Theory of muon g-2

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Based on: 2006.04822(WP Theory Initiative) and references in the executive summary therein

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Theory initiative: prepare the Standard Model prediction for (g-2)

PAST WORKSHOPS

Fourth Plenary Workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative Fourth Plenary Workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative A virtual workshop hosted by KEK (Tsukuba, Japan), held on 28 June - 02 July 2021.

The hadronic vacuum polarization from lattice QCD at high precision https://indico.cern.ch/event/956699/ A virtual topical workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative, 16-20 Nov 2020.

Hadronic contributions to (g-2) µ Next Works https://indico.fnal.gov/event/21626/ held at the Institute for Nuclear Theory, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, 9-13 September 2019

Second workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative https://wwwth.kph.uni-mainz.de/g-2/ held at the Helmholtz Institute Mainz, University of Mainz, Mainz, Germany, 18-22 June 2018

Muon g-2 Theory Initiative Hadronic Light-by-Light working group workshop https://indico.phys.uconn.edu/event/1/ held at the University of Connecticut, Storrs, CT, 12-14 March 2018

Workshop on Hadronic Vacuum Polarization Contributions to Muon g-2 https://www-conf.kek.jp/muonHVPws/ held at KEK, Tsukuba, Japan, 12-14 Feb 2018

First workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative https://indico.fnal.gov/event/13795/ held in St. Charles, IL, USA, 3-6 June 2017 Put together in a *coherent & conservative* way the results of various groups, *before the Fermilab result*

https://muon-gm2-theory.illinois.edu

White Paper: arXiv:2006.04822 (Phys. Rept. 887 (2020) 1-166)

Next workshop: Higgscentre (Edinburgh), 5-9 September 2022



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Lepton Magnetic Anomaly: from Dirac to QED

- Magnetic dipole moment of a charged lepton: $\vec{\mu} = g \frac{e}{2m} \vec{s}$ Dirac (1928) $g_e=2$ $a_e=0$
- "anomaly" = deviation w.r.t. Dirac's prediction: $a = \frac{g-2}{2}$

anomaly discovered: Kusch-Foley (1948) $a_e^{=} (1.19 \pm 0.05) 10^{-3}$

and explained by O(α) QED contribution: Schwinger (1948) $a_e = \alpha/2\pi = 1.16 \ 10^{-3}$

first triumph of QED



 \Rightarrow a_e sensitive to quantum fluctuations of fields

More Quantum Fluctuations

Why is it (so) complicated to compute one number ? (very precisely)



Hadronic Vacuum Polarization and Muon (g-2)

Dominant uncertainty for the theoretical prediction: from lowest-order HVP piece Cannot be calculated from QCD (low mass scale), but one can use experimental data on $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons cross section





 \rightarrow Precise $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow hadrons)$ measurements at low energy are very important

 \rightarrow Do not use hadronic τ decays data anymore (less precise + theory uncertainties)

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HVP: Data on $e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons



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Combination (for the $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ channel, plus other 31 channels)

3.0

 $\sqrt{\chi^2_{min}}/d.6$

1.5

1.0

0.4

0.6





 \rightarrow Local tensions taken into account by both DHMZ & KNT, but this is not sufficient

0.8

1.0

1.2

√*s* [GeV]

1.4

1.6

→ Systematic from (BABAR-KLOE) tension accounted for by DHMZ: 2.8×10^{-10} (dominant uncertainty - half of the difference between integrals w/o BABAR or KLOE)

 \rightarrow DHMZ also accounts for correlations between different channels (in addition to correlations between bins/points and between experiments)

Theory muon g-2

1400

1200

1000

800

600

400

200

0

1.8

Local $\sqrt{\chi^2_{\rm min}}$ /d. o. f.

Global $\sqrt{\chi^2_{\rm min}}$ /d. o. f.

 $\sigma^0(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$

KNT

Status of a_{μ} (HVP)



 \rightarrow *HVP(WP20)*: *Merging* of model independent results: DHMZ and KNT (and CHHKS for $\pi^+\pi^- \& \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$) Central value from simple average; BABAR-KLOE tension & correlations between channels from DHMZ; Max(DHMZ & KNT uncertainties) in each channel

 \rightarrow Excellent progress on the Lattice QCD (+QED) calculations; *Precision of BMW20 (to be cross-checked* by other lattice groups) became *similar to the one of dispersive approaches; Ongoing cross-checks* using Euclidean time windows (related to HVP with suppression of very low and high energies) for which various groups achieved similar precision; *If BMW20 result is confirmed, the difference w.r.t. dispersive results* to be understood.

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Status of a (Hadronic Light-by-Light)



Hadronic model + pQCD

Lattice QCD+QED

 \rightarrow Good progress on systematically improvable approaches

- \rightarrow The g-2 Theory Initiative provides an adequate environment for cross-checks
- \rightarrow Uncertainty controlled at 0.15ppm

Theory initiative white paper executive summary & new results

Contribution	Section	Equation	Value $\times 10^{11}$	References
Experiment (E821)		Eq. (8.13)	116 592 089(63)	Ref. [1]
HVP LO (e^+e^-)	Sec. 2.3.7	Eq. (2.33)	6931(40)	Refs. [2–7]
HVP NLO (e^+e^-)	Sec. 2.3.8	Eq. (2.34)	-98.3(7)	Ref. [7]
HVP NNLO (e^+e^-)	Sec. 2.3.8	Eq. (2.35)	12.4(1)	Ref. [8]
HVP LO (lattice, <i>udsc</i>)	Sec. 3.5.1	Eq. (3.49)	7116(184)	Refs. [9–17]
HLbL (phenomenology)	Sec. 4.9.4	Eq. (4.92)	92(19)	Refs. [18–30]
HLbL NLO (phenomenology)	Sec. 4.8	Eq. (4.91)	2(1)	Ref. [31]
HLbL (lattice, <i>uds</i>)	Sec. 5.7	Eq. (5.49)	79(35)	Ref. [32]
HLbL (phenomenology + lattice)	Sec. 8	Eq. (8.10)	90(17)	Refs. [18–30, 32]
QED	Sec. 6.5	Eq. (6.30)	116 584 718.931(104)	Refs. [33, 34]
Electroweak	Sec. 7.4	Eq. (7.16)	153.6(1.0)	Refs. [35, 36]
HVP $(e^+e^-, LO + NLO + NNLO)$	Sec. 8	Eq. (8.5)	6845(40)	Refs. [2–8]
HLbL (phenomenology + lattice + NLO)	Sec. 8	Eq. (8.11)	92(18)	Refs. [18–32]
Total SM Value	Sec. 8	Eq. (8.12)	116 591 810(43)	Refs. [2-8, 18-24, 31-36]
Difference: $\Delta a_{\mu} := a_{\mu}^{\exp} - a_{\mu}^{SM}$	Sec. 8	Eq. (8.14)	279(76)	

 \rightarrow Dominant uncertainty: HVP LO \rightarrow Based on merging of model-independent methods

- \rightarrow HLbL also has an important uncertainty
- \rightarrow Lattice results become more and more interesting

 \rightarrow A tension between the BNL measurement and the reference SM prediction: ~ 3.7 σ (~ 4.2 σ including FNAL)

 \rightarrow Tension significantly smaller when using BMW20 for the LO HVP (TBC by other lattice groups)

Status of a before/with Fermilab result



 \rightarrow Caution about significance:

- statistics-dominated measurement
- prediction uncertainty limited by non-Gaussian systematic effects

 \rightarrow Nevertheless, large discrepancy between measurement and reference SM prediction (to be significantly improved in view of the forthcoming updates of the Fermilab measurement)

We have an interesting, long standing, multifaceted problem to solve...

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