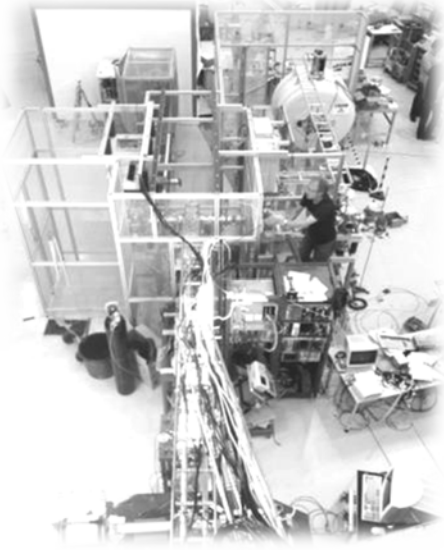


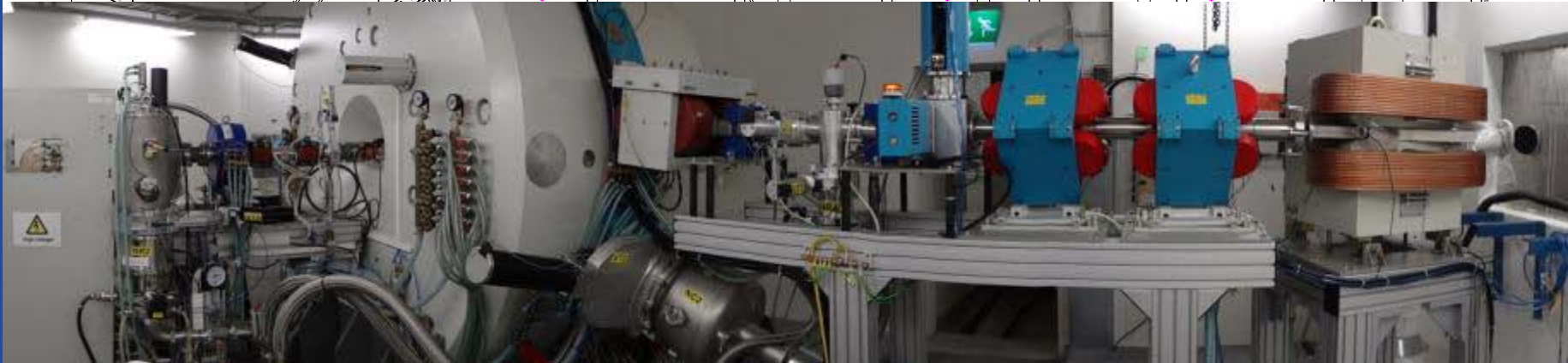
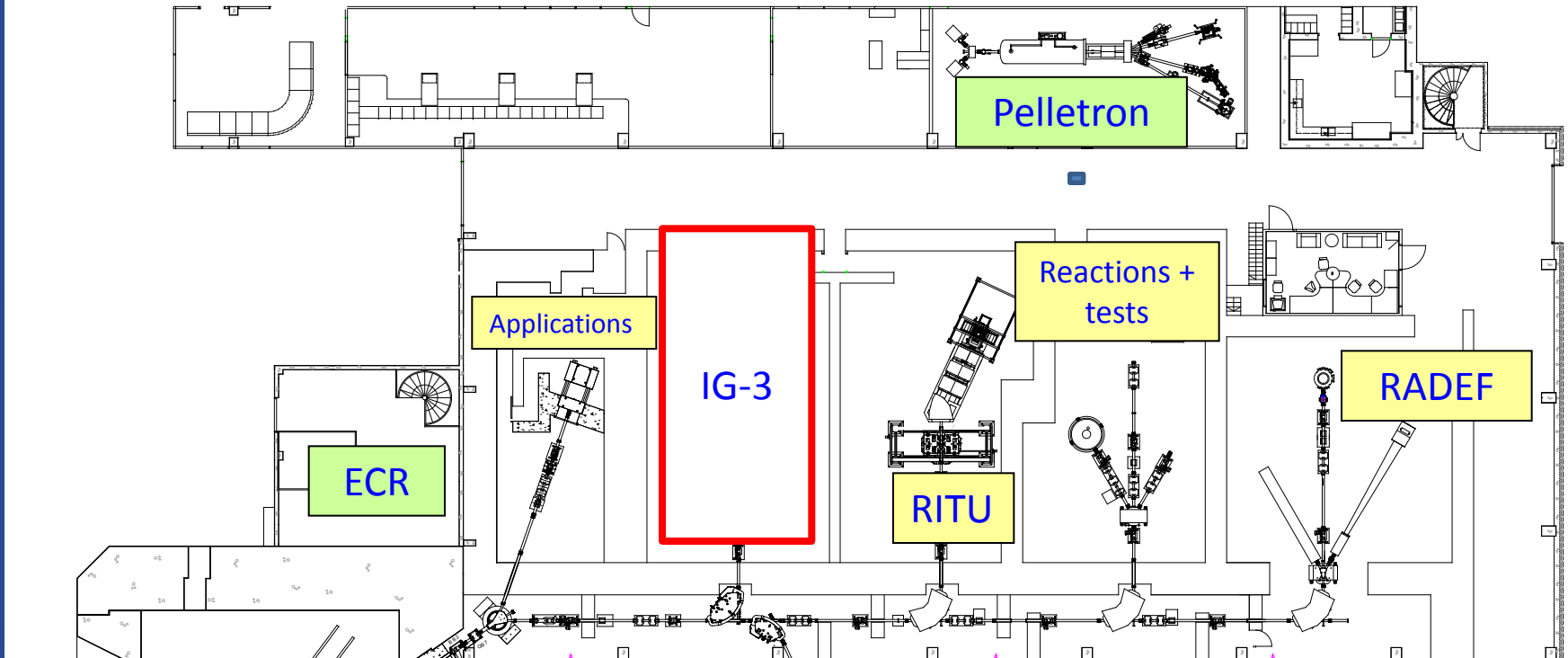


# Commissioning of the new IGISOL-4 facility

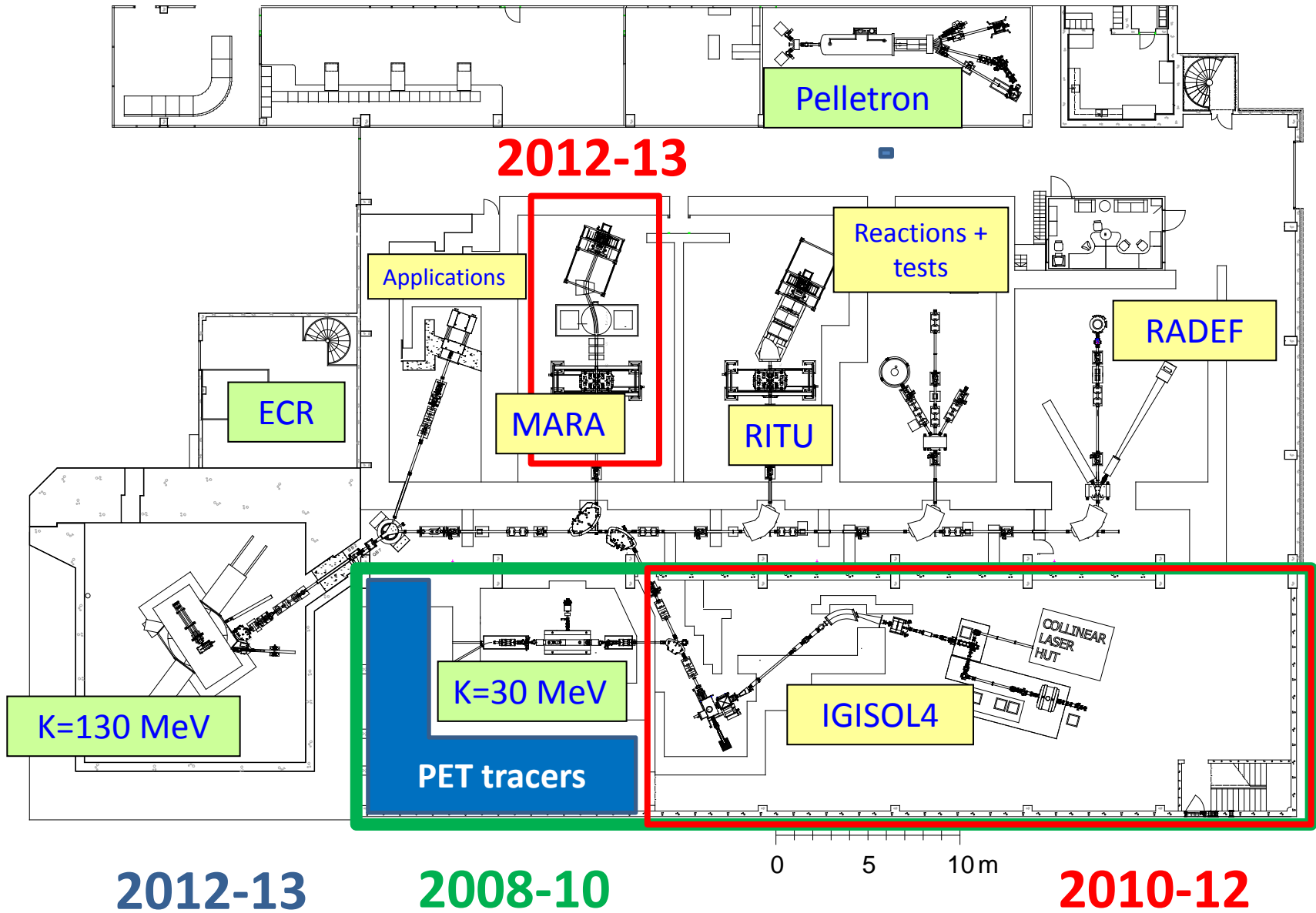
Iain Moore  
JYFL, Finland



# JYFL Accelerator Lab: prior to upgrade (EMIS XV)

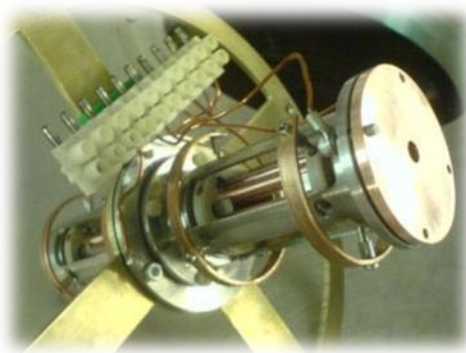
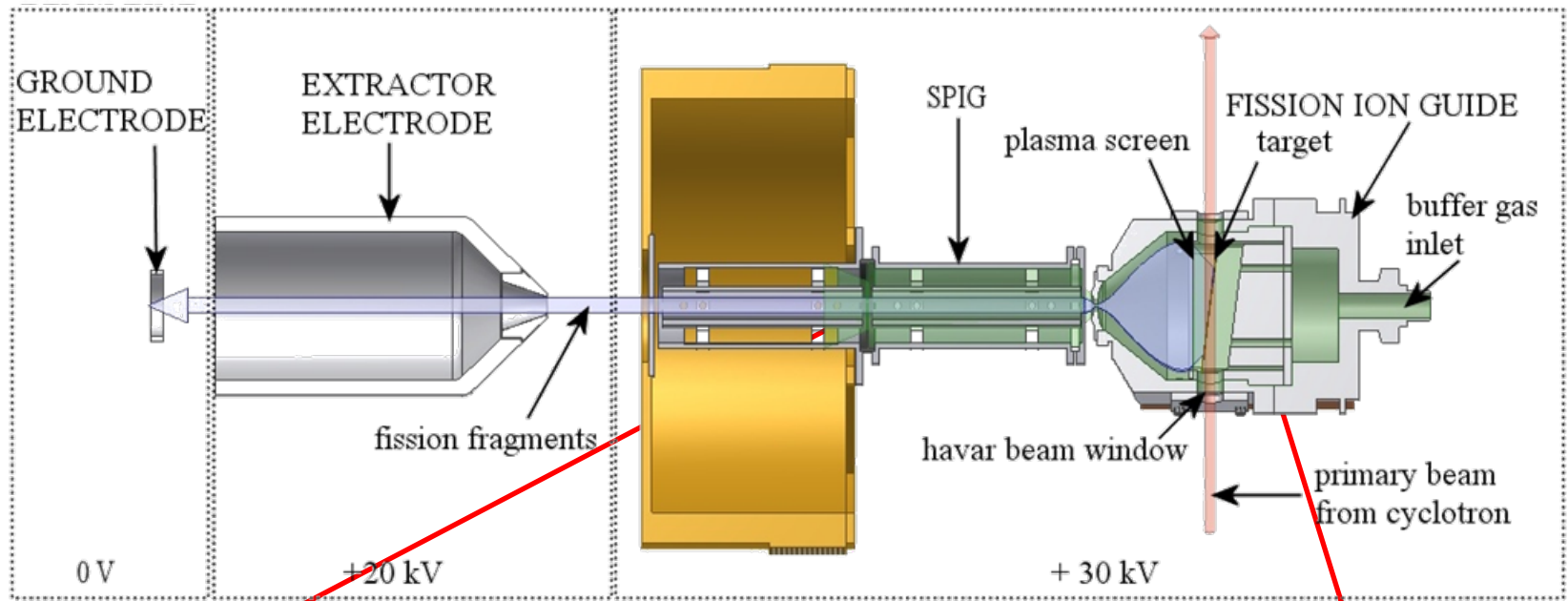


# Present status (EMIS XVI) and immediate future



# Principal operating features of the ion guide technique

(0), +1, (+2) charge states

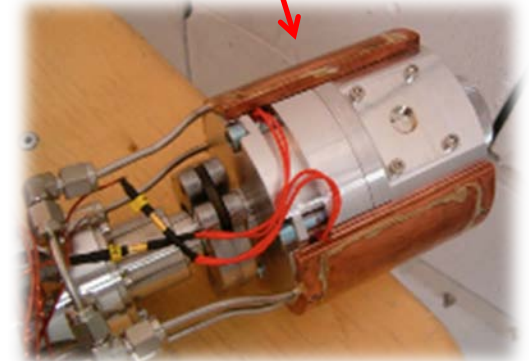


## Advantages:

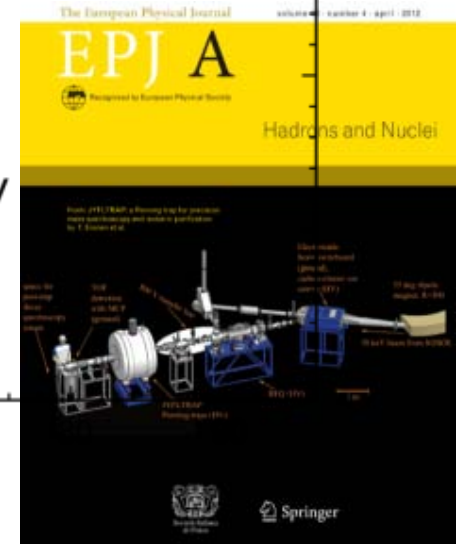
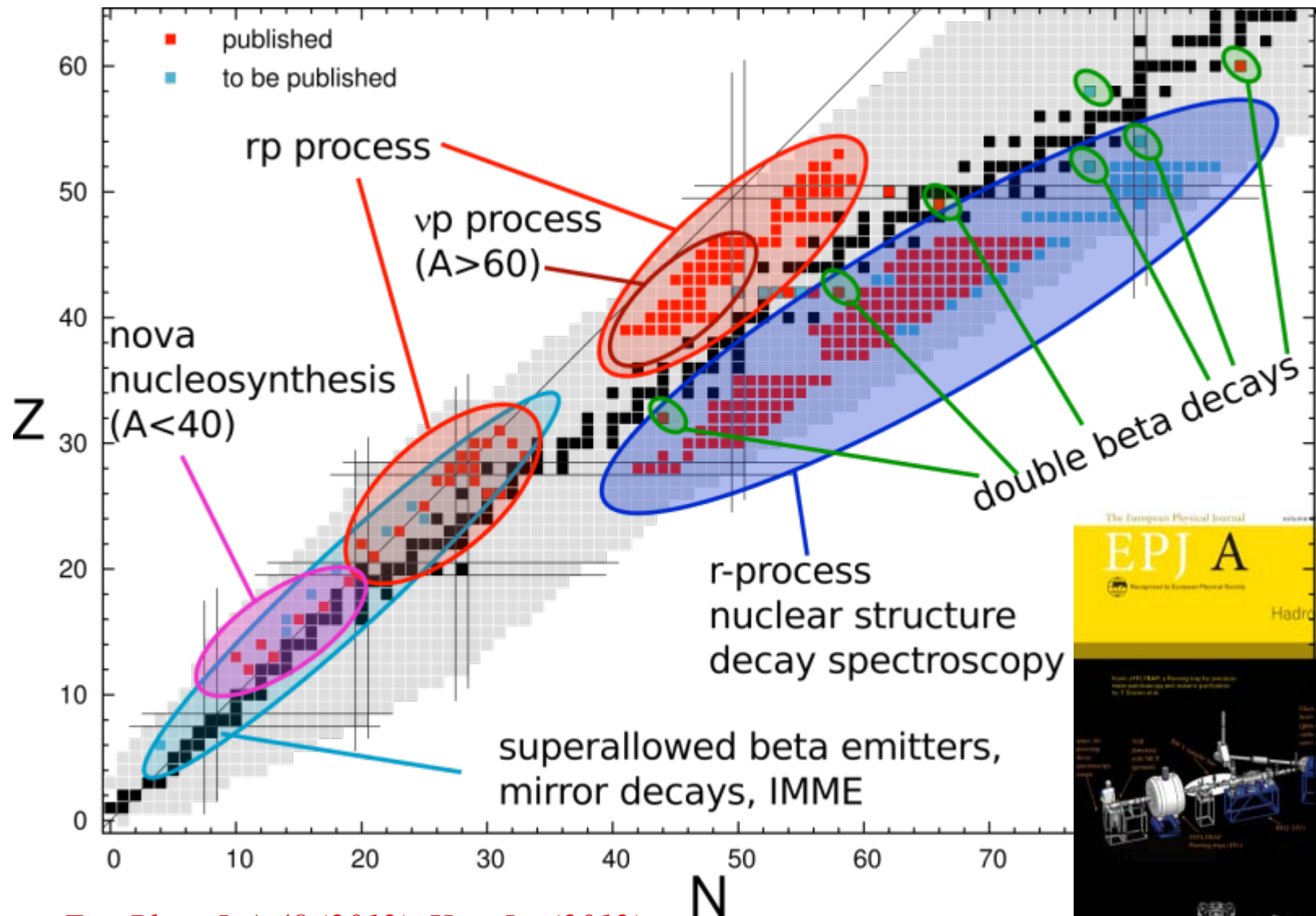
- ✓ Fast extraction
- ✓ Universal

## Drawbacks:

- Relatively low efficiency
- Poor selectivity

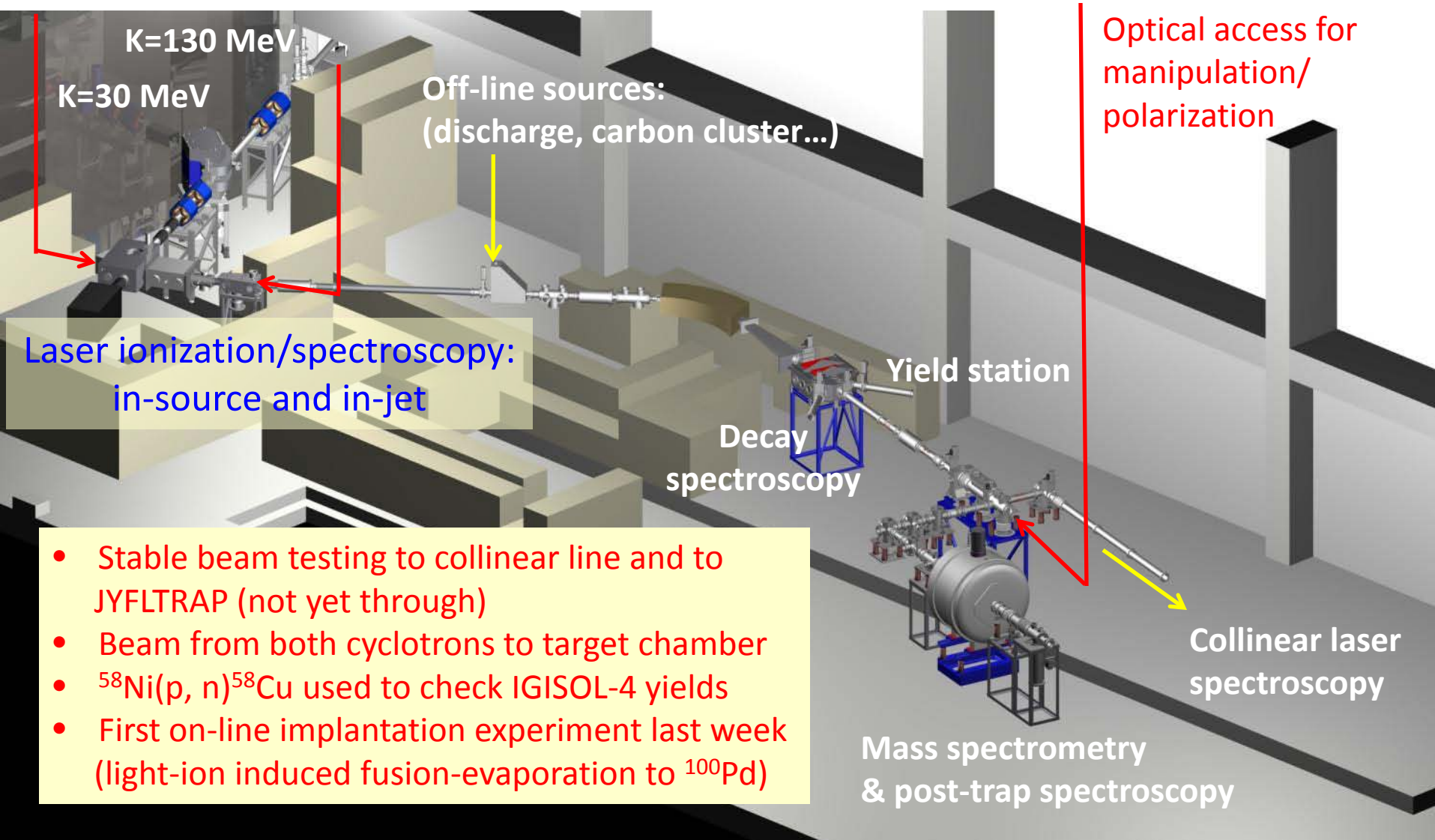


# Rare isotope beam science at IGISOL



*Eur. Phys. J. A 48 (2012), Hyp. Int (2012)*

# IGISOL-4: a new facility 2012

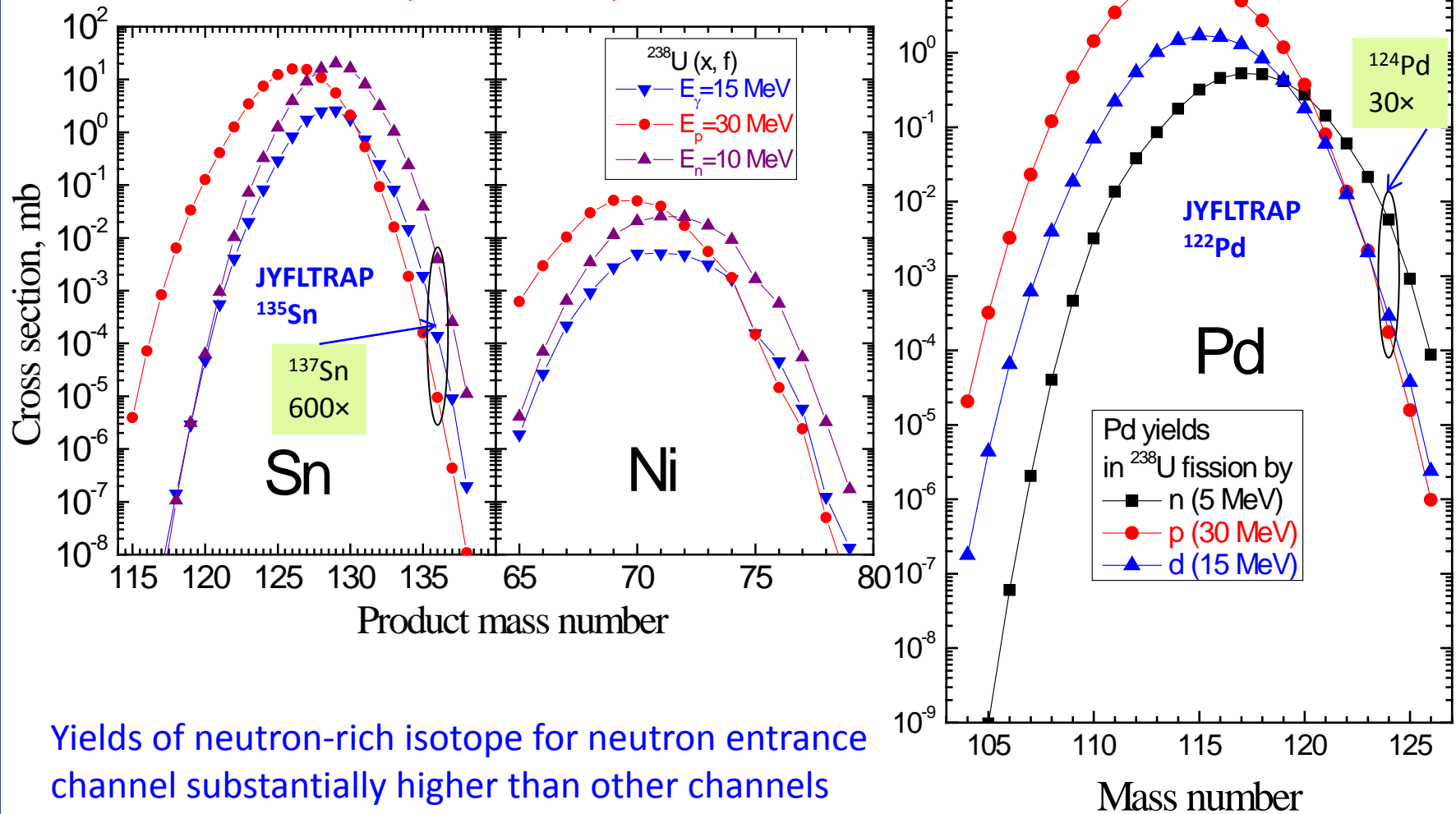


<https://www.jyu.fi/fysiikka/en/research/accelerator/igisol>

# Towards more exotic n-rich nuclei

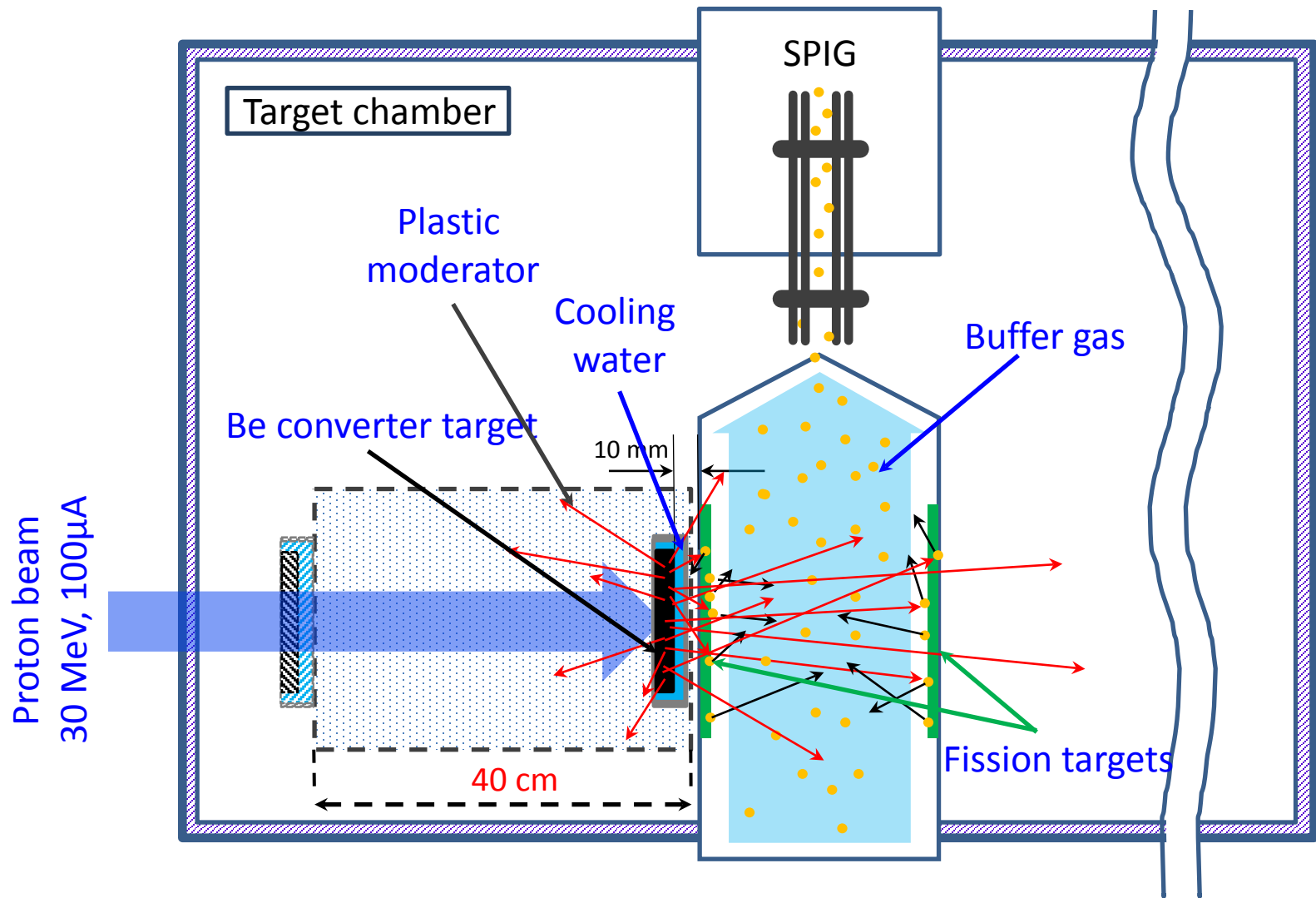
Independent isotope production cross sections for fission of  $^{238}\text{U}$

*Calculations by V. Rubchenya (JYFL)*



Yields of neutron-rich isotope for neutron entrance channel substantially higher than other channels

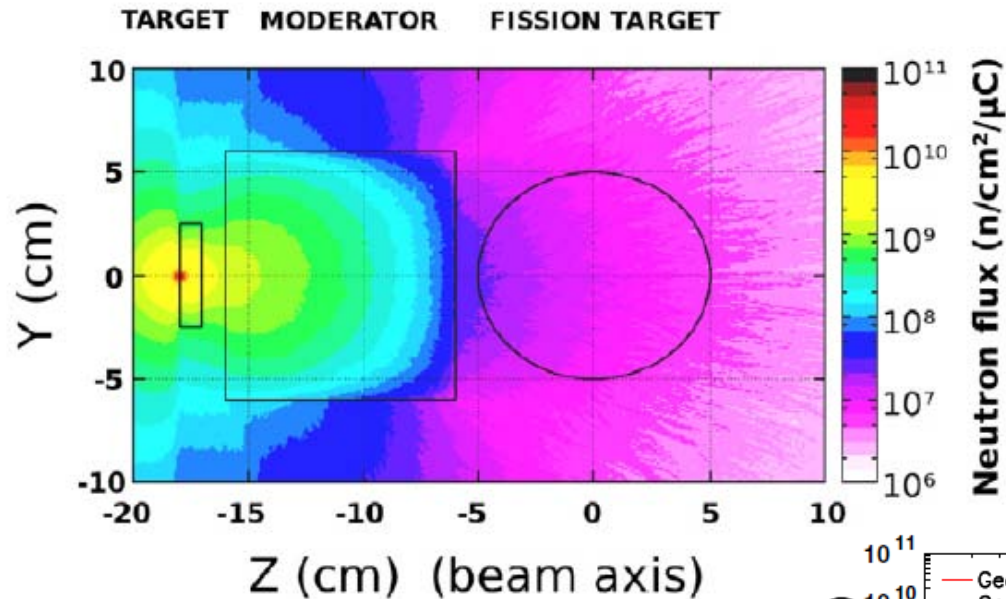
# Neutron converter, fission target + moderator



*Courtesy of D. Gorelov*

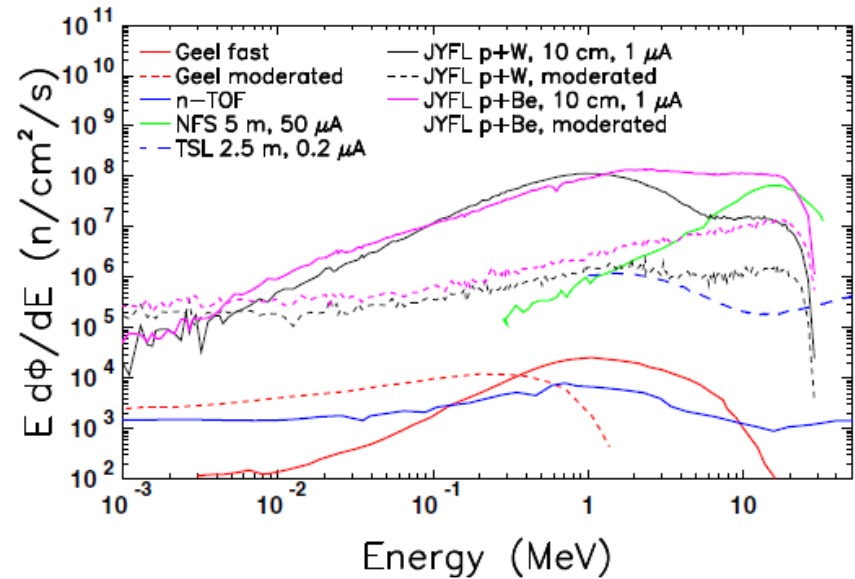


# FLUKA simulations - Uppsala University



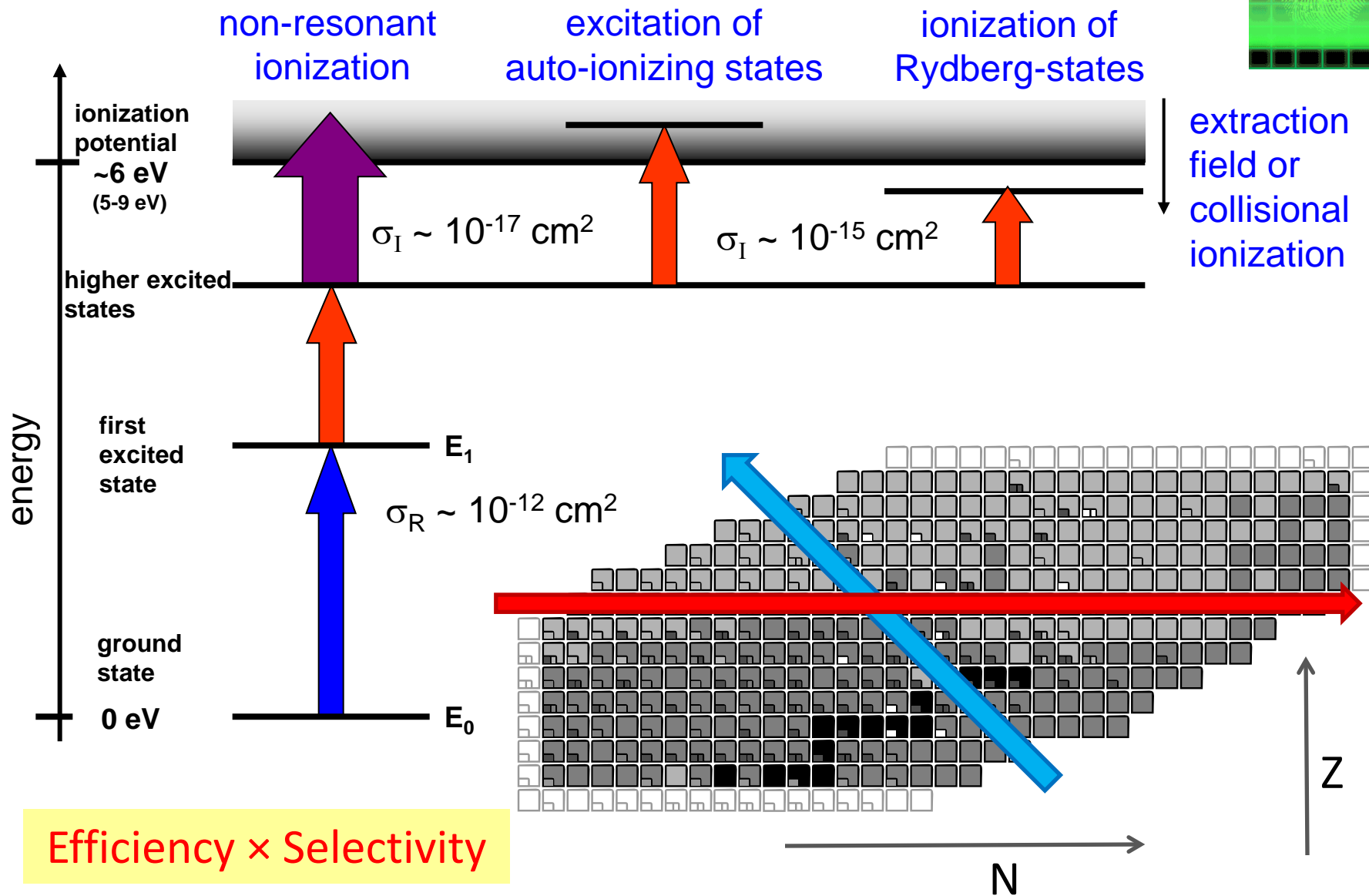
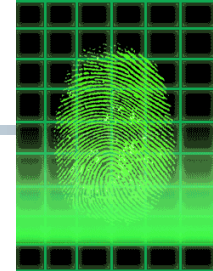
- 30 MeV p on W target
- 10 cm-thick  $CH_2$  moderator
- Fission target, cylindrical foil, 10 cm  $\phi$ , 10 cm width

- Fast and thermal neutron spectra
- 30 MeV protons on W or Be
- $100\mu A$  protons yield  $10^{12}$  fast neutrons/sr/s
- Calibration measurement at TSL 2012; energy, angular spread

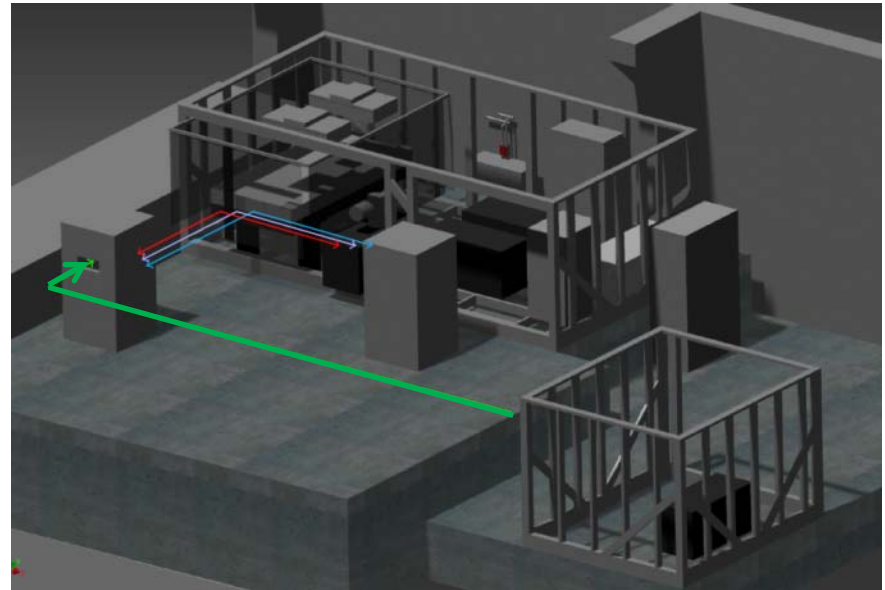
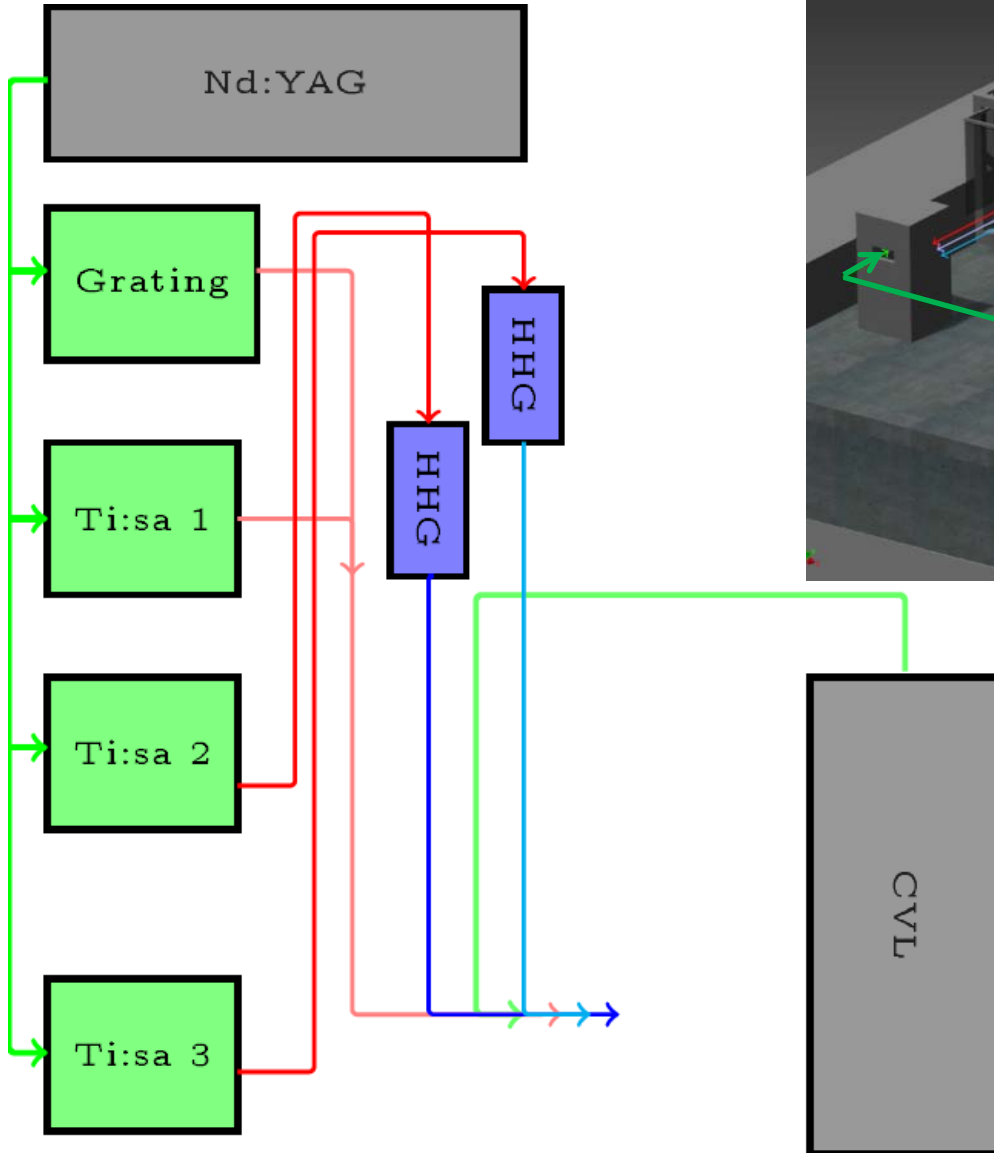


*M. Lantz, D. Gorelov et al., Phys. Scr. T150 (2012) 014020*

# Addressing selectivity with laser ionization



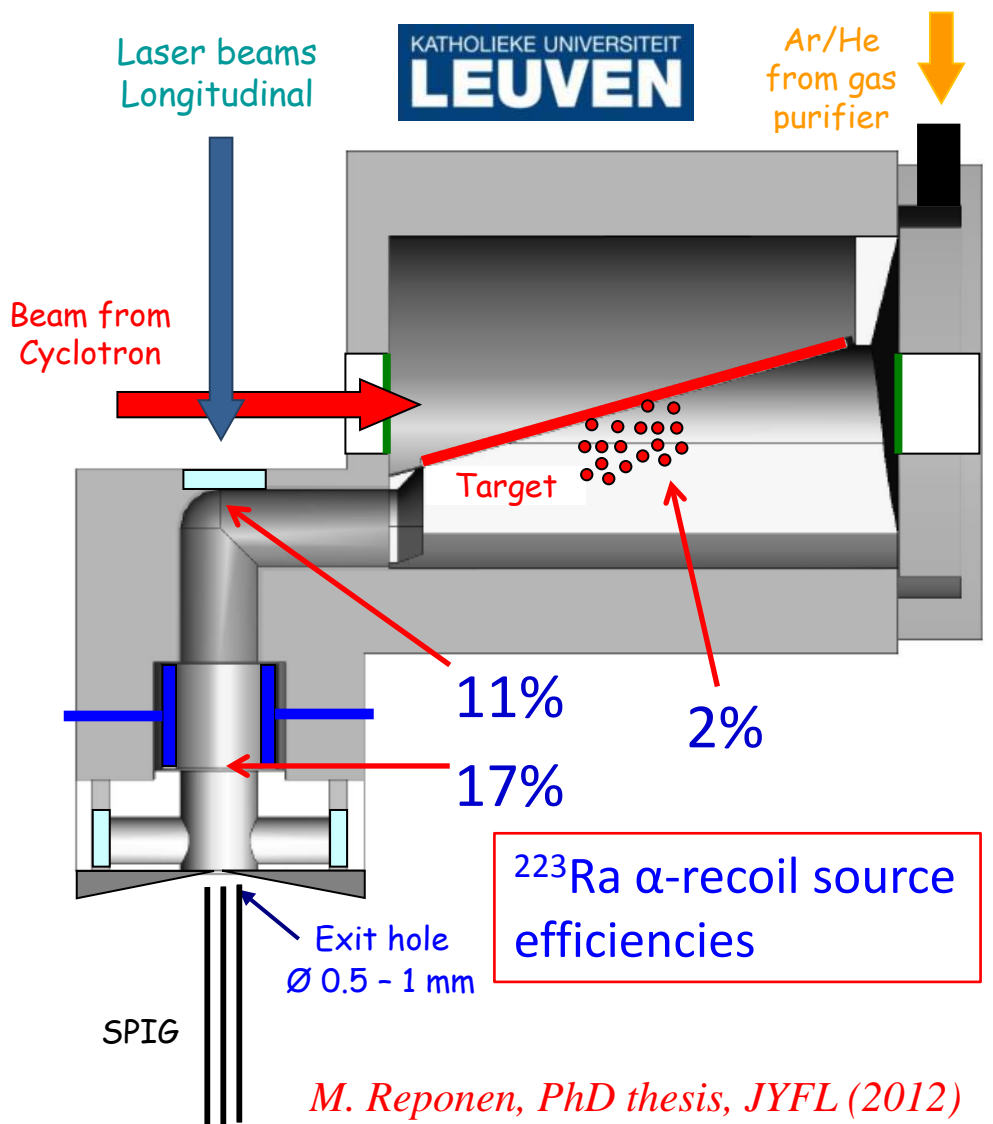
# JYFL: a high-repetition rate solid-state laser ion source



- repetition rate:  $\sim 10$  kHz
- tuning range:
  - fundamental 700 - 1000 nm
  - frequency doubled 350 - 490 nm
  - frequency tripled 233 - 327 nm
  - frequency quadrupled 200 - 240 nm
- laser linewidth:  $\sim 3-5$  GHz

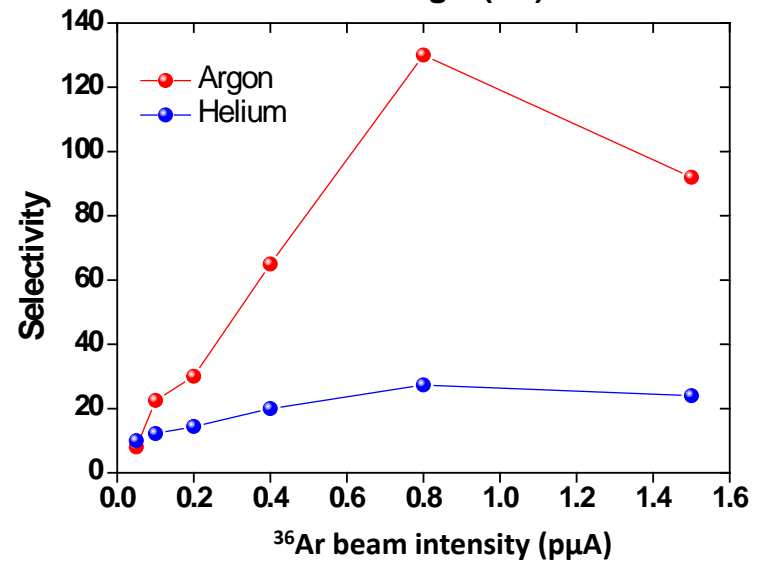
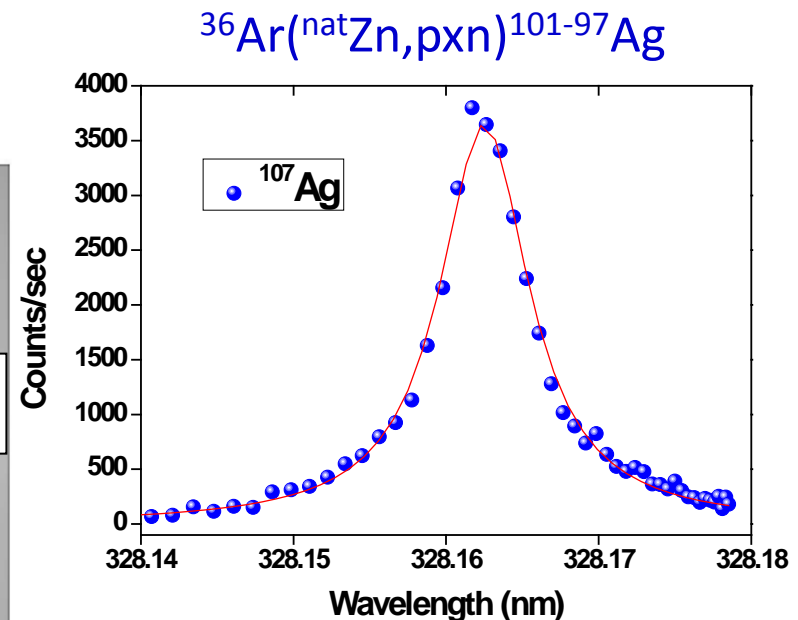
See poster #89, M. Reponen

# Dual-chamber gas cell commissioning (2012)

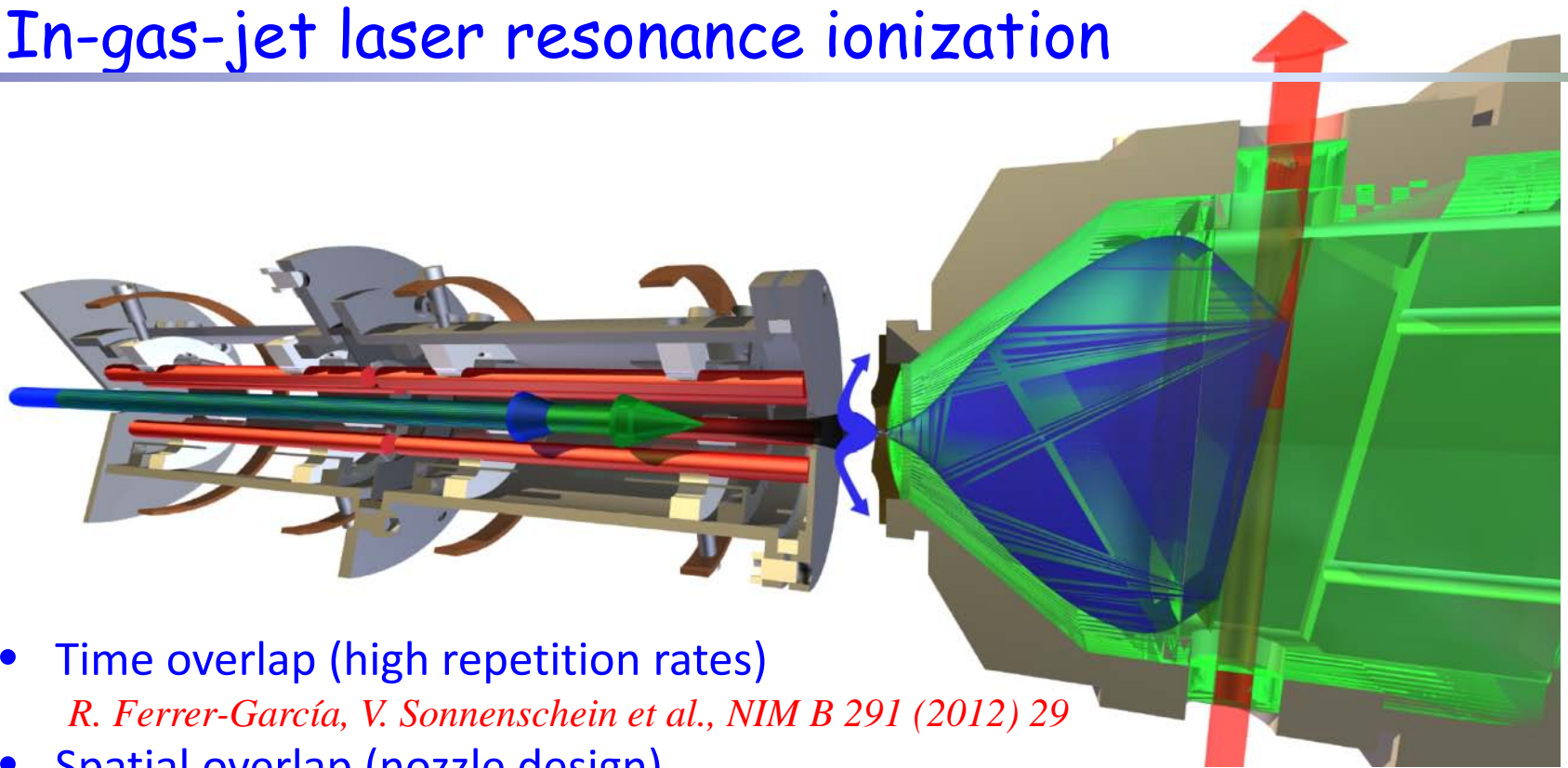


*M. Reponen, PhD thesis, JYFL (2012)*

*Yu. Kudryavtsev et al., NIM B 267 (2009) 2908*



# In-gas-jet laser resonance ionization



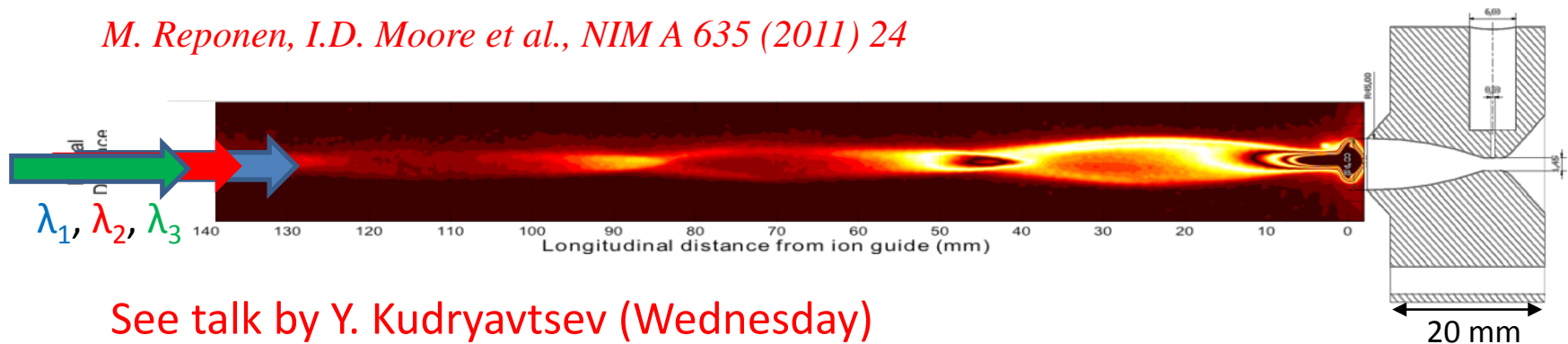
- Time overlap (high repetition rates)

*R. Ferrer-García, V. Sonnenschein et al., NIM B 291 (2012) 29*

- Spatial overlap (nozzle design)

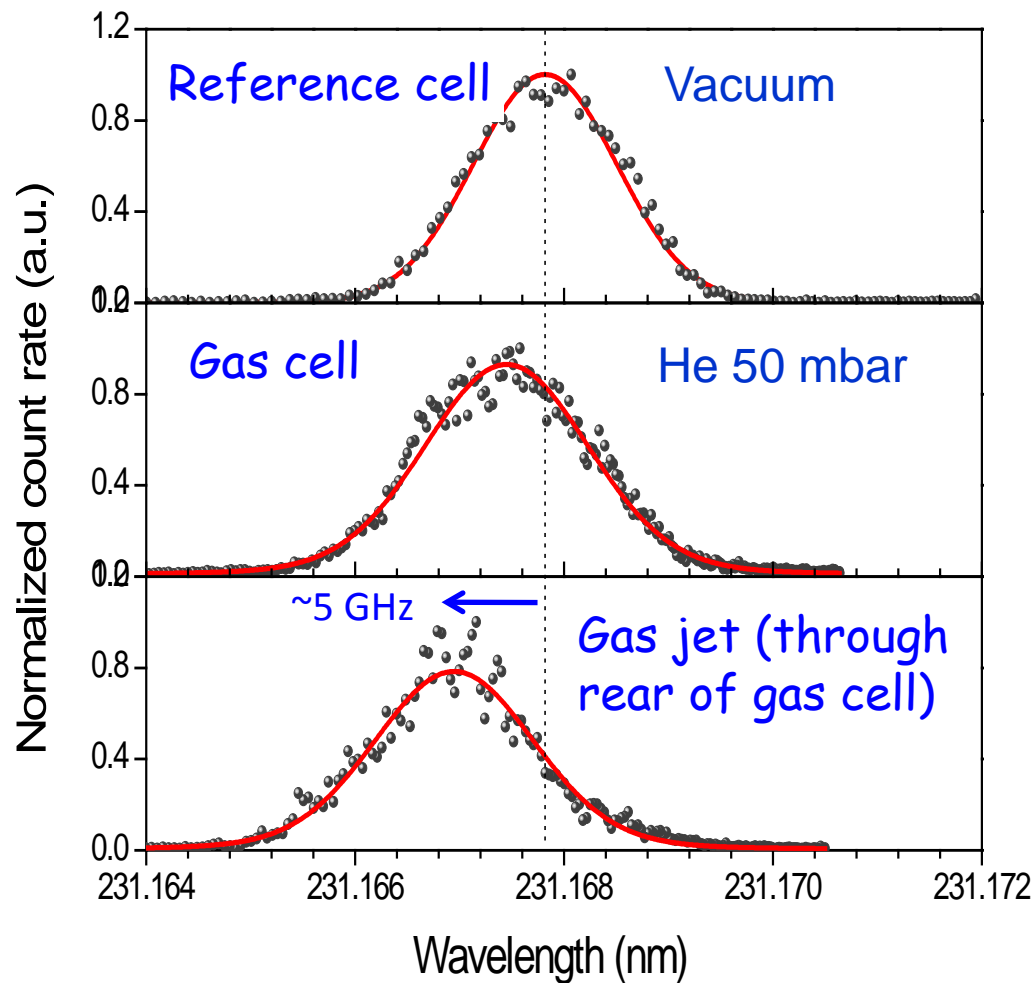
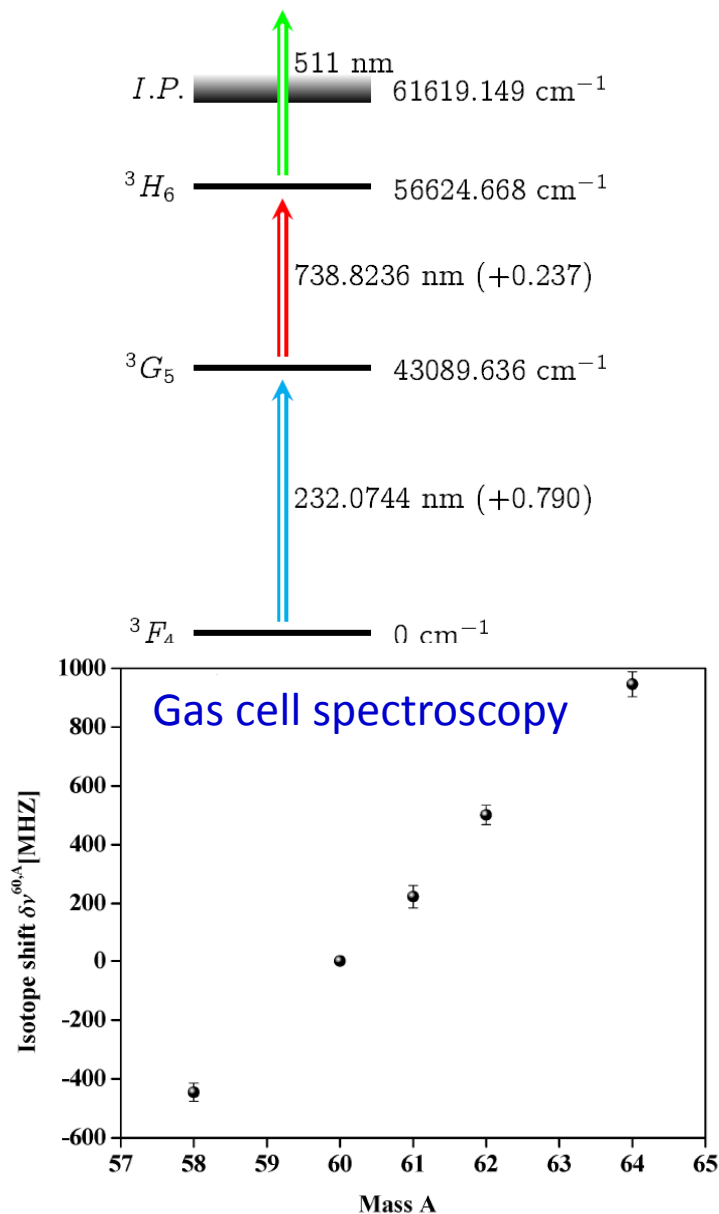
*Yu. Kudryavstev et al., accepted in NIMB (2012)*

*M. Reponen, I.D. Moore et al., NIM A 635 (2011) 24*



See talk by Y. Kudryavtsev (Wednesday)

# Laser spectroscopy of Ni: gas cell vs. gas jet

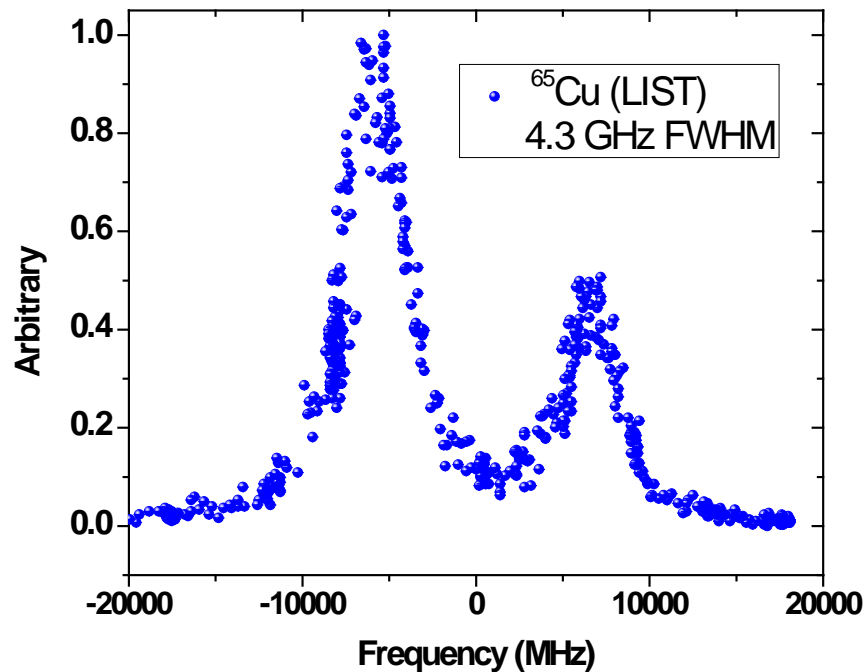
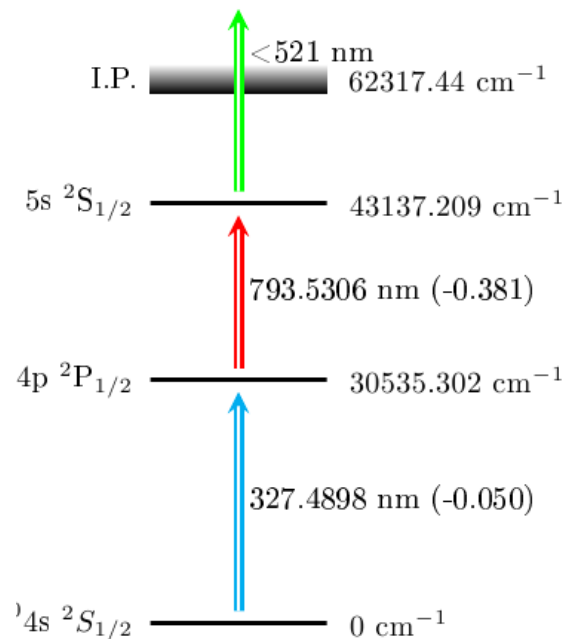
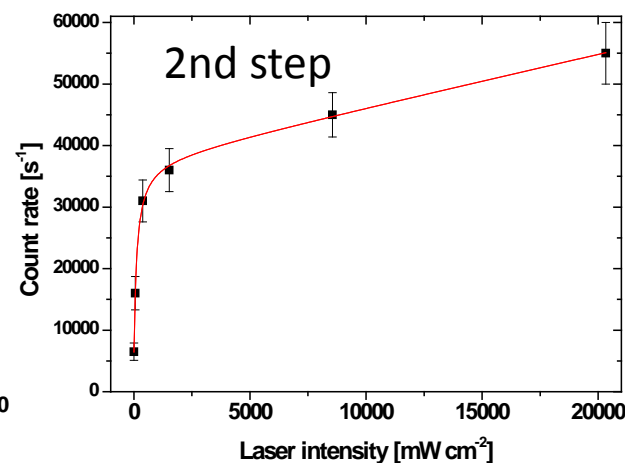
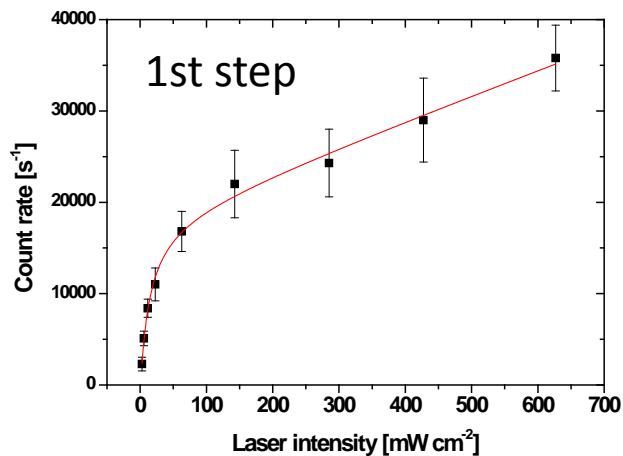
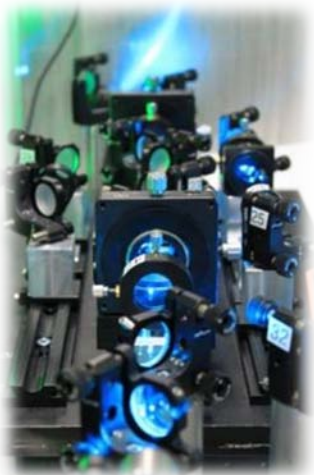


- 5 GHz Doppler shift corresponds to  $\sim 1130 \text{ m/s}$  jet velocity

*M. Reponen, I.D. Moore et al., EPJ A 48 (2012) 45*

*I.D. Moore, EMIS XVI Conference, Dec. 2-7 (2012), Matsue, Japan*

# First gas jet ions in LIST geometry ( $^{65}\text{Cu}$ , Nov. 2012)



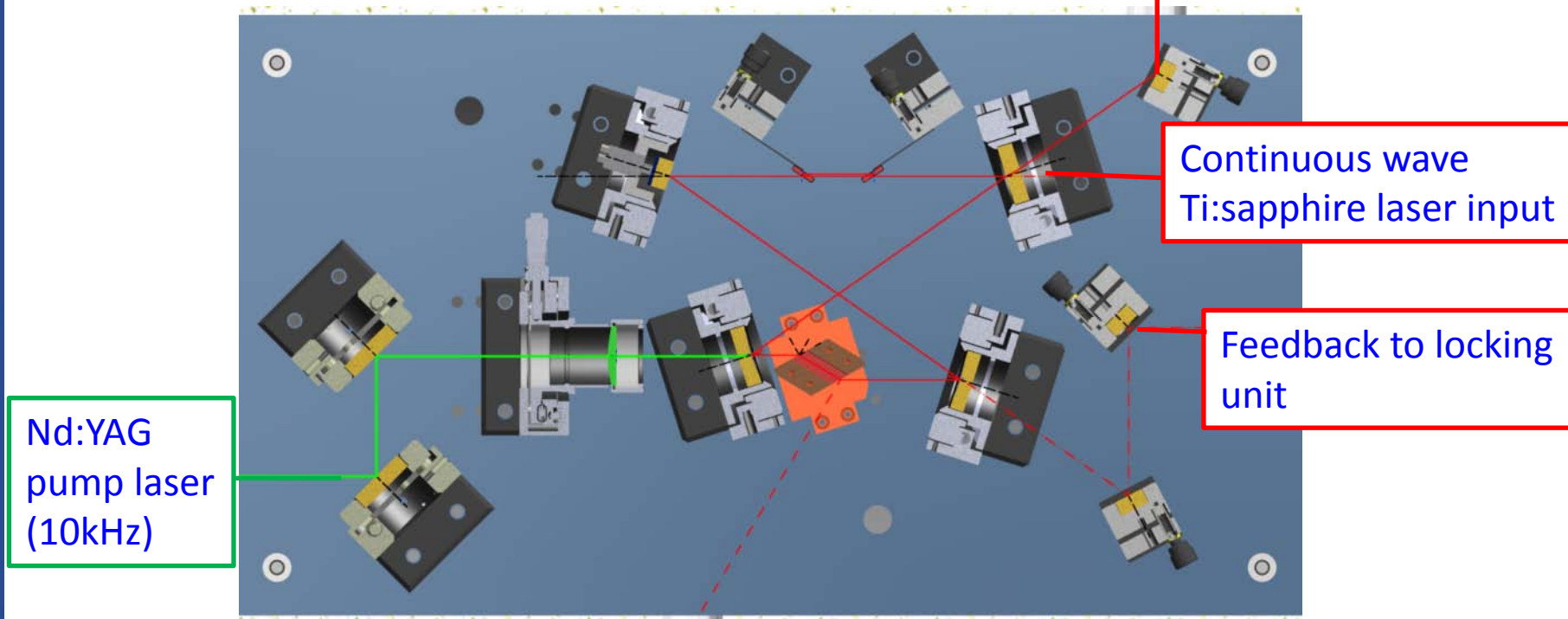
# A stepwise reduction in laser linewidth

- Double-etalon combination in Ti:sapphire resonator (2012)

Linewidth reduced to  $<1$  GHz; See poster #131, S. Rothe

- Injection-locking of a pulsed Ti:sapphire (2013)

Goal  $\sim 10$  MHz; See poster #75, C. Sakamoto



*T. Kessler et al., Laser Phys. 18 (2008) 842*

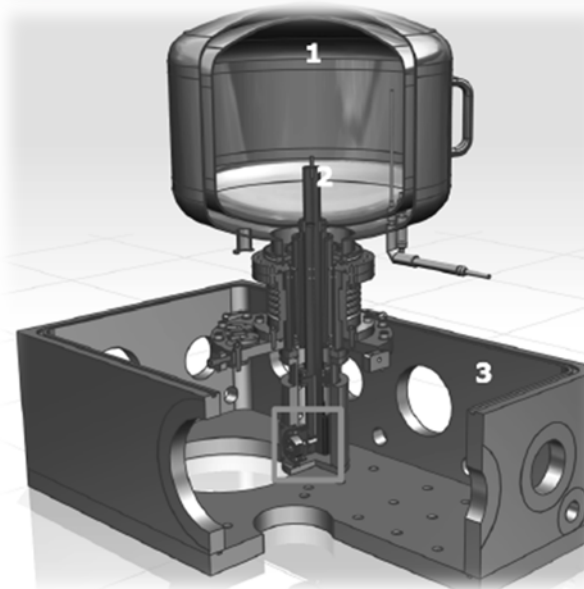
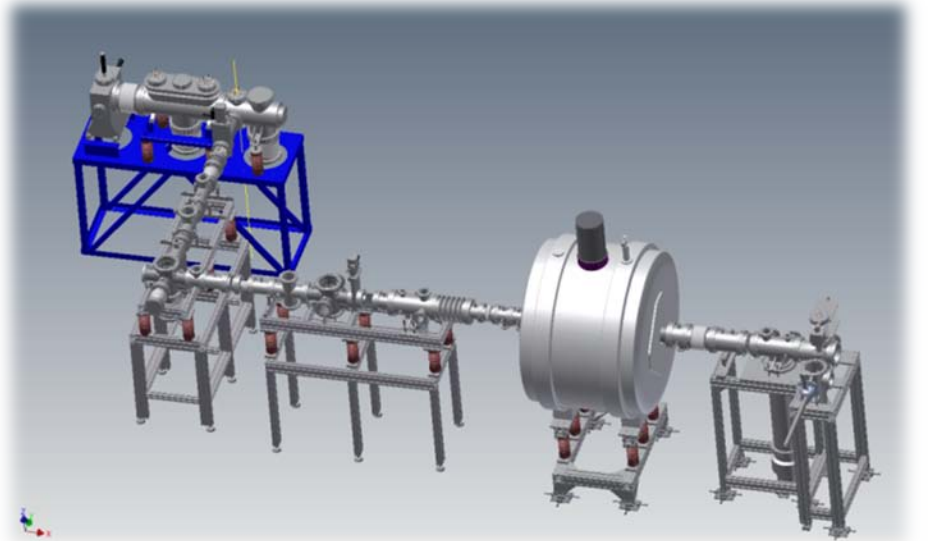


# Future (after EMIS XVI)

- Ion resonance ionization (in RFQ)
- MR-TOF-MS
- In-trap/post-trap spectroscopy  
(V. Kolhinen JYFLTRAP talk)
- Cone trap (Manchester)
- RF hot cavity (towards  $^{94}\text{Ag}$ )
- Cryogenic ion guide
- $^{252}\text{Cf}$  source for laser ionization studies in ion guide QMS setup
- EBIT?

More beam time for longer and more complex experiments...

~200 days of proposals to go!



A person wearing a white lab coat is looking through a microscope. The entire image is overlaid with a semi-transparent green filter. The text "Thank you" is written in a large, white, rounded font across the center of the image.

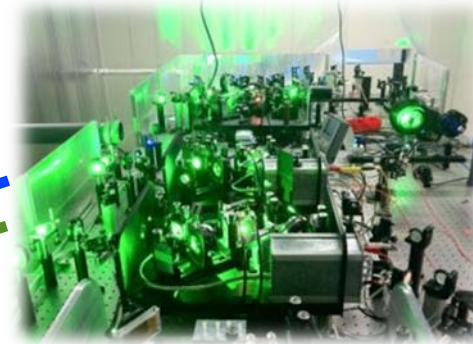
# Thank you

<https://www.jyu.fi/fysiikka/en/research/accelerator/igisol>

# Other developments: ultra-pure beams from an rf cooler

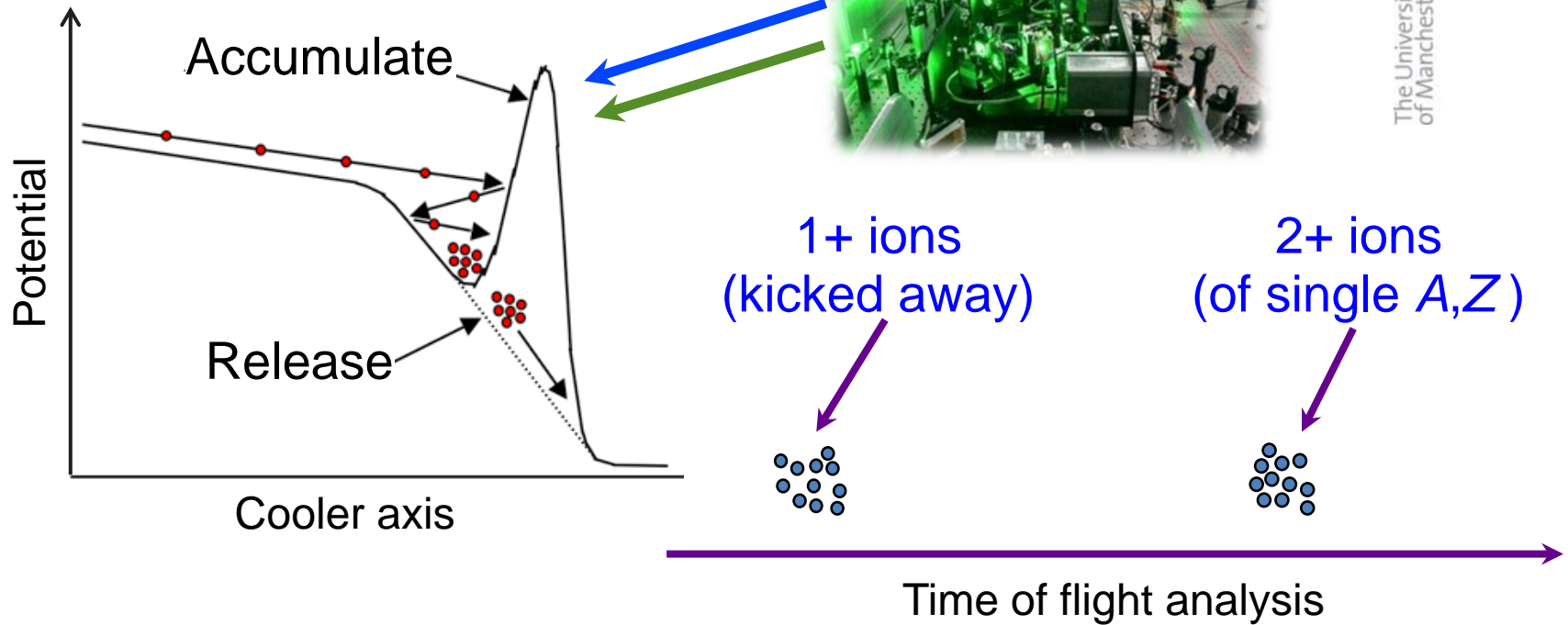
Proposal: B. Cheal

Lasers (resonantly ionize  $1+ \rightarrow 2+$ )



MANCHESTER  
1824

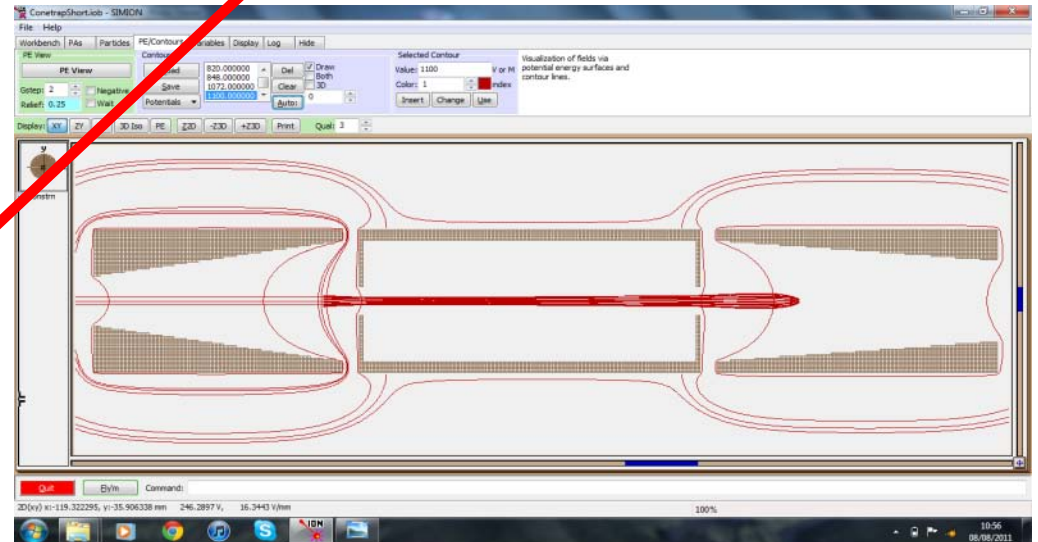
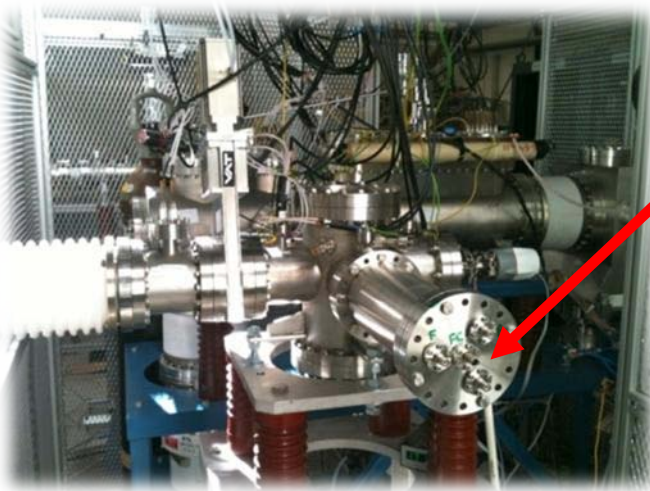
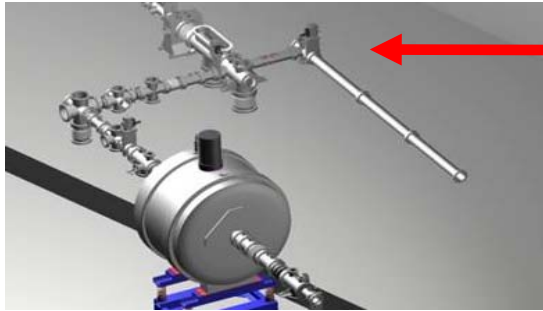
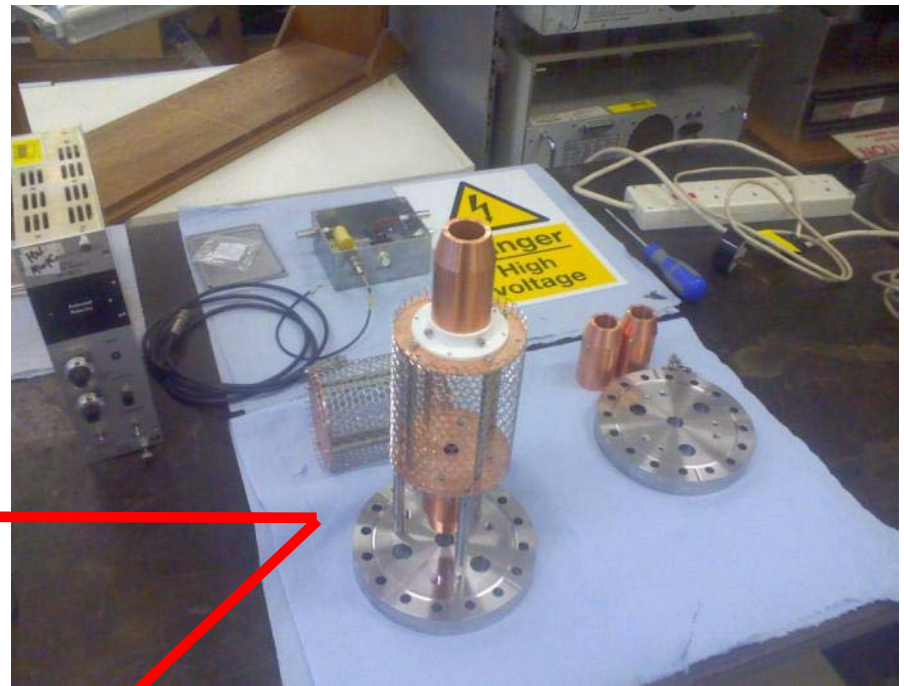
The University  
of Manchester



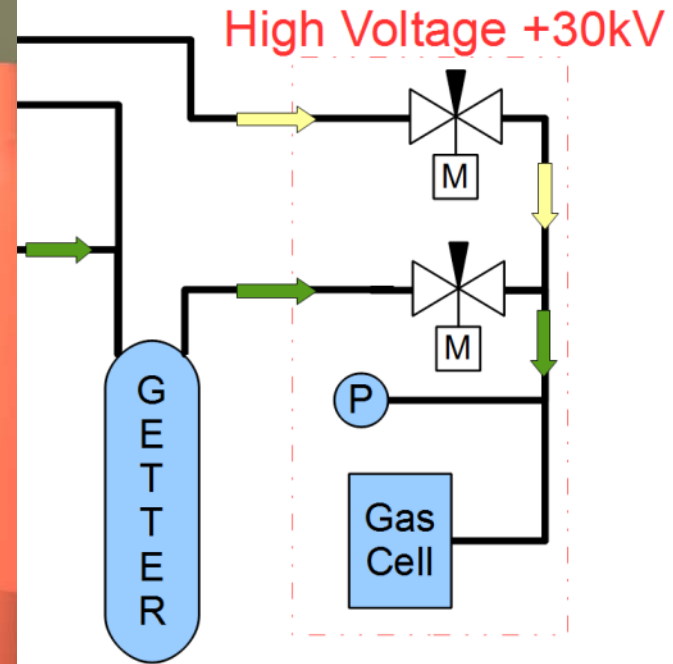
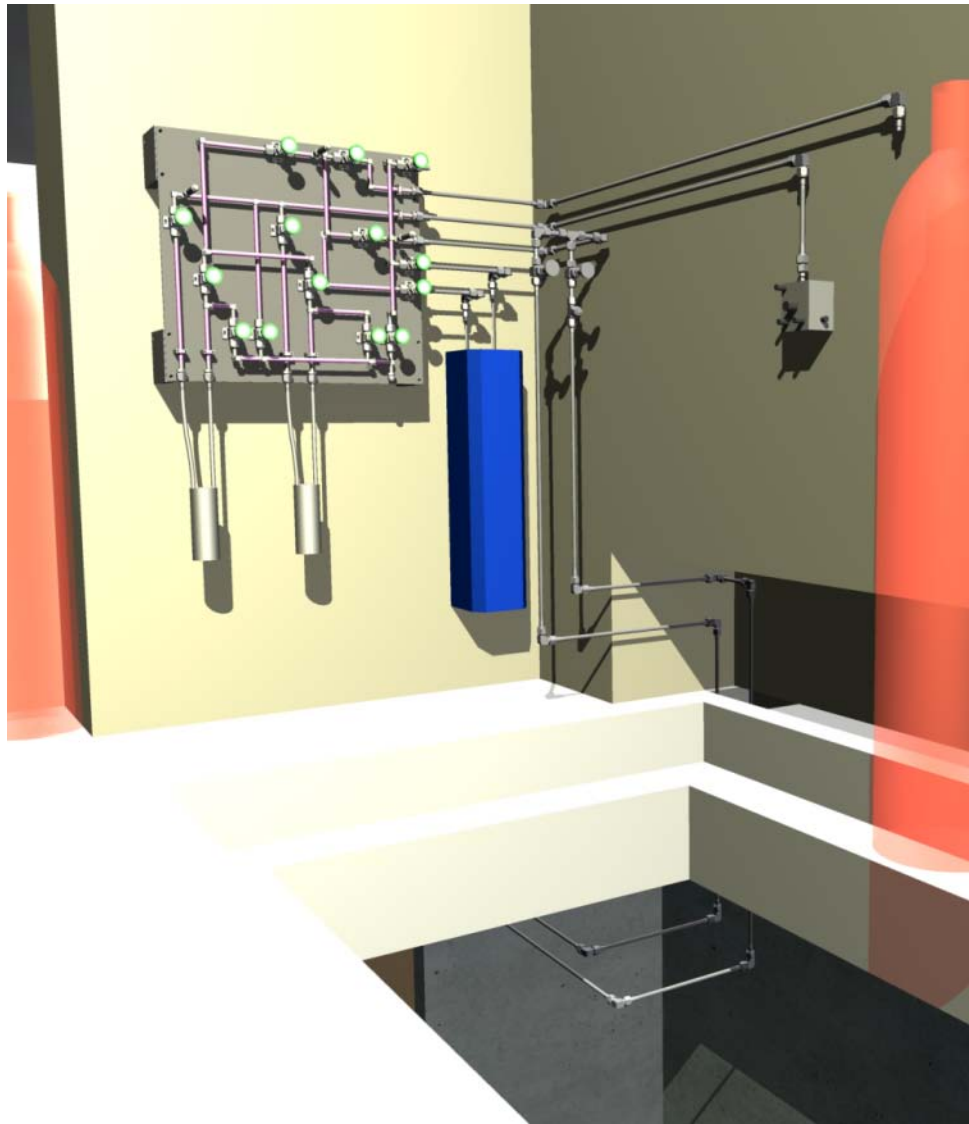
- Pure beam of single  $A$  and  $Z$
- No contaminant will have  $m/q$  selected by magnet and  $m/(2q)$  selected by TOF (or other device)

# Cone trap

- UHV pumping (>1eV)
- RIS (purification)



# New buffer gas feeding system



- Goal: **Sub-ppb** level impurities
- Purification of recycled grade 4.6 helium
  - 13X-Zeolite cold traps for H<sub>2</sub>O
  - MonoGetter for N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>
- All lines bakeable

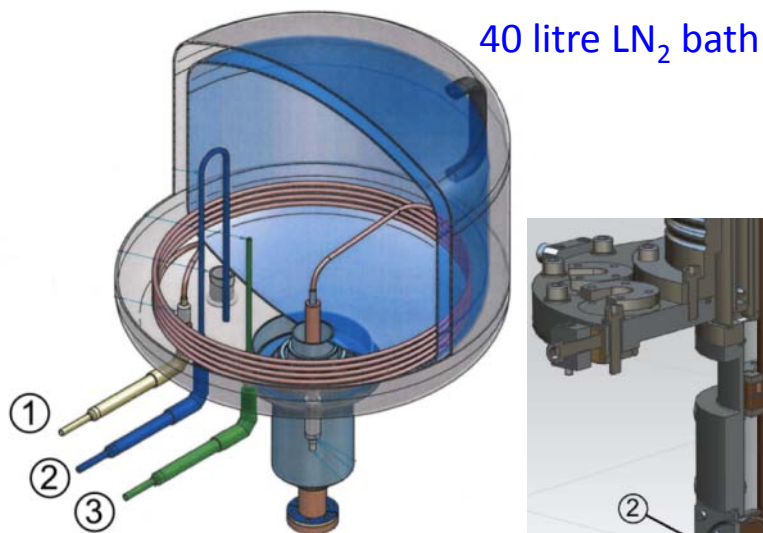
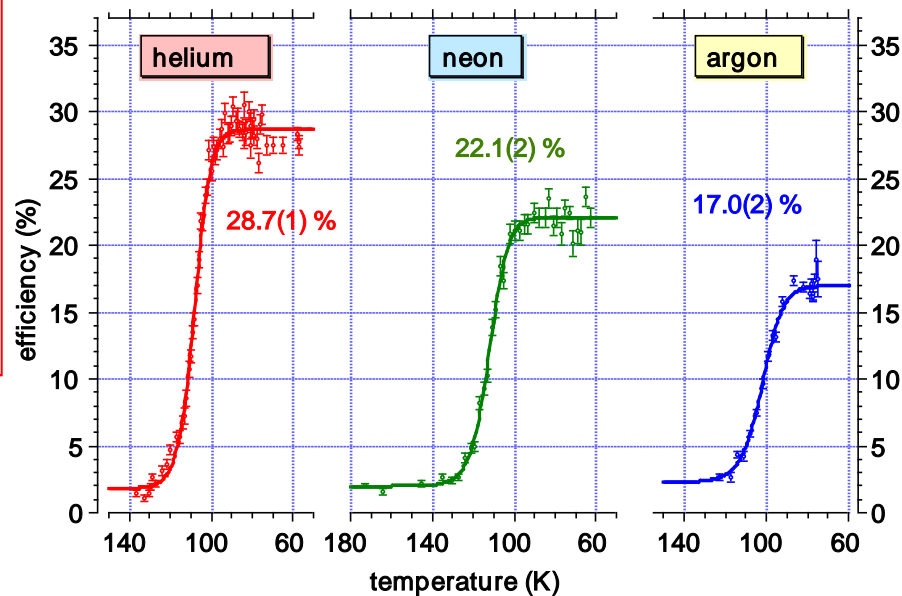
*Courtesy of I. Pohjalainen*

# Cryogenic techniques at IGISOL

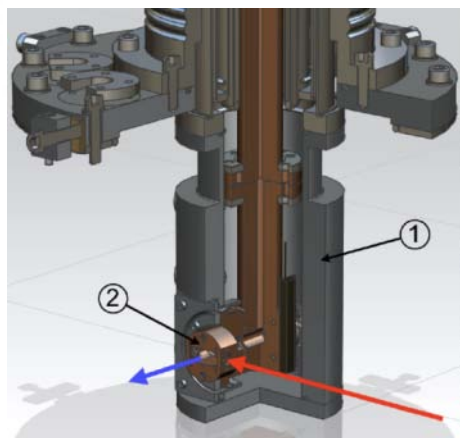
The motivation:

- Verify any obstacles to the use of high-density cryogenic He gas for RIB production
- Suppression of impurities thus improving the extraction efficiency

*P. Dendooven et al., NIM A 558 (2006) 580*

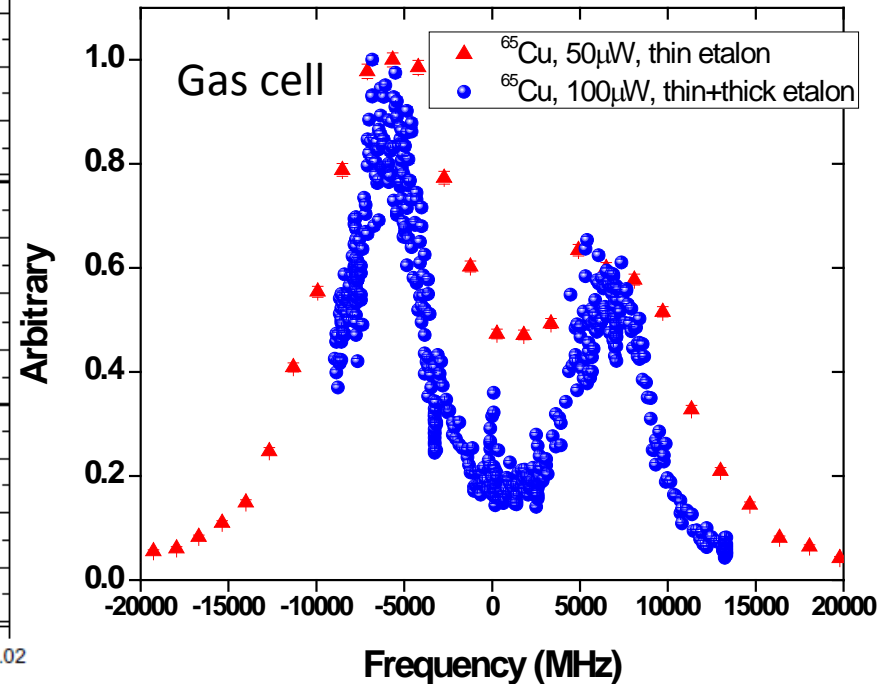
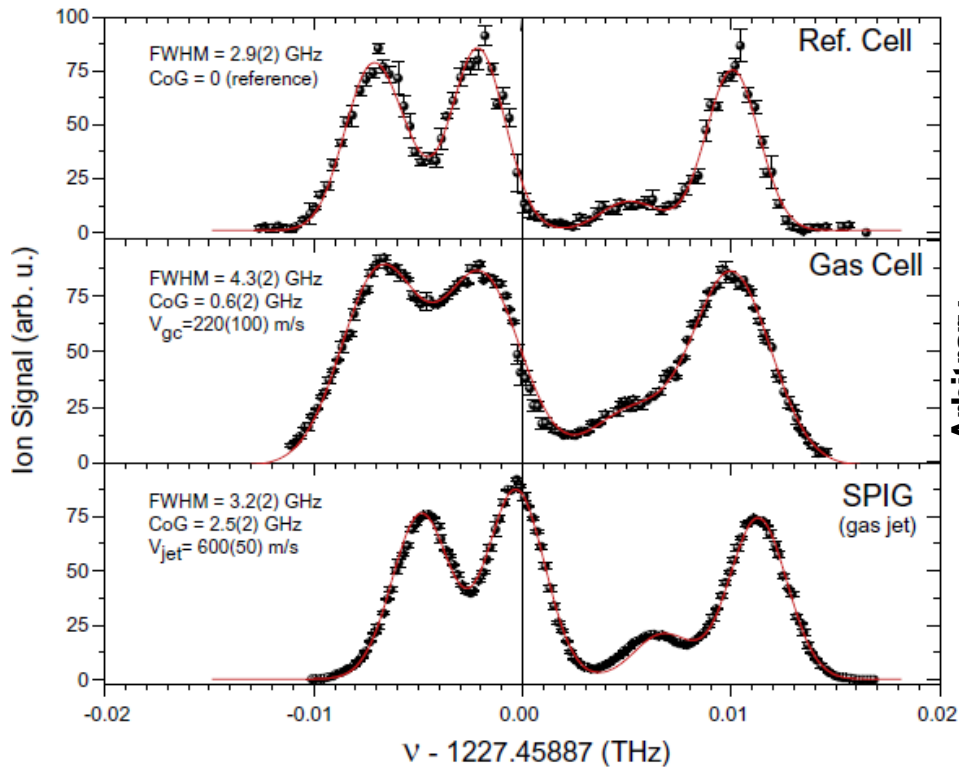


Cold finger and gas feeding line to light-ion ion guide



# Stepwise reduction in laser linewidth I

## Double-etalon combination in Ti:sapphire resonator

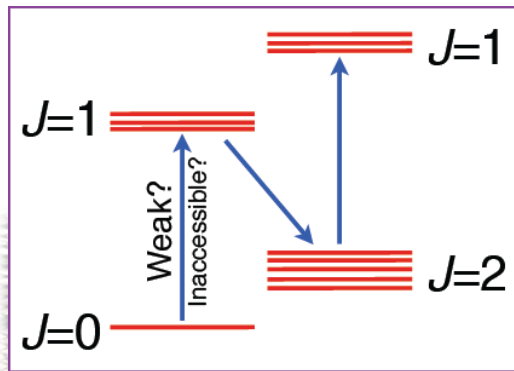


• 244 nm THG: 15 GHz to <3 GHz

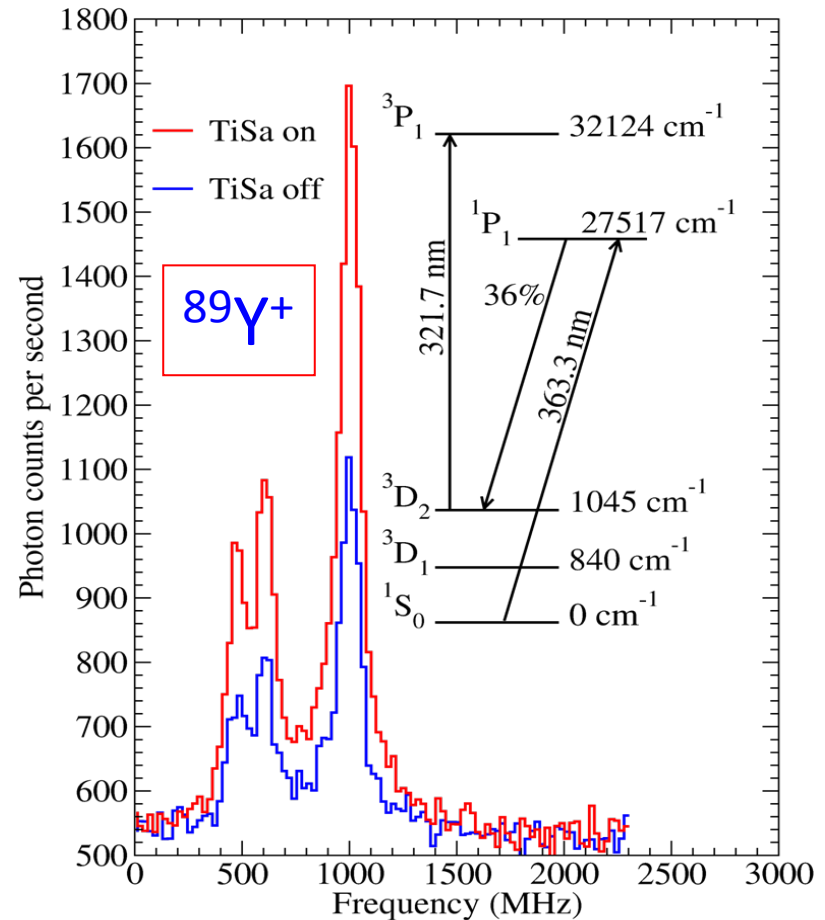
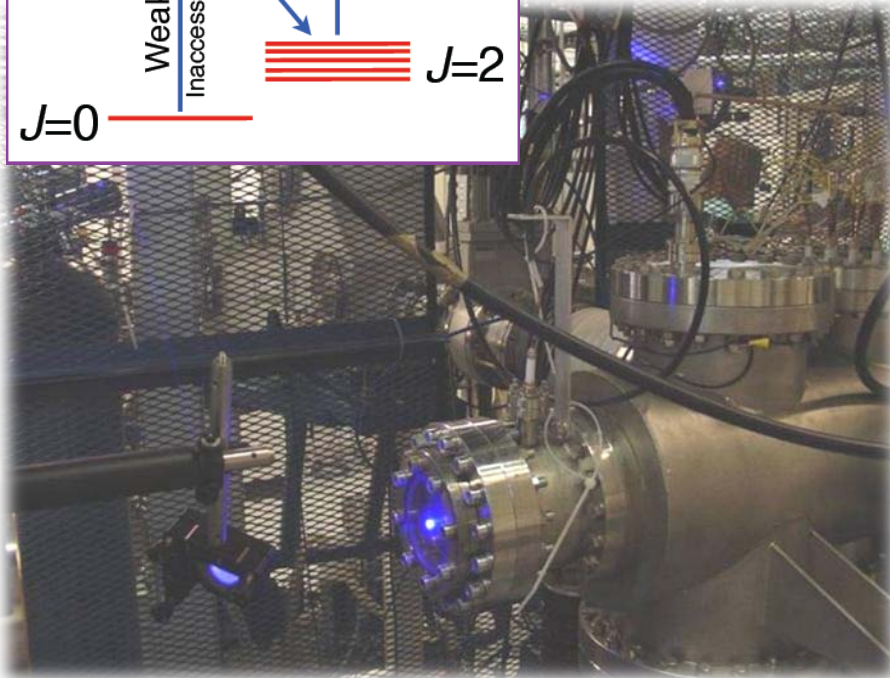
• 327 nm THG: 5 GHz to 2 GHz

*R. Ferrar, V. Sonnenschein et al., NIM B 291 (2012) 29*

# Optical manipulation of atomic states



- $J=0 \rightarrow J=1$  gives  $\mu$ ,  $Q$ ,  $\delta\langle r^2 \rangle$  but not  $I$
- Access to more accessible/efficient transitions
- New elements to study (eg. transition metals)



*F.C. Charwood et al., Phys. Lett. B 674 (2009) 23*  
*B. Cheal et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 102 (2009) 222501*

Future extension: polarization of beams