

Symposium on Nuclear Data 2020

Ag102 12.9 m	Ag103 65.7 m	Ag104 69.2m	Ag105 41.29 d	S ymposium on	Ag107 51.839 %	Ag108 2.37 m	Ag109 48.161 %	Ag110 24.6 s	Ag111 7.45 d	Ag112 2.135 h
Pd101 8.47 h	Pd102 1.02 %	Pd103 16.991 d	Pd104 11.14 %	Pd105 22.33 %	N uclear	Pd107 6.5e+4 y	Pd108 26.46 %	Pd109 15.700(26)	Pd110 11.72 %	Pd111 23.4 m
Rh100 20.8 h	Rh101 3.3 y	Rh102 2.72 d	Rh103 100 %	Rh104 42.3 s	Rh105 35.95 h	D ata	2020 Nov.	Rh108 9.0 m	Rh109 99 s	Rh110 3.3 s

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Theoretical analysis of deuteron-induced reactions and development of deuteron nuclear database

Since deuteron is a weakly bound system consisting of a proton and a neutron, it easily breaks up and emits a neutron through interaction with a target nucleus. Utilizing this property, intensive neutron sources using deuteron accelerators have been proposed for not only science and engineering fields but also medical applications. For design studies of such facilities, accurate and comprehensive nuclear data of deuteron-induced reactions are indispensable.

Toward evaluation of deuteron nuclear data, we have developed a code system dedicated for deuteron-induced reactions, called DEURACS. In DEURACS, breakup processes of incident deuteron are taken into account. DEURACS was so far successfully applied to analyses of production of nucleons, composite particles up to $A = 4$, and residual nuclei. In this talk, we will present the results of these analyses and discuss how important it is to consider the breakup processes for accurate prediction of deuteron-induced reactions.

Moreover, we have recently developed JENDL/DEU-2020, a deuteron nuclear database for Li-6,7, Be-9, and C-12,13 up to 200 MeV. DEURACS was employed for evaluation of JENDL/DEU-2020. Validation of JENDL/DEU-2020 was carried out by simulation with the Monte Carlo transport codes. As a result, the simulation using JENDL/DEU-2020 reproduced the measured thick-target neutron yields better than both simulations using the deuteron sub-library of TENDL and the reaction models implemented in the PHITS code. These validation results will also be presented.

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