

Single-particle structure of ^{55}Ti and ^{57}Ti

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Beyond the new magic number $N = 34$, the region around the neutron-rich Ca isotopes, continues to attract a lot of attention. Recently, the energy of the first $2+$ state of ^{56}Ca was measured to have an unexpectedly high value [ChePC]. The excitation energies of the $2+$ states of the $N = 34$ nuclei ^{56}Ti and ^{52}Ar indicate that the shell closure occurs only at and below Ca [Liu]. To clarify the evolution of the single-particle structure of $N = 34$ and $N = 36$ nuclei, we propose to perform the spectroscopy of ^{55}Ti and ^{57}Ti via one-neutron knockout reactions.

Parallel momentum distributions will allow us to determine the spin-parity of the populated states. This will clarify the ordering between $f_{5/2}$ and $p_{1/2}$ orbitals, which is pointed out by [Ste13], and investigate the transition into the island of inversion at $N = 40$.

[ChePC] S. Chen, et al., private communication.

[Liu19] H. Liu, et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 122, 072502 (2019).

[Ste13] D. Steppenbeck, et al., Nature 502, 207-210 (2013).

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