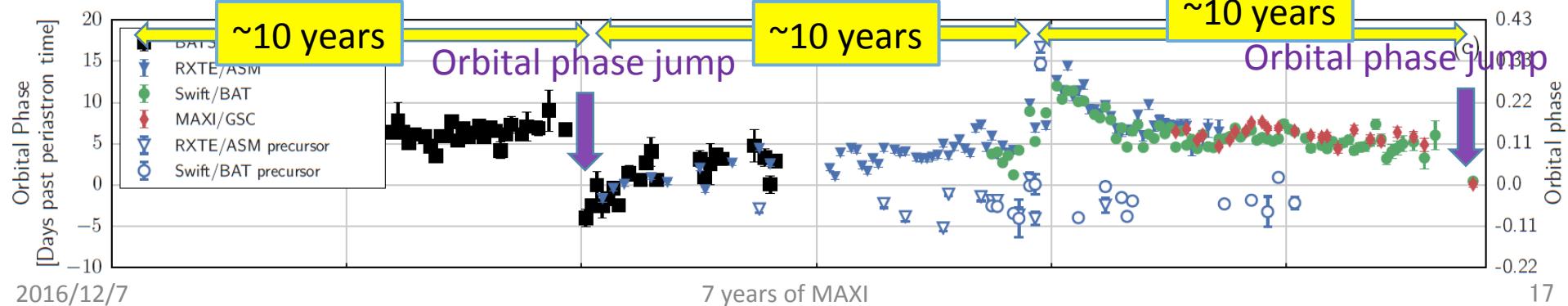
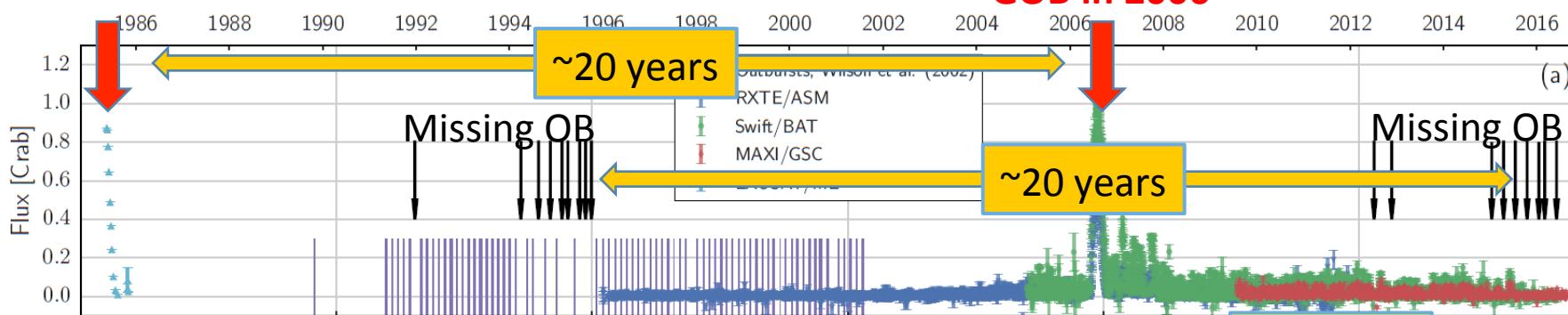


EXO 2030+375: Possible periodicity of GOB

Laplace et al. (2016) and P-58

- EXO2030+375 exhibits a regular outbursts synchronized with $P_{\text{orb}}=46$ d.
- Peculiar time intervals of GOBs, missing OBs and orbital phase jumps.
- There are 2 possibilities
 - Periodicity between GOBs (~ 20 years)
 - Periodicity between GOB and orbital phase jump (~ 10 years)

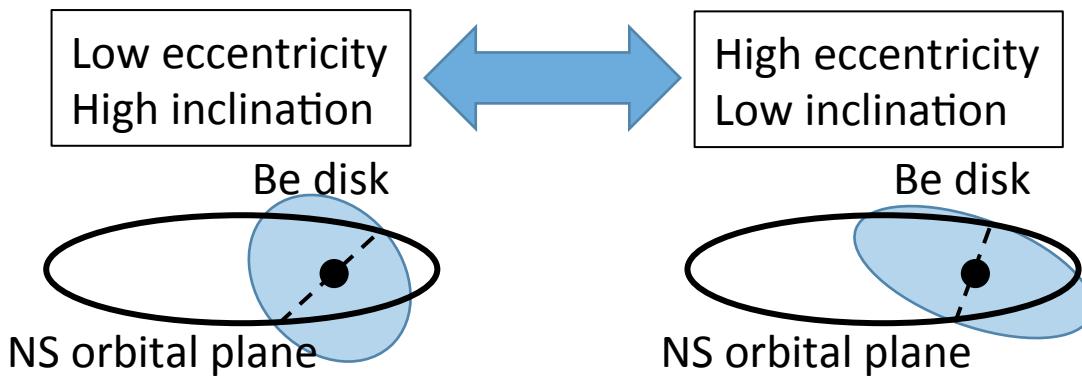
GOB in 1986





Kozai-Lidov(KL) mechanism in hydrodynamical disk

- KL mechanism
 - Orbital eccentricity and inclination of the object undergo periodical exchange.



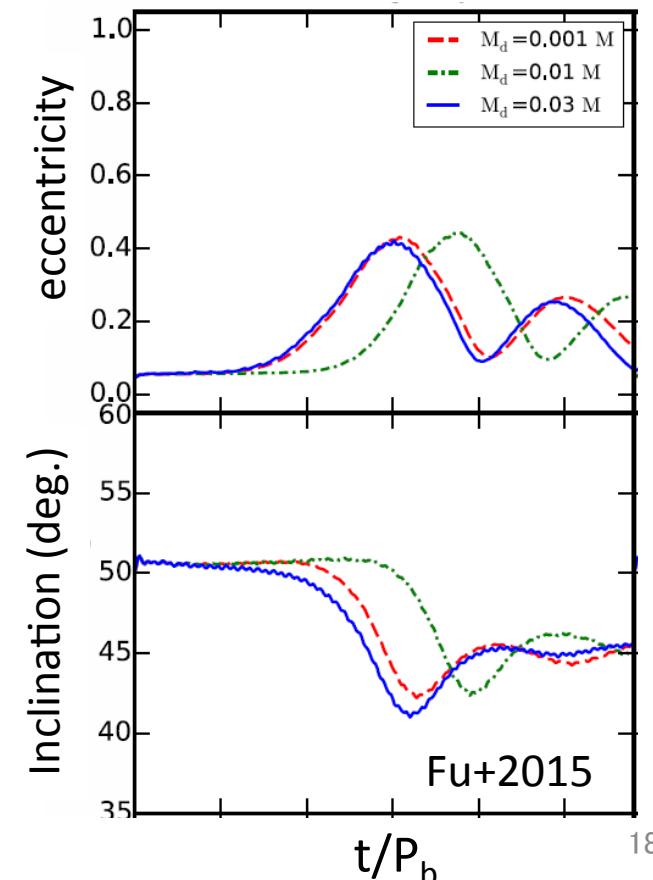
Applied to EXO 2030+375 parameters
 $\rightarrow \tau_{KL}=3820$ d (~ 10.5 years)

The τ_{KL} nicely matched with the time interval between GOB and orbital phase jump.

$$\frac{\tau_{KL}}{P_{\text{orb}}} \approx \frac{(4-p)}{\left(\frac{5}{2}-p\right)} \left(\frac{a}{R_{\text{out}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{M_{\text{Be}}}{M_{\text{NS}}} \left(\frac{M_{\text{Be}}}{M_{\text{NS}}} + 1\right)},$$

a:orbital separation

P:PL index of surface density of Be disk





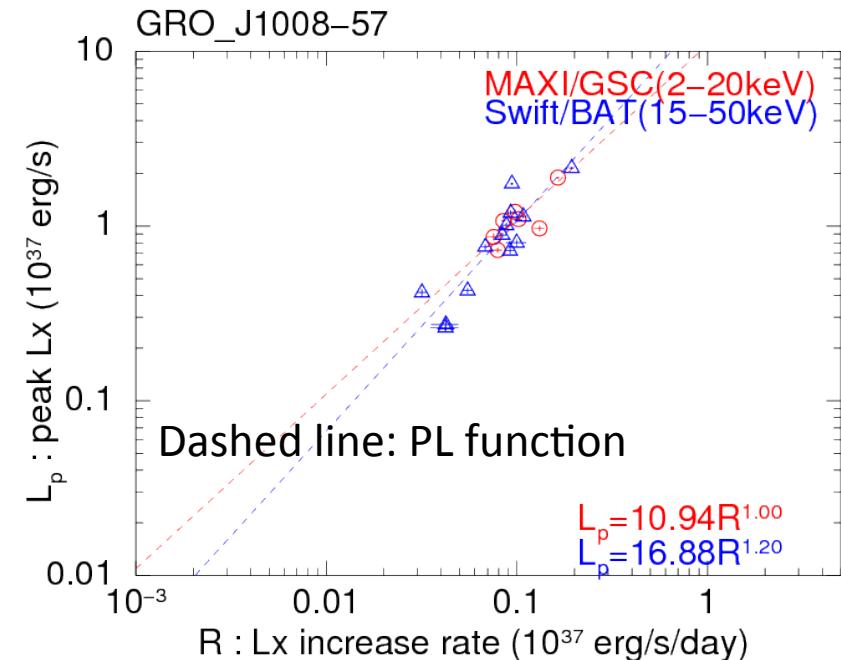
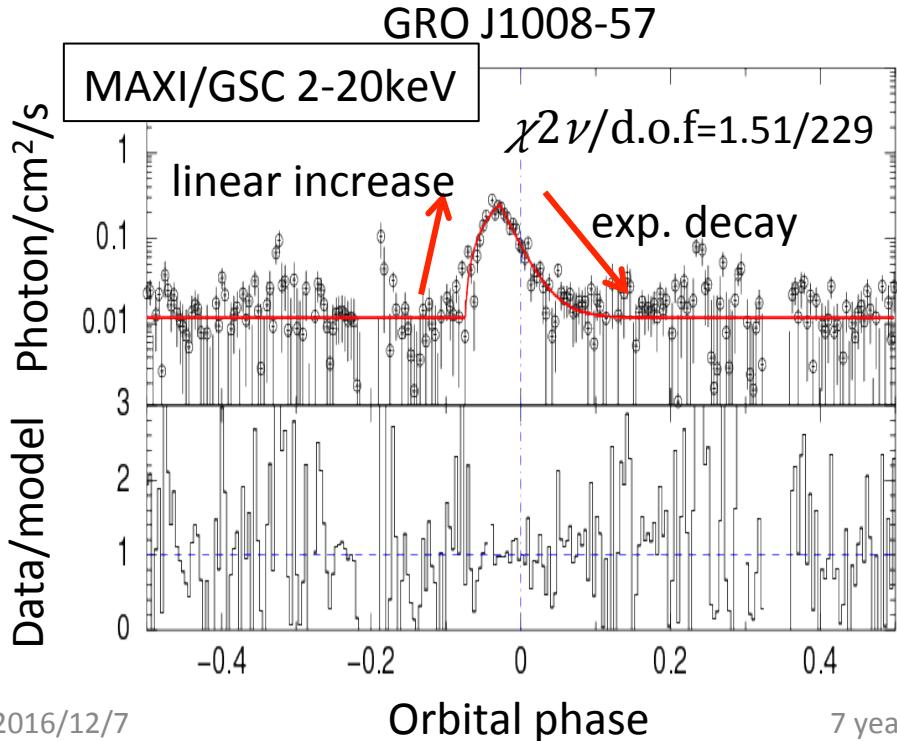
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Normal Outbursts L_x increase rate – peak L_x relation

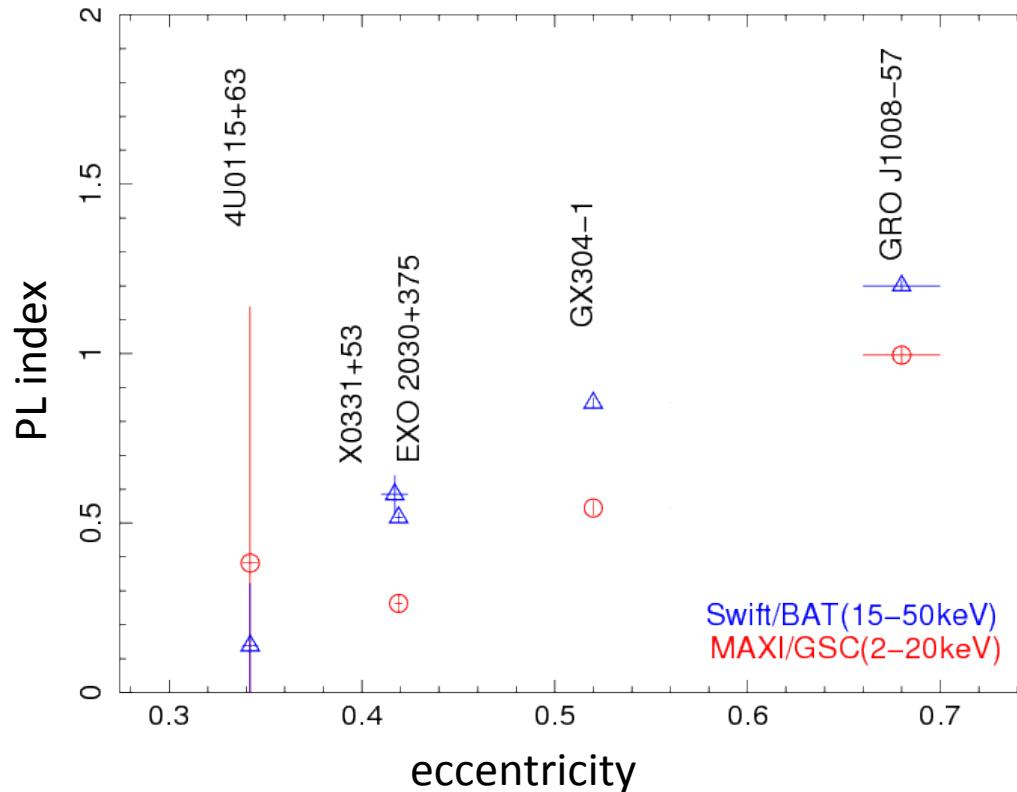
- Positive correlations between the L_x increase rate and the peak L_x are found in 5 BeXRBPs (GRO J1008-57, GX304-1, EXO 2030+375, V0332+53 and 4U0115+63).
- The relation can be described by power-law (PL) function.
- Each source have a different PL indexes.

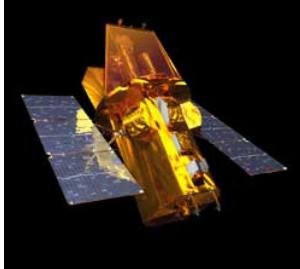




PL index and eccentricity

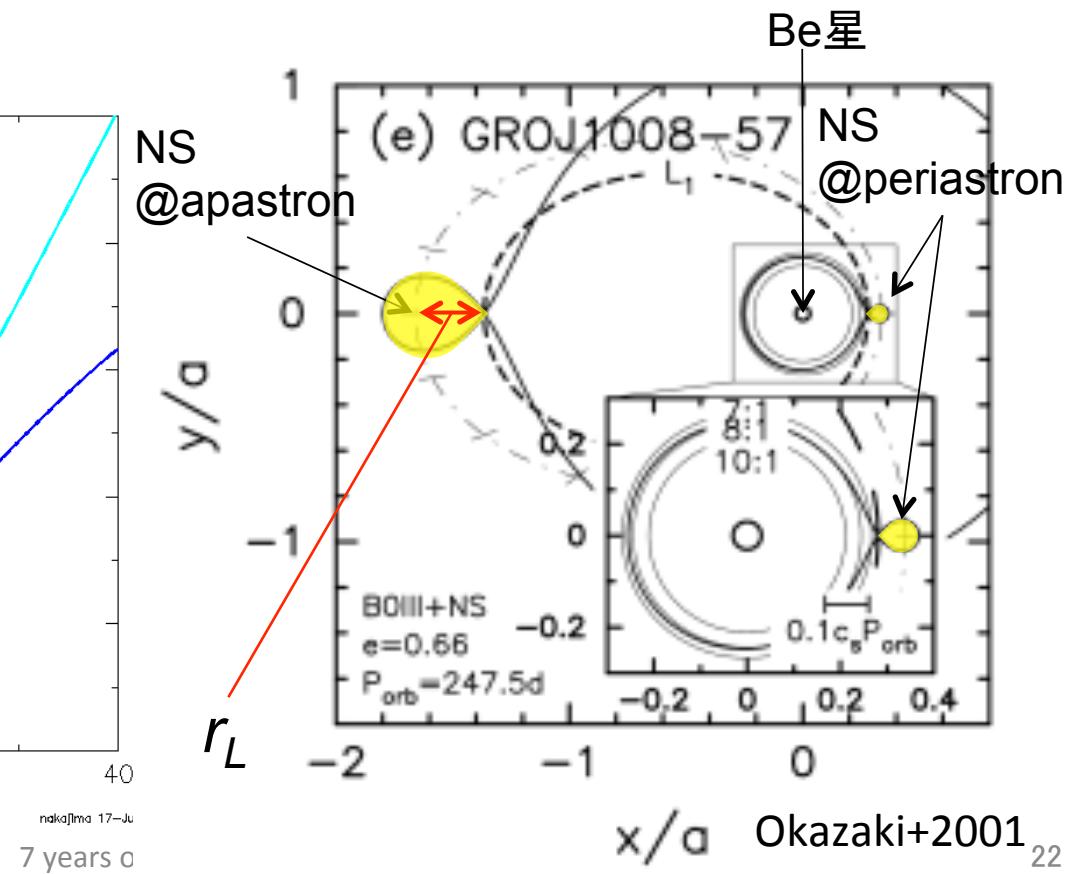
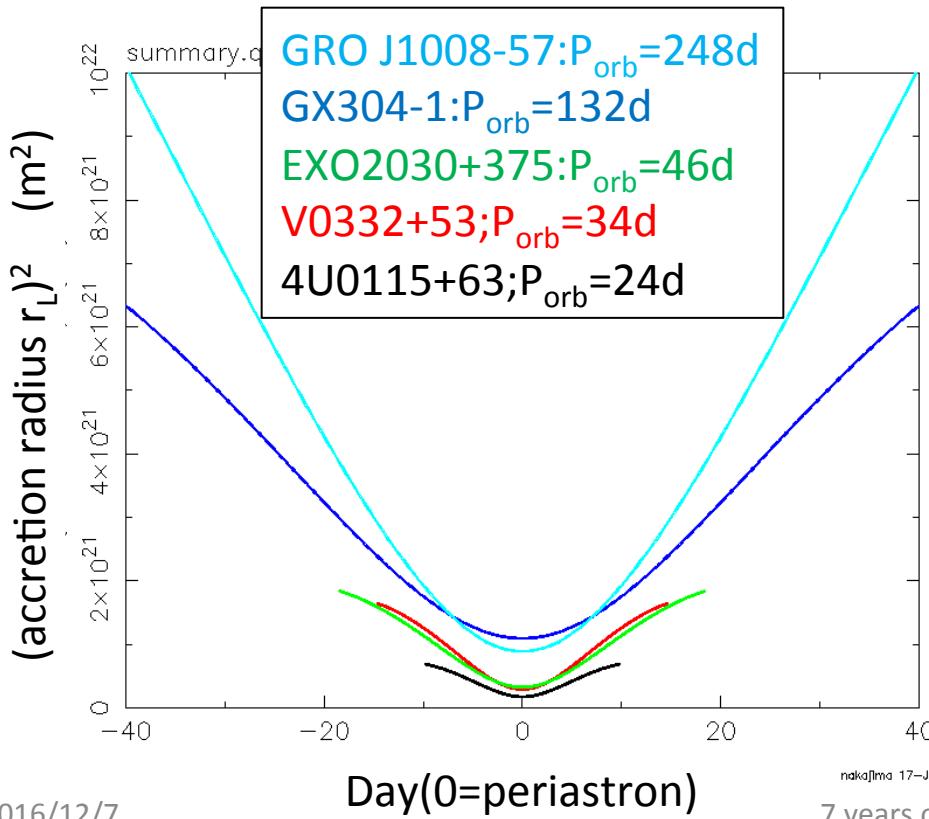
- PL index of L_x increase rate – peak L_x plot does not correlate with Be star type, orbital period and $a_x \sin i$.
- Positive relation in eccentricity and PL index.





Shrink of accretion radius

- In highly eccentric system, accretion radius r_L rapid shrinks near periastron.
- Further dynamical model and discussion is needed to understand this phenomenon.





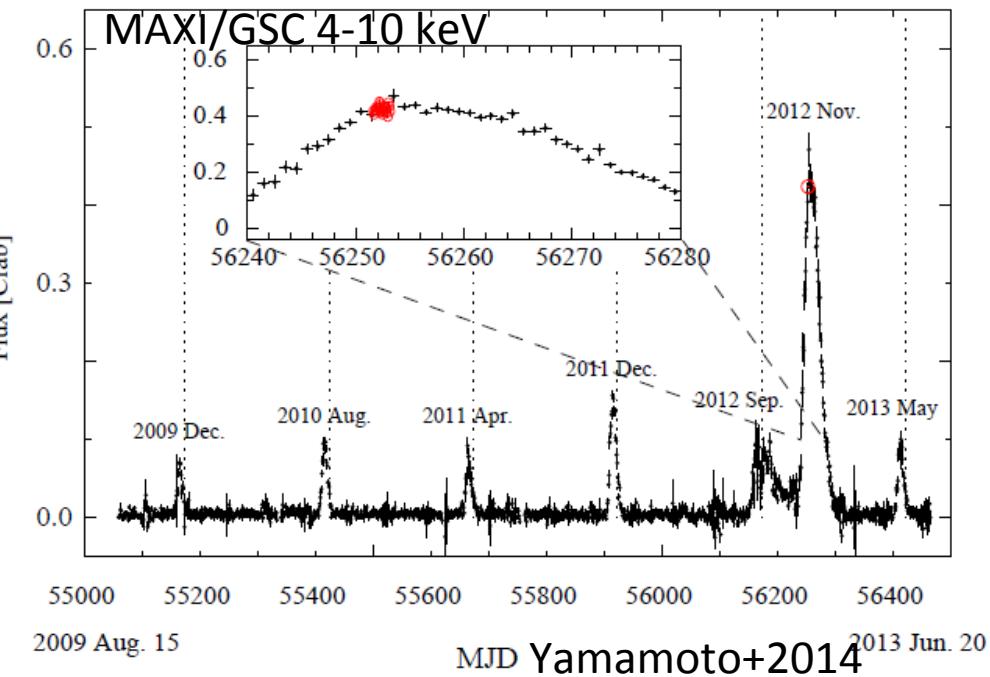
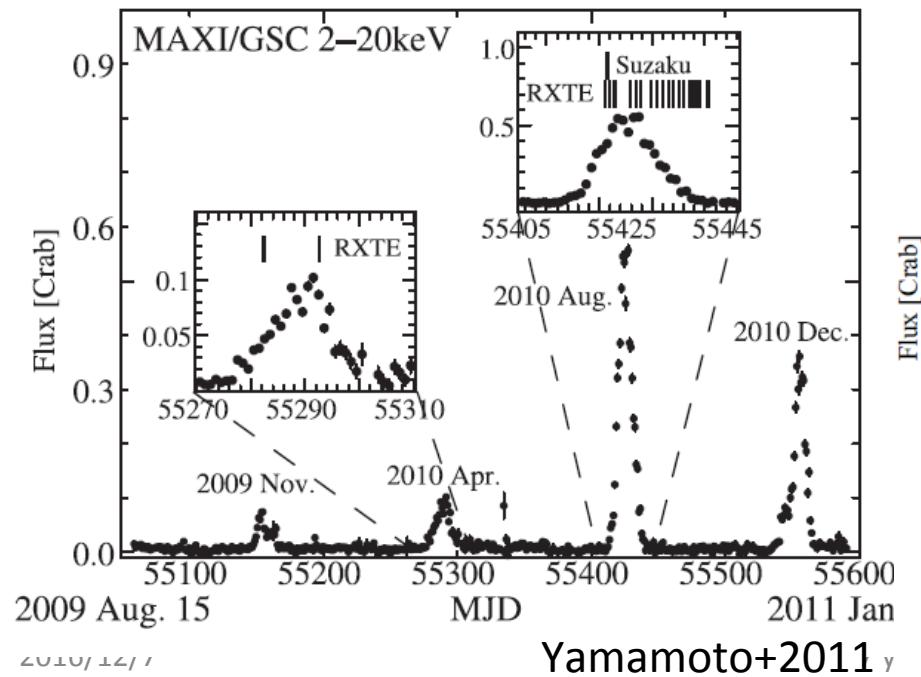
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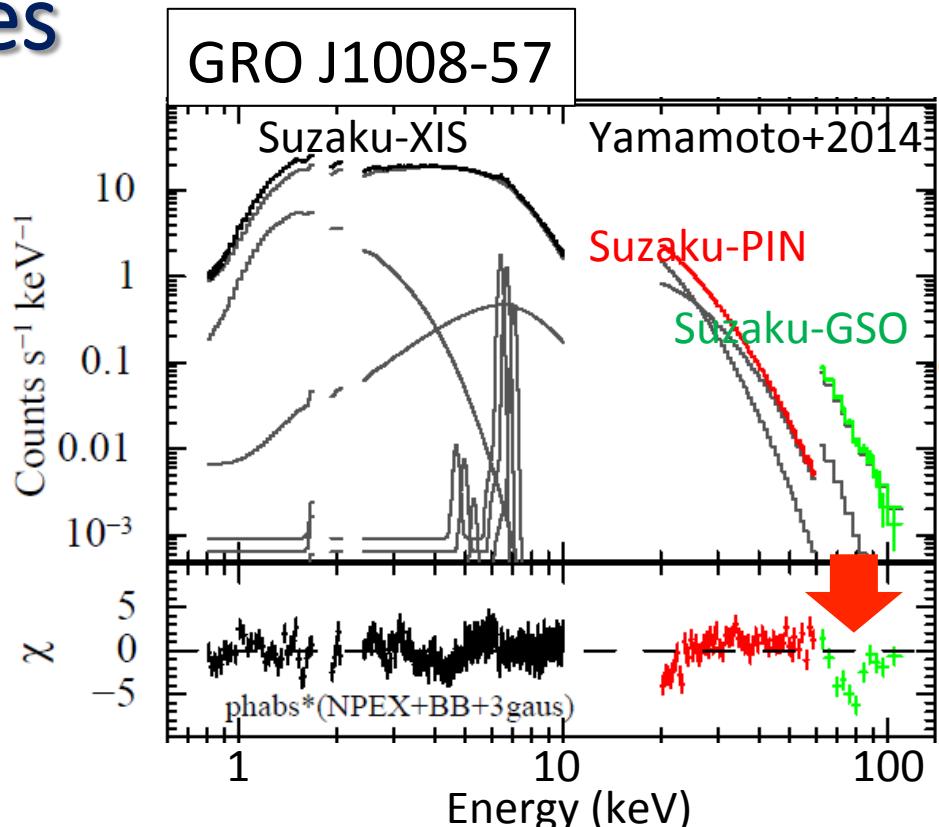
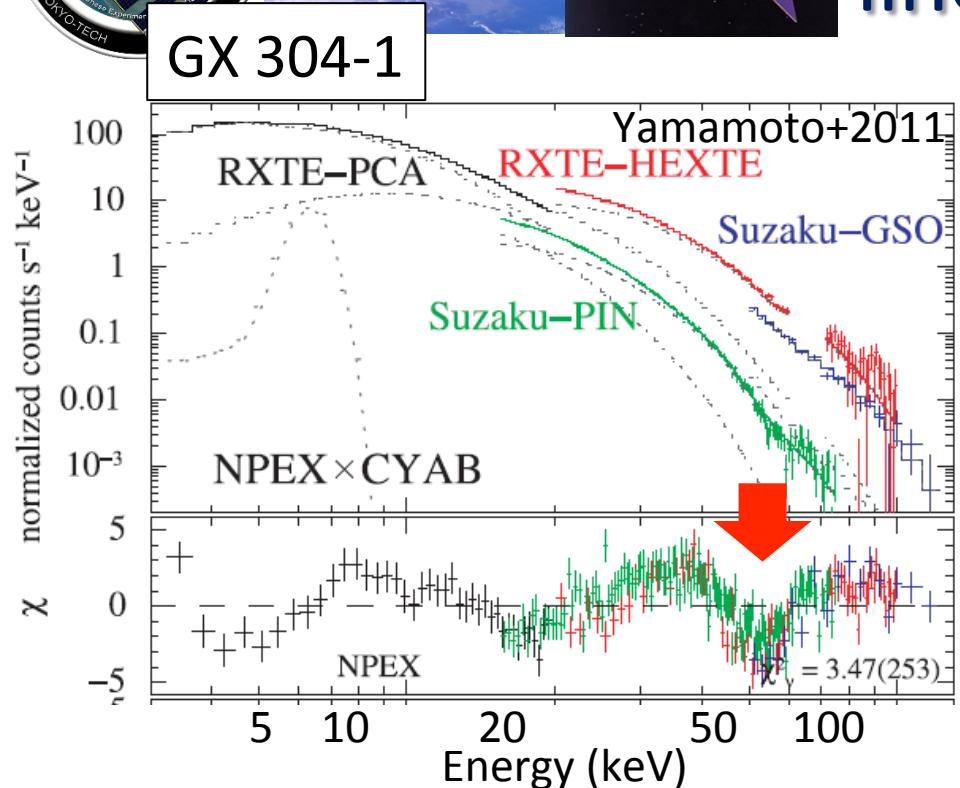
Suzaku and RXTE ToO observations GX304-1 and GRO J1008-57

- GX304-1 (Porb=132.5d)
- Reactive since 2008 June after 30 yrs quiescence.
- GOB in 2010 August.
- Suzaku observation at the peak.
- GRO J1008-57 (Porb=249.48d)
- MAXI detected 14 outbursts in 7 years.
- After the 5th one, GOB occurred.
- Suzaku observation almost at





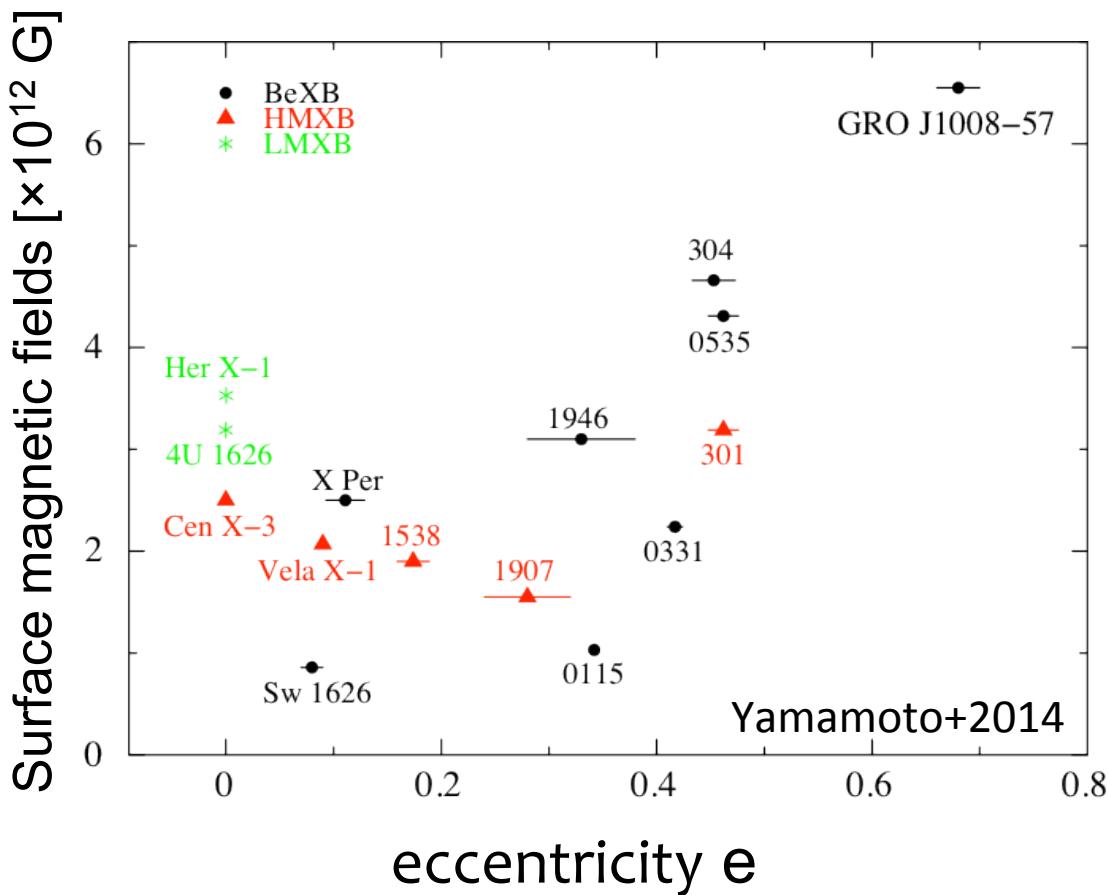
Detection of cyclotron lines



- Discovery of cyclotron line at 54 keV.
- $B=4.7\times10^{12}$ G
- Positive correlation in cyclotron line energies and luminosities.
- Firm detection of cyclotron line at 76 keV.
- $B=6.7\times10^{12}$ G
- Highest cyclotron energy among BeXRBPs.



Eccentricity and magnetic fields



- Positive relation in eccentricity e and magnetic field B .
- Relation with binary evolution model?

* 15 pulsars were plotted whose eccentricity is known.



Summary

- ✓ MAXI is monitoring Be X-ray binaries.
- ✓ Outburst orbital phase shift
 - ✓ The systematic orbital phase “delay” is observed from 4 BeXRBPs.
 - ✓ The phase shift rate probably depends on orbital eccentricity.
 - ✓ The systematic orbital phase “advance” is observed from GX304-1.
 - ✓ Be disk expansion is most likely scenario.
- ✓ GOB periodicity of EXO 2030+375 (Laplace et al. poster P-58)
 - ✓ Possibility of 20/10 years periodicity in GOB activity.
 - ✓ KL oscillation can explain long term periodicity.
- ✓ Correlation between flux increase rate and peak fluxes in NOBs
 - ✓ The effect of Roche lobe shrink might explain the observed relation.
- ✓ Suzaku follow-up observations
 - ✓ Discovery of the cyclotron resonance lines in GX 304-1 and GRO J1008-57
 - ✓ e-B relation might relate with binary evolution model.





Modeling the Outburst Profile

- The quantitative analysis is needed to understand and compare each outburst profile.
- There are several models to represent the outburst profiles.
 - Gaussian model
 - Asymmetric Gaussian model (Kuhnel+2014)
 - Burst model
 - Triangle shape function



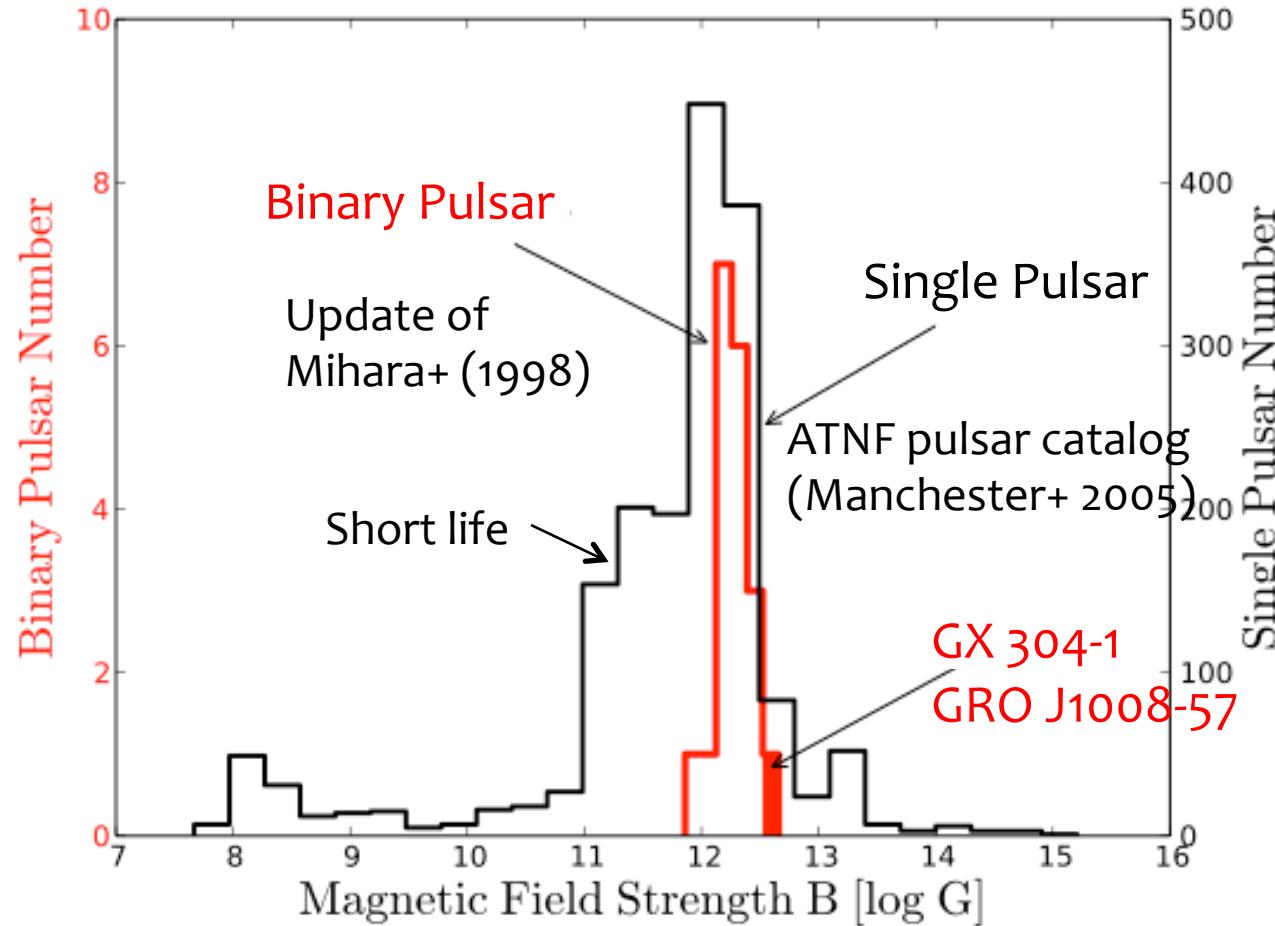
Outline

- Introduction
 - About Be X-ray binary pulsar (BeXRBP)
 - MAXI/GSC observation of BeXRBP
 - Atel
 - Lightcurve
 - Various outburst
 - Individual topics



B distribution of pulsars

18 XBPs
Ginga (6),
RXTE (5),
Suzaku (3)
others (4)



MAXI–Suzaku observations added two XBPs in high end.
B peaks at 2×10^{12} G, and distributes to 7×10^{12} G