

## Symposium on Nuclear Data 2020

Ag102 12.9 m	Ag103 65.7 m	Ag104 69.2m	Ag105 41.29 d	<b>S</b> ymposium on	Ag107 51.839 %	Ag108 2.37 m	Ag109 48.161 %	Ag110 24.6 s	Ag111 7.45 d	Ag112 3.130 h
Pd101 8.47 h	Pd102 1.02 %	Pd103 16.991 d	Pd104 11.14 %	Pd105 22.33 %	<b>N</b> uclear	Pd107 8.36 s	Pd108 26.46 %	Pd109 11.70(2) s	Pd110 11.72 %	Pd111 33.1 m
Rh100 20.8 h	Rh101 3.3 y	Rh102 2.77 d	Rh103 100 %	Rh104 42.3 s	Rh105 37.95 h	<b>D</b> ata	<b>2020</b> Nov.	Rh108 5.1 m	Rh109 39 s	Rh110 3.3 s

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Type: **Oral Presentation**

## Nuclear spectroscopy at KISS / KISS での核分光実験

For nuclear spectroscopy in the vicinity of N=126 and U-238, we have developed KEK Isotope Separation System (KISS), which is an argon-gas-cell-based laser ion source combined with an on-line isotope separator, installed in the RIKEN Nishina center [1]. The nuclei around N = 126 are produced by multi-nucleon transfer reactions (MNT) [2] of Xe-136 beam (10.75 MeV/A) impinging upon a Pt-198 target. The KISS facility has a detector station for beta-gamma spectroscopy and a MRTOF system for precise mass measurement. By using these devices, we have successfully performed beta-gamma spectroscopy of Os, Ta [3], and Re isotopes for the half-life measurements and study of beta-decay schemes, and in-gas-cell laser ionization spectroscopy of Pt, Ir, and Os isotopes for evaluating the magnetic moments and the trend of the charge-radii (deformation parameters).

In the presentation, we will report the present status of KISS, experimental results of nuclear spectroscopy in the heavy region, and future plan of KISS activities.

[1] Y. Hirayama et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods B 353 (2015) 4.; B 463 (2020) 425.

[2] Y.X. Watanabe et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 115 (2015) 172503.

[3] P. Walker et al., Phys. Rev. Lett 125 (2020) 192505.

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