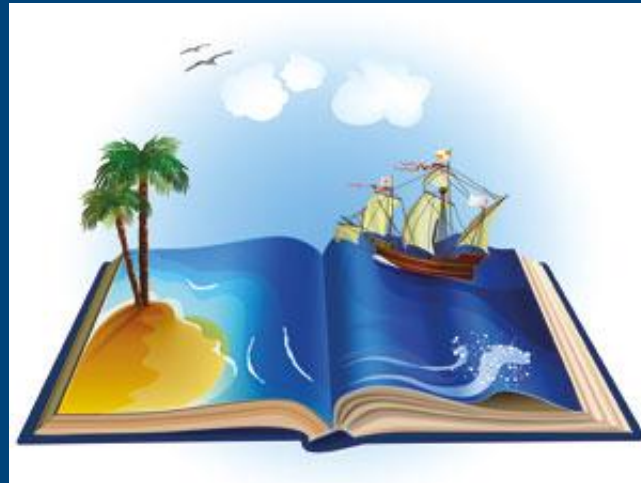


EMIS 2012

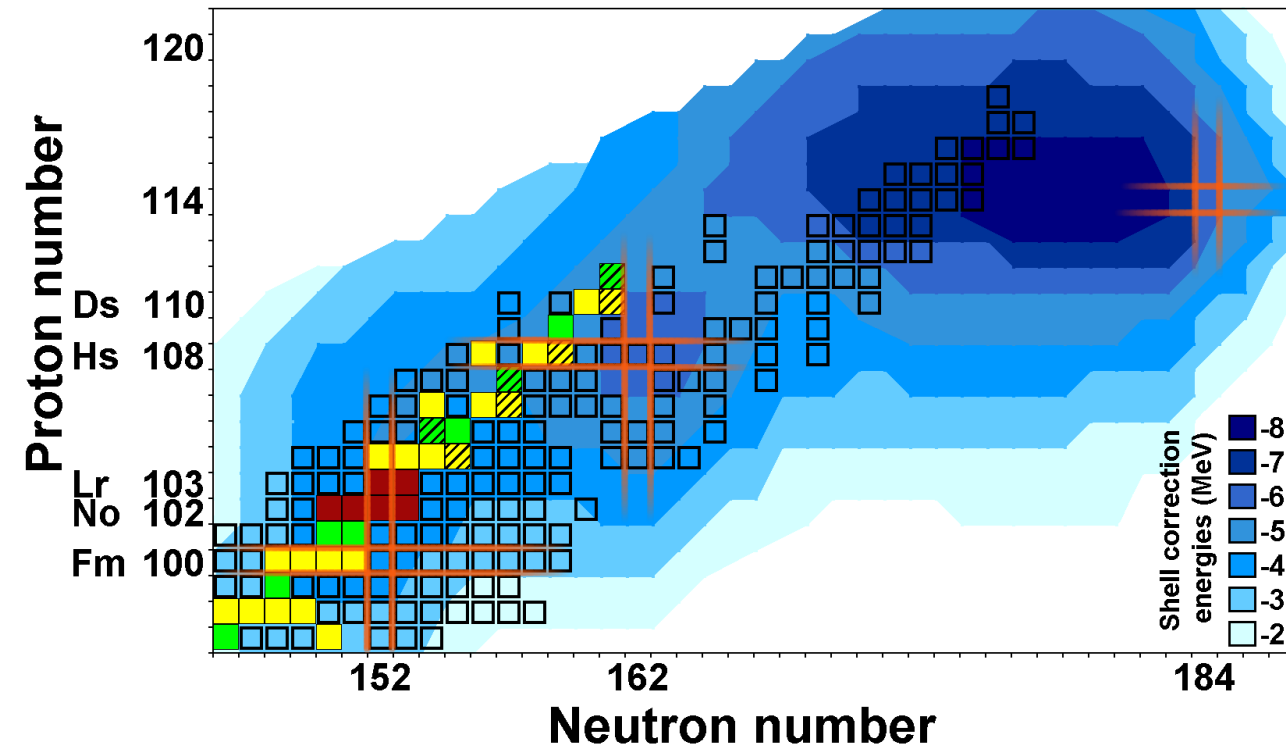
Recent Developments for High-Precision Measurements of the Heaviest Elements with SHIPTRAP

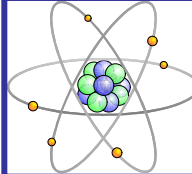


Michael Block, GSI



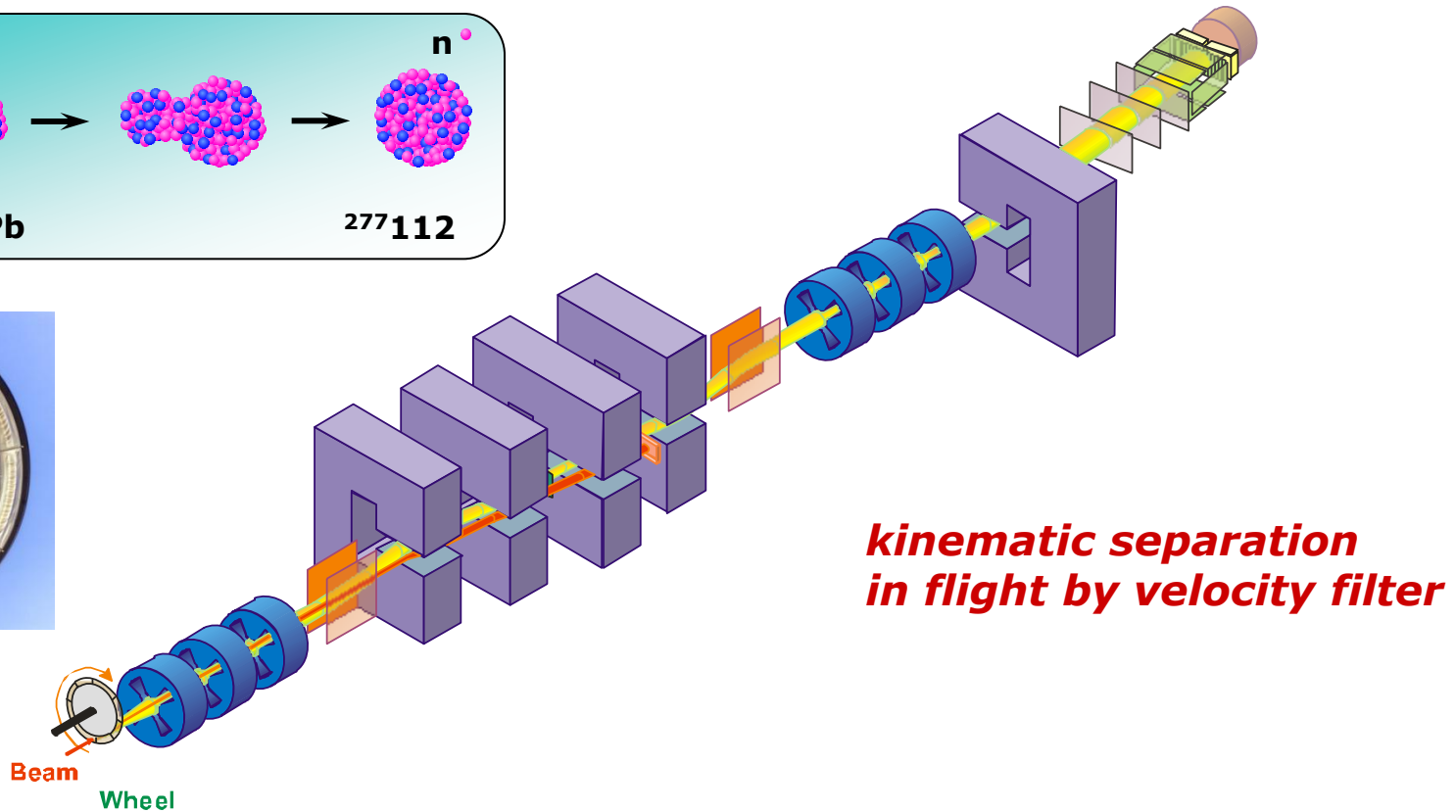
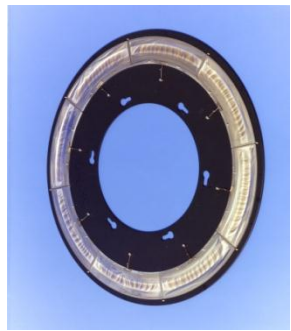
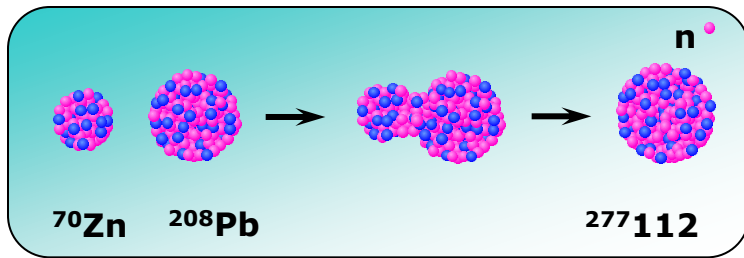
Importance of Masses for $Z > 100$




$$= N \cdot \text{green circle} + Z \cdot \text{purple circle} + Z \cdot \text{orange circle} - \text{binding energy}$$

- masses provide absolute nuclear binding energies and allow studies of the shell structure evolution
- high-precision mass measurements provide anchor points to fix decay chains
- benchmark nuclear models

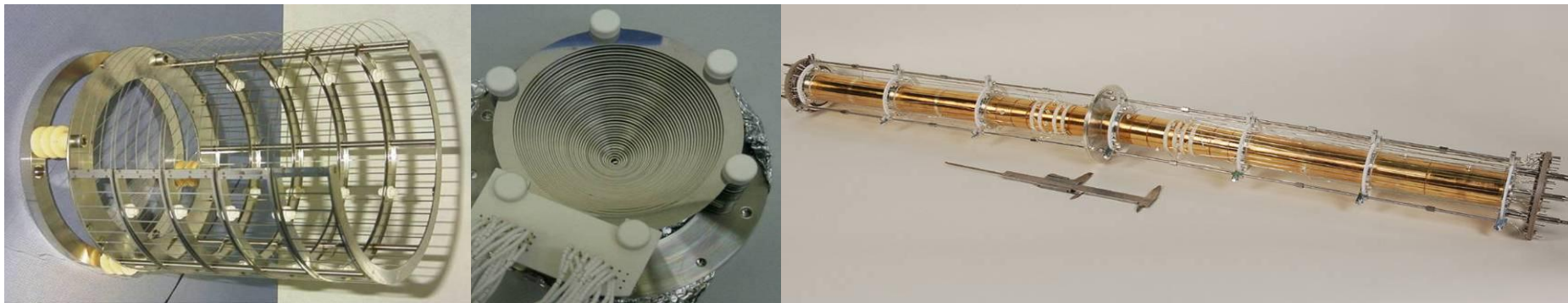
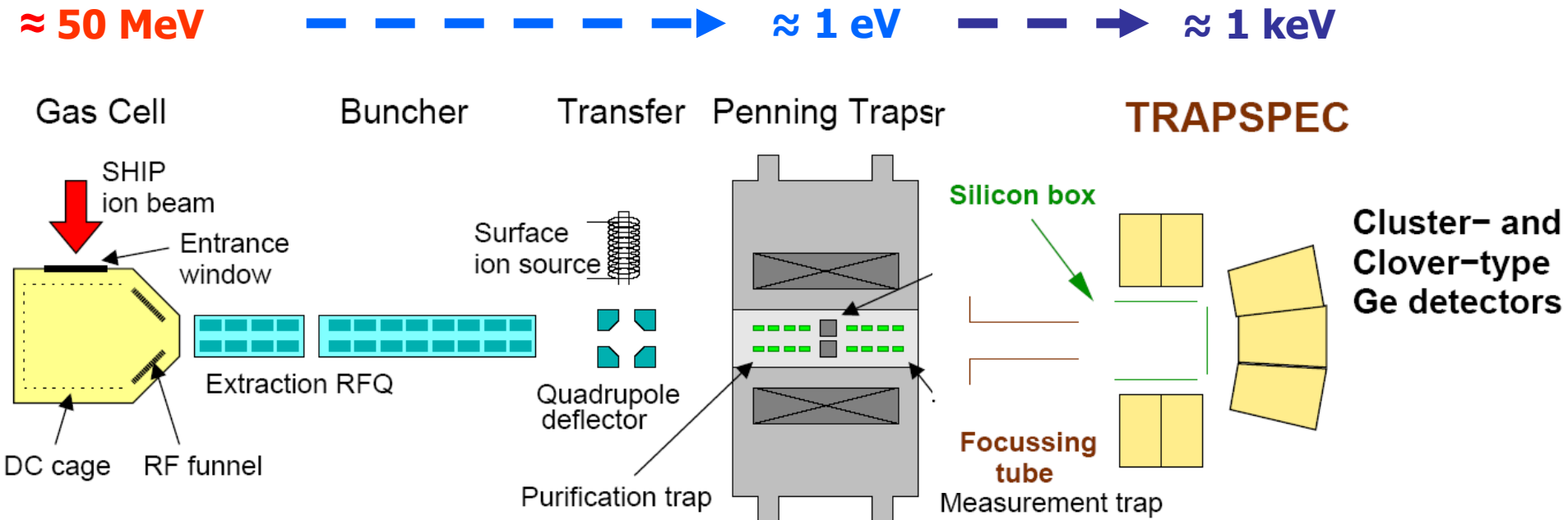
Synthesis and Identification of SHE at SHIP



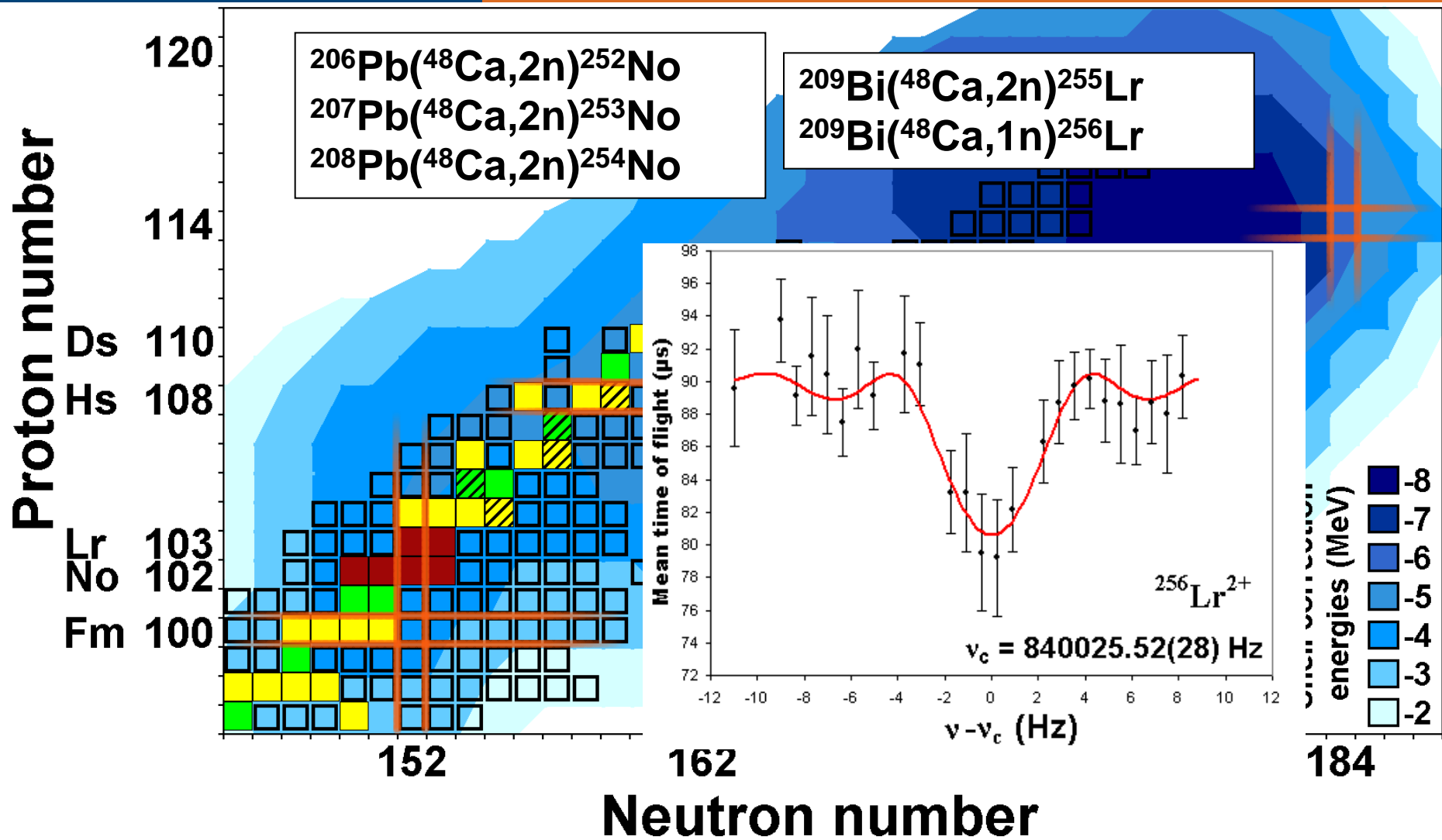
Typical yield for primary beam intensity of $\approx 6 \times 10^{12} / \text{s}$

- 1 atom/s @ $Z \approx 102$ ($\sigma \approx 1 \mu\text{b}$)
- 1 atom/week @ $Z = 112$ ($\sigma \approx 1 \text{pb}$)

SHIPTRAP Setup



Direct mass measurements with SHIPTRAP

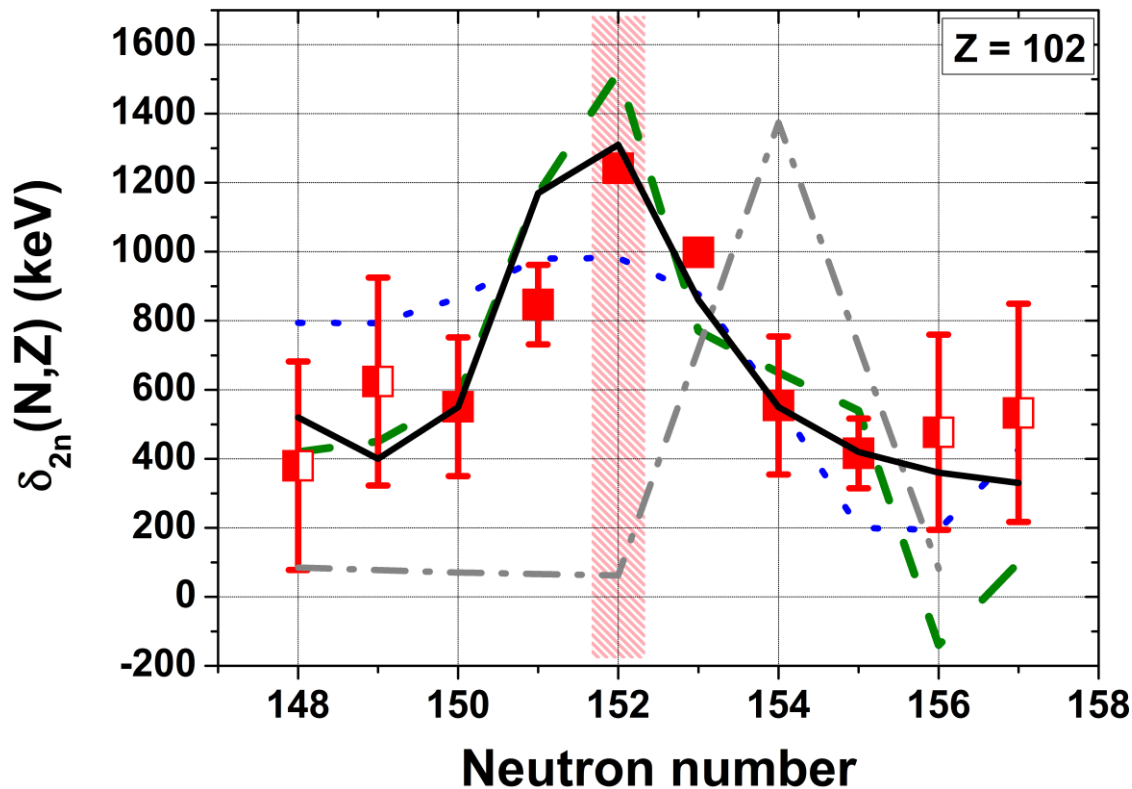


M. Block et al., *Nature* 463, 785 (2010), M. Dworschak et al., *Phys. Rev. C* 81, 064312 (2010)
 E. Minaya Ramirez et al., *Science* 337, 1183 (2012)

Mapping the shell gap at $N = 152$

$$\delta_{2n}(N,Z) = 2B(N,Z) - B(N-2,Z) - B(N+2,Z)$$

A



Experiment

Moeller et al.

Sobiczewski et al.

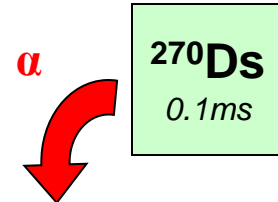
SkM*

Typel et al.

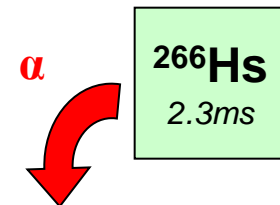
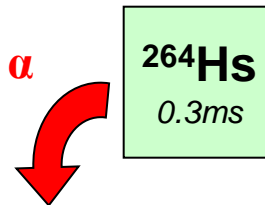
Follow up α -decay chains

Z = 110

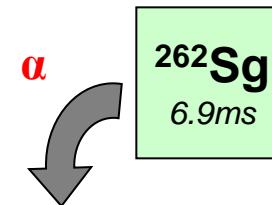
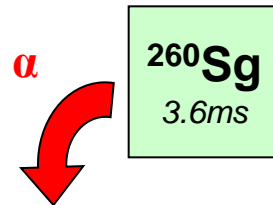
^{270}Ds mass can be fixed with about 40 keV uncertainty now



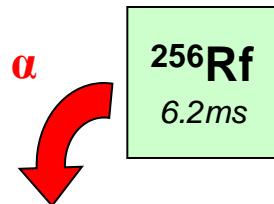
Z = 108



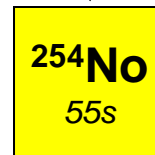
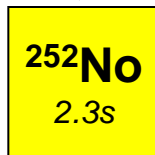
Z = 106



Z = 104

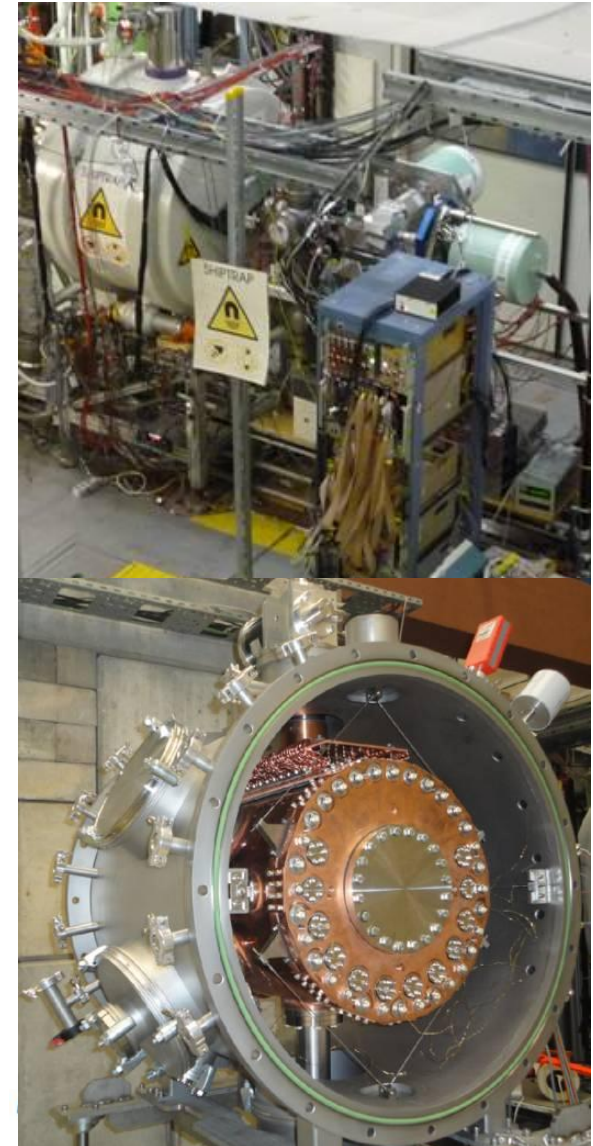


Z = 102



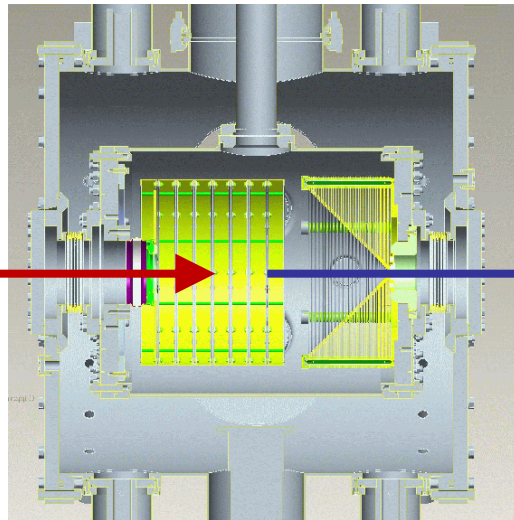
Improvements and Extensions

- **Novel Experiments**
 - trap-assisted decay spectroscopy
 - laser spectroscopy
 - chemistry in the buffer gas cell
- **increasing efficiency, sensitivity, and resolving power**
 - electronic image current detection
 - cryogenic gas stopper
 - new excitation schemes



Future: SHIPTRAP cryogenic gas stopper

Cryo cooler (40 K)

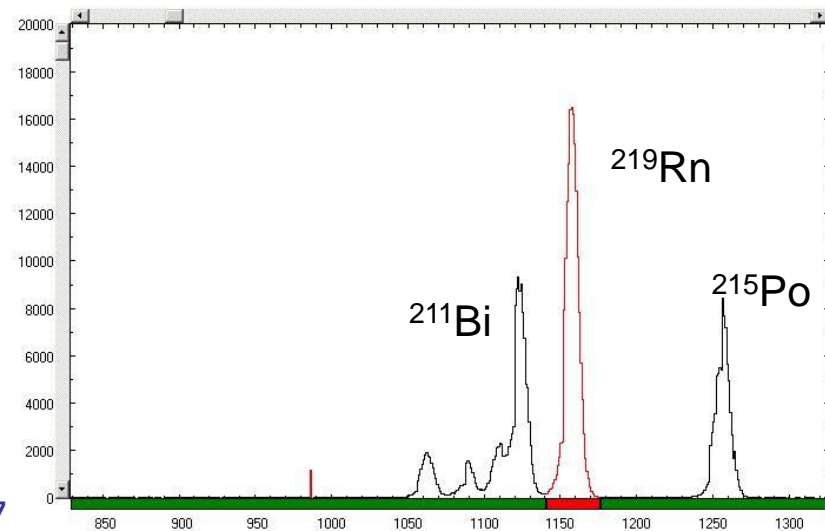


Ion
beam

Low-energy
beam

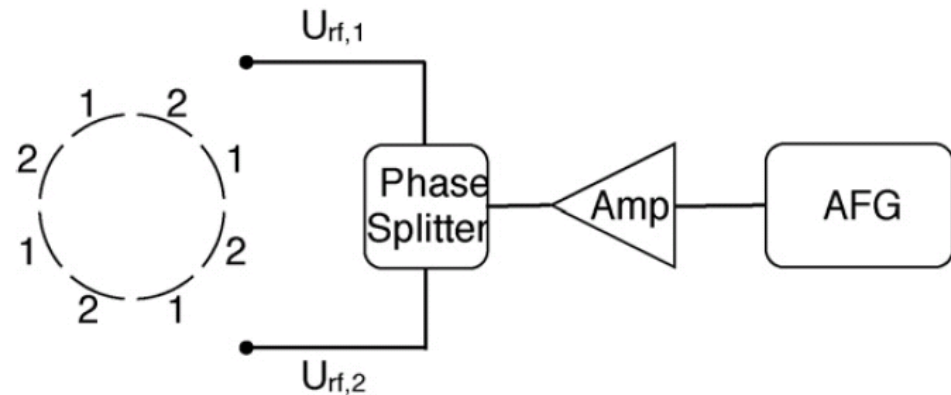
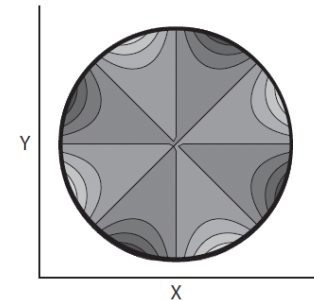
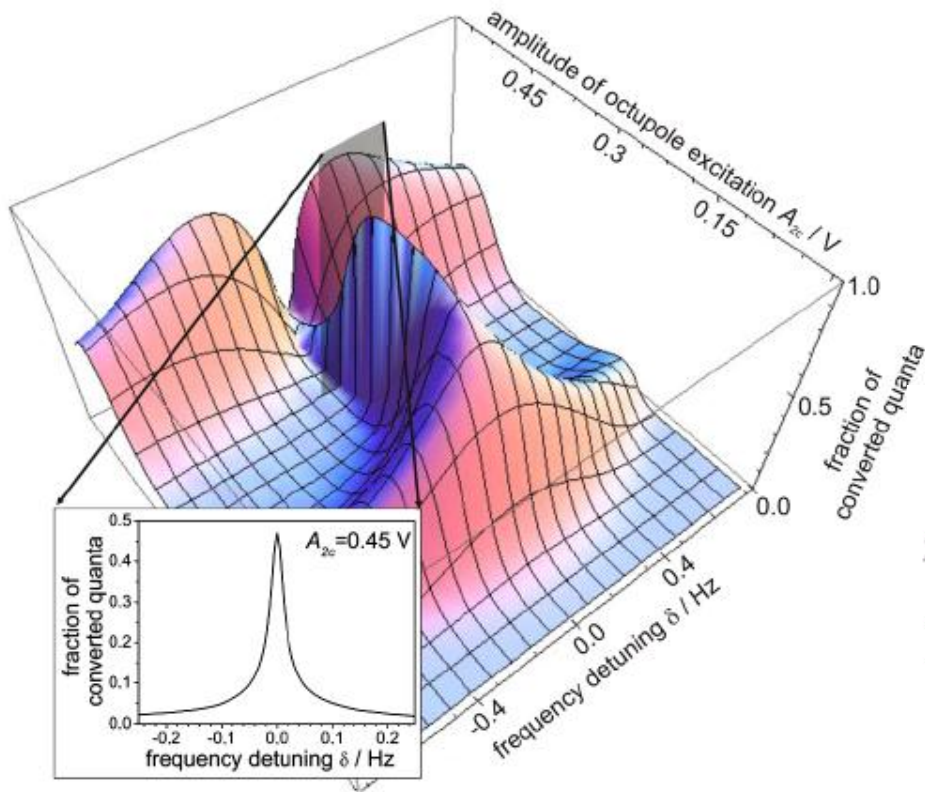
outer chamber \approx 650 mm long,
500 mm in diameter

Gain in overall efficiency factor: ≥ 5



S. Eliseev et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. B 266 (2008) 4475–4477

Octupolar Excitation



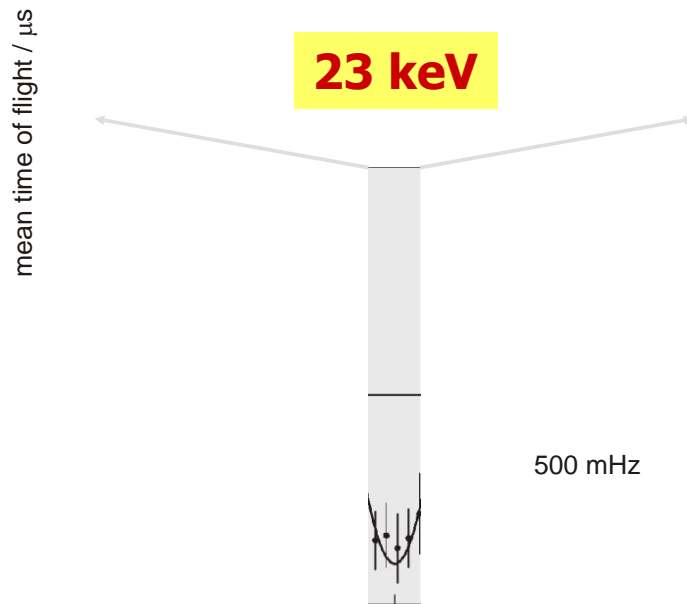
SHIPTRAP: S. Eliseev et al., Int. J. Mass Spectrom. 262, 45 (2007)
 S. Eliseev et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 152501 (2011)
 LEBIT: R. Ringle et al., Int. J. Mass Spectrom. 262, 33 (2007)

Improving the Resolving Power

Octupolar

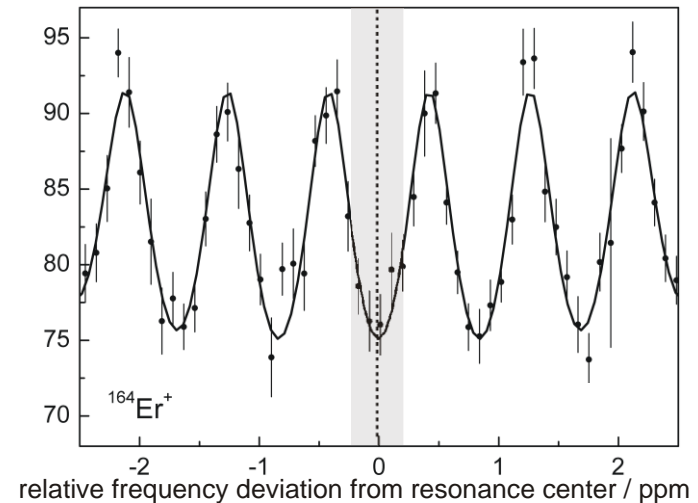
Octupolar excitation scheme leads to gain in resolving power R by a factor of 10

$$R \approx 20,000,000 \text{ for } T_{\text{RF}} = 2 \text{ s}$$



Quadrupolar

Quadrupolar Ramsey



Mass Measurements for Neutrino Physics

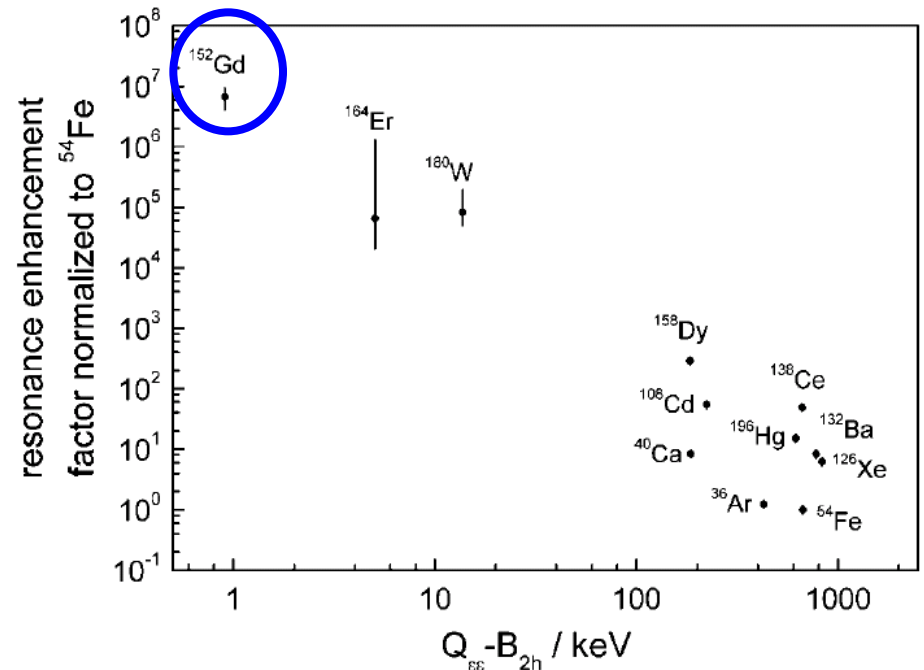
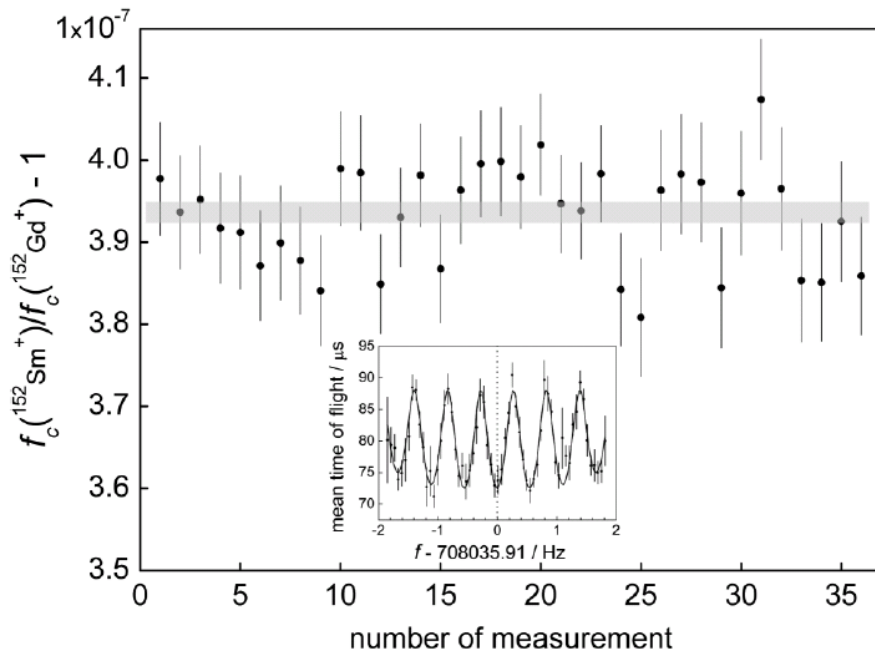
PRL **106**, 052504 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending
4 FEBRUARY 2011

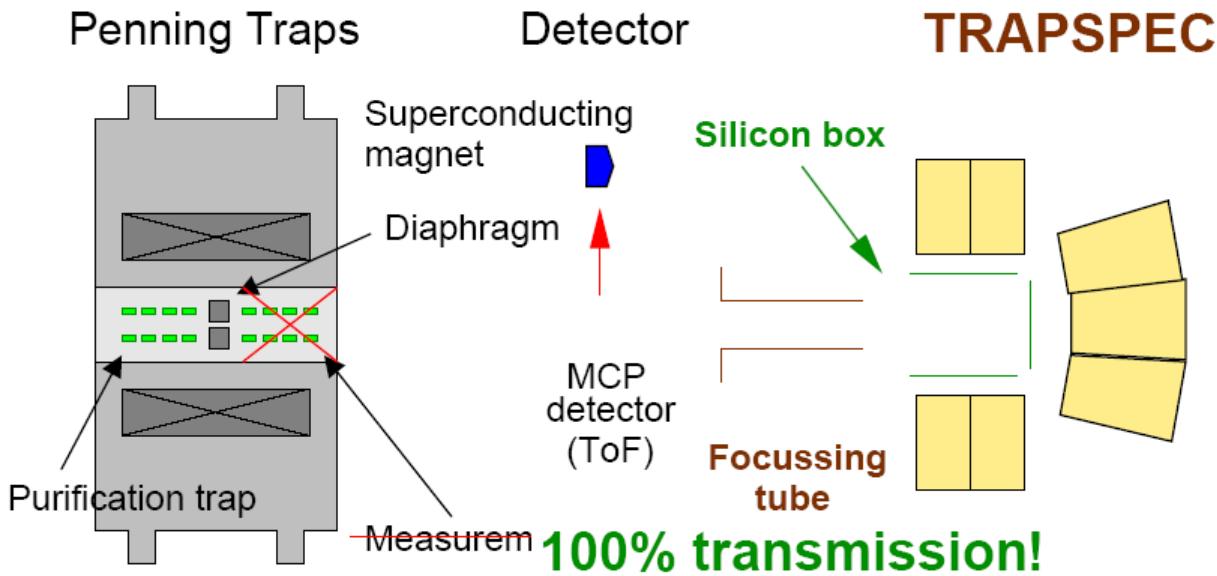
Resonant Enhancement of Neutrinoless Double-Electron Capture in ^{152}Gd

S. Eliseev,¹ C. Roux,¹ K. Blaum,^{1,2} M. Block,³ C. Droese,⁴ F. Herfurth,³ H.-J. Kluge,^{2,3} M. I. Krivoruchenko,⁵
Yu. N. Novikov,⁶ E. Minaya Ramirez,^{3,7} L. Schweikhard,⁴ V. M. Shabaev,⁸ F. Šimkovic,^{9,10}
I. I. Tupitsyn,⁸ K. Zuber,¹¹ and N. A. Zubova⁸

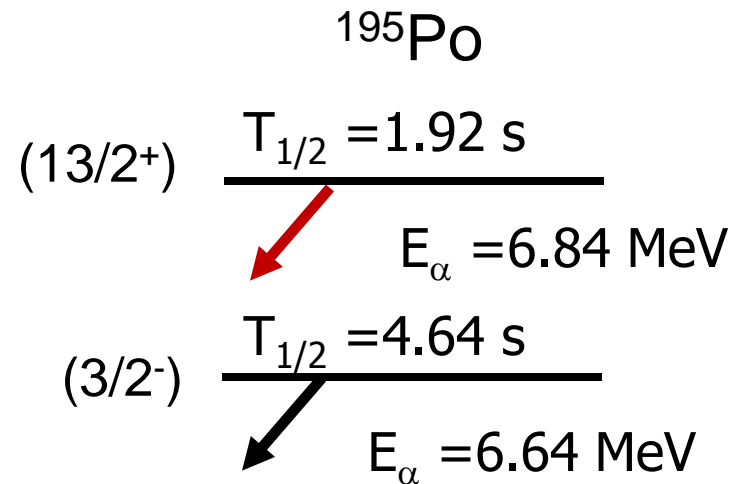
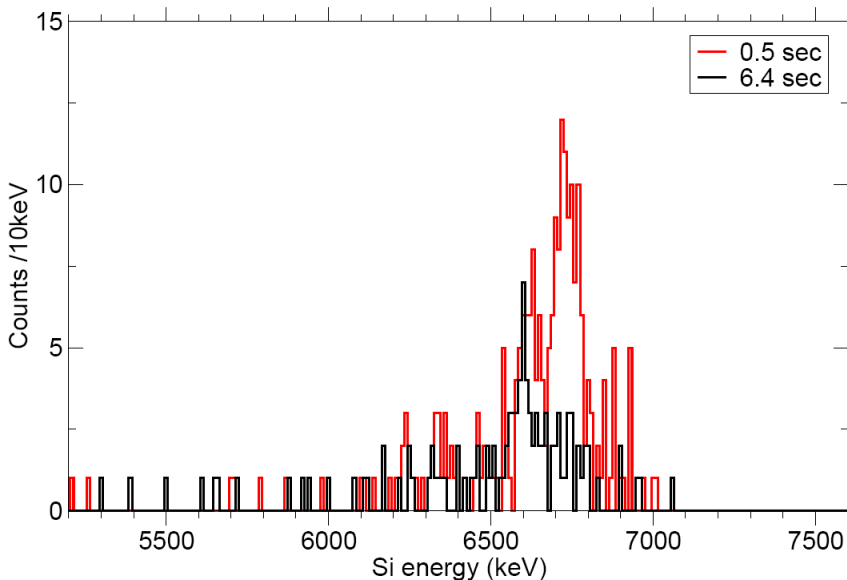


TRAPSPEC: Trap-assisted Spectroscopy

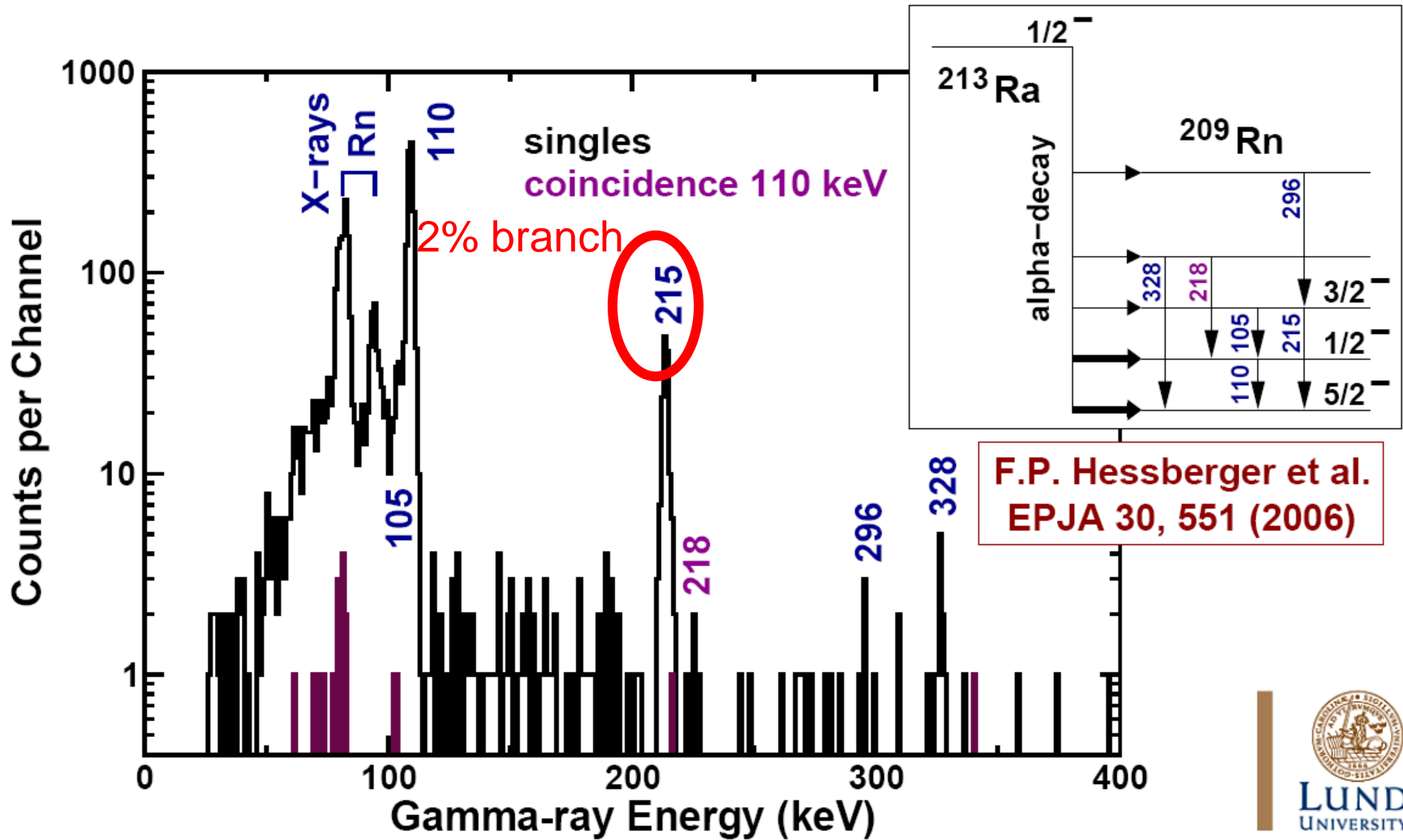
M. B., D. Rudolph et al.



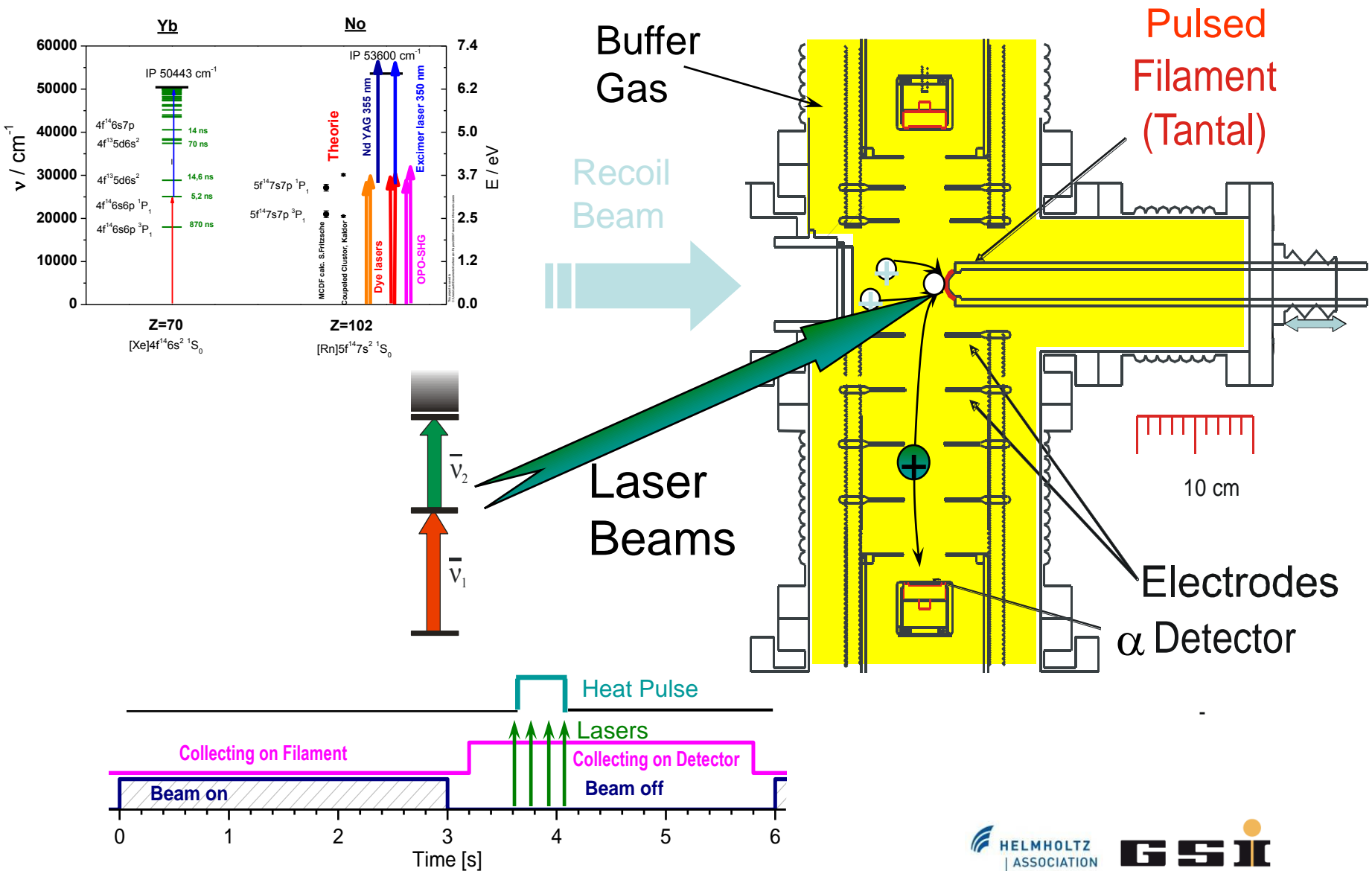
Penning trap as high-resolution separator to prepare state-selected purified sample



TRAPSPEC – Decay studies ^{213}Ra

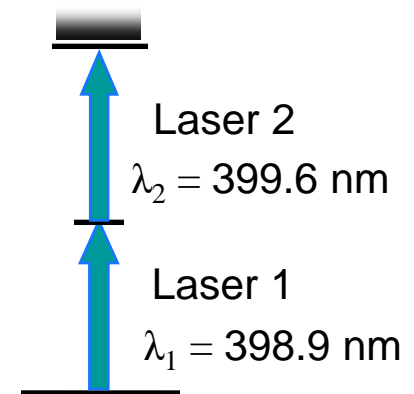
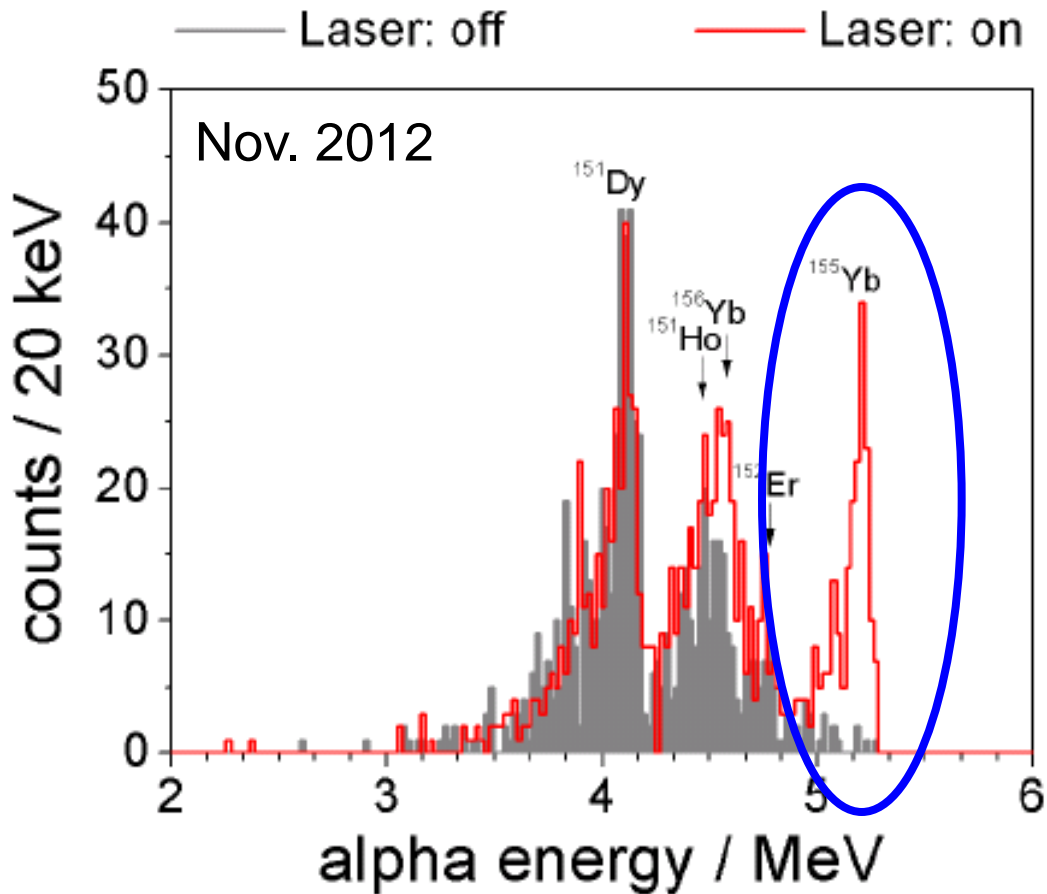


Radioactive Detected Resonance Ionization



On-line Experiment on ^{155}Yb at GSI

On-line experiment $^{112}\text{Sn}(^{48}\text{Ca},5n)^{155}\text{Yb}$ ($T_{1/2}=1.75\text{ s}$, α) $\sigma \approx 8\text{ mbarn}$



Preliminary
Evaporation and
RIS efficiency $\approx 12\%$

Summary and Outlook

- high-precision mass measurements of nuclides with rates of trapped ions down to about 1 per hour demonstrated
- Strength of nuclear shell effects mapped at $A \approx 52$
- New excitation schemes boost mass resolution and power
- Cryogenic gas cell provides higher efficiency paving the way to higher Z
- Novel experiments possible: e.g. laser-assisted decay spectroscopy
- Laser resonance ionization spectroscopy of heaviest elements
 - will provide data on atomic structure (relativistic effects)
 - data about nuclear spins, moments and charge radii

Thank you for your attention !

The SHIPTRAP collaboration



2010



Laserspektroskopie-Kollaborationspartner

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H.J. Kluge

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