

BigRIPS as a high resolution spectrometer for pionic atoms

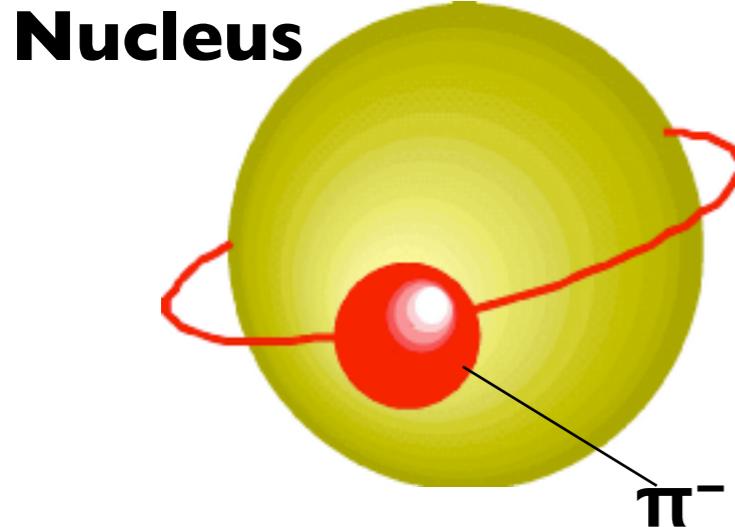
Takahiro Nishi

Department of Physics, University of Tokyo
for Pionic Atom Factory Project

G.P.A. Berg^A, M. Dozono^B, N. Fukuda^B, T. Furuno^C, H. Fujioka^C, H. Geissel^D,
R.S. Hayano, N. Inabe^B, K. Itahashi^B, S. Itoh, D. Kameda^B, K. Okochi,
T. Kubo^B, H. Matsubara^B, S. Michimasa^B, K. Miki^E, H. Miya, M. Nakamura^B,
Y. Murakami, N. Nakatsuka^C, S. Noji^F, S. Ota, H. Suzuki^B, K. Suzuki^G, M.
Takagi, H. Takeda^B, Y. K. Tanaka, K. Todoroki, K. Tsukada^H, T. Uesaka^B, Y.
Watanabe, H. Weick^D, H. Yamada, and K. Yoshida^B

Univ. of Tokyo, Univ. of Notre Dame^A, RIKEN^B, Kyoto Univ.^C,
GSI^D,Osaka Univ.^E, Michigan State Univ.^F , SMI^G, Tohoku Univ. ^H

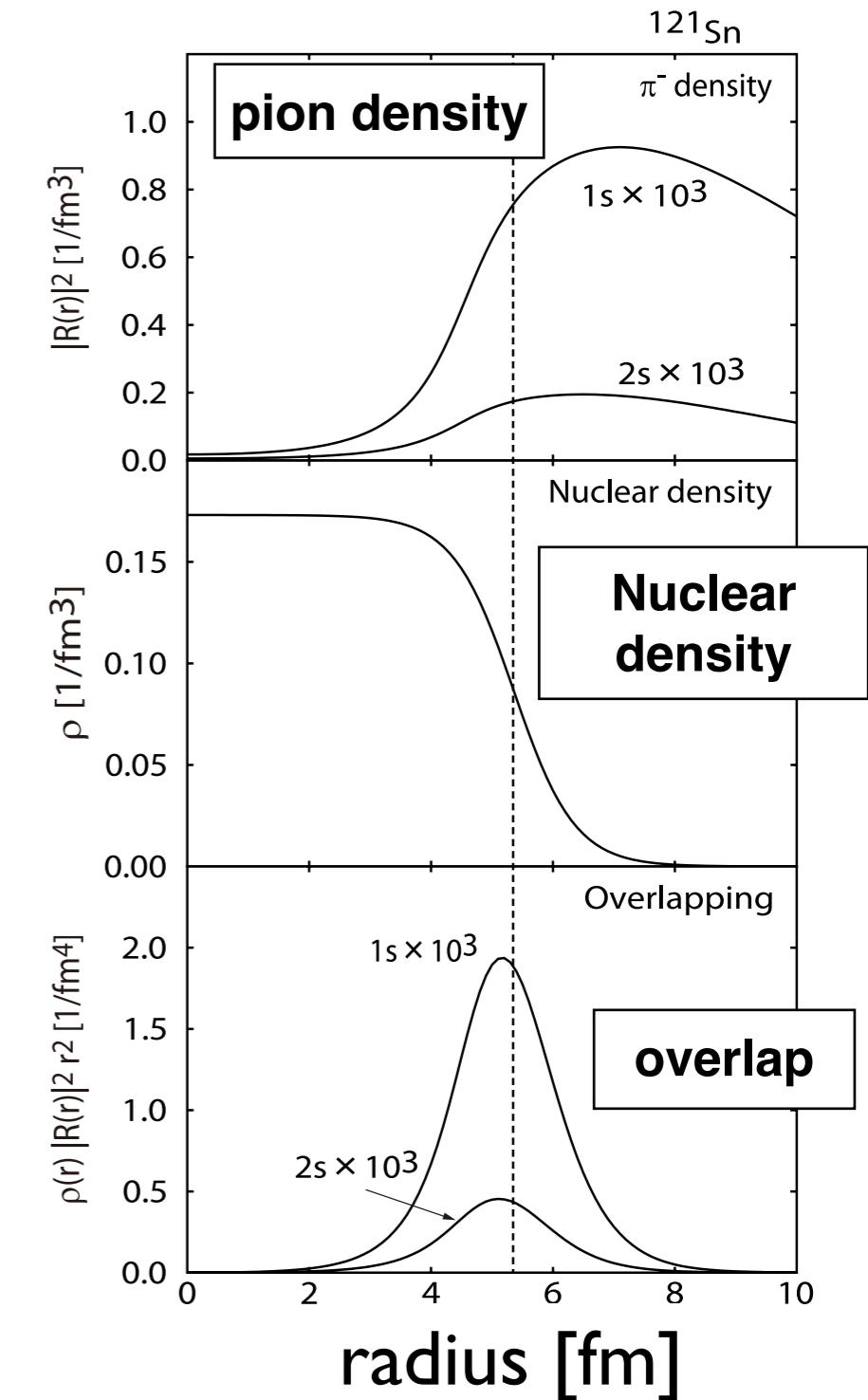
deeply-bound Pionic Atom



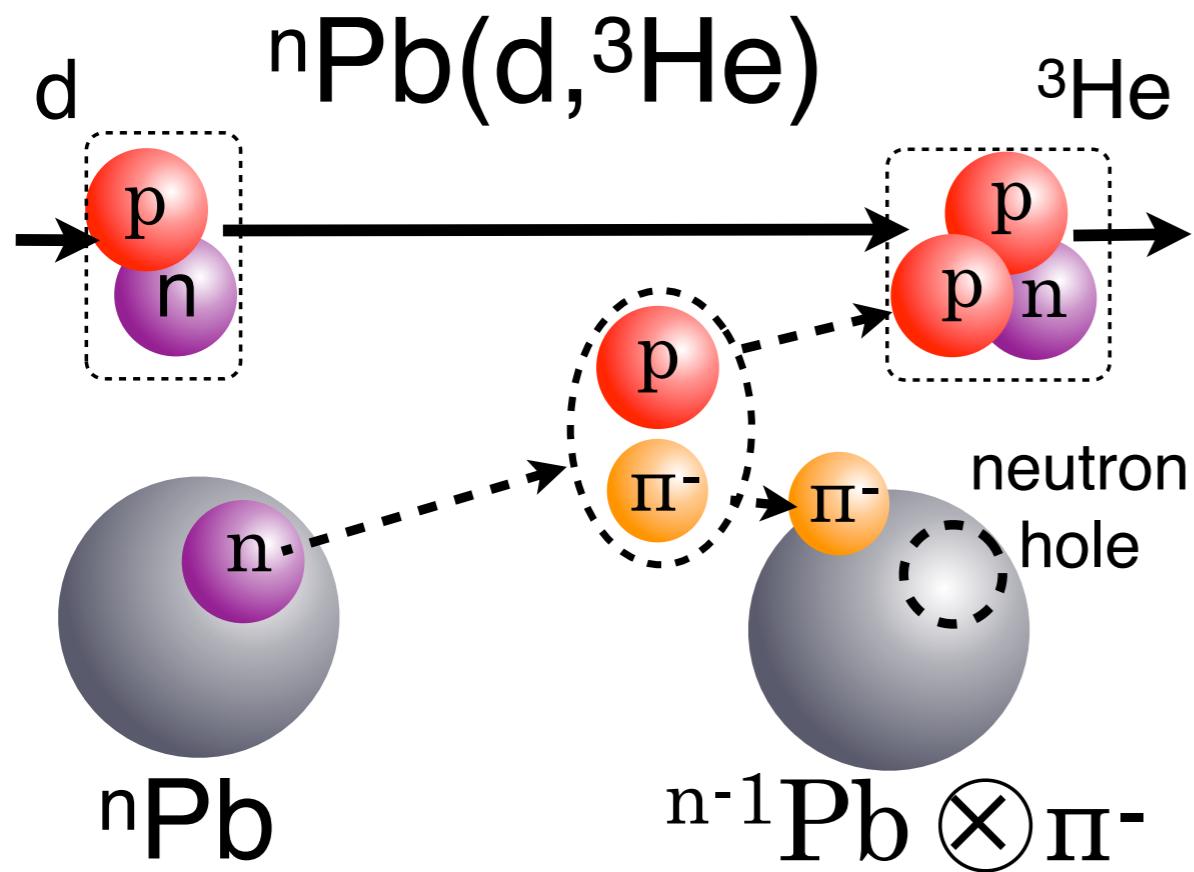
Coulomb
+
Strong

Large overlap between
pion and nucleus

→ probe for QCD in finite density

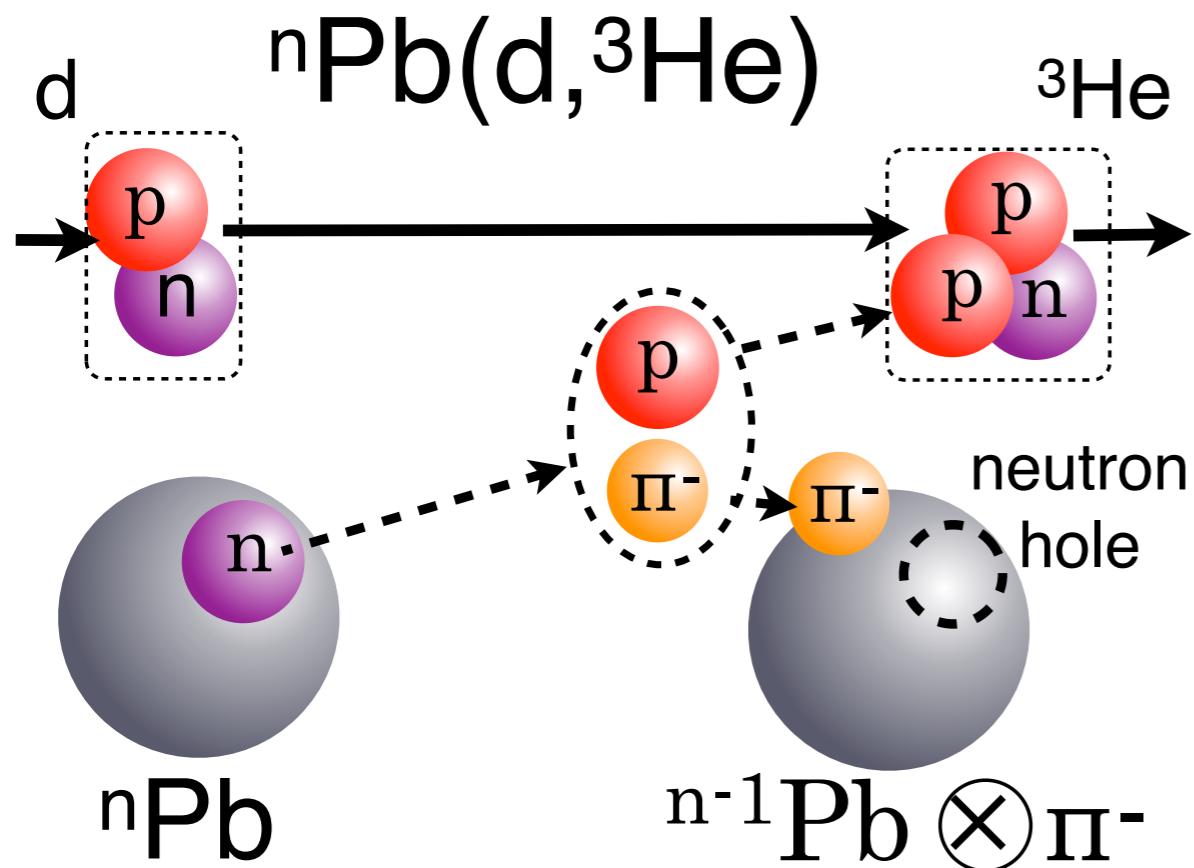


$(d, {}^3He)$ reaction



Missing mass spectroscopy

$(d, {}^3He)$ reaction

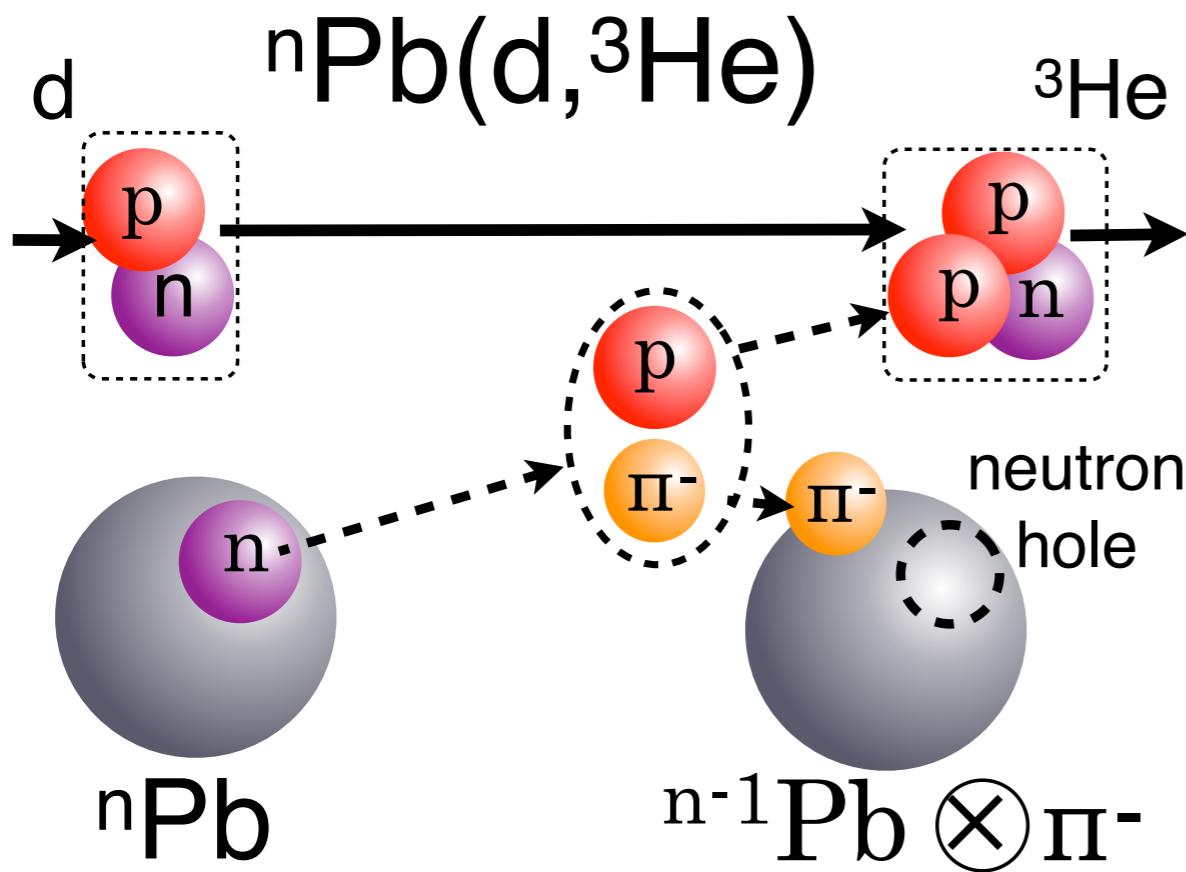


2 body kinematics
→ mass of the pionic atom
can be calculated from **Q -value**

Calculated from E_d , $E_{{}^3He}$

Missing mass spectroscopy

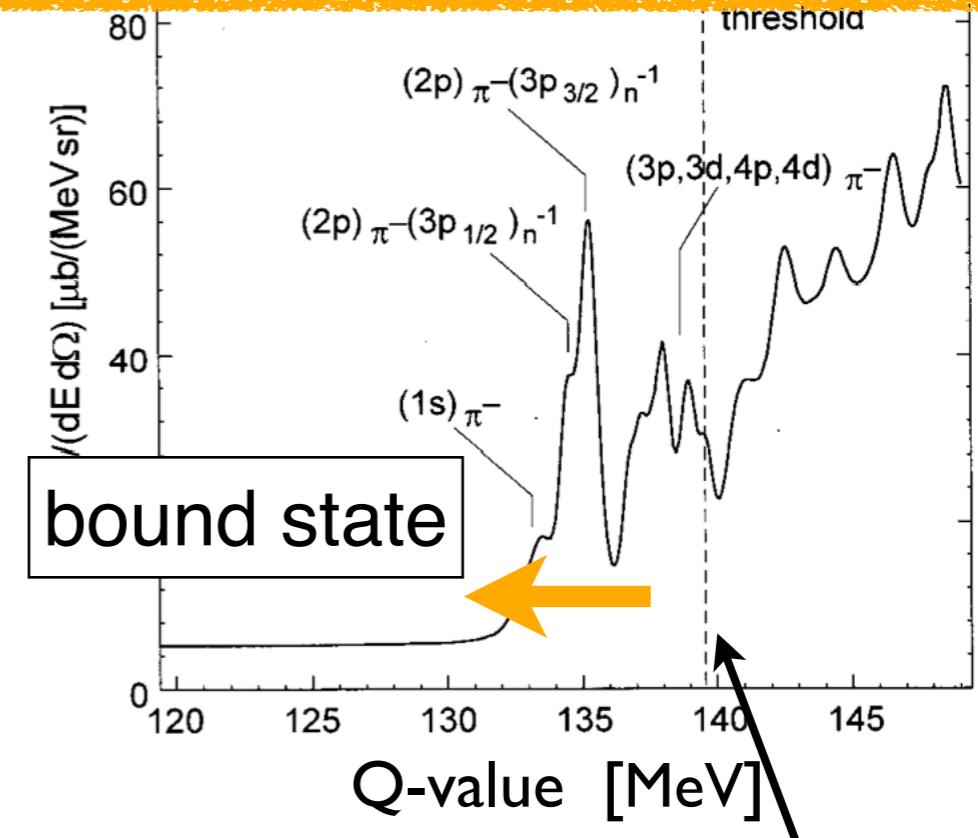
$(d, {}^3He)$ reaction



Missing mass spectroscopy

Theoretical spectrum pionic Pb^{207}

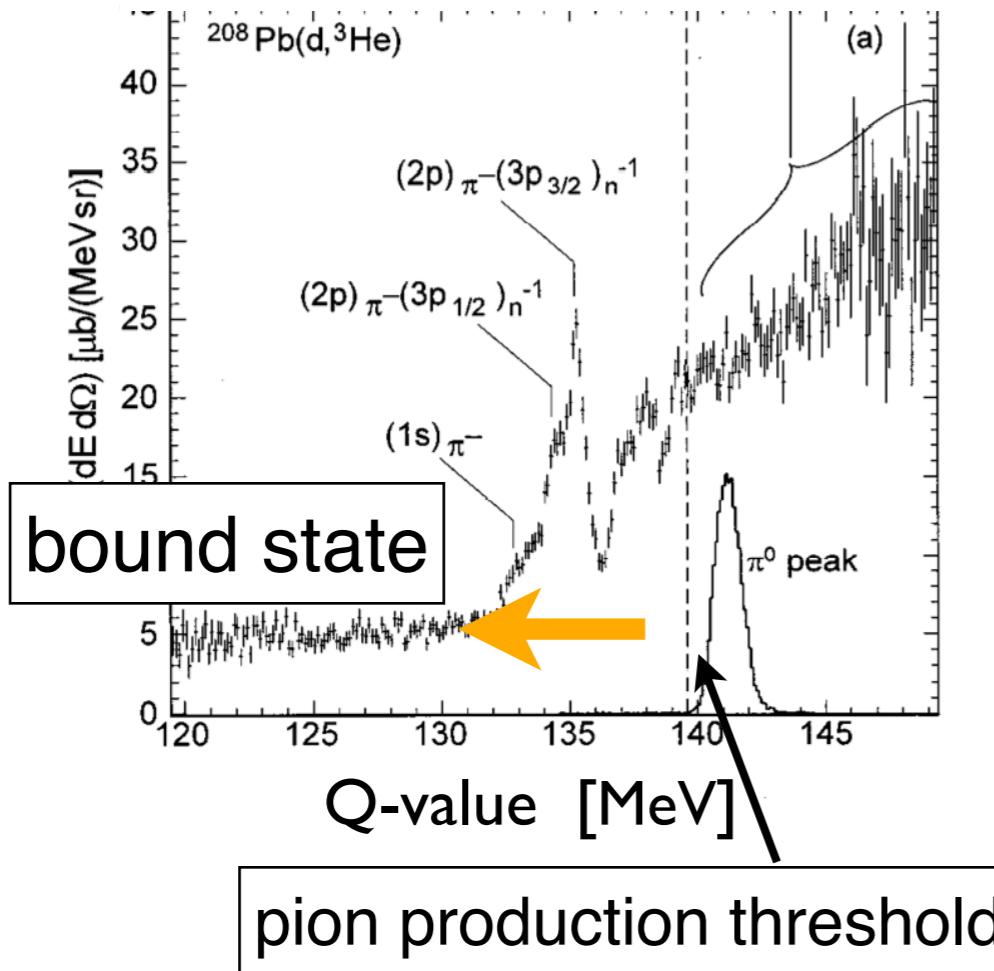
couple of pion and neutron hole state



S. Hirenzaki, H. Toki, T. Yamazaki,
Phys. Rev. C44 (1991) 2472

$(d, {}^3He)$ reaction

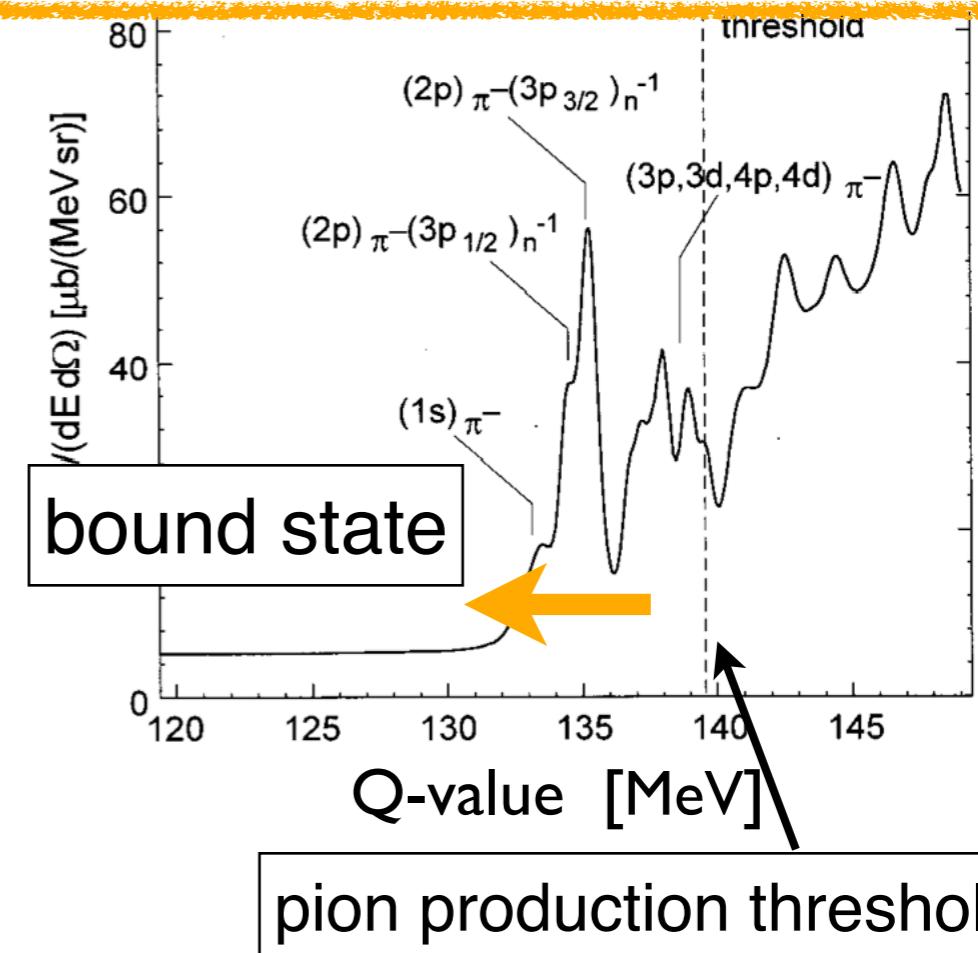
experimental spectrum
for pionic Pb^{207} @GSI



K. Itahashi, et al.,
Phys. Rev. C62 (2000) 025202

Theoretical spectrum pionic Pb^{207}

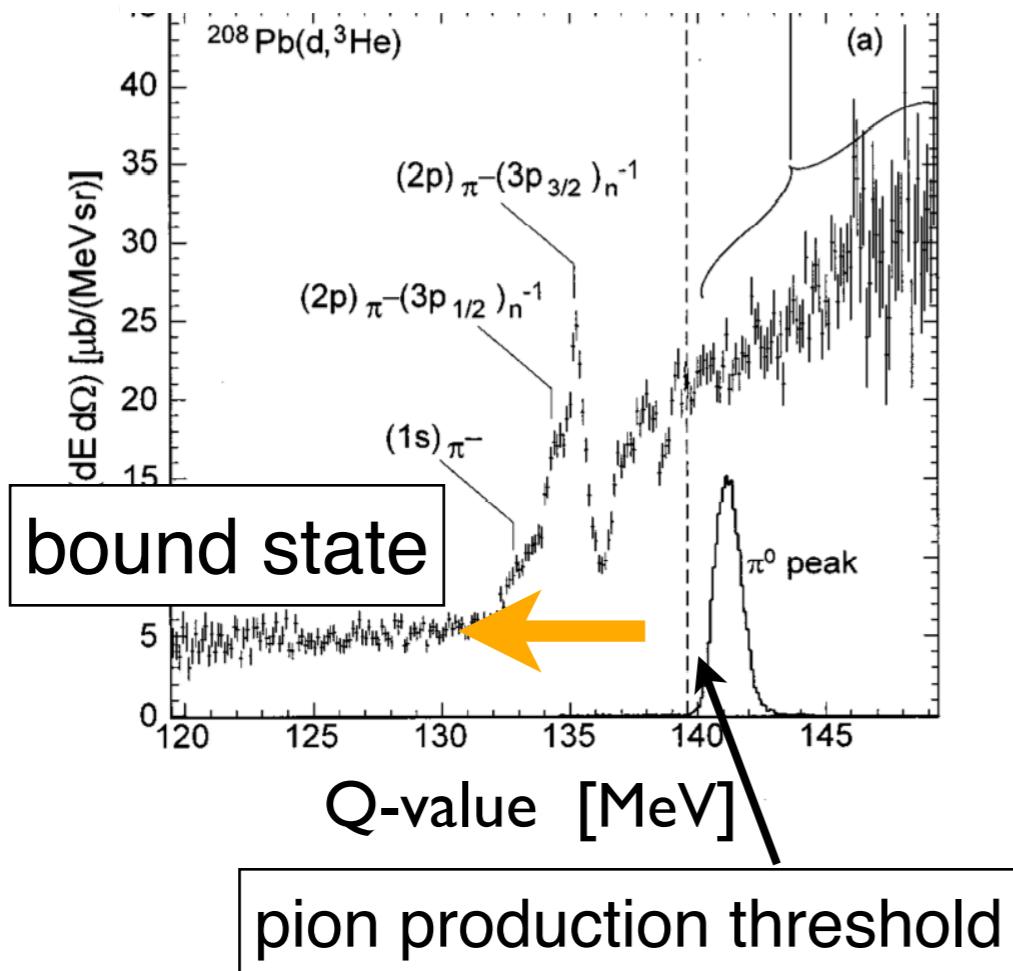
couple of pion and neutron hole state



S. Hirenzaki, H. Toki, T. Yamazaki,
Phys. Rev. C44 (1991) 2472

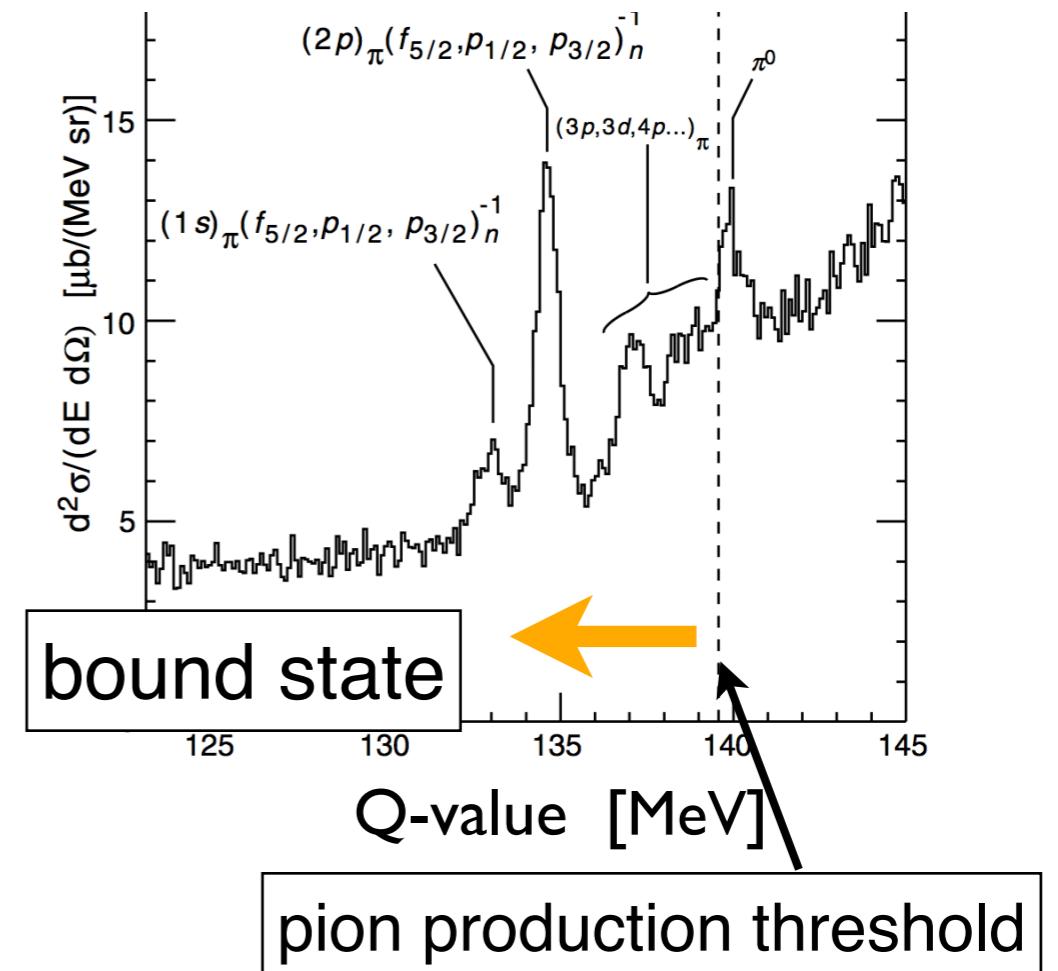
$(d, {}^3He)$ reaction

experimental spectrum
for pionic Pb^{207} @GSI



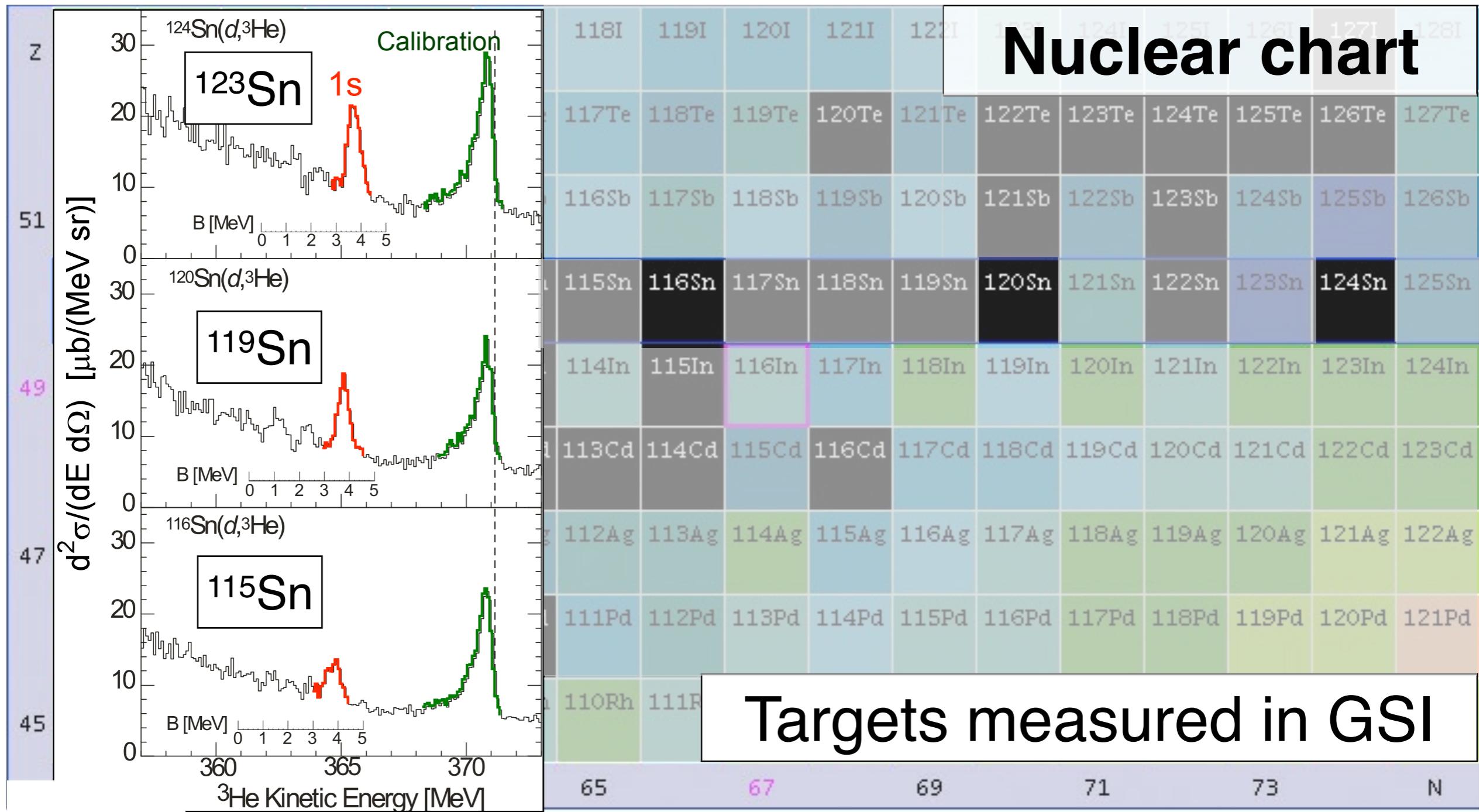
K. Itahashi, et al.,
Phys. Rev. C62 (2000) 025202

experimental spectrum
for pionic Pb^{205} @GSI

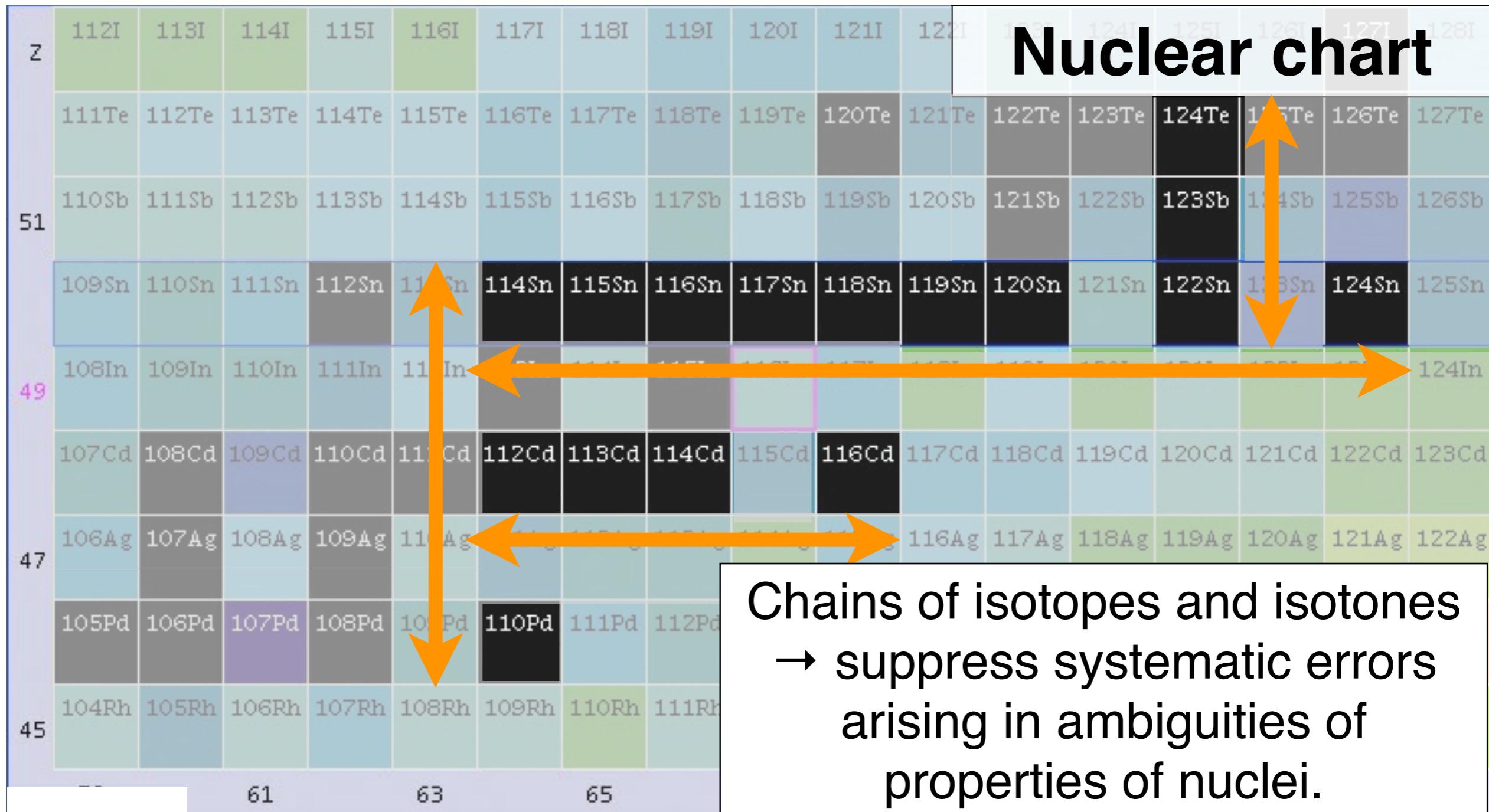


S. Hirenzaki, H. Toki, T. Yamazaki,
Phys. Rev. C44 (1991) 2472

The experiment at GSI



Spectroscopy of Pionic Atom at RIBF



Comparison with GSI

	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	$\sim 850 \text{ keV}$	

Comparison with GSI

	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	$\sim 850 \text{ keV}$	

Comparison with GSI

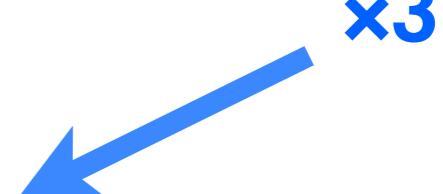
	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	$\sim 850 \text{ keV}$	

Comparison with GSI

	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	$\sim 850 \text{ keV}$	

Comparison with GSI

	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	$\sim 850 \text{ keV}$	

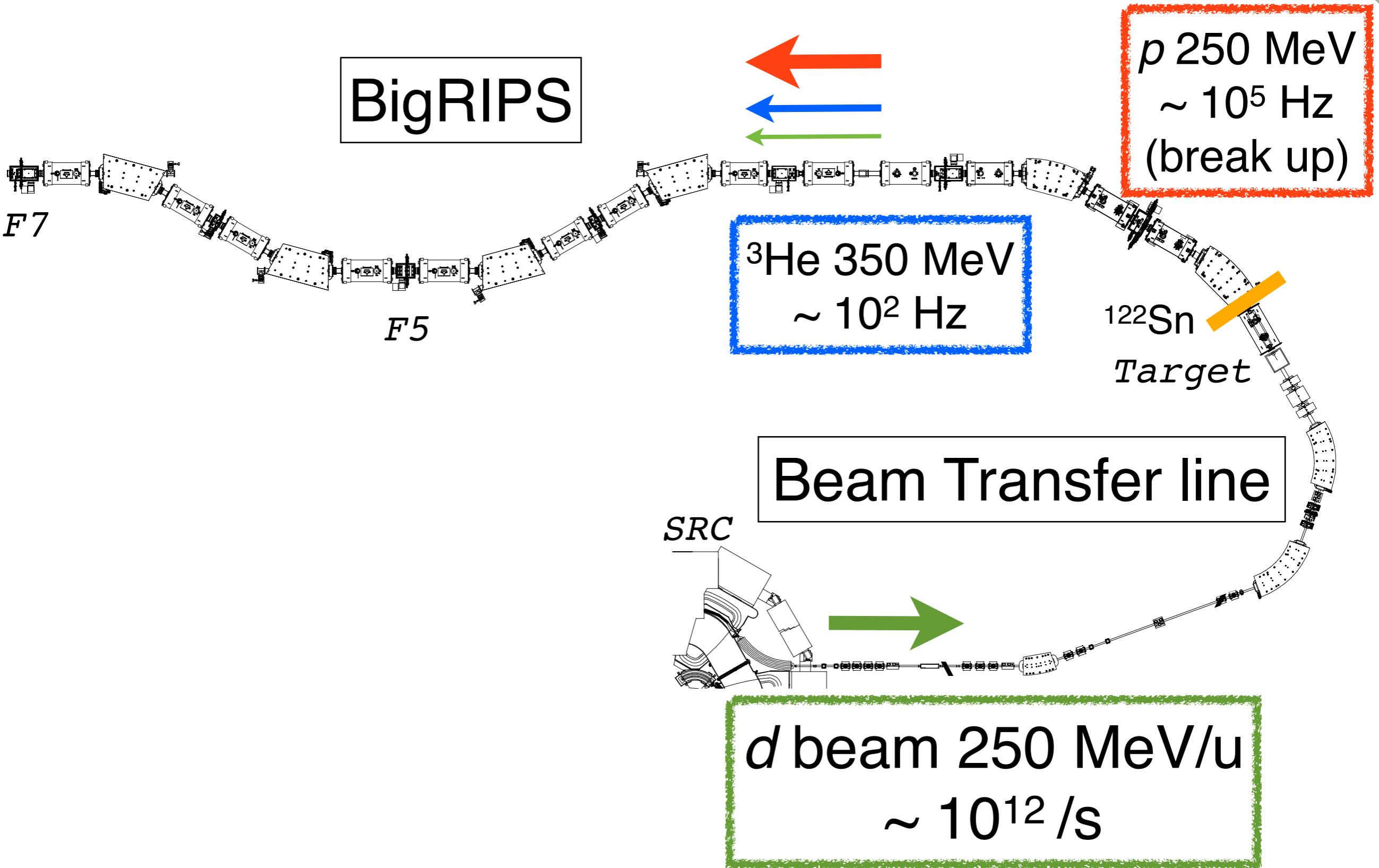


Comparison with GSI

	GSI	RIBF	
intensity	$\sim 10^{11}/\text{spill}$	$\sim 10^{12}/\text{s}$	$\times 50$
Target	20 mg/cm^2	10 mg/cm^2	$\times 0.5$
angular acceptance	$\sim 10 \text{ mrad}$	$40 / 60 \text{ mrad}$	$\times 20$
$\Delta p_d / p_d (\text{FWHM})$	0.03%	0.1%	$\times 3$
resolution (FWHM)	400 keV	200~300 keV	 factor 1.3 ~ 2

eliminate the effect of $\Delta p_d / p_d$
using dispersion matching

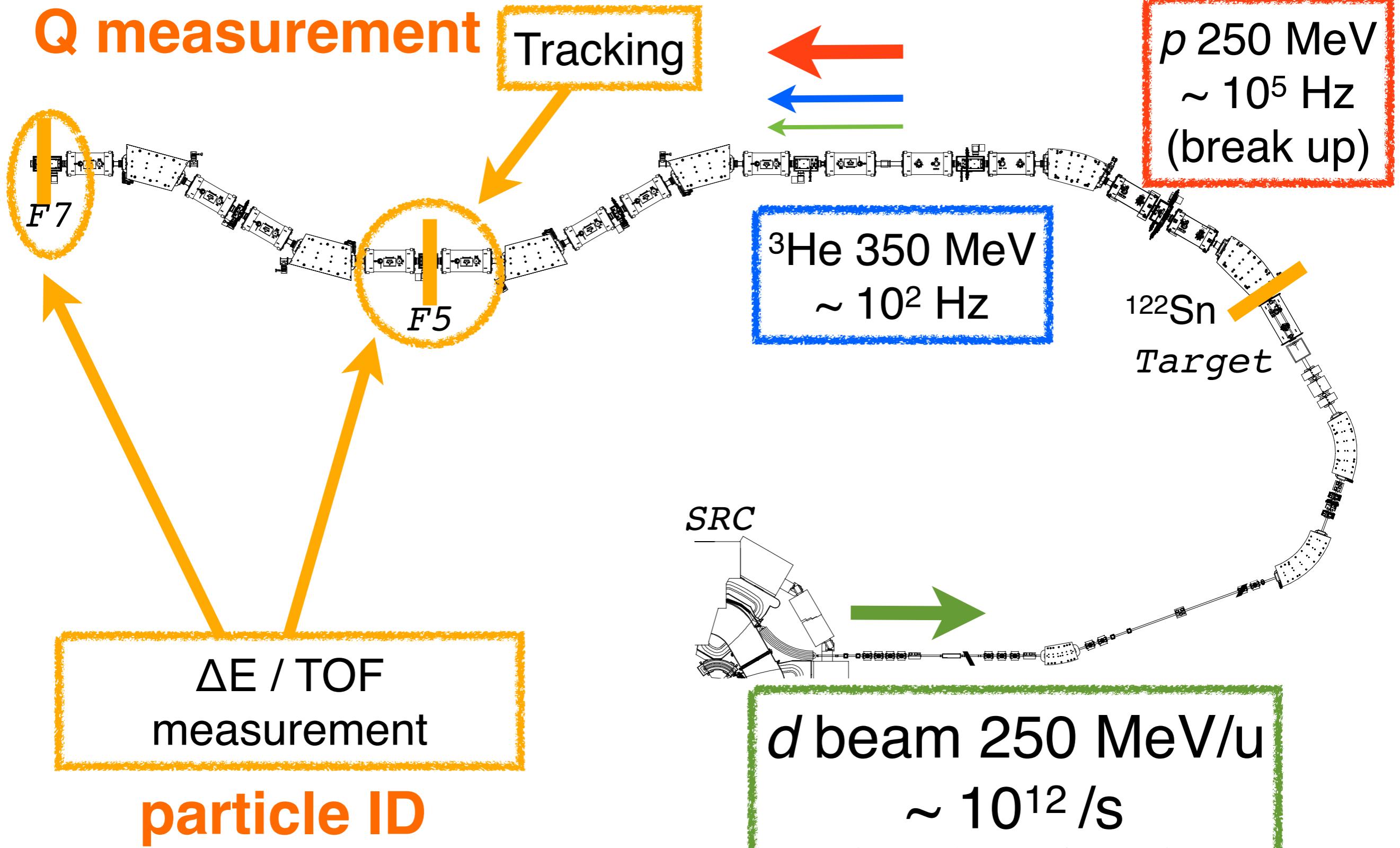
Experimental Setup



Experimental Setup

Q measurement

Tracking



Dispersion Matching

Eliminate contribution of beam momentum spread
to the resolution

	Spectrometer (BigRIPS)	reaction	Analyzer (Beam Transfer Line)
$\begin{pmatrix} x_{fp} \\ \theta_{fp} \\ \delta p_{fp} \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{16} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & C \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{16} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
			$\begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ \theta_0 \\ \delta p_0 \end{pmatrix}$

*C: kinematical factor = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} x_{fp} &= (S_{11}A_{11} + S_{12}A_{21})x_0 \\ &\quad + (S_{11}A_{12} + S_{12}A_{22})\theta_0 \\ &\quad + (S_{11}A_{16} + S_{12}A_{26} + CS_{16})\delta p_0 \end{aligned}$$

Dispersion Matching

Eliminate contribution of beam momentum spread
to the resolution

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{fp} \\ \theta_{fp} \\ \delta p_{fp} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{16} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & C \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{16} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ \theta_0 \\ \delta p_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

*C: kinematical factor = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} x_{fp} &= (S_{11}A_{11} + S_{12}A_{21})x_0 \\ &\quad + (S_{11}A_{12} + S_{12}A_{22})\theta_0 \\ &\quad + (S_{11}A_{16} + S_{12}A_{26} + CS_{16})\delta p_0 \end{aligned}$$

→0 by focusing

Dispersion Matching

Eliminate contribution of beam momentum spread
to the resolution

Spectrometer (BigRIPS)	reaction	Analyzer (Beam Transfer Line)
---------------------------	----------	----------------------------------

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{fp} \\ \theta_{fp} \\ \delta p_{fp} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & S_{16} \\ S_{21} & S_{22} & S_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & C \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} & A_{16} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} & A_{26} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ \theta_0 \\ \delta p_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

*C: kinematical factor = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} x_{fp} &= (S_{11}A_{11} + S_{12}A_{21})x_0 \\ &\quad + (S_{11}A_{12} + S_{12}A_{22})\theta_0 \\ &\quad + \underline{(S_{11}A_{16} + S_{12}A_{26} + CS_{16})\delta p_0} \end{aligned}$$

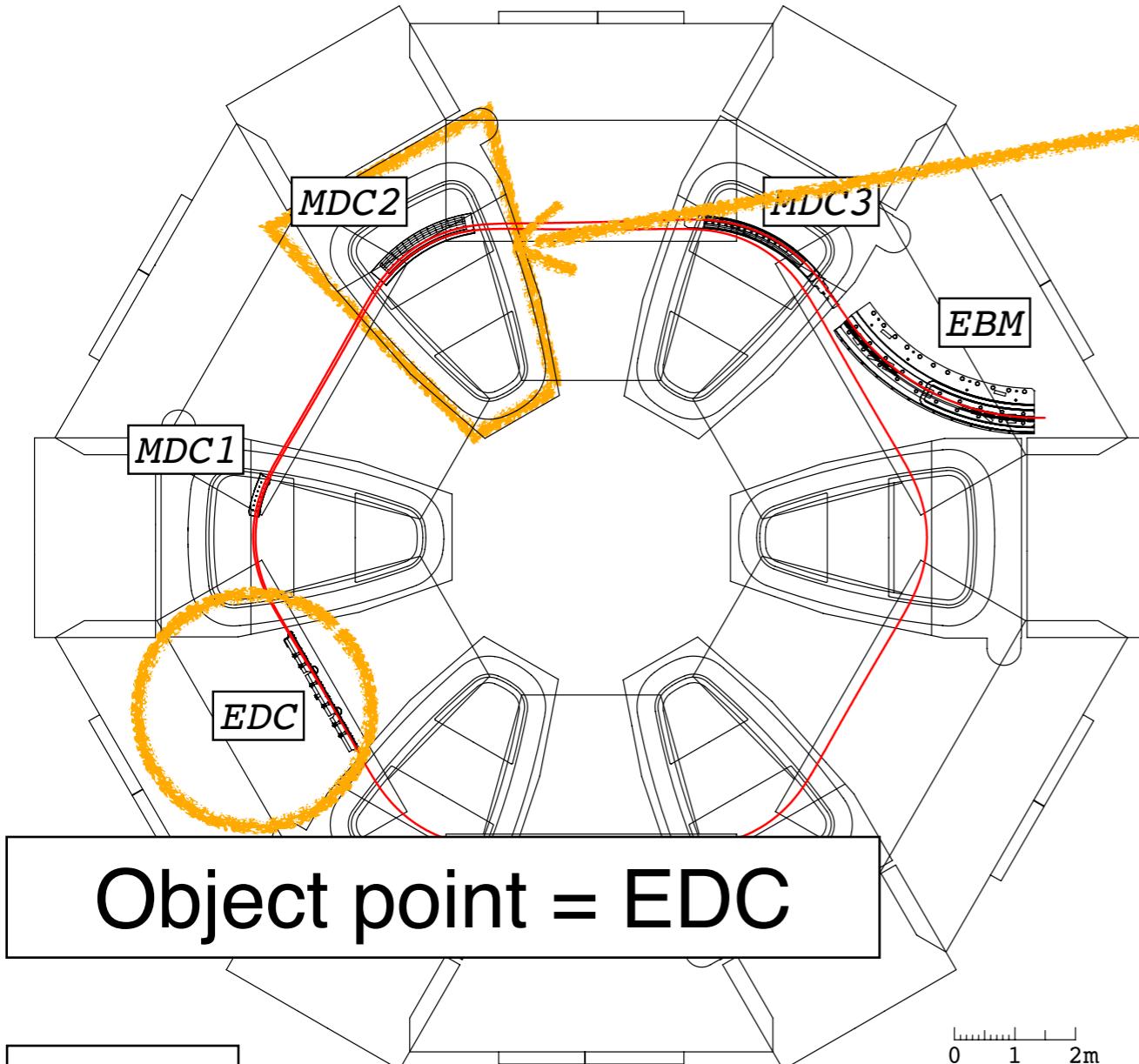
→0 by focusing

$$A_{16} = -CS_{16}/S_{11}$$

matching condition realized by
adjusting A_{16} = dispersion of Analyzer

Ion Optics

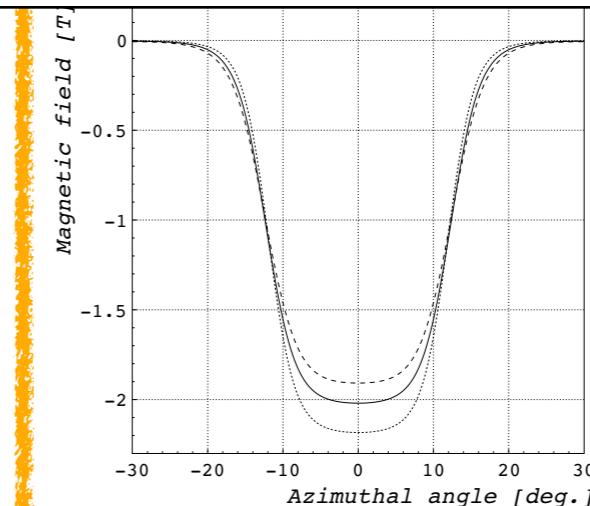
Dispersion matching using primary beam



Object point = EDC

SRC

magnetic field in the magnet

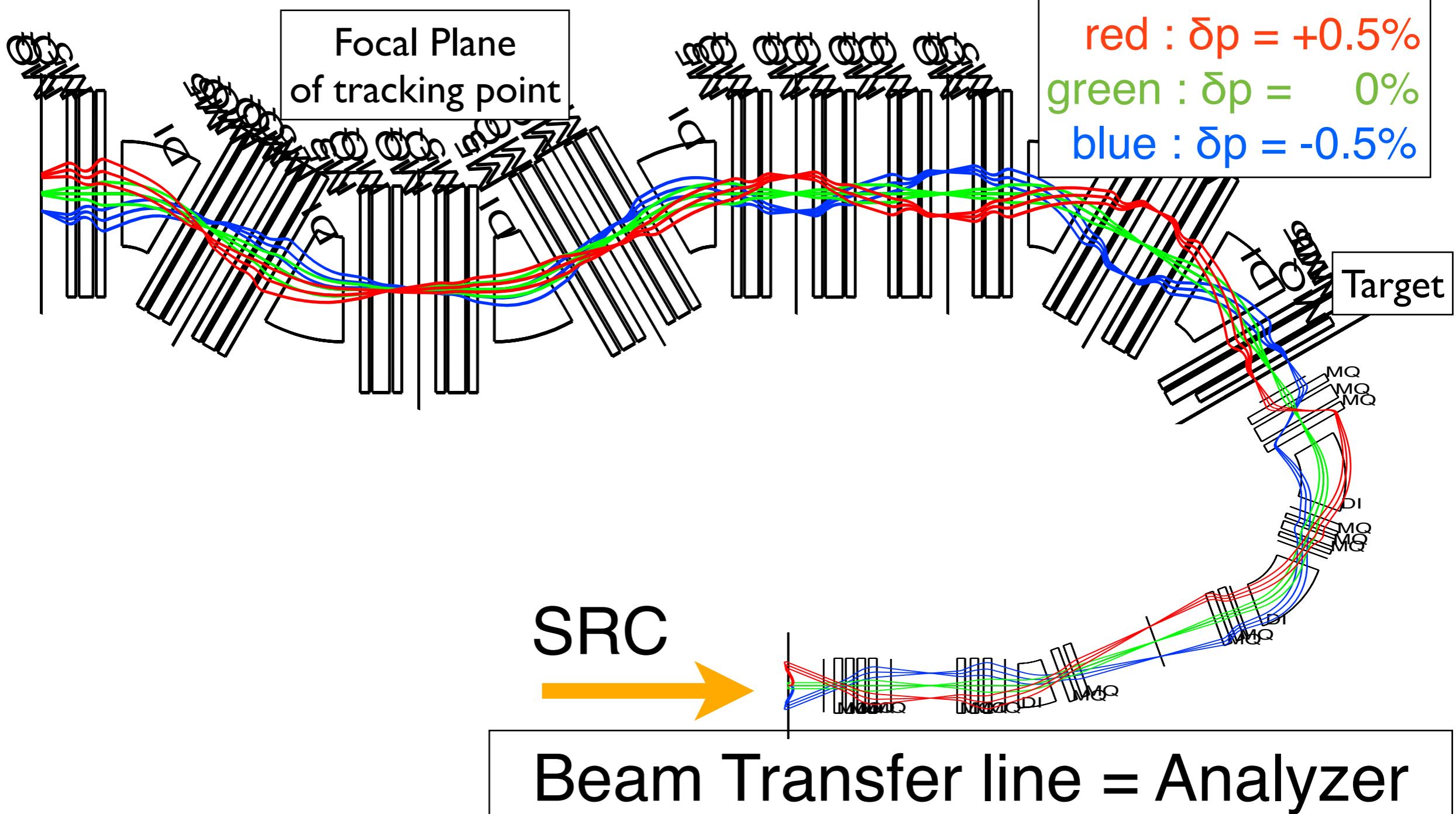


calculate the transfer matrix
using Runge-Kutta method

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \begin{pmatrix} (x|x) & (x|a) & (x|y) & (x|b) & (x|\delta) \\ (a|x) & (a|a) & (a|y) & (a|b) & (a|\delta) \\ (y|x) & (y|a) & (y|y) & (y|b) & (y|\delta) \\ (b|x) & (b|a) & (b|y) & (b|b) & (b|\delta) \end{pmatrix}_{\text{EDC} \rightarrow \text{EBM}} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} -1.00 & -3.35 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 76.9 \\ 0.30 & -0.01 & 0.0 & 0.0 & -25.4 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & -1.03 & -1.75 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & -0.09 & -1.12 & 0.0 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

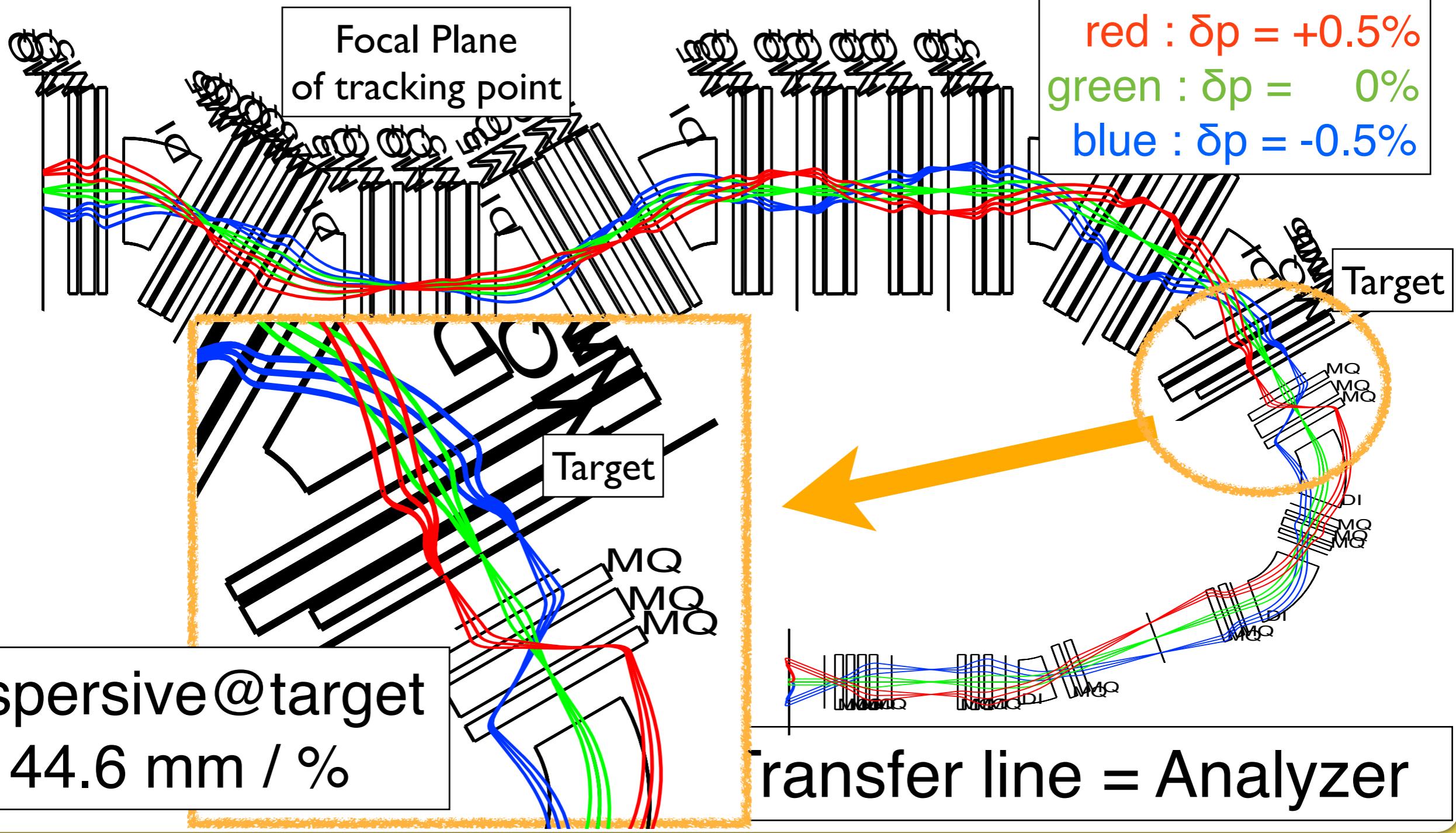
Ion Optics

BigRIPS = Spectrometer



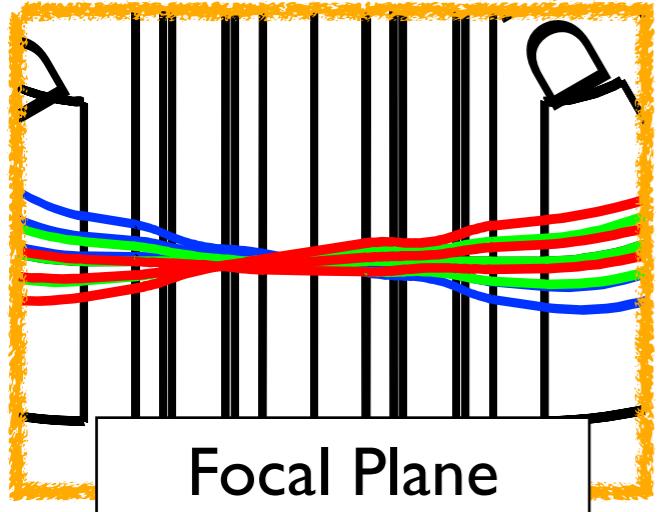
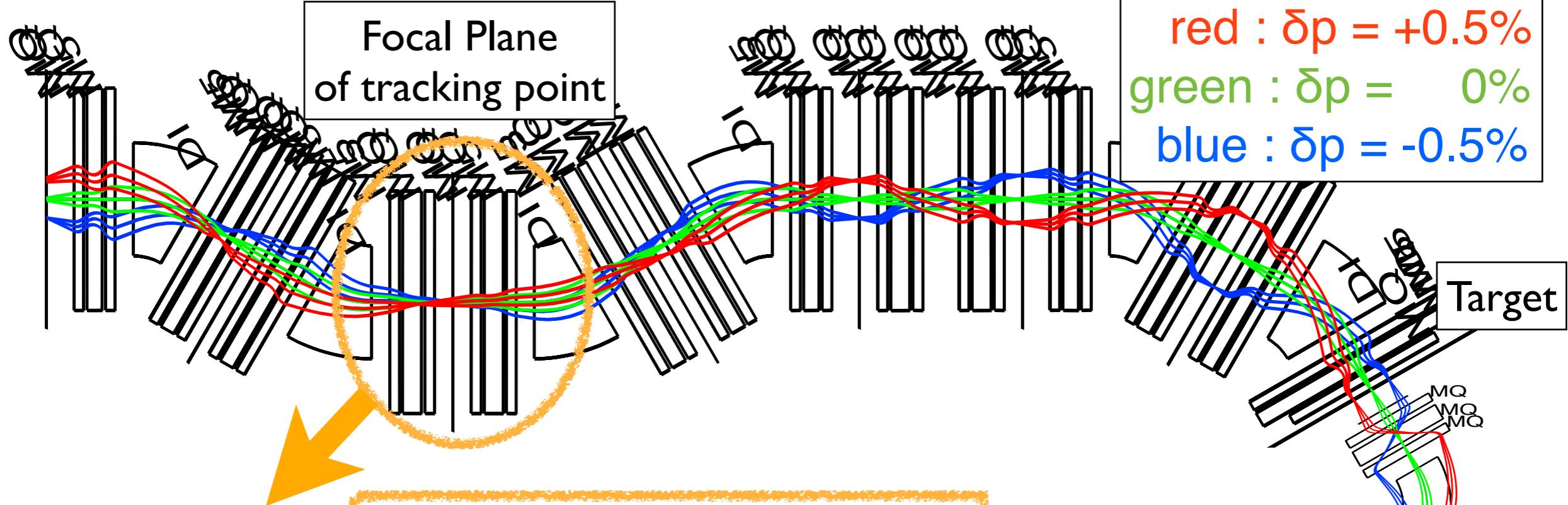
Ion Optics

BigRIPS = Spectrometer



Ion Optics

BigRIPS = Spectrometer

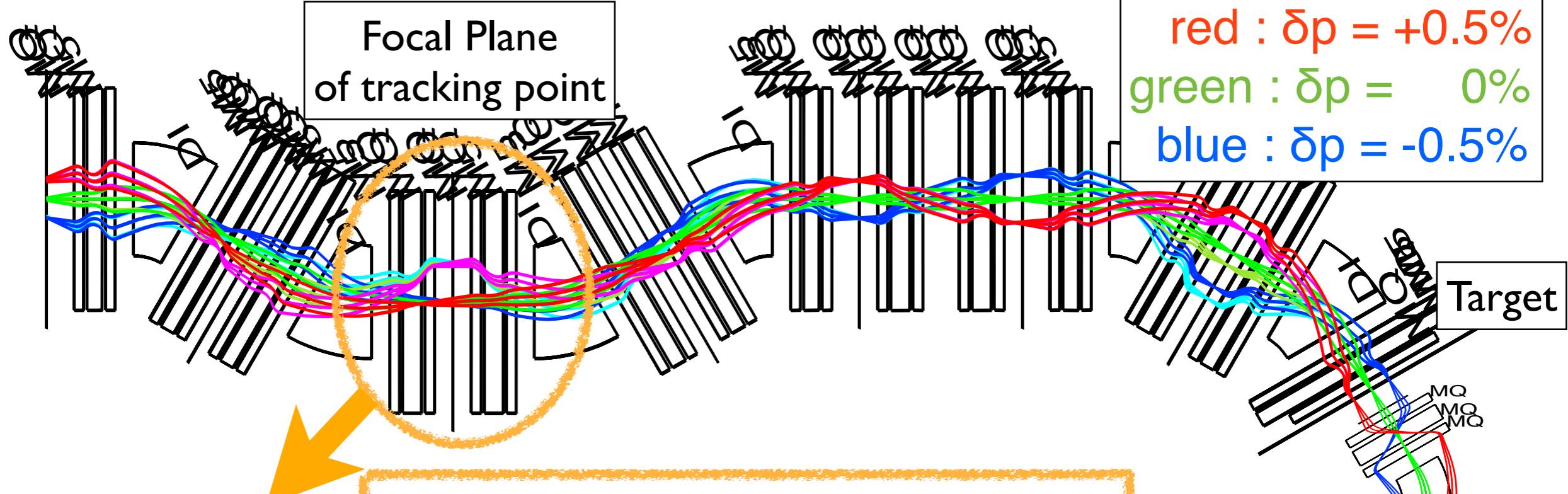


independent of
incident beam energy
= dispersion matching

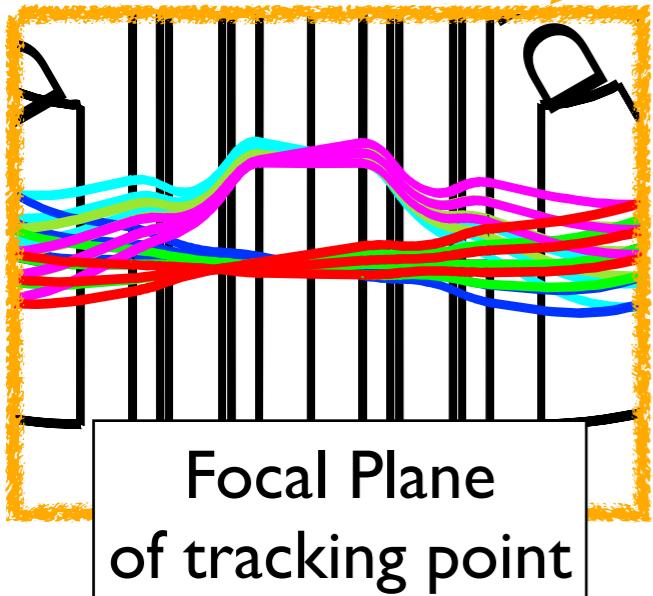
Beam Transfer line = Analyzer

Ion Optics

BigRIPS = Spectrometer



realize high precision
spectroscopy
dispersion 62 mm / %
 $p/\Delta p \sim 6000$



Focal Plane
of tracking point

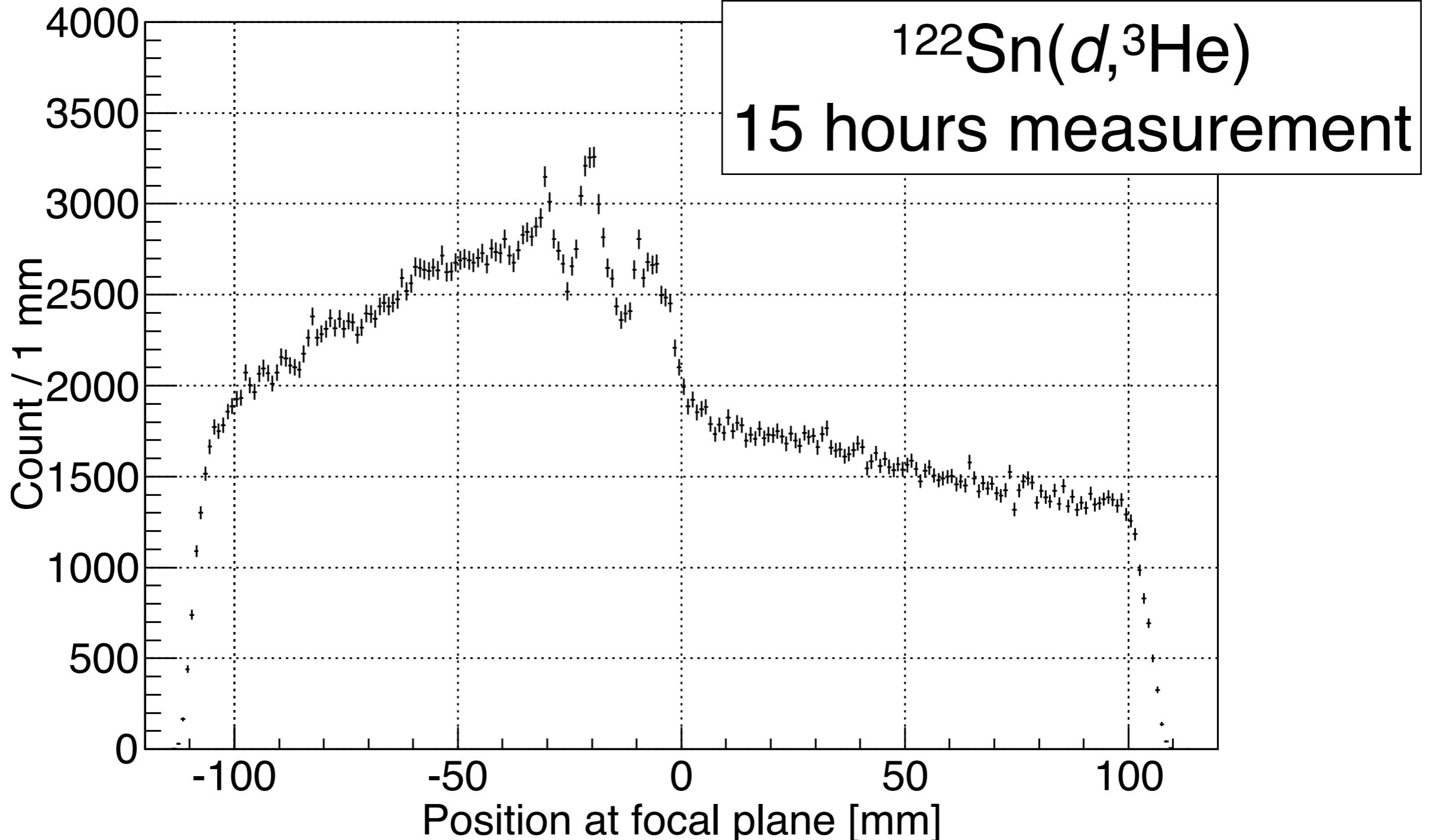
Beam Transfer line = Analyzer

The pilot experiment

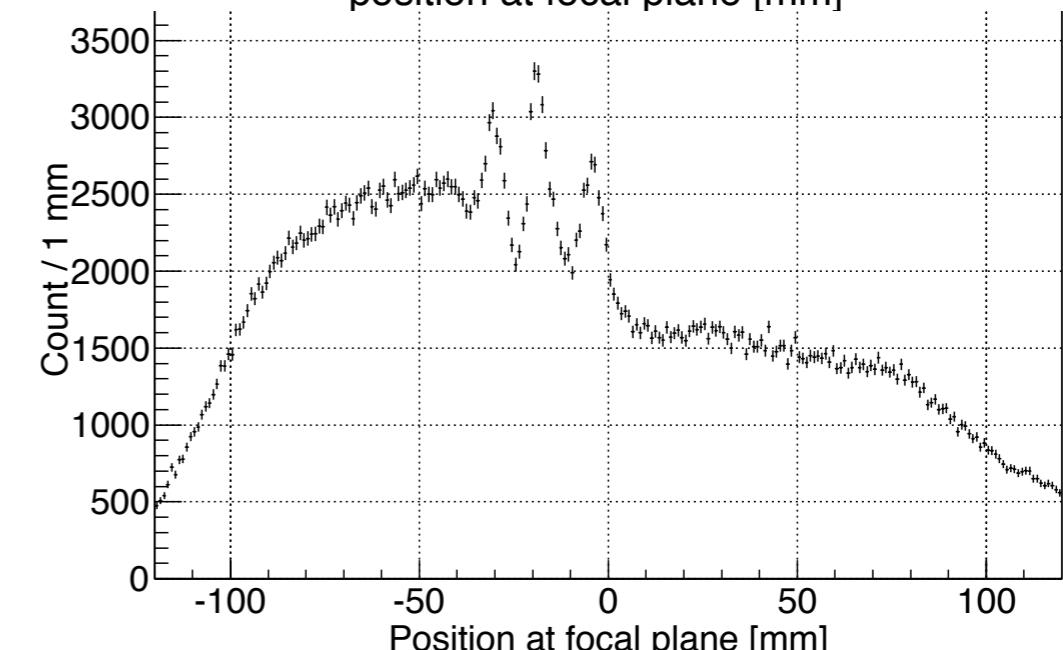
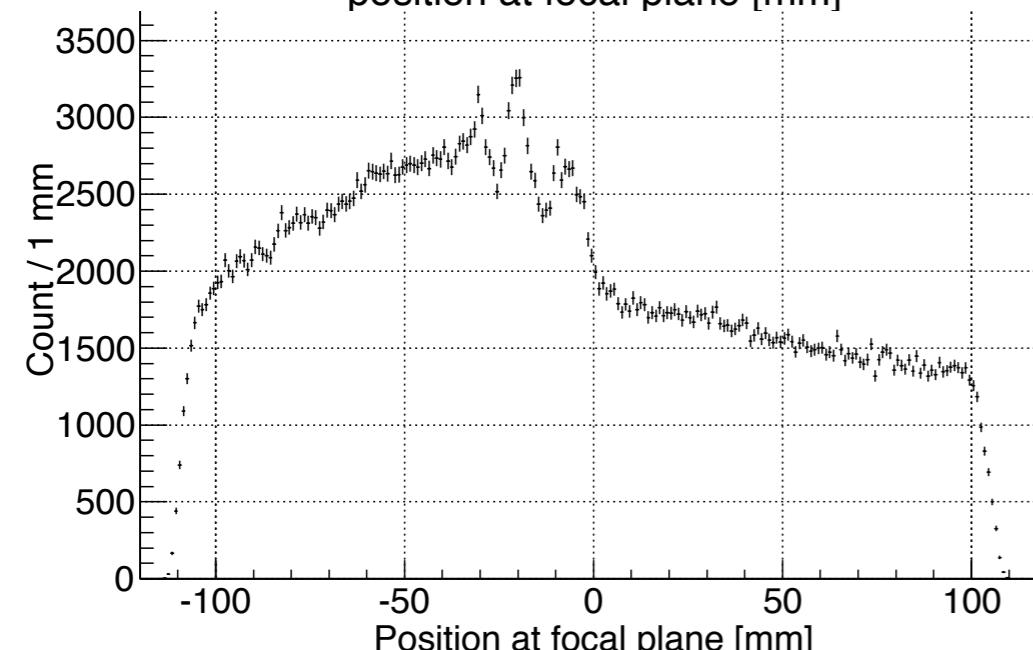
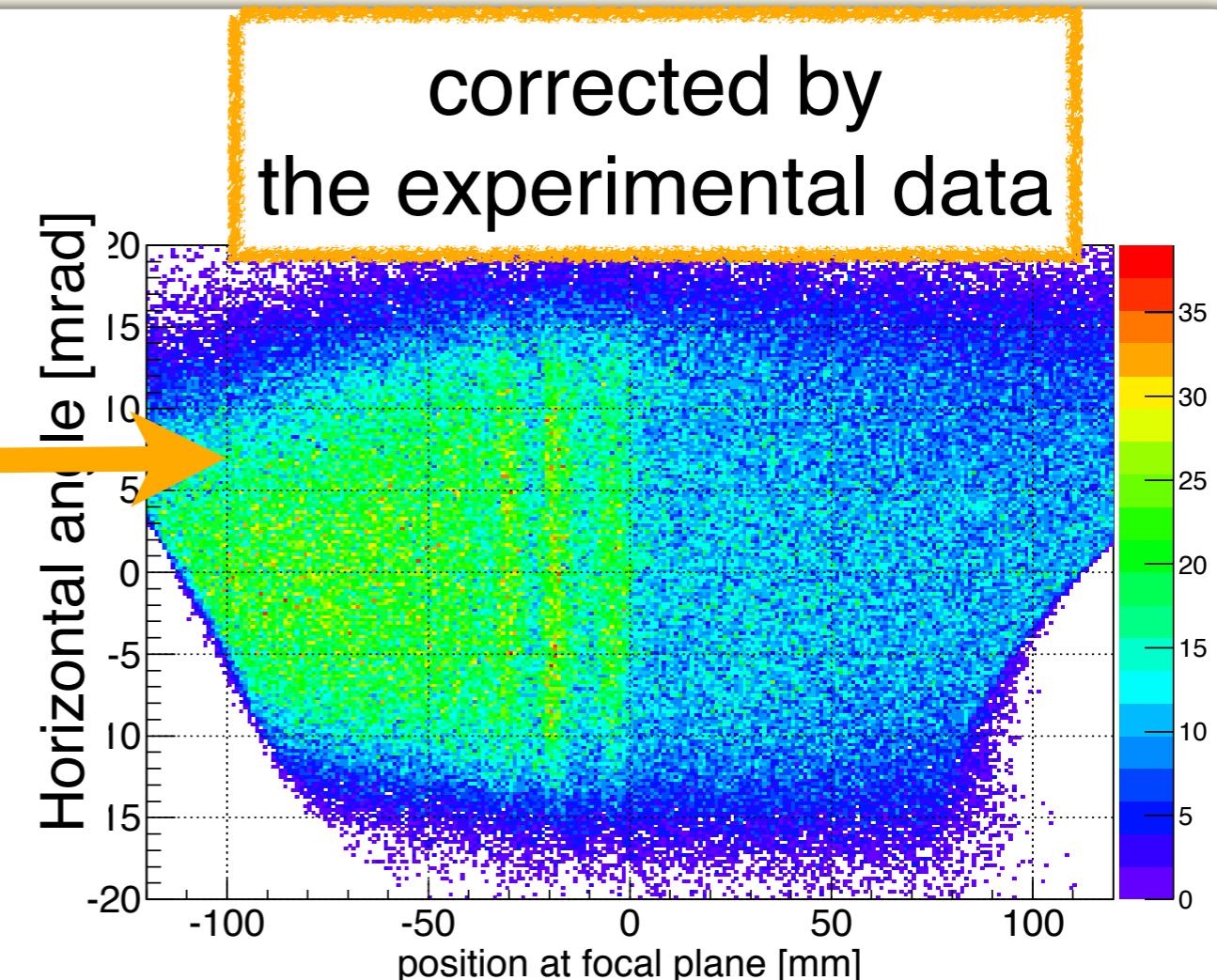
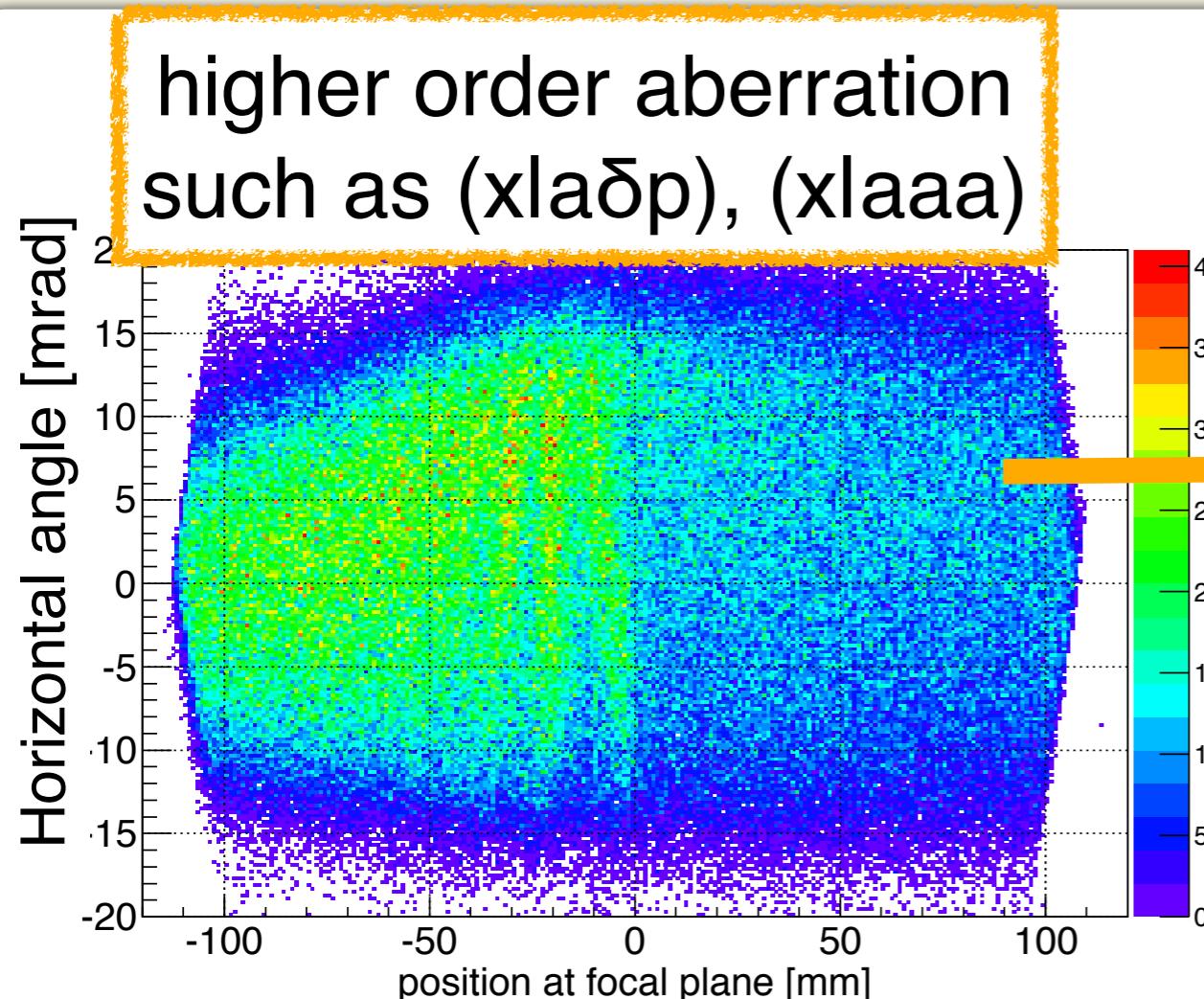
Z	112I	113I	114I	115I	116I	117I	118I	119I	120I	121I	122I	123I	124I	125I	126I	127I	128I
51	111Te	112Te	113Te	114Te	115Te	116Te	117Te	118Te	119Te	120Te	121Te	122Te	123Te	124Te	125Te	126Te	127Te
49	110Sb	111Sb	112Sb	113Sb	114Sb	115Sb	116Sb	117Sb	118Sb	119Sb	120Sb	121Sb	122Sb	123Sb	124Sb	125Sb	126Sb
47	109Sn	110Sn	111Sn	112Sn	113Sn	114Sn	115Sn	116Sn	117Sn	118Sn	119Sn	120Sn	121Sn	122Sn	123Sn	124Sn	125Sn
45	108In	109In	110In	111In	112In	113In	114In	115In	116In	117In	118In	119In	120In	121In	122In	123In	124In
	107Cd	108Cd	109Cd	110Cd	111Cd	112Cd	113Cd	114Cd	115Cd	116Cd	117Cd	118Cd	119Cd	120Cd	121Cd	122Cd	123Cd
	106Ag	107Ag	108Ag	109Ag	110Ag	111Ag	112Ag	113Ag	114Ag	115Ag	116Ag	117Ag	118Ag	119Ag	120Ag	121Ag	122Ag
	105Pd	106Pd	107Pd	108Pd	109Pd	110Pd	111Pd	112Pd	113Pd	114Pd	115Pd	116Pd	117Pd	118Pd	119Pd	120Pd	121Pd
	104Rh	105Rh	106Rh	107Rh	108Rh	109Rh	110Rh	111Rh	112Rh	113Rh	114Rh	115Rh	116Rh	117Rh	118Rh	119Rh	120Rh

First Experiment

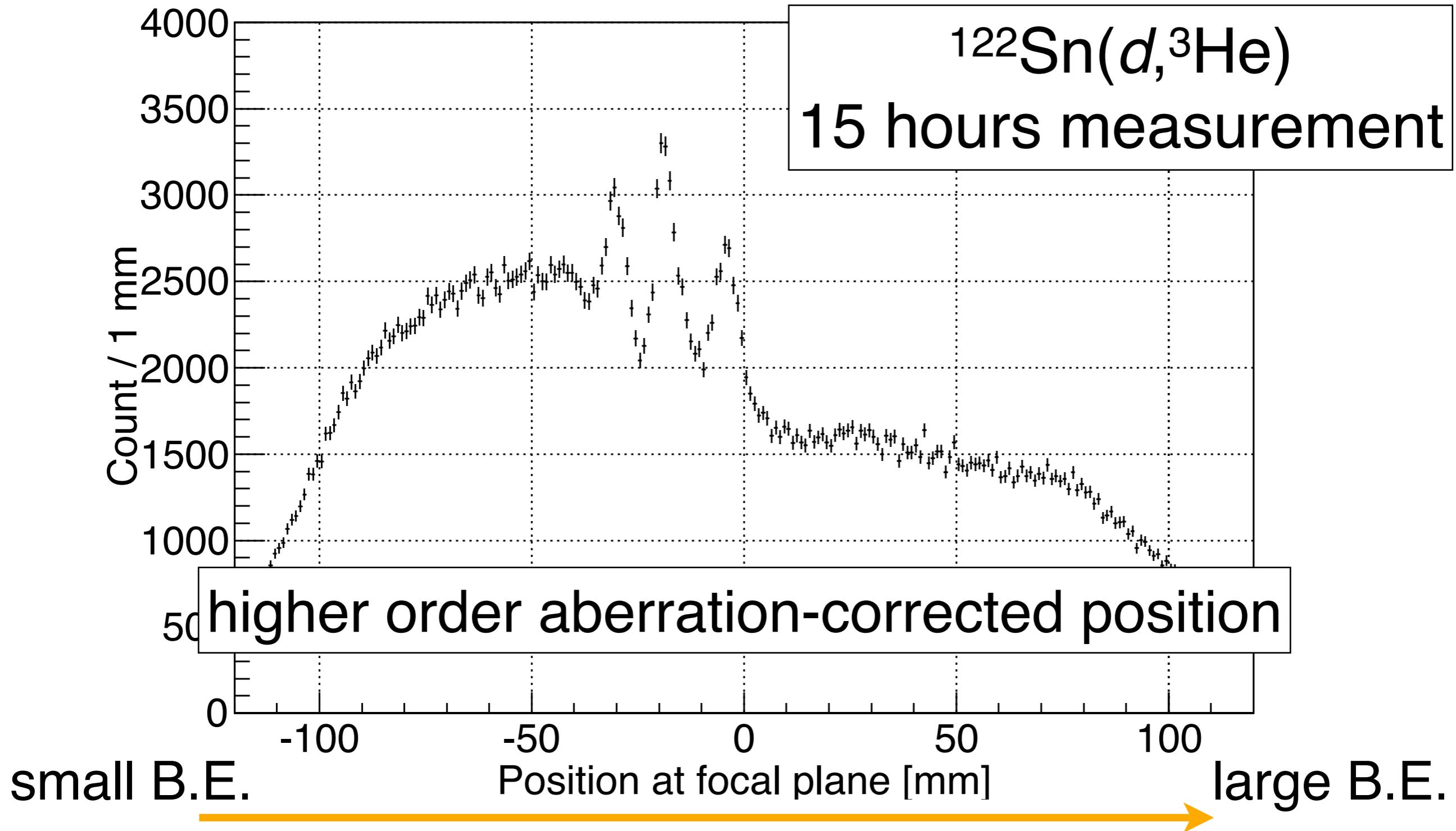
The result of pilot experiment



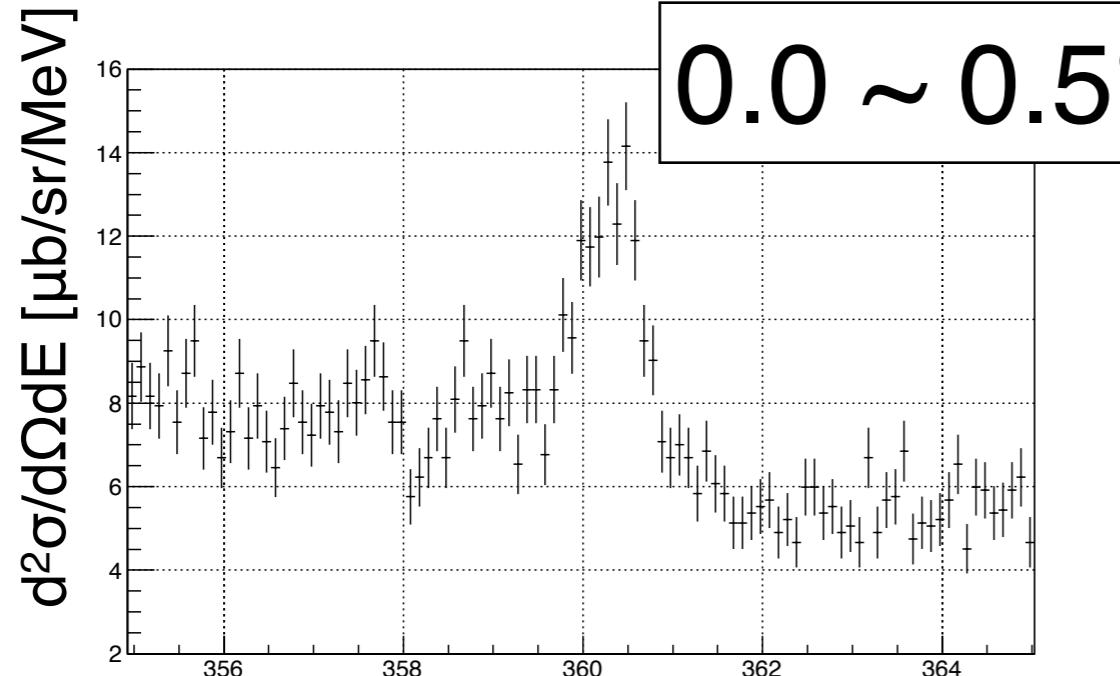
The result of pilot experiment



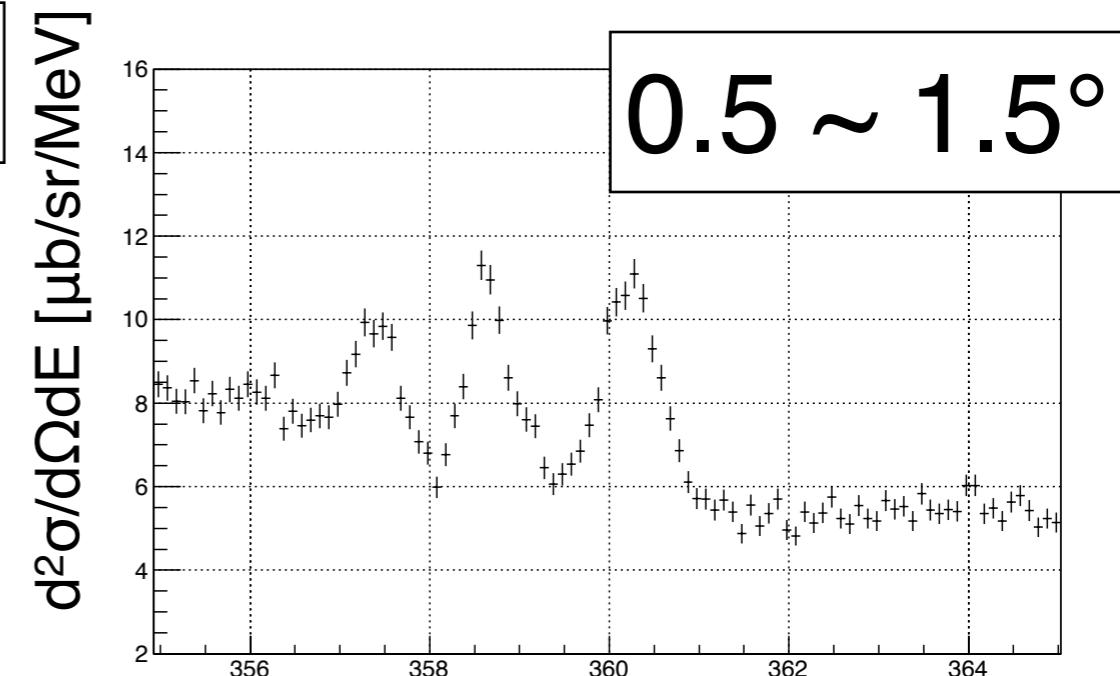
The result of pilot experiment



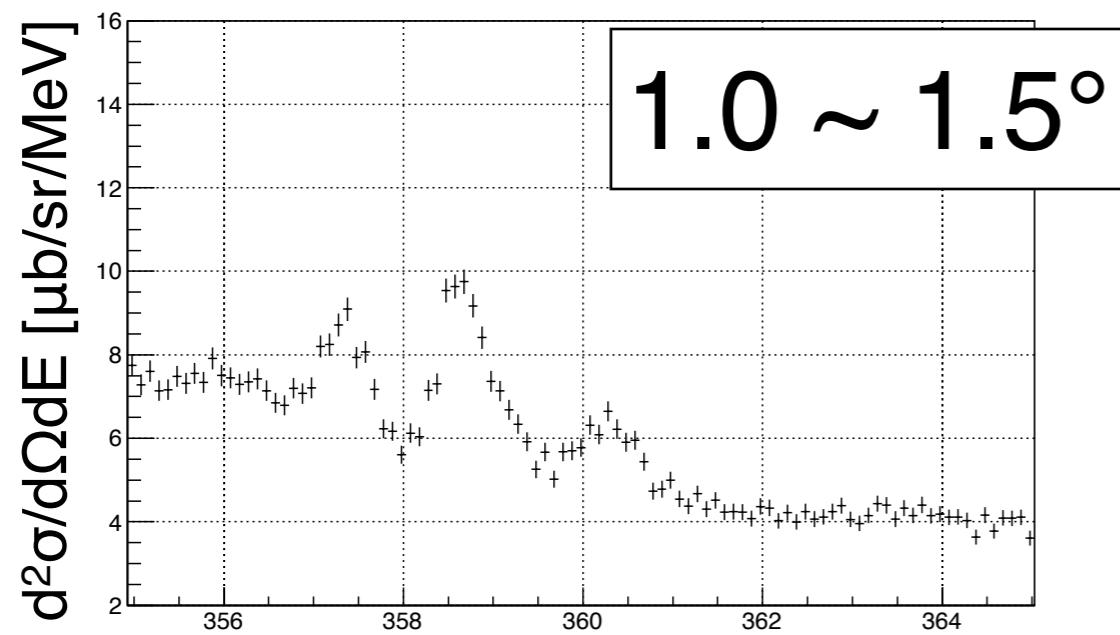
$d^2\sigma/d\Omega dE$ vs T_{He} Spectra



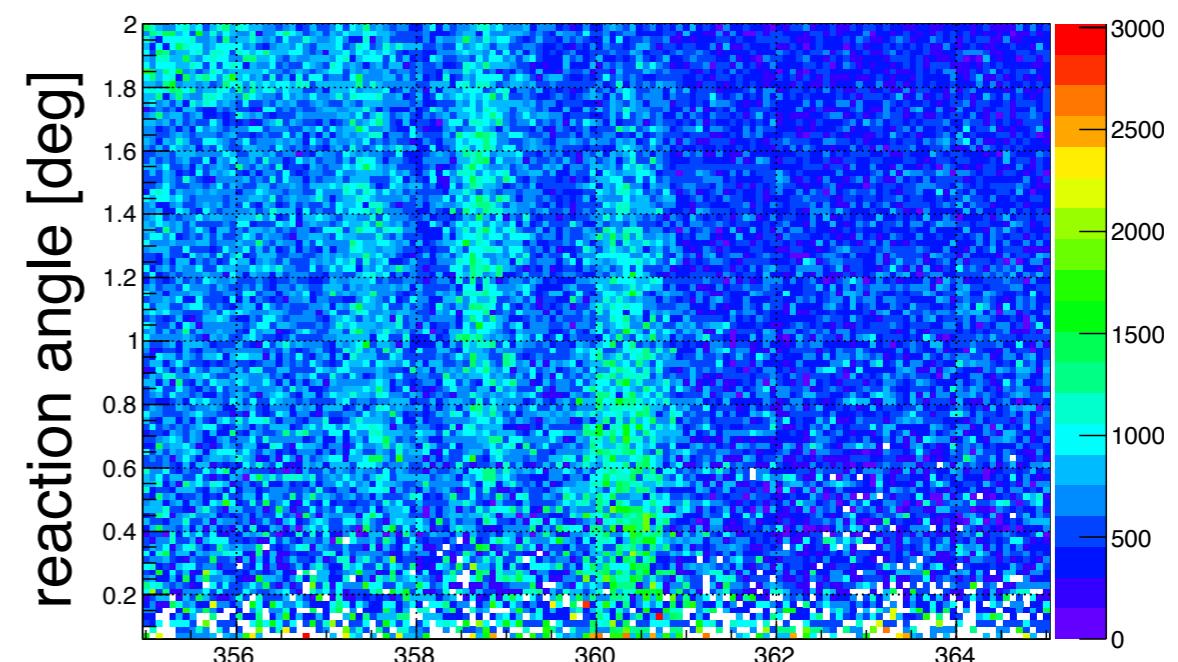
kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]



kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

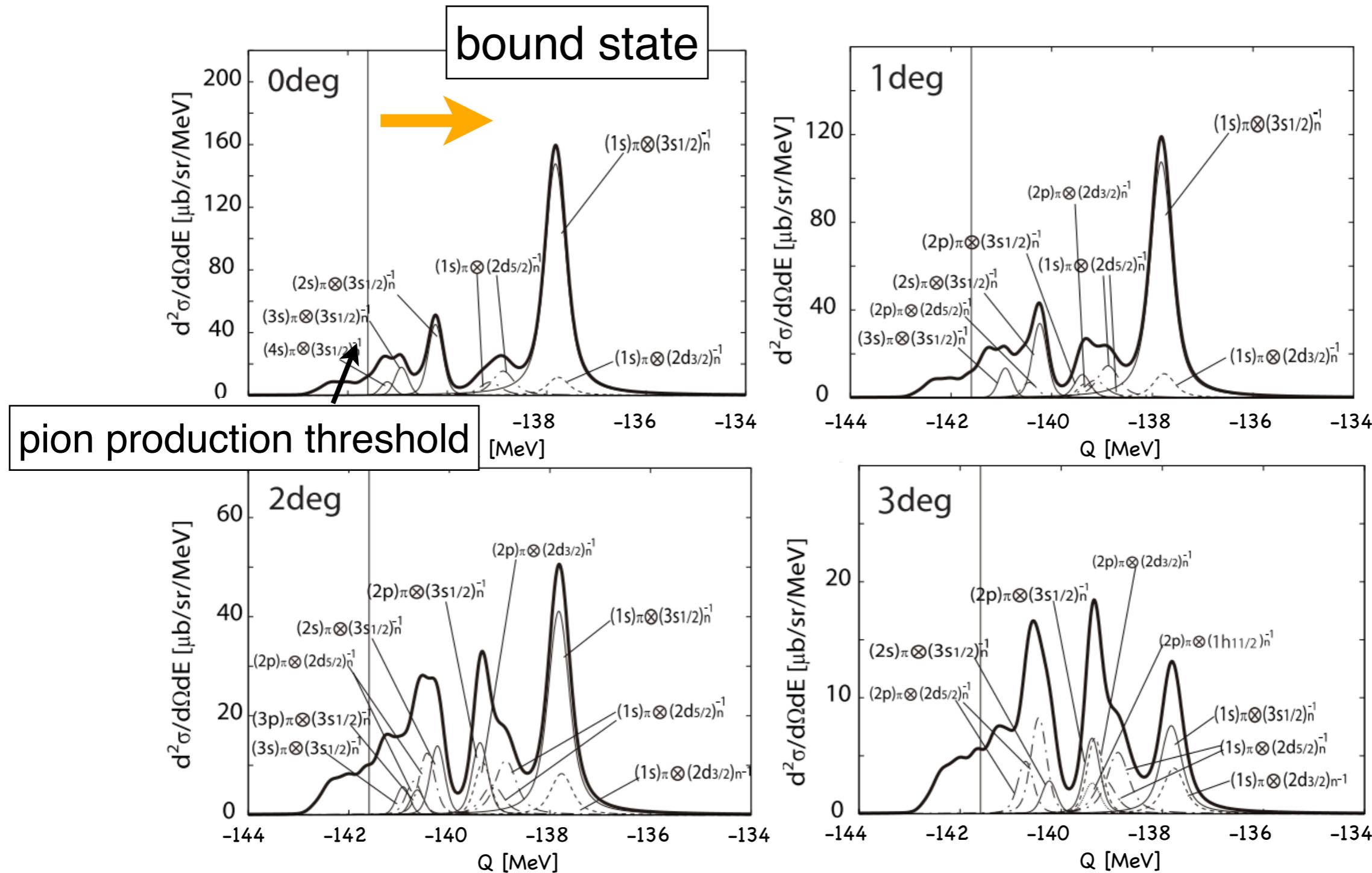


kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]



kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

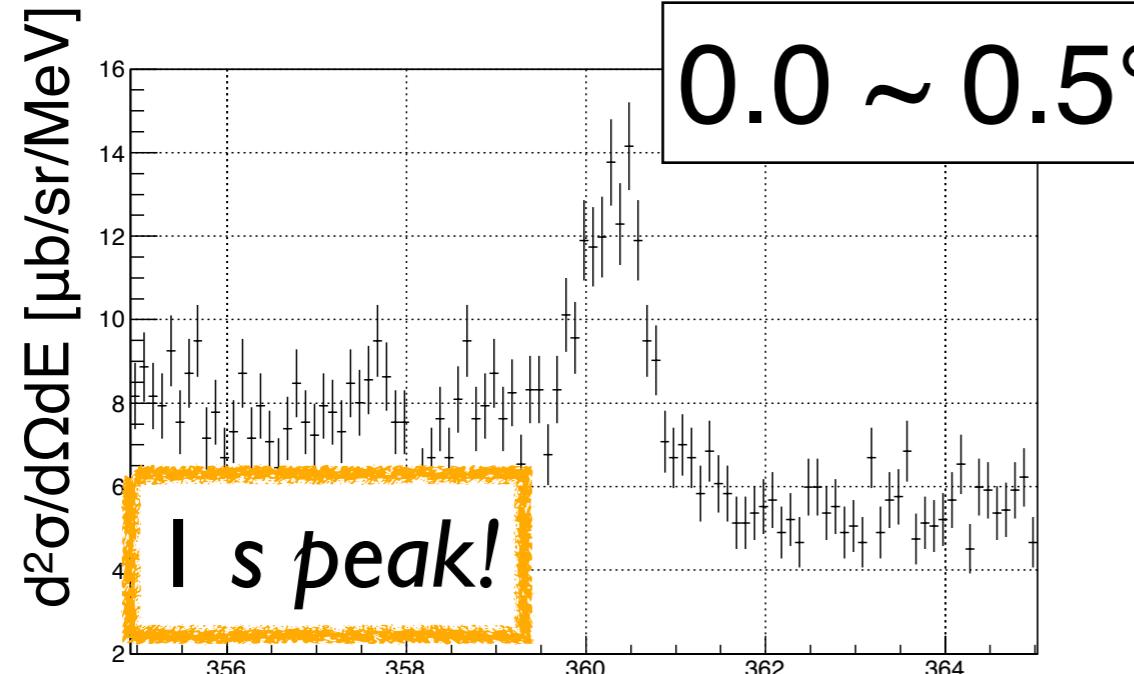
Theoretical calculated spectrum



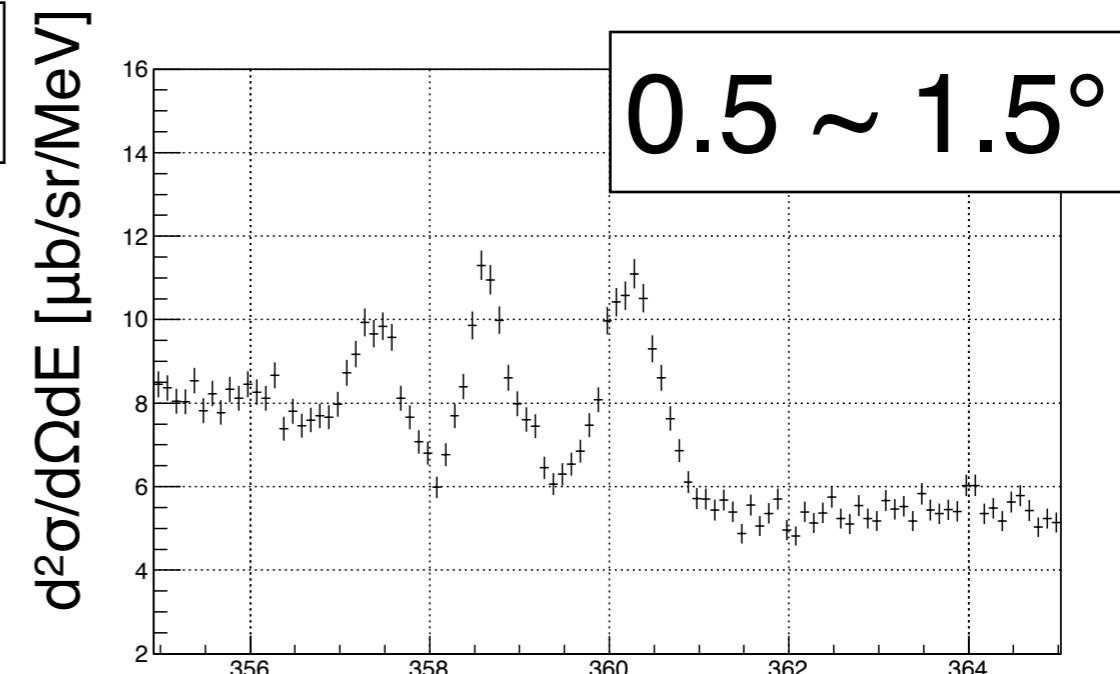
resolution ~ 300 keV

*N. Ikeda et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 47, 161 (2011)

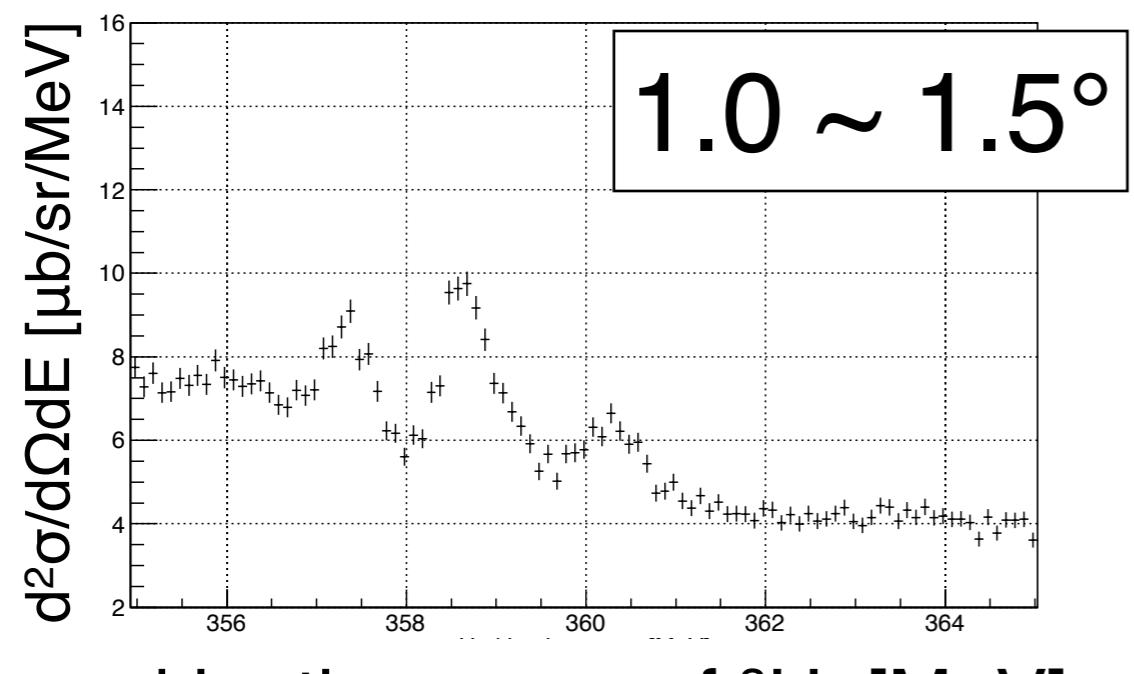
$d^2\sigma/d\Omega dE$ vs T_{He} Spectra



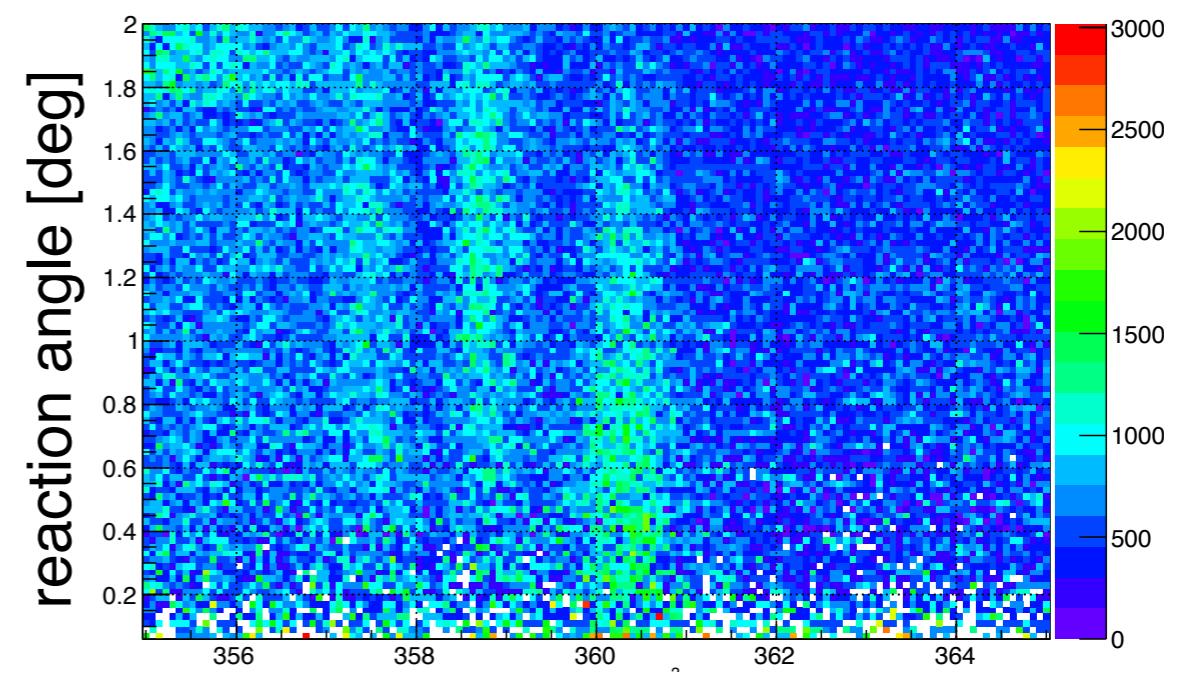
kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]



kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

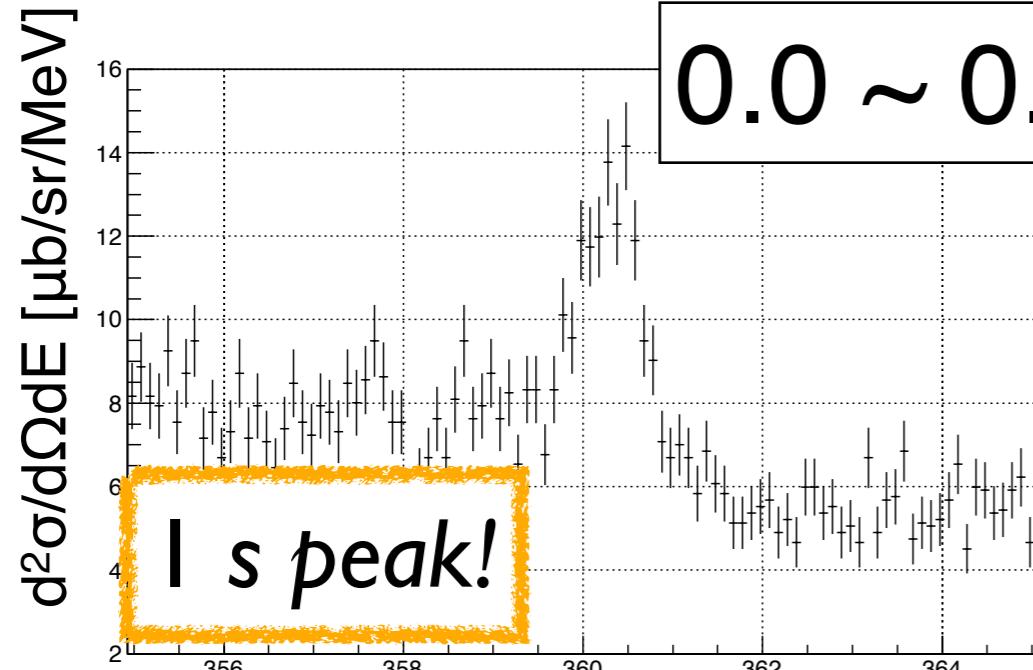


kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

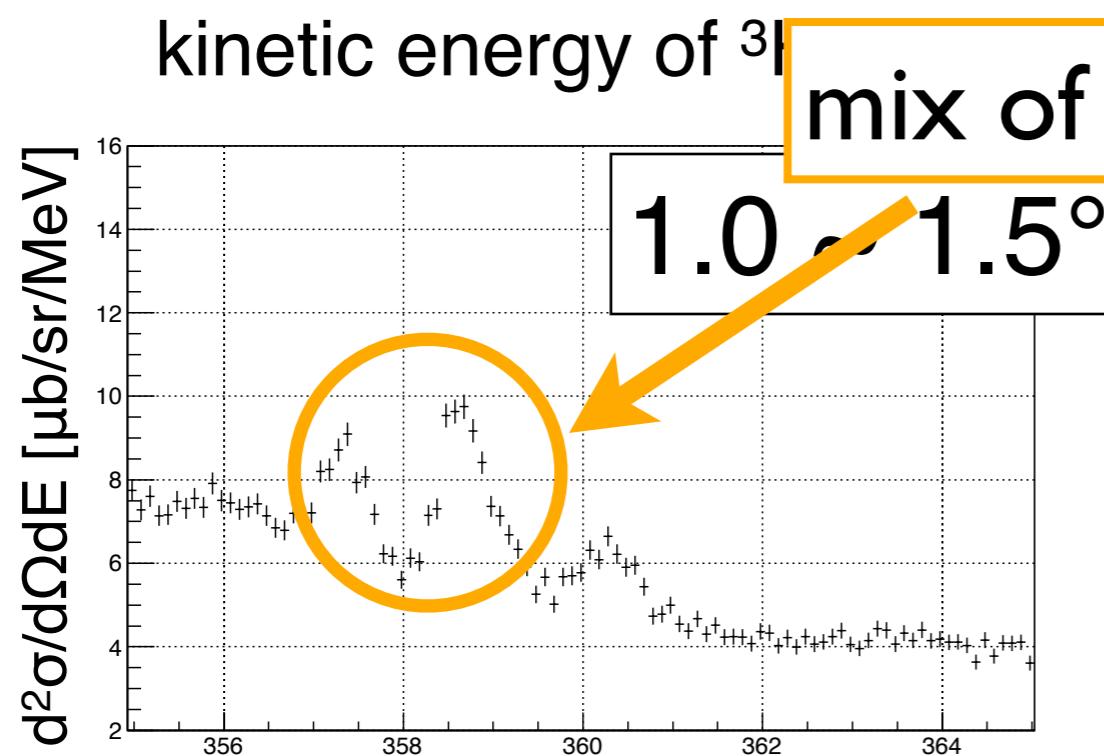


kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

$d^2\sigma/d\Omega dE$ vs T_{He} Spectra



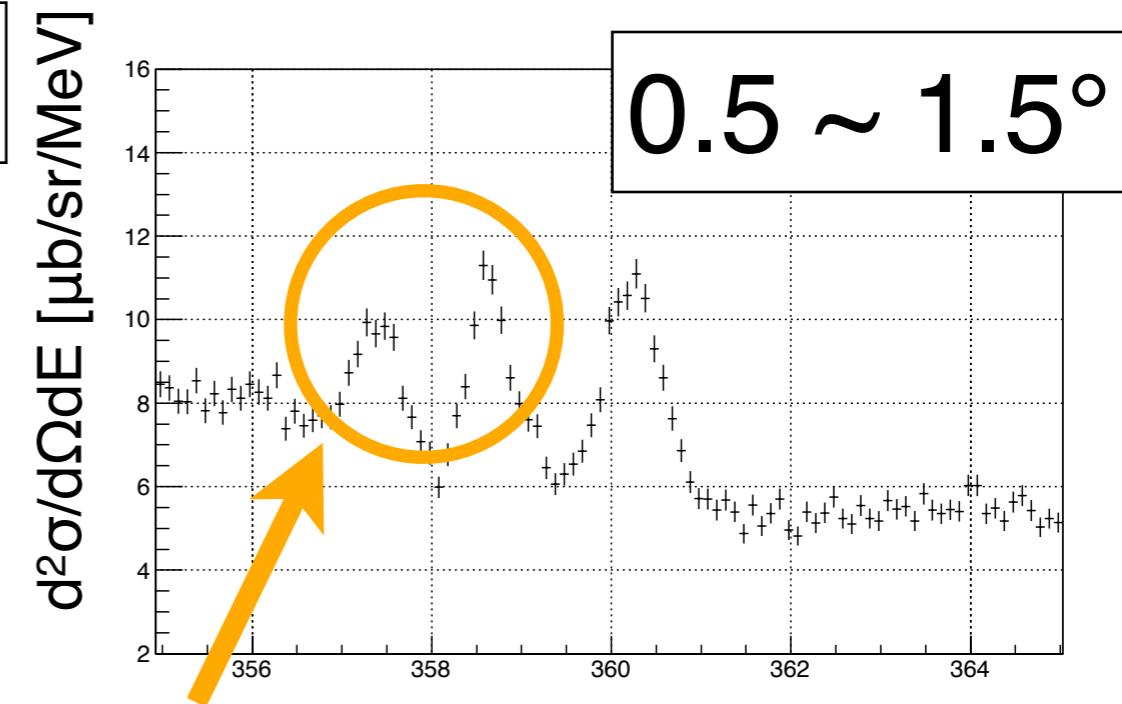
0.0 ~ 0.5°



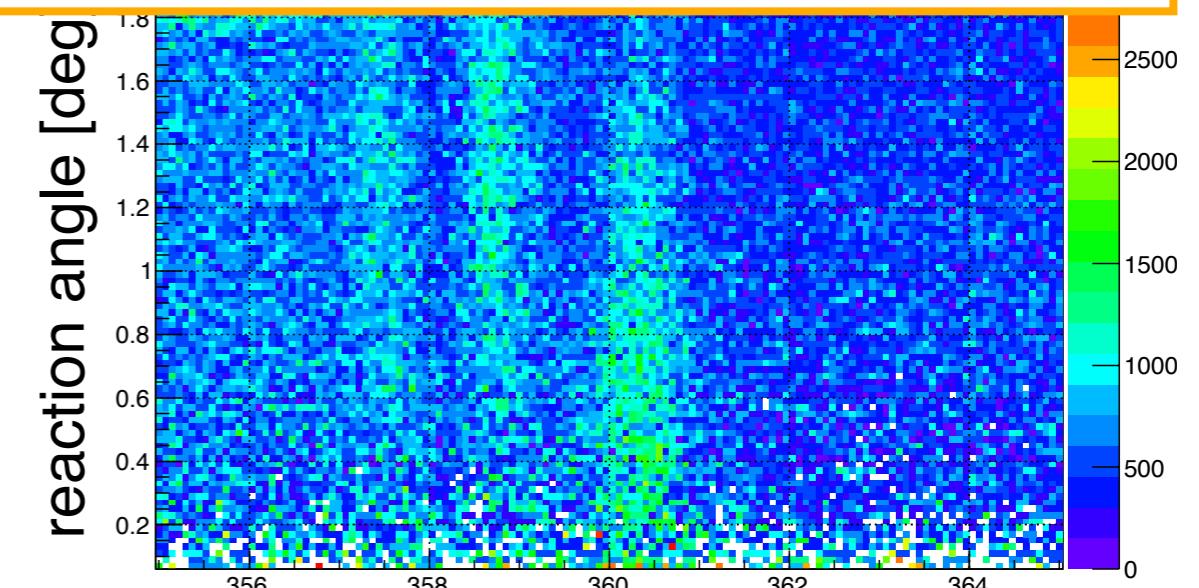
kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

mix of $(2s, 2p)_\pi \otimes (2d_{\frac{3}{2}}, 2d_{\frac{5}{2}}, 3s_{\frac{1}{2}})_{n-1}$

1.0 ~ 1.5°



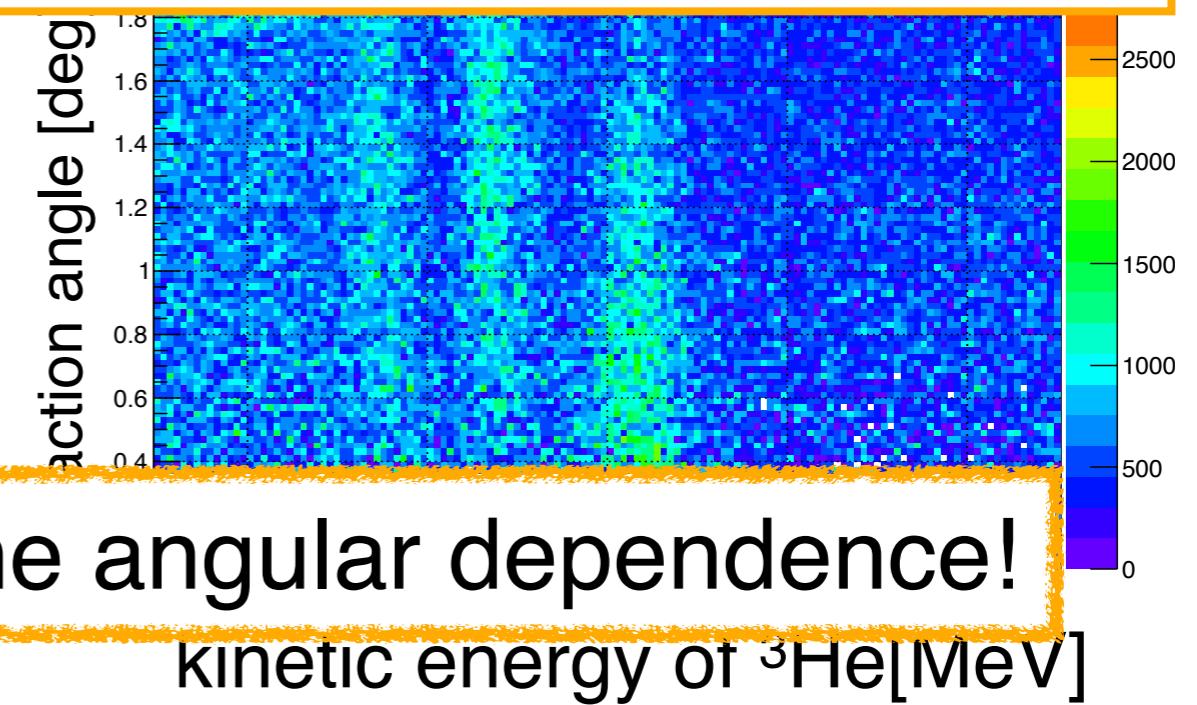
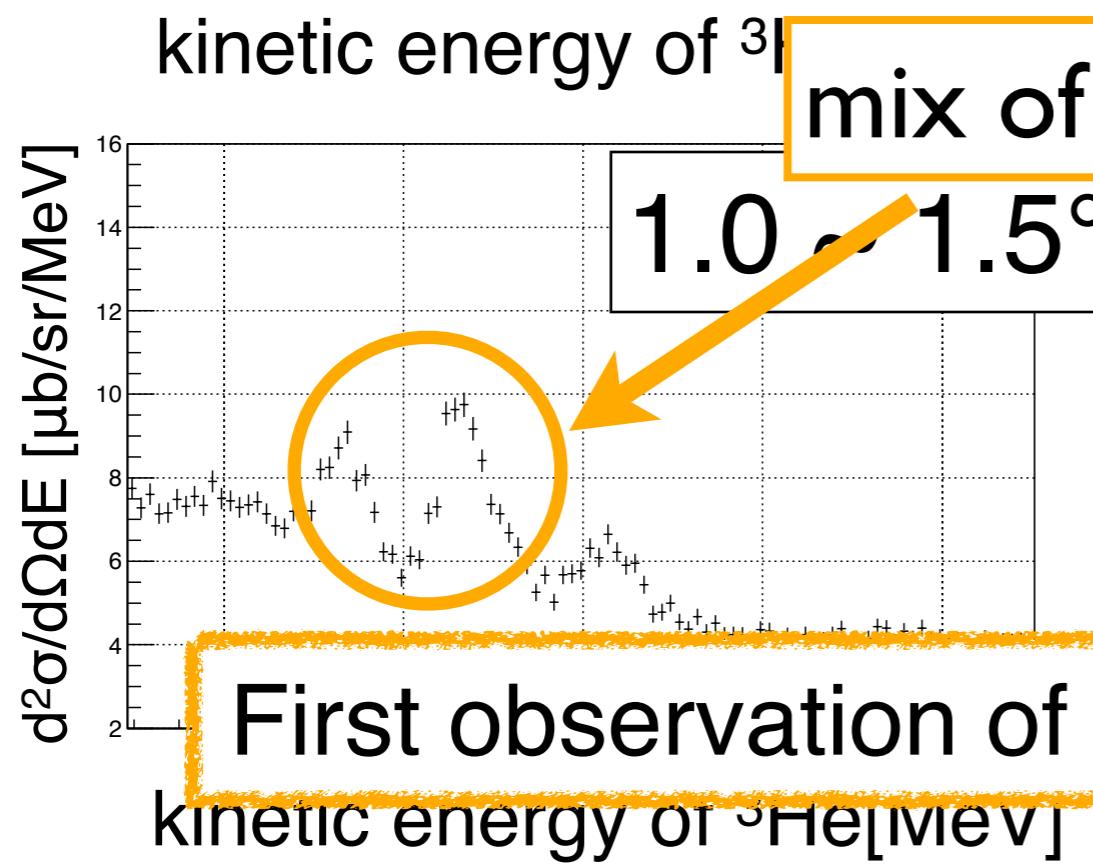
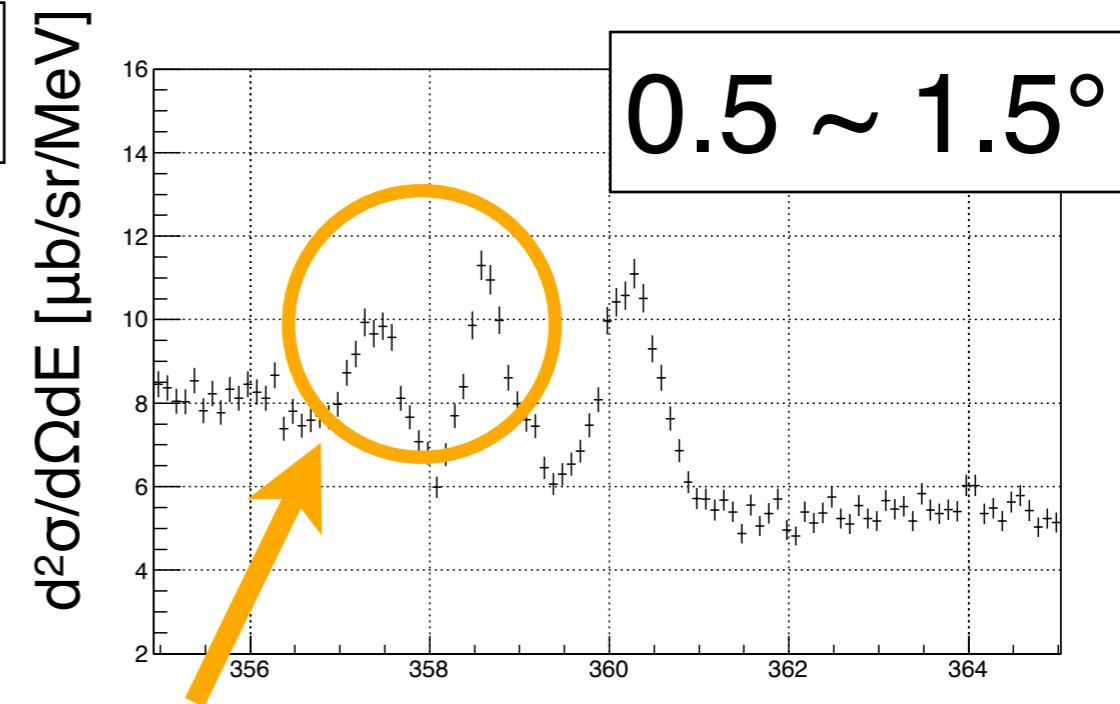
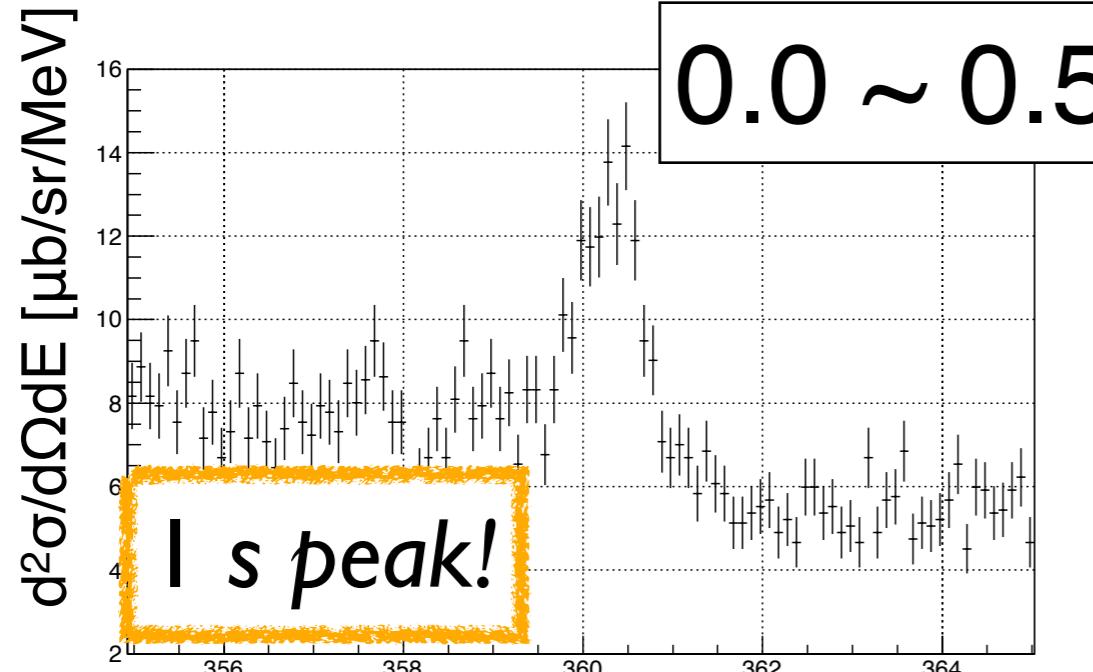
0.5 ~ 1.5°



kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

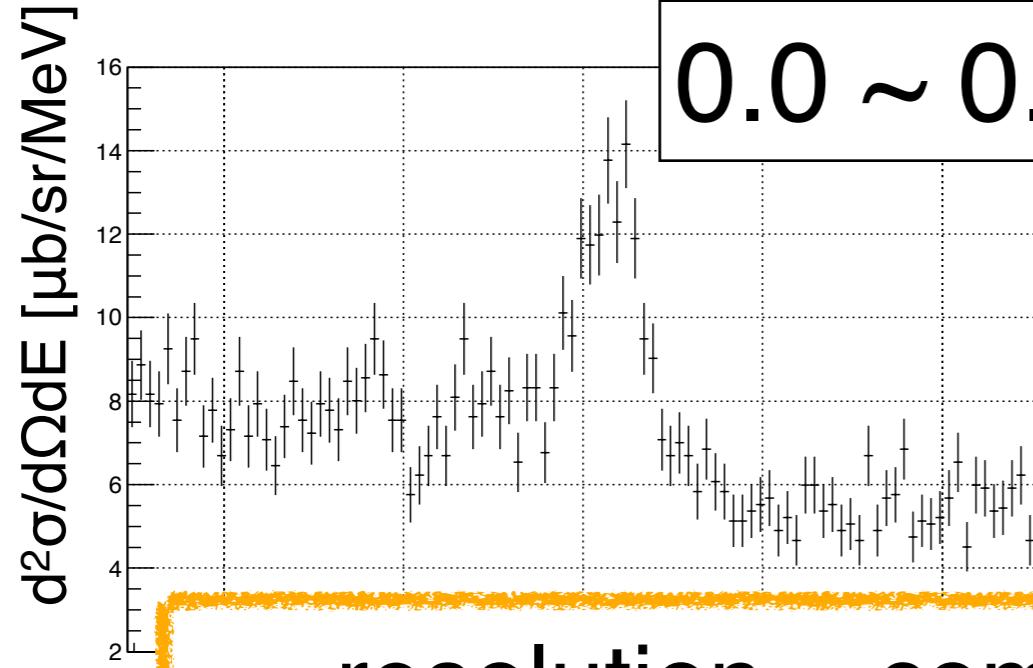
kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

$d^2\sigma/d\Omega dE$ vs T_{He} Spectra

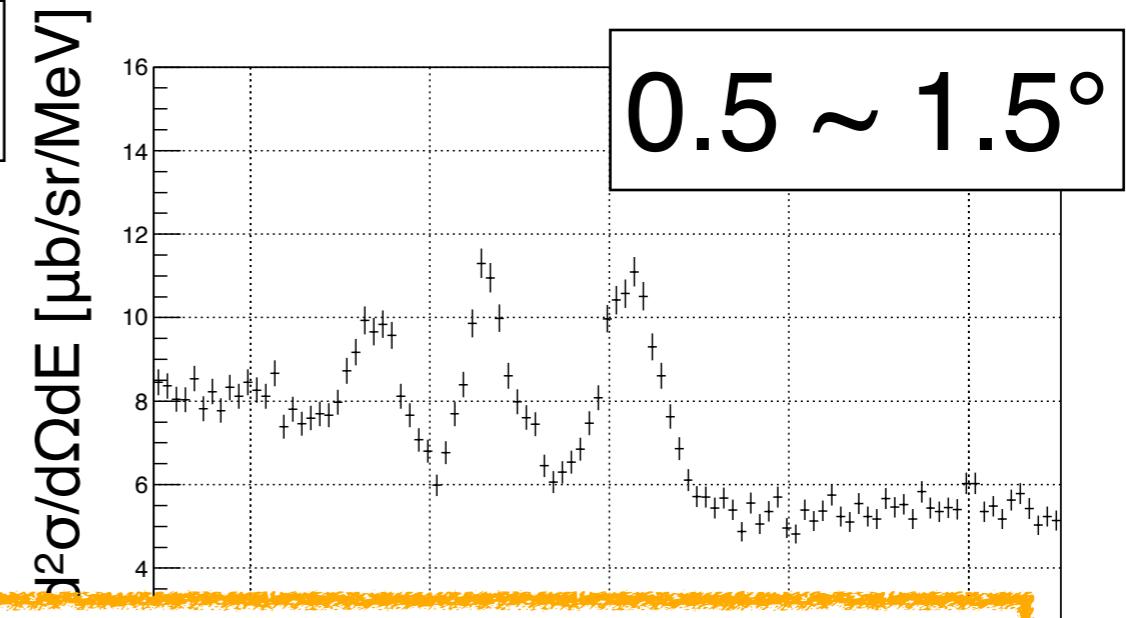


First observation of the angular dependence!

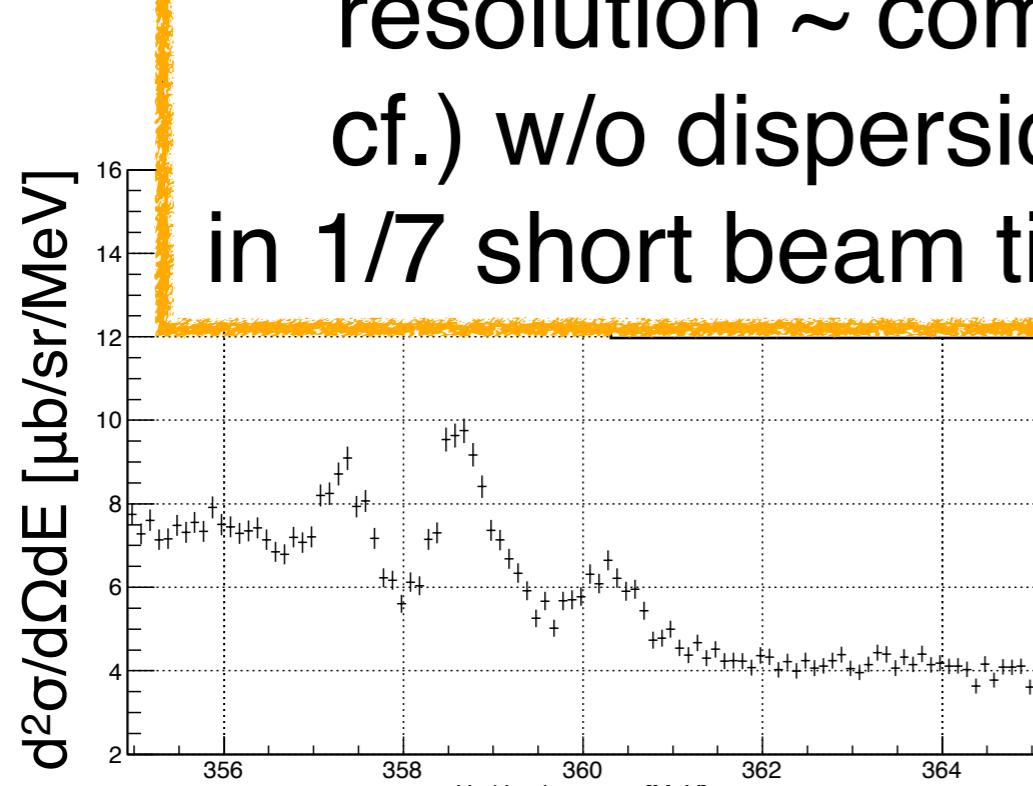
$d^2\sigma/d\Omega dE$ vs $T_{^3\text{He}}$ Spectra



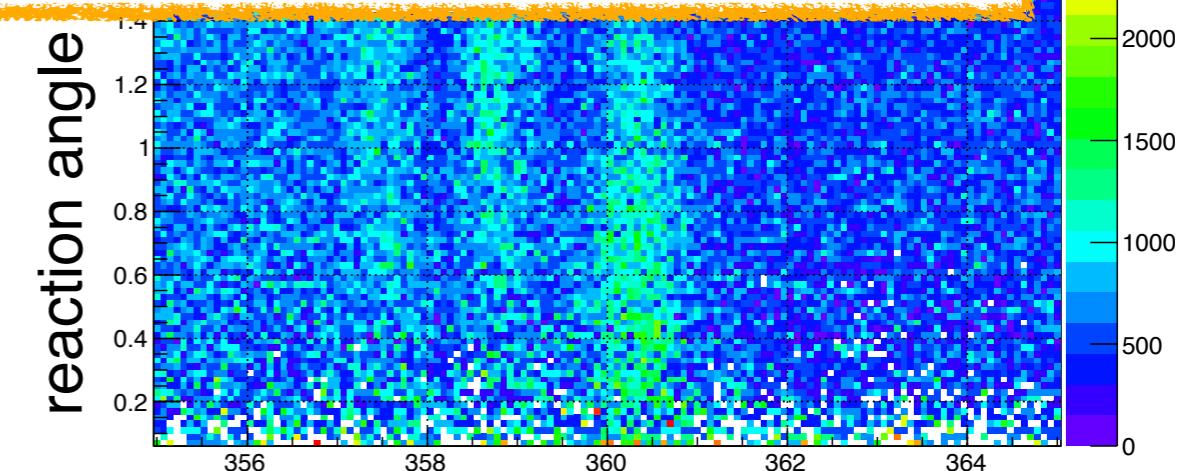
0.0 ~ 0.5°



0.5 ~ 1.5°



resolution ~ comparable with **300 keV!**
cf.) w/o dispersion matching ~ 850 keV
in 1/7 short beam time compared with in GSI



kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

kinetic energy of ${}^3\text{He}$ [MeV]

Summary and future works

- We constructed new optics using dispersion matching with primary beam at RIBF, RIKEN for deeply-bound pionic atom experiment.
- We performed the pilot experiment with the target of ^{122}Sn .
- The deeply bound pionic states in ^{121}Sn was observed successfully.
- Thanks for large angular acceptance of BigRIPS, angular dependence of the $(d, {}^3\text{He})$ reaction cross section was also observed.
- Now we are finalizing the result of the pilot experiment to extract binding energy and width of deeply bound pionic states.
- In the main experiment, we will optimize the dispersion matching condition and improve the resolution.

Summary and future works

- We constructed new optics using dispersion matching with primary beam at RIBF, RIKEN for deeply-bound pionic atom experiment.
- We performed the pilot experiment with the target of ^{122}Sn .
- The deeply bound pionic states in ^{121}Sn was observed successfully.
- Thanks for large angular acceptance of BigRIPS, angular dependence of the $(d, {}^3\text{He})$ reaction cross section was also observed.
- Now we are finalizing the result of the pilot experiment to extract binding energy and width of deeply bound pionic states.
- In the main experiment, we will optimize the dispersion matching condition and improve the resolution.

the first observation in the world

Ongoing other projects in our group

Feasibility study of inverse kinematics
for pionic atom → pionic unstable nuclei

η' mesic nuclei by using C(p,d) reaction
@GSI

(2.5 GeV proton / high resolution spectrometer)