

Interaction cross section of two-neutron halo nucleus ^{22}C at 235 MeV/nucleon

Y. Togano et al., Phys. Lett. B **761**, 412 (2016).

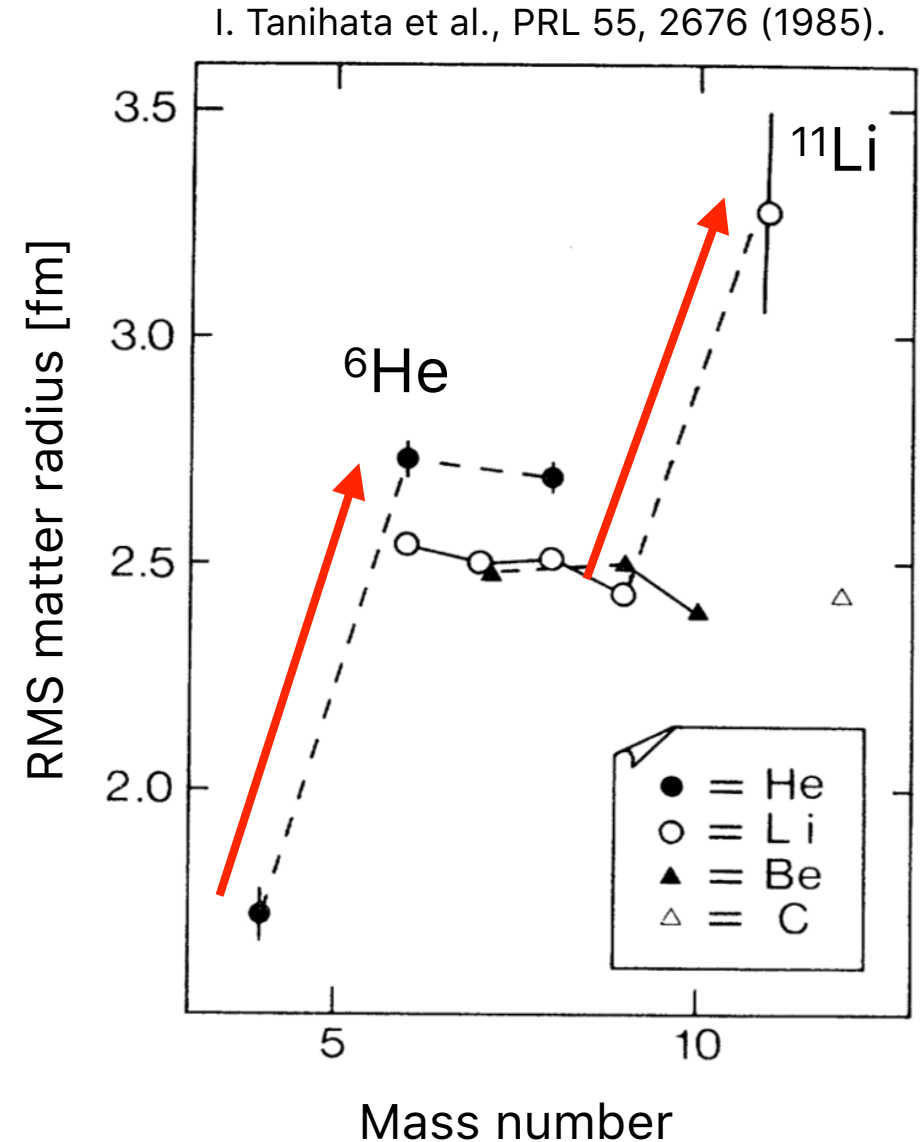
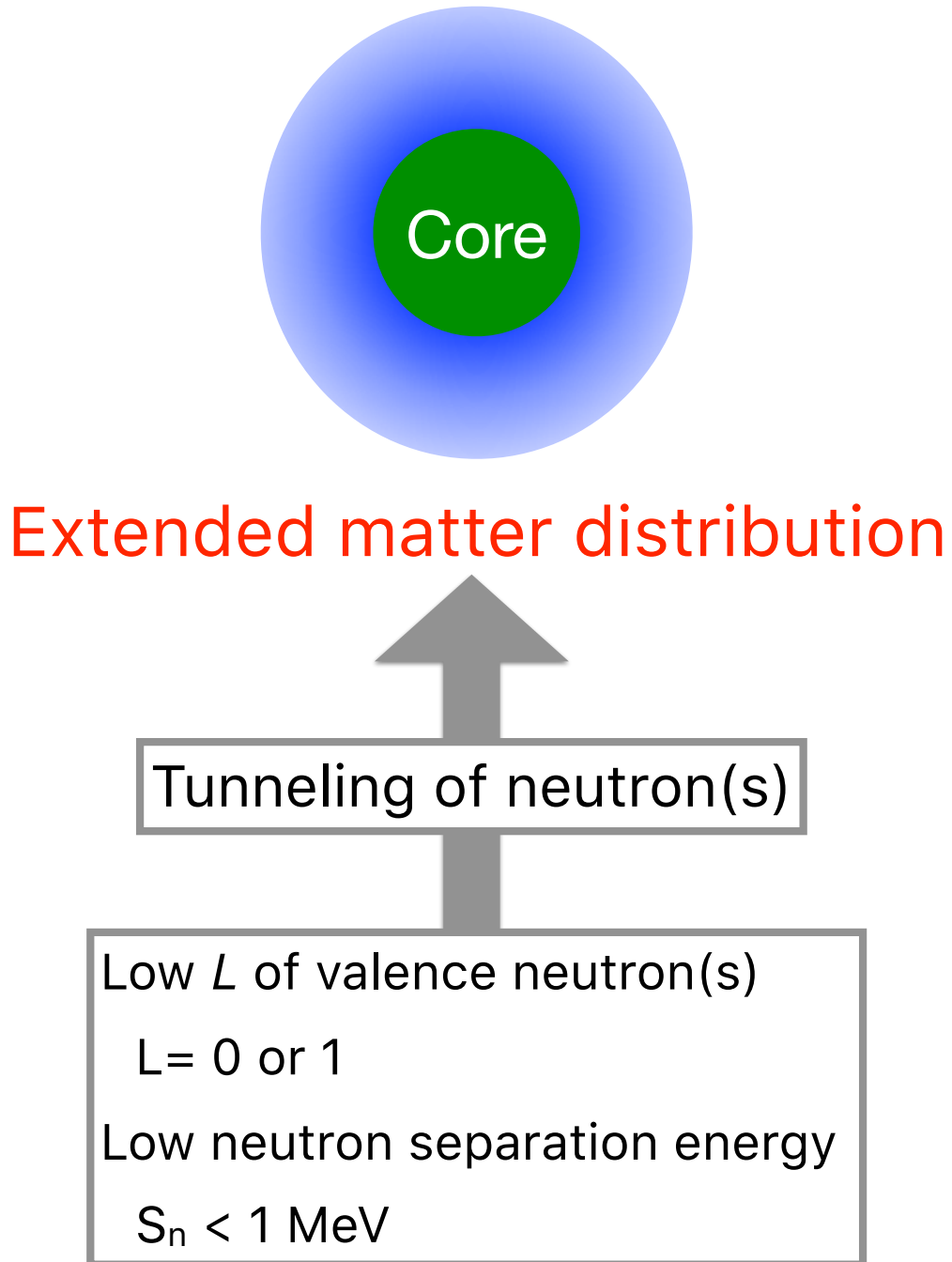
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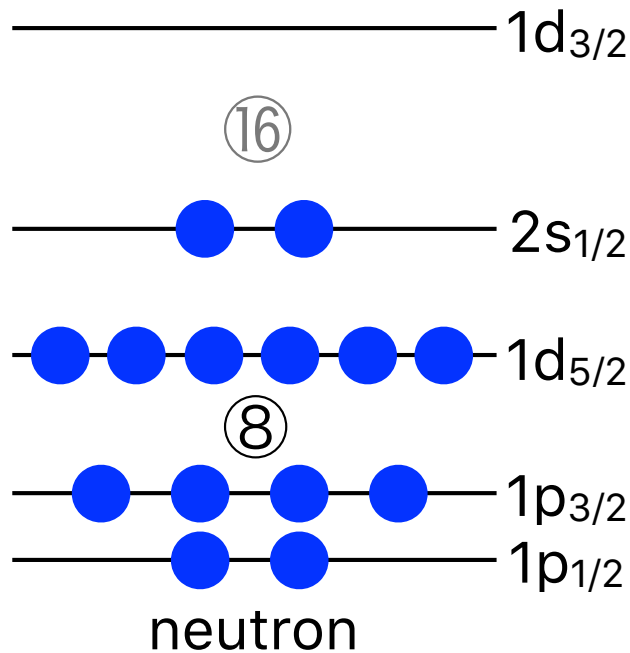
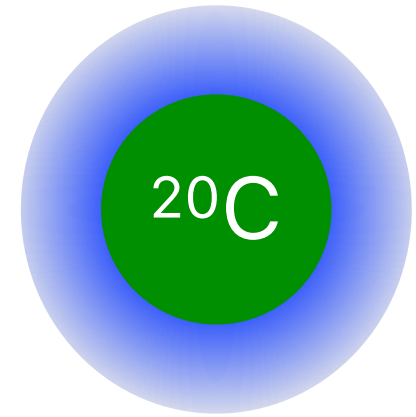
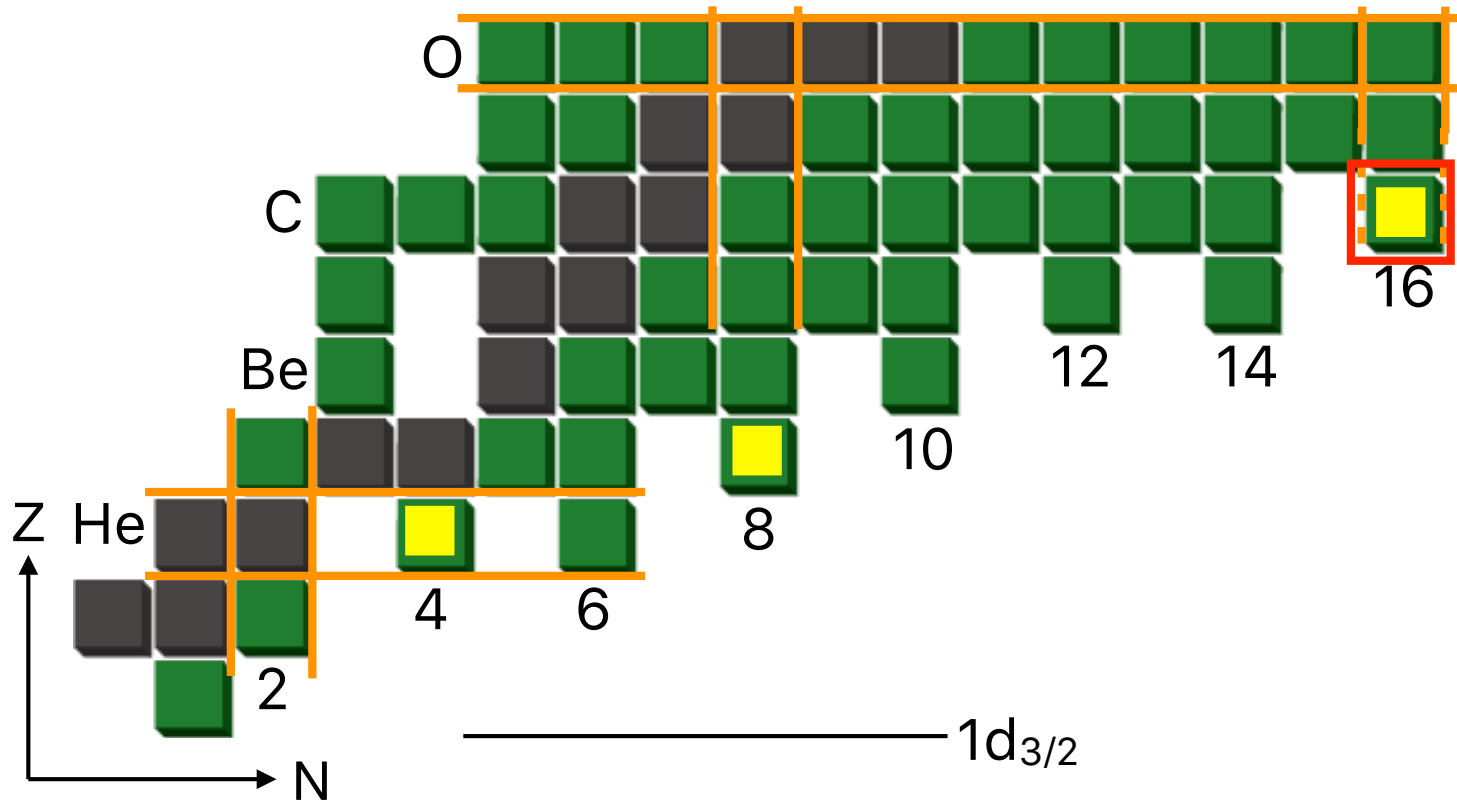
Contents

- Introduction: halo nucleus and matter radius
- Procedure: interaction cross section \rightarrow radius
- Experiment: SAMURAI
- Results on ^{19}C , ^{20}C , and ^{22}C
- Discussion
- Summary

Halo nucleus



Two-neutron halo nucleus ^{22}C



Valence neutrons: S wave

N. Kobayashi et al., PRC 86, 054604

$S_{2n} = -0.14 \pm 0.46 \text{ MeV}$

L. Gaudefroy et al., PRL 109, 202503

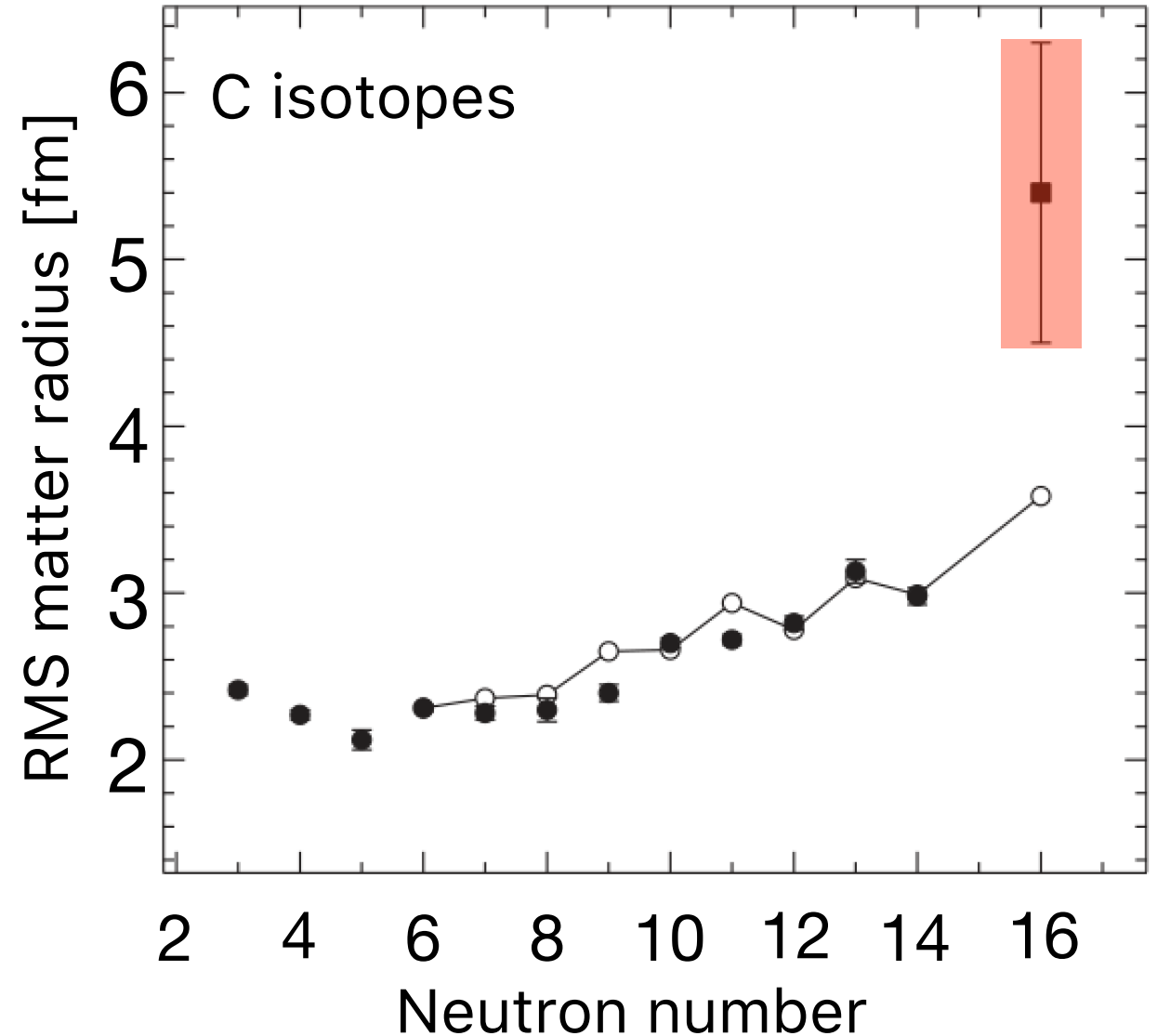
Matter radius studied by $^{22}\text{C}+p@40\text{ AMeV}$

K. Tanaka et al., PRL104, 062701 (2010).

$$\sigma_R(^{22}\text{C}) = 1.338(274)\text{ b}$$

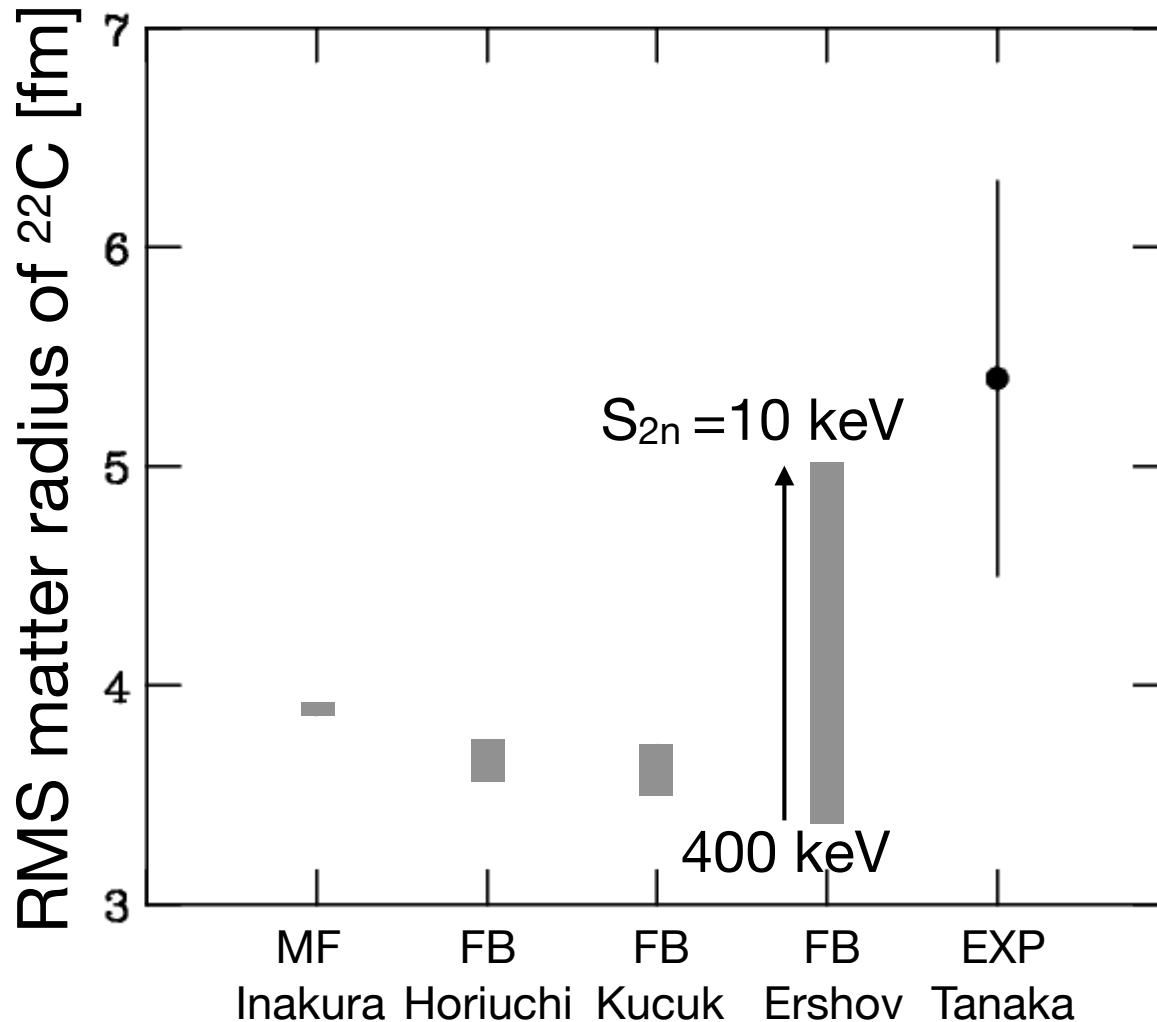
Glauber model

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} = 5.4(9)\text{ fm}$$



Comparison with theories

Large experimental error makes comparison difficult



- T. Inakura et al., PRC 89, 064316 (2014).
- W. Horiuchi et al., PRC 74, 034311 (2006).
- Y. Kucuk et al., PRC 89, 034607 (2014).
- S. N. Ershov et al., PRC 86, 034331 (2012).

**Accurate ^{22}C radius data
necessary**



**Precise interaction
cross section of ^{22}C**

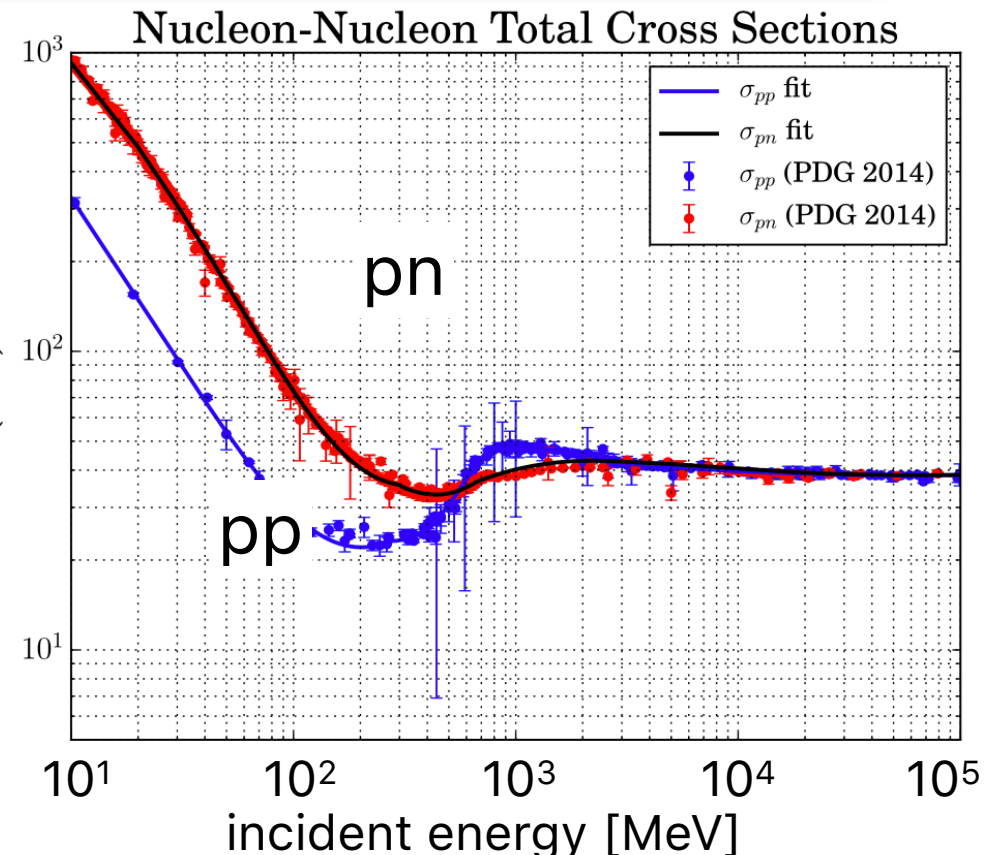
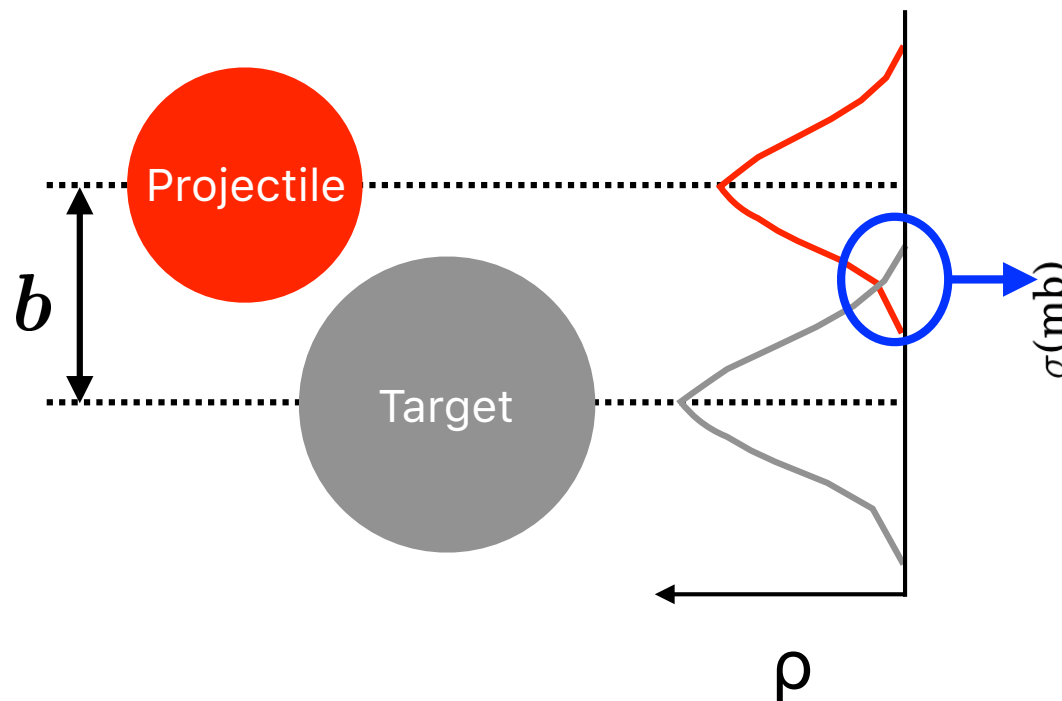
Matter radius and interaction cross section

Reaction cross section: $\sigma_R = \sigma_{tot} - \sigma_{el}$

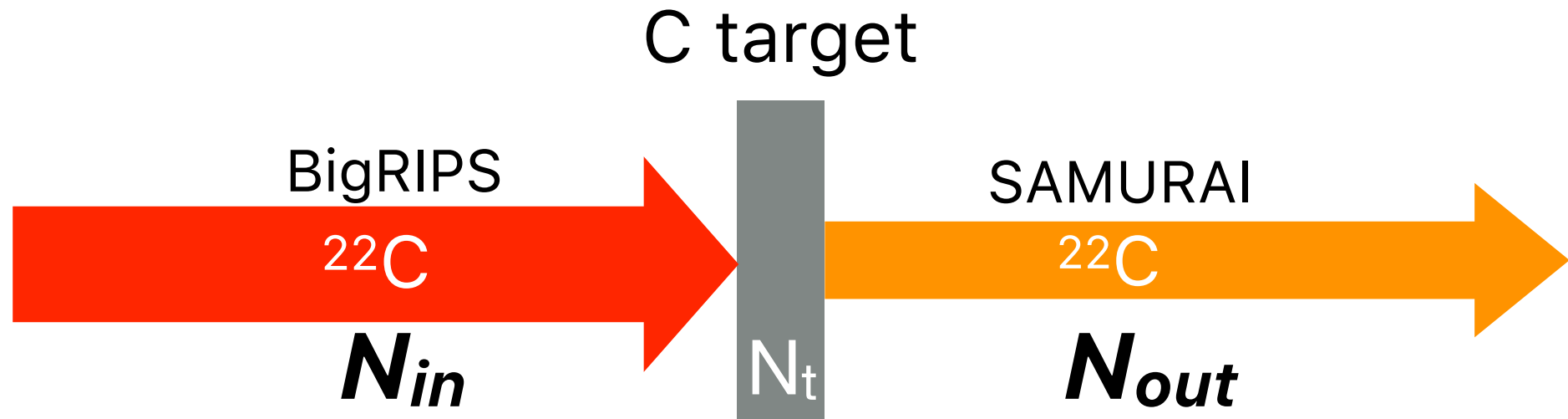
Interaction cross section: $\sigma_I = \sigma_R - \sigma_{inel}$ $\sigma_R \simeq \sigma_I$

Glauber model

$$\sigma_R = \int d\mathbf{b} \left[1 - \exp \left(- \int d^2\mathbf{r} \sum_{i,j} \sigma_{NN} \rho_z^{Pi} \rho_z^{Tj} (\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{b}) \right) \right]$$



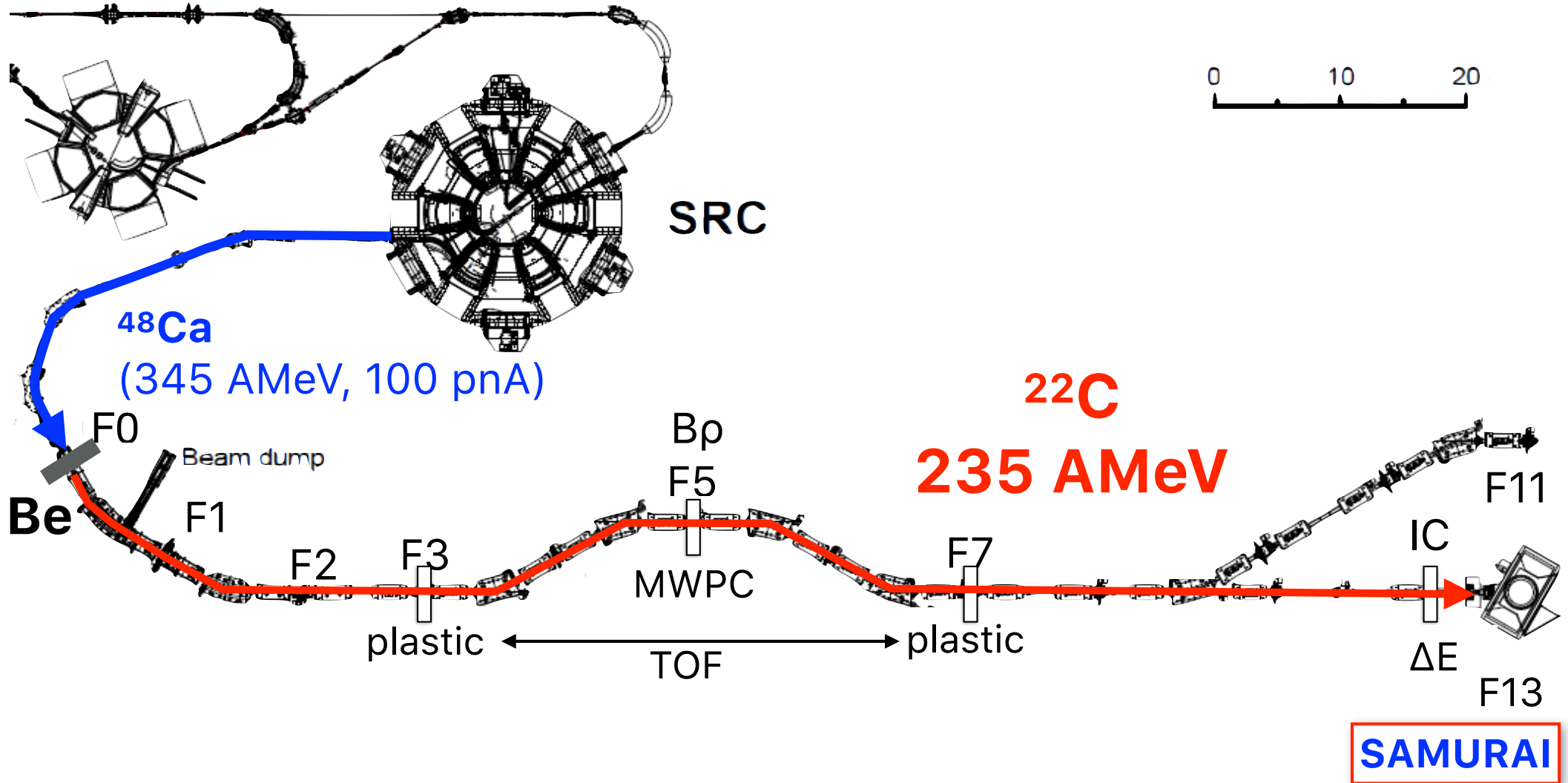
Procedure: Transmission method



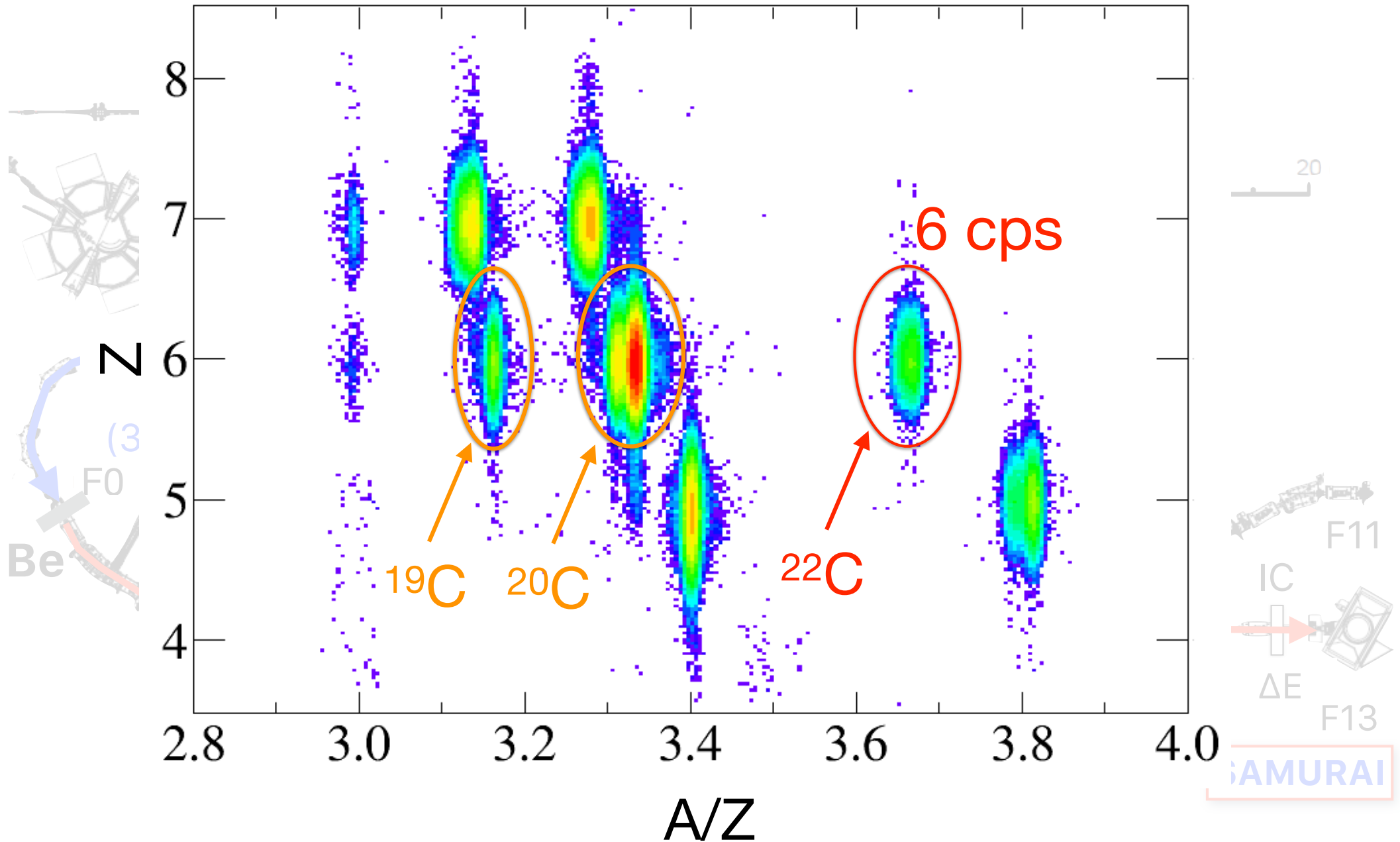
$$\sigma_I = -\frac{1}{N_t} \log \left(\frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_0} \right) \quad \Gamma = \frac{N_{out}}{N_{in}}$$

Γ_0 : Γ without target: reaction in detectors

Experiment: BigRIPS

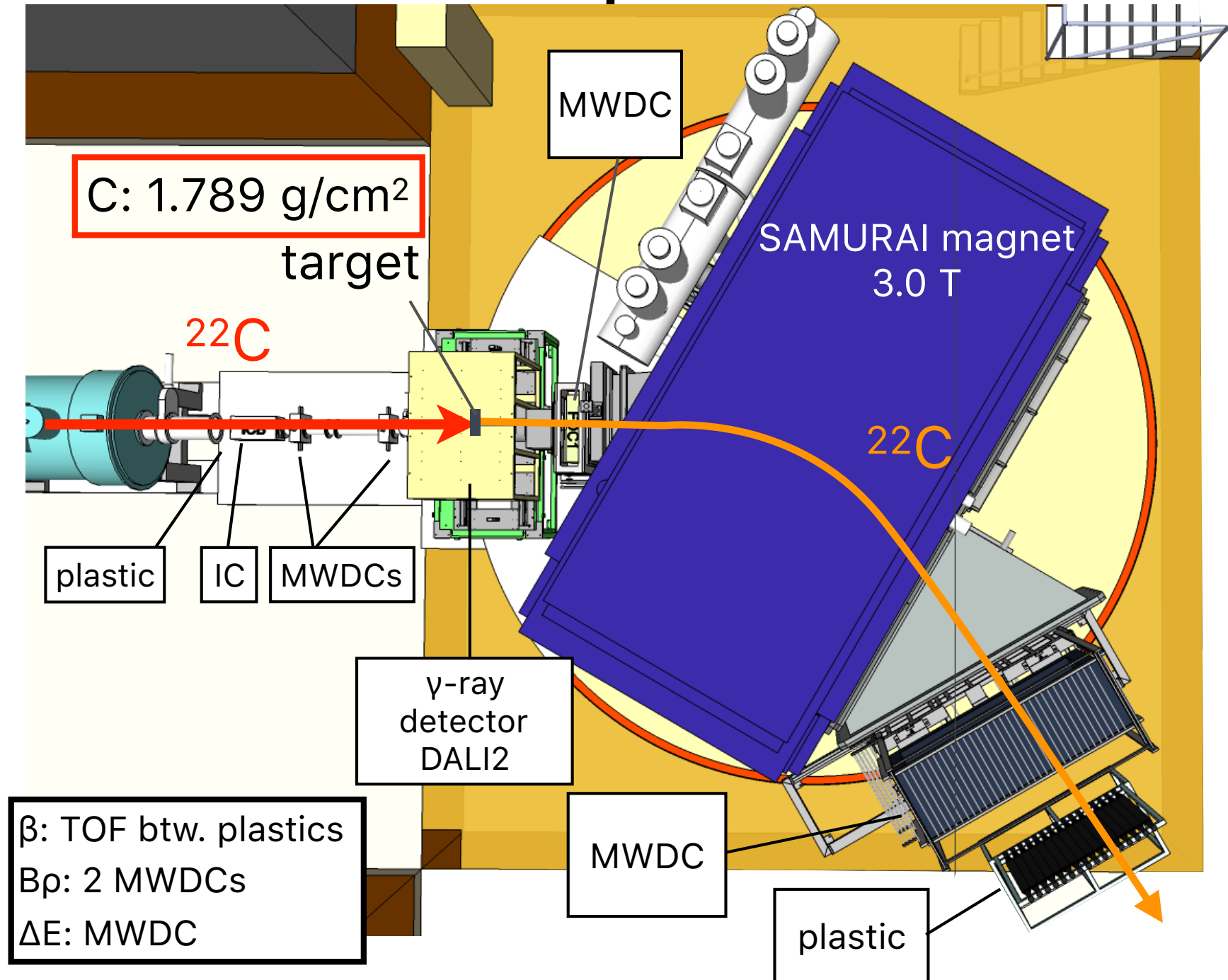


Experiment: BigRIPS

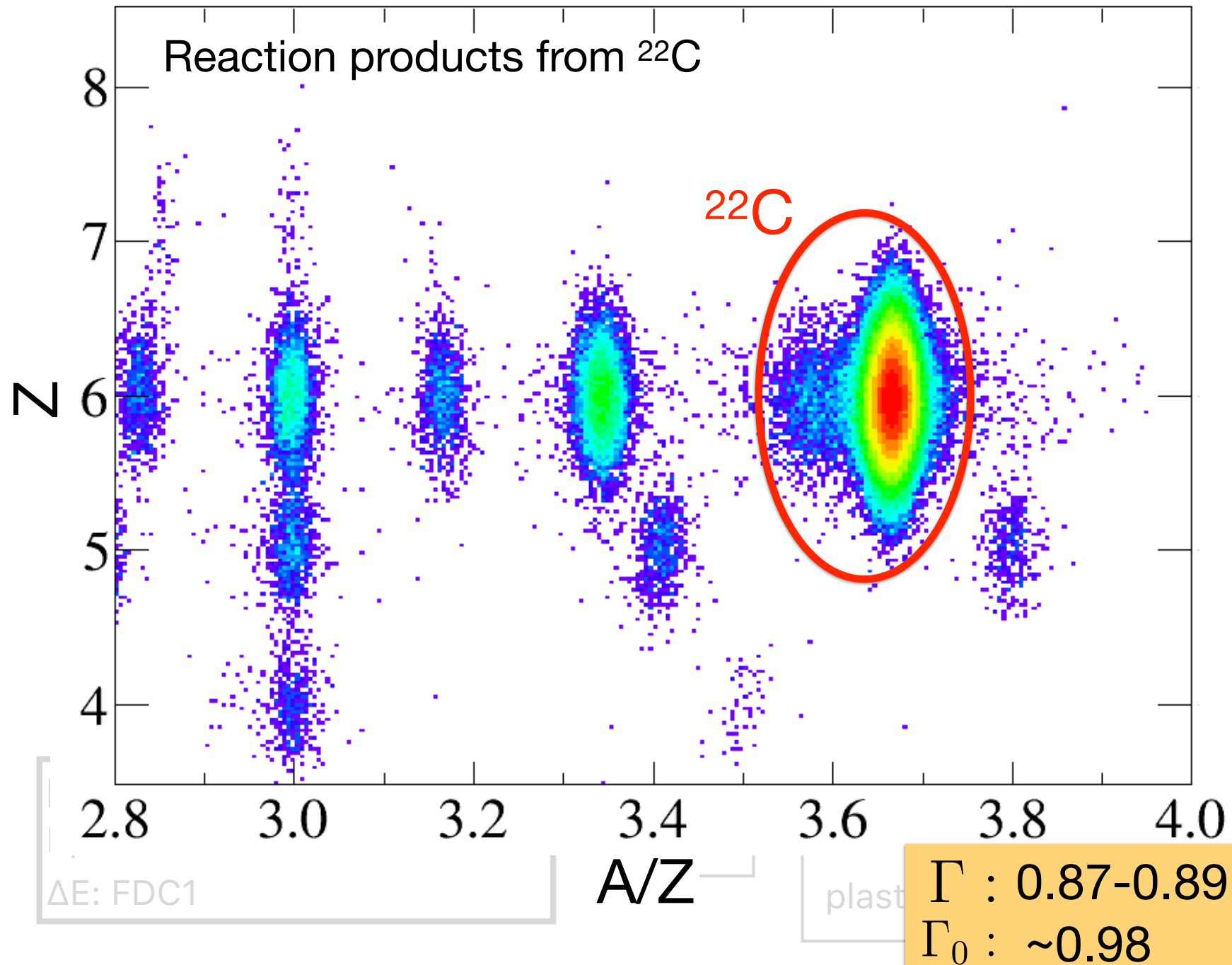


10 cph K. Tanaka et al. (2010)

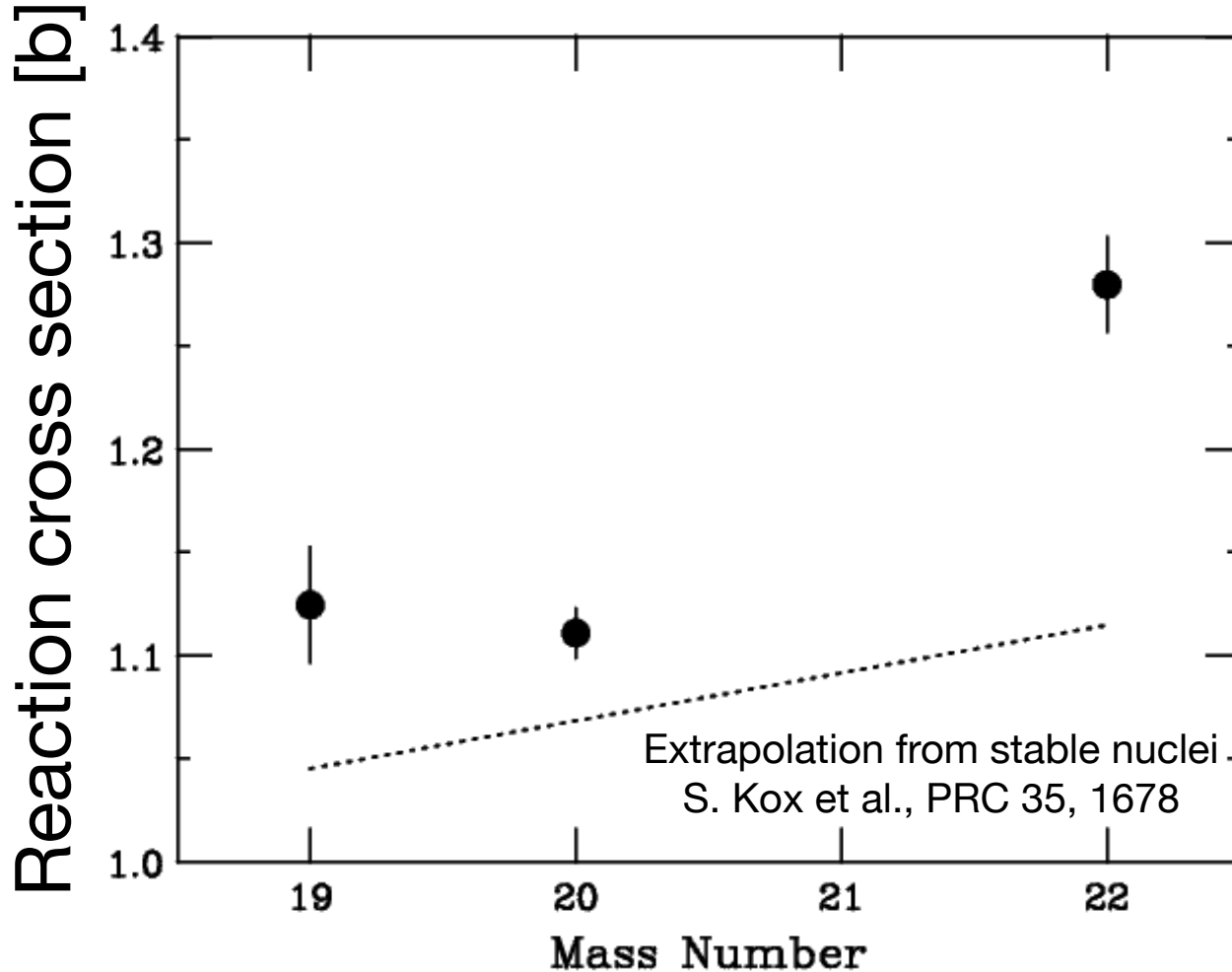
SAMURAI spectrometer



SAMURAI spectrometer



Result: σ_R of $^{19,20,22}\text{C}$



A	E_{beam} [AMeV]	σ_R [b]
19	307	1.125(28)
20	280	1.111(12)
22	235	1.280(23)

$$^{22}\text{C}+p @ 40 \text{ AMeV}$$
$$\sigma_R = 1.338(274) \text{ b}$$

Big jump from ^{20}C to ^{22}C

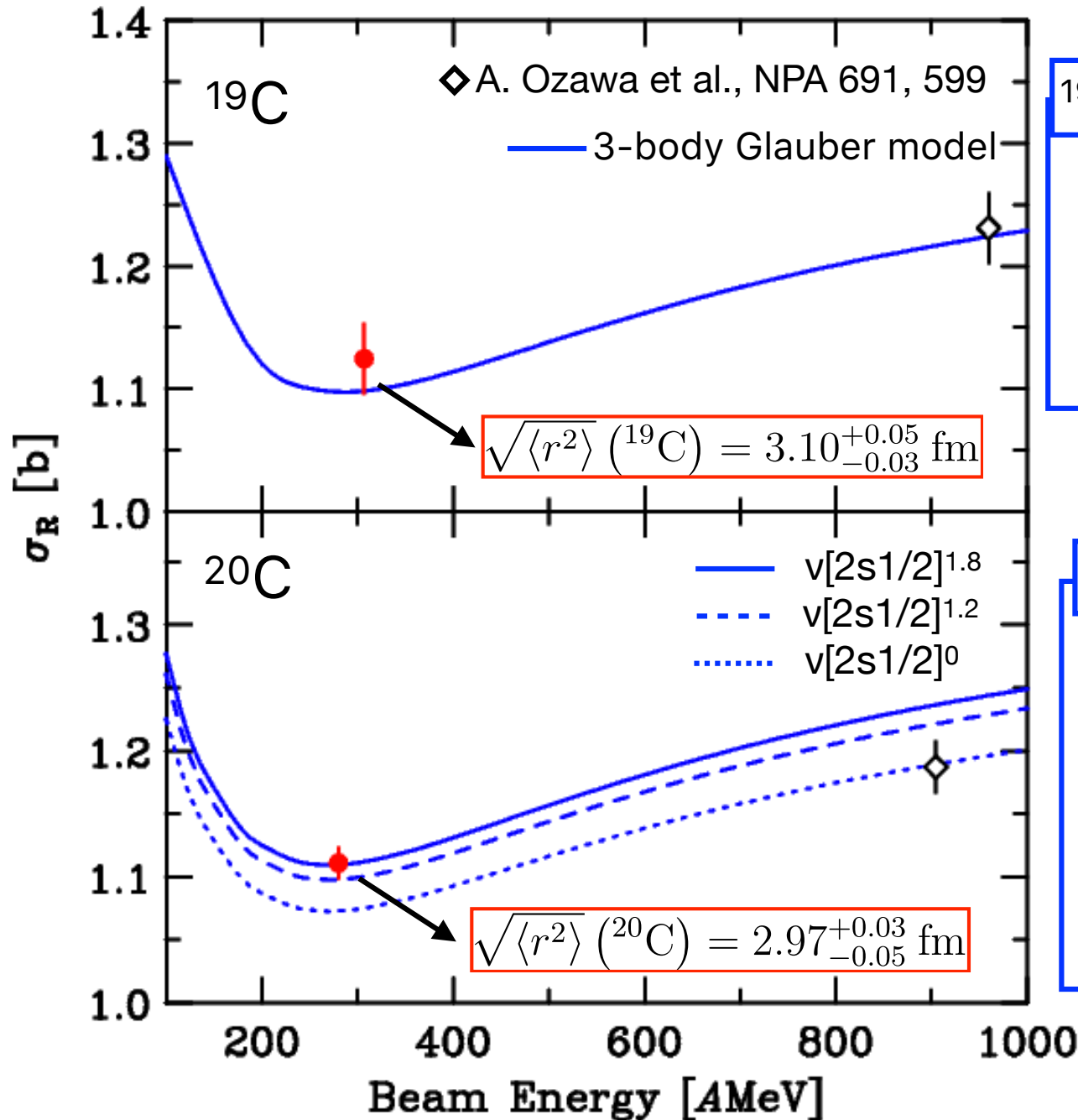


^{22}C is halo nucleus

100 times smaller
uncertainty

Energy dependence of σ_R : 19,20C

J.S. Al-Khalili et al., PRL 76, 3903.



19C: $^{18}\text{C}+n \rightarrow \text{C}$: 3-body Glauber

^{18}C dist.: HF calc. (SkX)

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{18}\text{C}) = 2.75 \text{ fm}$$

$S_n = 0.58 \text{ MeV}$

20C: $^{20}\text{C} \rightarrow \text{C}$: 2-body Glauber

$S_n = 2.93(26) \text{ MeV}$

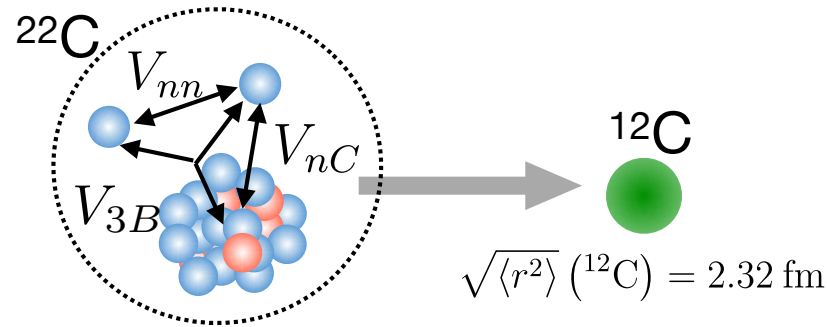
dist.: HF calc. (SkX)

valence neutron($2s_{1/2}$): 0~1.8

Shell model (WBP): 1.2

^{22}C : 4-body Glauber model

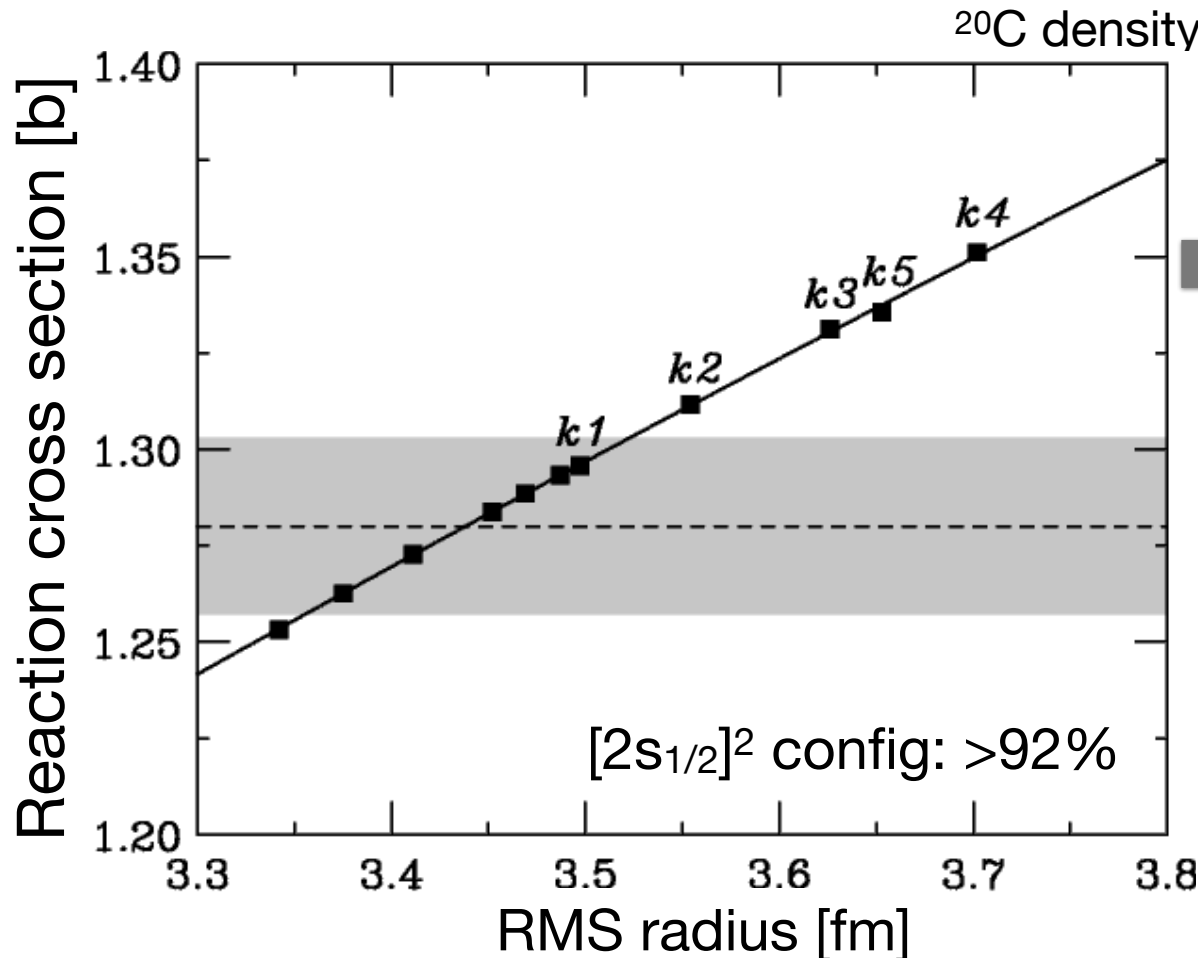
Y. Kucuk and J. A. Tostevin,
PRC89, 034607



V_{nn} : GPT interaction (D. Gogny et al., PLB 32, 591)

$$V_{nC}^l : \frac{V_0^l}{1 + \exp\left(\frac{r-R}{a}\right)} + \text{LS} \quad \begin{array}{l} V_0^{l=0} : \text{Parameter} \\ V_0^{l=2} = 42.0 \text{ MeV} \end{array}$$

V_{3B} : Attractive hyperradial 3-body force (parameter)



^{20}C density: HF calculation with SkX interaction

filled $1d_{5/2}$ shell $\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{20}\text{C}) = 2.89 \text{ fm}$

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{22}\text{C}) = 3.44 \pm 0.08 \text{ fm}$$

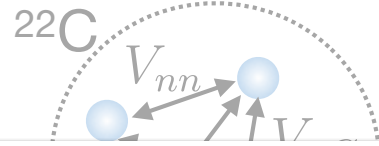
Smaller
but consistent in $\sim 2\sigma$

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{22}\text{C}) = 5.4 \pm 0.9 \text{ fm}$$

$^{22}\text{C}+p$ @40 AMeV (K. Tanaka et al.)

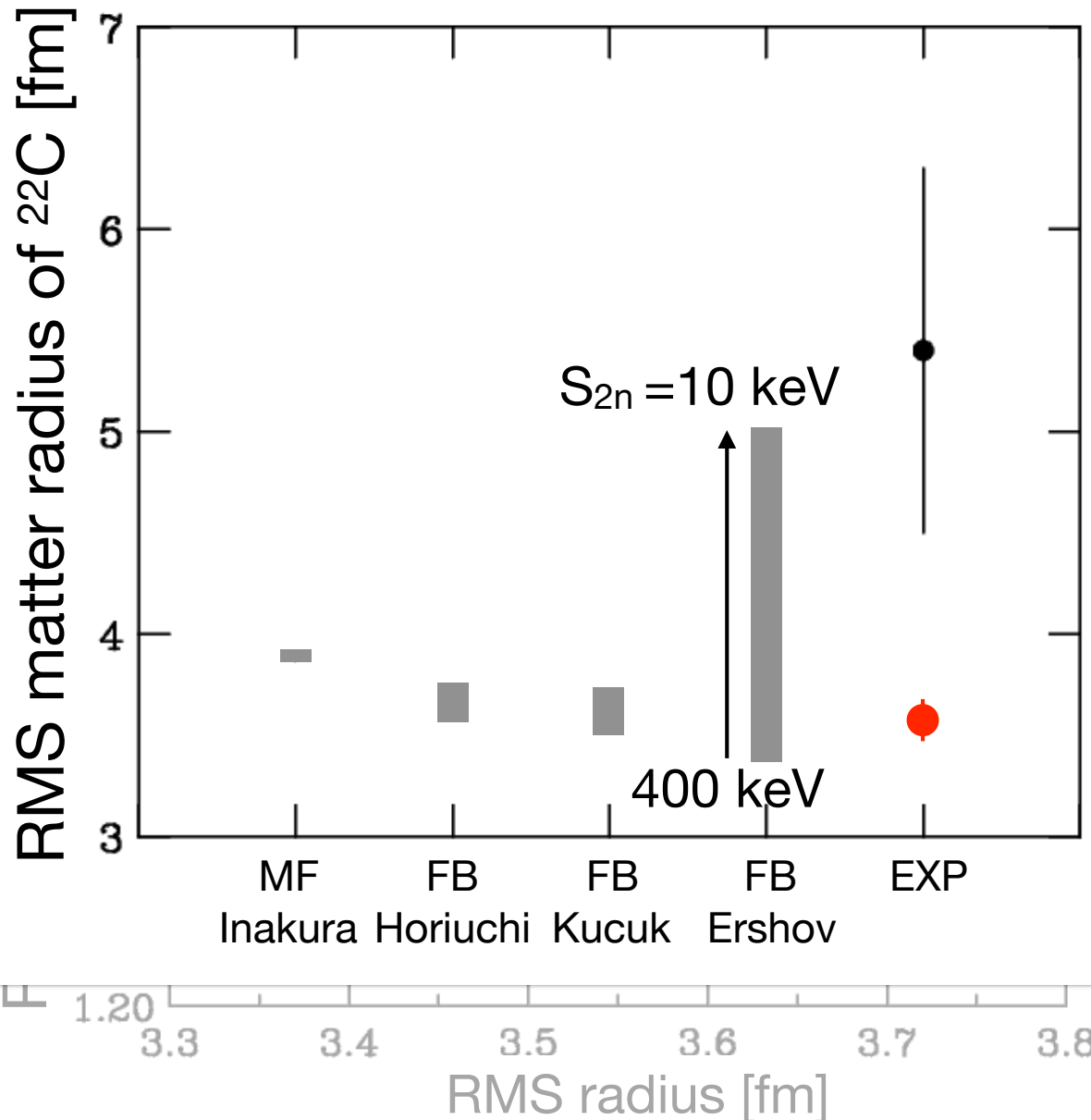
^{22}C : 4-body Glauber model

Y. Kucuk and J. A. Tostevin,
PRC89, 034607



V_{nn} : GPT interaction (D. Gogny et al., PLB 32, 591)

^{12}C



$\frac{1}{b} \left(\frac{r-R}{a} \right) + \text{LS}$ $V_0^{l=0}$: Parameter
 $V_0^{l=2} = 42.0 \text{ MeV}$
 attractive hyperradial 3-body force (parameter)

HF calculation with SkX interaction
 filled $0d_{5/2}$ shell $\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{20}\text{C}) = 2.89 \text{ fm}$

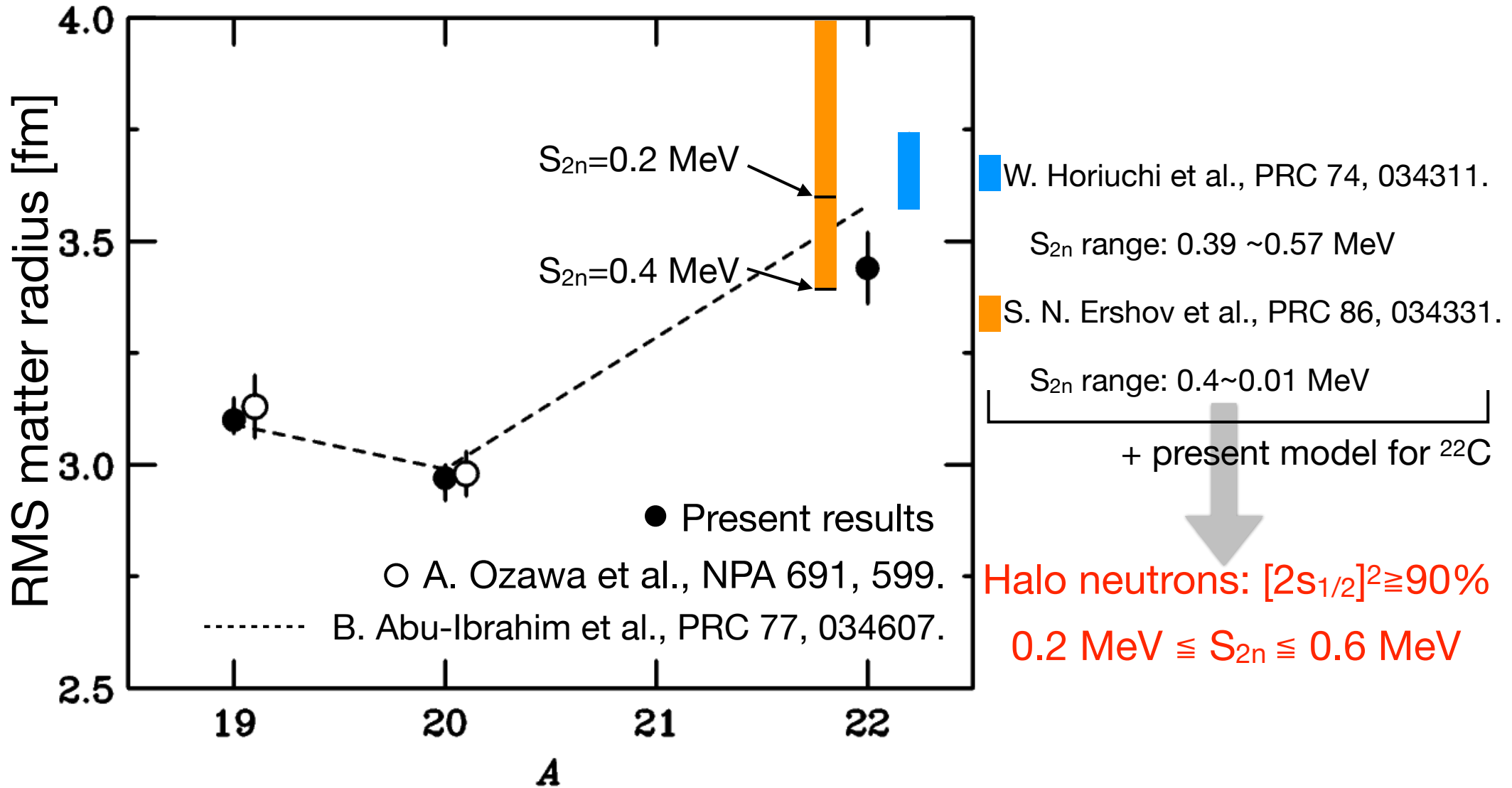
$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{22}\text{C}) = 3.44 \pm 0.08 \text{ fm}$$

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$^{22}\text{C}+p$ @40 AMeV (K. Tanaka et al.)

Matter radius of $^{19,20,22}\text{C}$



3-body model incorporate core polarization

T. Suzuki et al., Phys. Lett. B 753, 199 (2016).

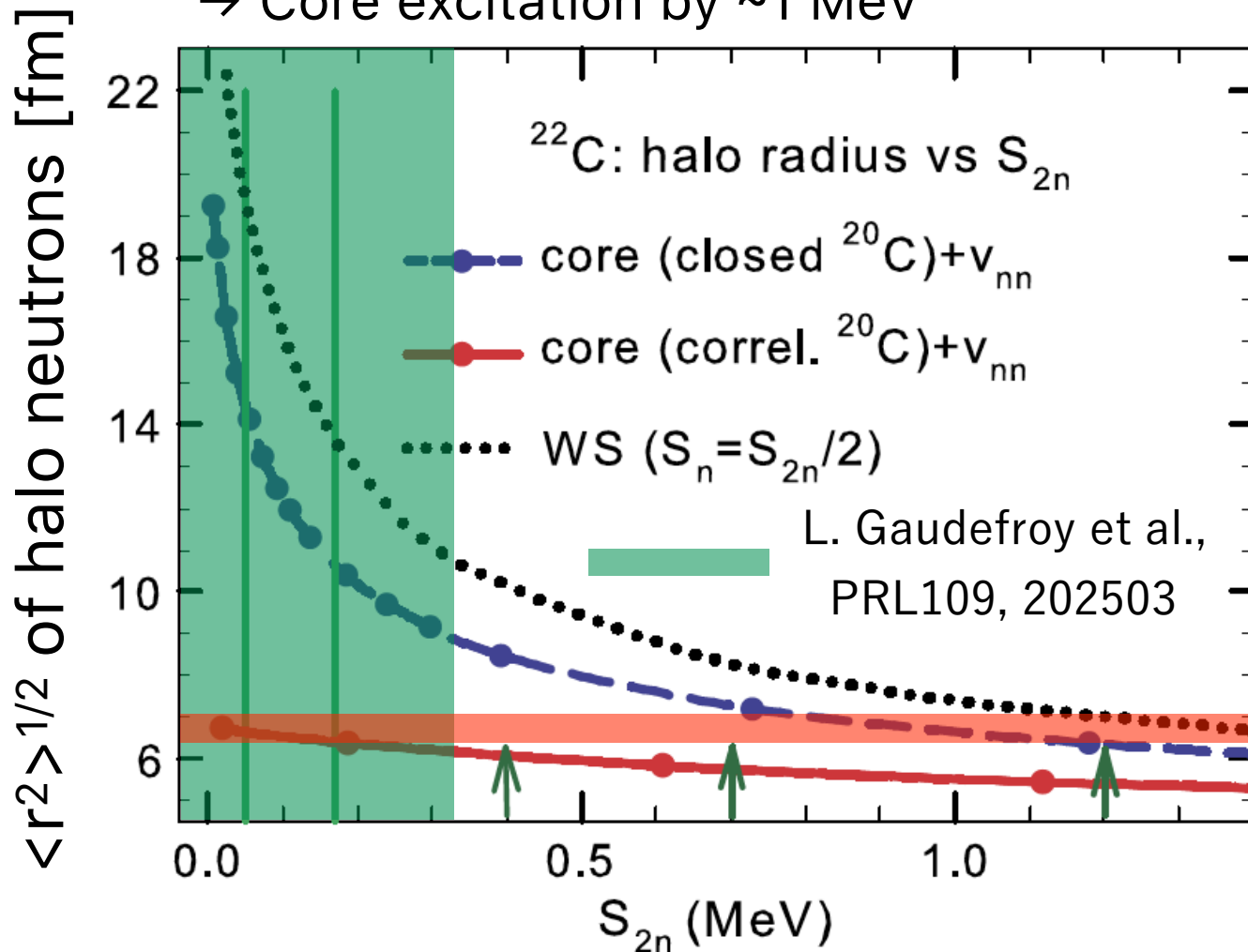
^{20}C ground state: valence neutrons in $2s_{1/2}$ (SM & n removal from ^{20}C)

N. Kobayashi et al., PRC 86, 054604

→ ^{20}C in ^{22}C : Halo neutrons in $2s_{1/2}$

→ neutron in ^{20}C cannot occupy $2s_{1/2}$

→ Core excitation by ~ 1 MeV



$$\sqrt{\langle r_{^{22}\text{C}}^2 \rangle} = 3.44 \pm 0.08 \text{ fm}$$

$$\sqrt{\langle r_n^2 \rangle} \simeq \sqrt{\frac{22}{2} \left[\langle r_{^{22}\text{C}}^2 \rangle^2 - \frac{20}{22} \langle r_{^{20}\text{C}}^2 \rangle^2 \right]}$$

$$\sqrt{\langle r_n^2 \rangle} \simeq 6.8 \text{ fm}$$

Consistent at
 $S_{2n} < 0.25 \text{ MeV}$

Summary

- Interaction cross sections of $^{19,20,22}\text{C}+\text{C}$ @ ~ 250 MeV/nucleon
- $\sigma_R(^{22}\text{C})$: larger than neighboring isotopes
- Analysis with 4-body Glauber $\rightarrow \sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} (^{22}\text{C}) = 3.44 \pm 0.08$ fm
 - Smaller than the previous result, but consistent at 2σ level.
- Comparison with models
 - WITHOUT core polarization: $0.2 \text{ MeV} \leq S_{2n} \leq 0.6 \text{ MeV}$.
 - WITH core polarization: $S_{2n} < 0.25 \text{ MeV}$

Determination of S_{2n}



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Interaction cross section study of the two-neutron halo nucleus ^{22}C

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