

A_N vs. P_T Unfolding

RadLab Meeting

2020/06/24

9:00 PM (KST/JST)

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Run 15 neutron asymmetry for inclusive pp collisions in the ZDC – 2D Unfolding

Strategy

Using Minjung's ZDC neutron asymmetry for run 15 inclusive pp data, the strategy is to:

- Translate the pt dependent A_N 's into yields.
- Apply the 2D unfolding in P_T and azimuth, Φ
- Extract the unfolded asymmetries (A_N 's)

The strategy requires extraction of asymmetries and reweighting procedures for pp monte carlo samples: pythia, dpmjet and the one pion exchange (OPE).

Algorithm

Asymmetry extraction algorithm is:

Algorithm

1. Create two spin states using TRandom Number Generator:
Spin up (0)
Spin down (1)
2. Create spin depended weight according to Taylor series of a polynomial in the form:

$$w = 1 + (a + b * P_{T,T} + c * P_{T,T}^2 + d * P_{T,T}^3) \cos(\varphi_T + spin * \pi)$$

the parameters are:

a = constant

b = linear

c = quadratic

d = cube

spin * pi = phase shift

spin = 0 (up)

1 (down)

Note: Other functional forms can also be scanned and tried to describe data asymmetries.

Algorithm...

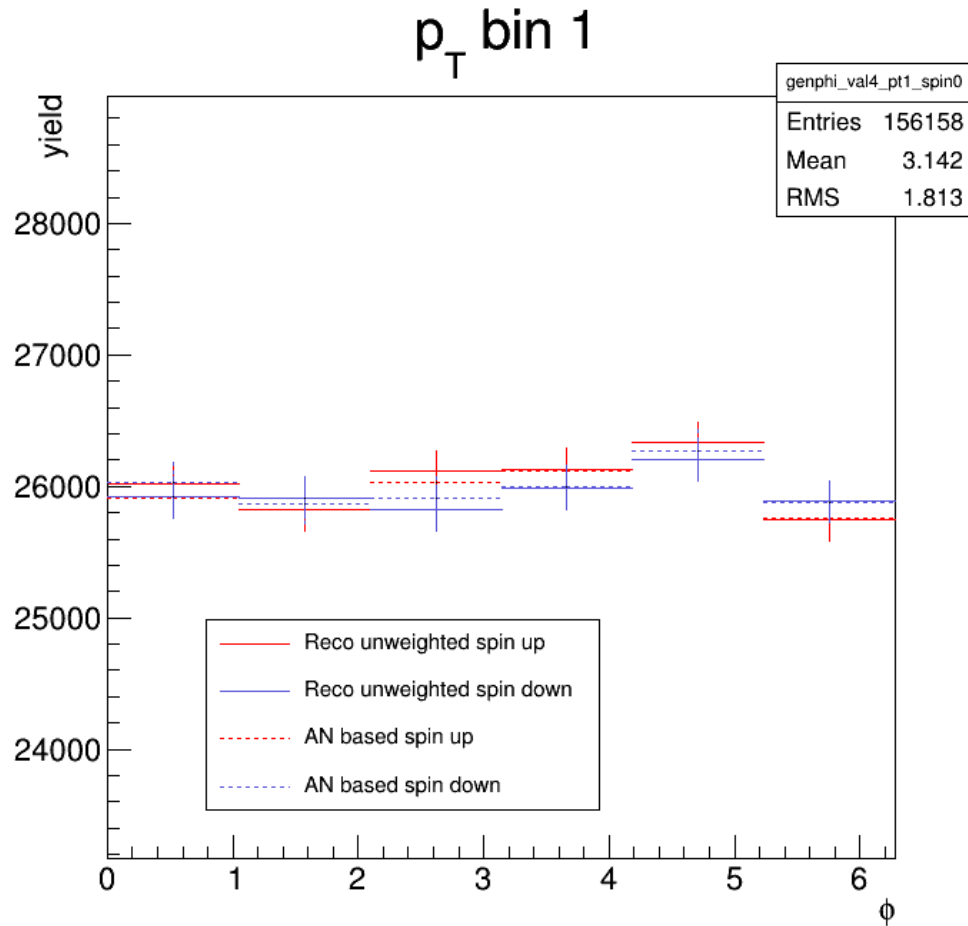
3. Scan parameters for different functional forms over a wide range using chi-square based on the reconstructed asymmetries from pp collision monte carlo samples and run 15 pp asymmetry results (Minjung's result) to find the best parameter, i.e. parameter with lowest,

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i \frac{(A_{N,i}^{Minjung} - A_{N,i}^{w,reco})^2}{(\Delta A_{N,i}^{2,Minjung} + \Delta A_{N,i}^{2,w,reco})}$$

4. Extract the asymmetry using the best Chi-squared parameters,

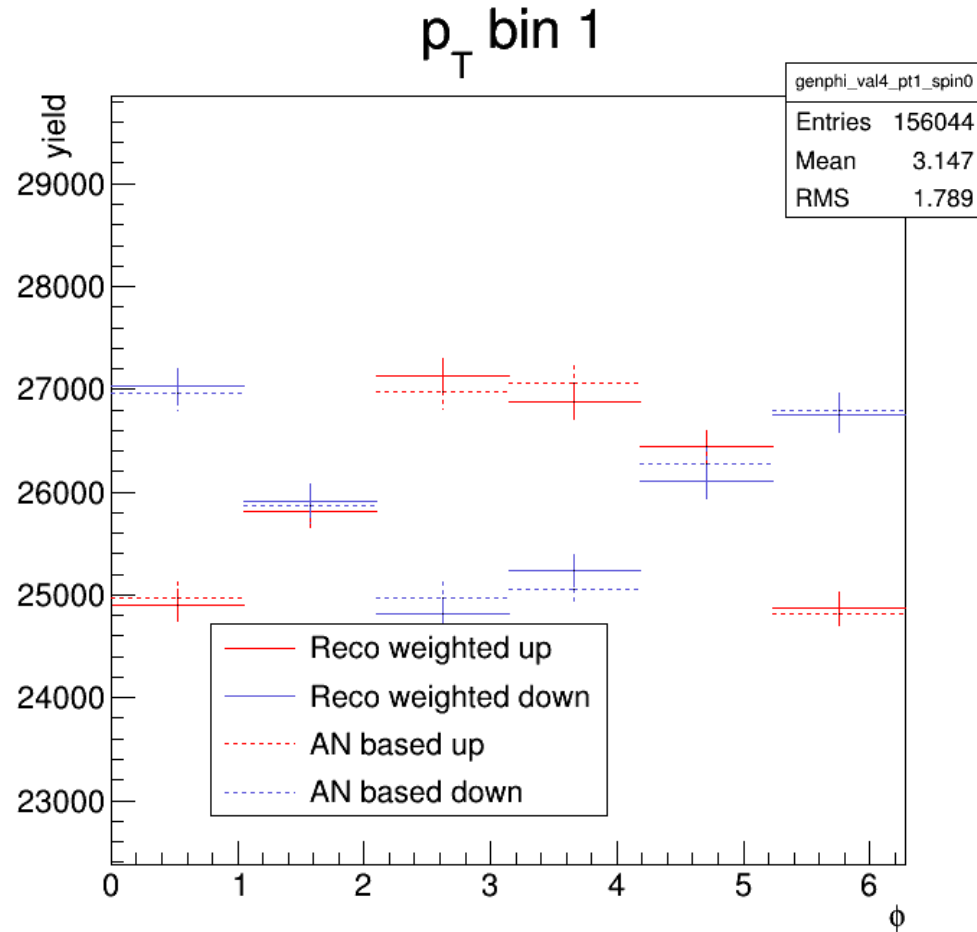
$$A_N = \frac{N_{\Phi\uparrow} - N_{\Phi\downarrow}}{N_{\Phi\uparrow} + N_{\Phi\downarrow}}$$

OPE Monte Carlo (Not weighted)



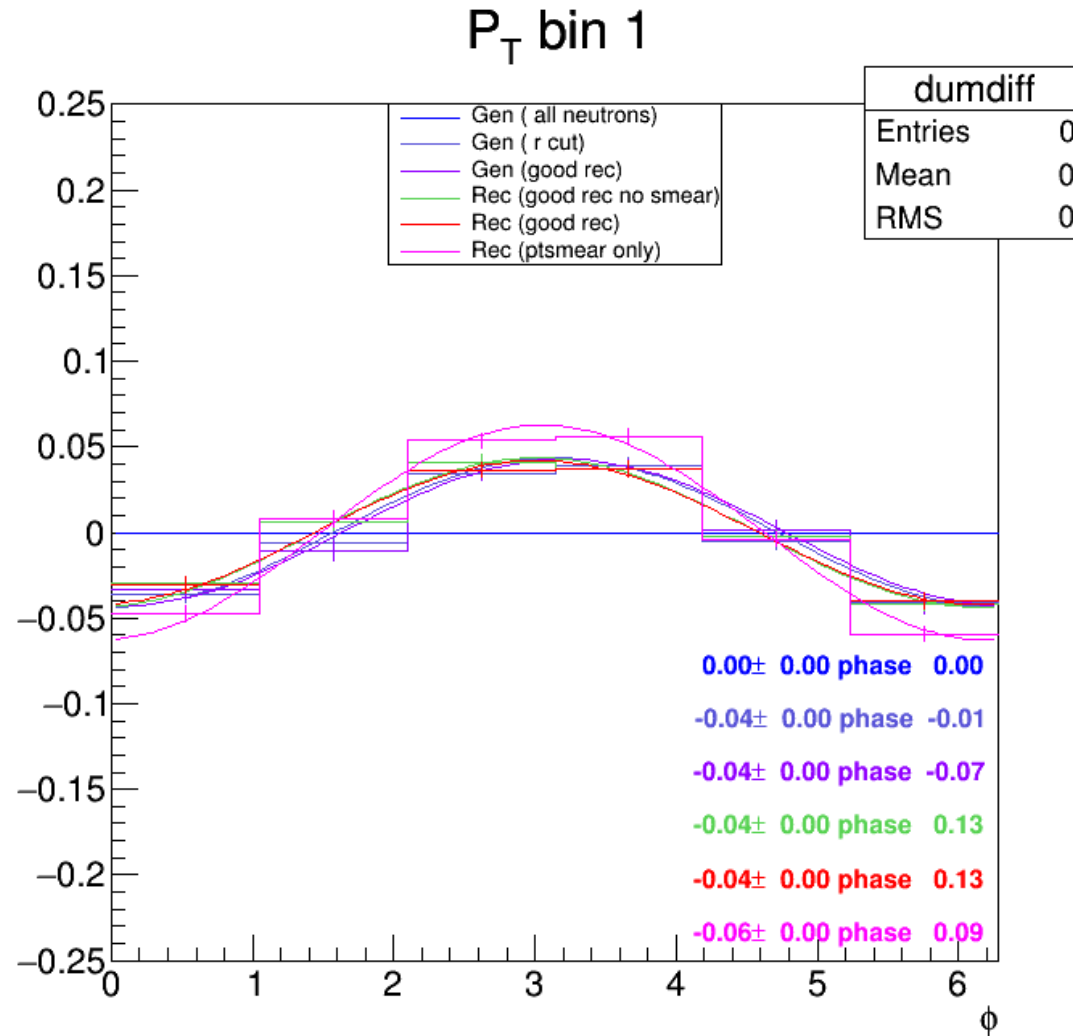
- Reconstructed azimuthal without weight
- Reconstructed azimuthal angle without weight
- Neutron asymmetry (A_N) without weight
- Neutron asymmetry (A_N) without weight

OPE Monte Carlo (Weighted Up or Down)



- Reconstructed azimuthal angle weighted up
- Reconstructed azimuthal angle weighted down
- Neutron asymmetry (A_N) based up
- Neutron asymmetry (A_N) based down

OPE Monte Carlo (Weighted)



To Do List

Condor Jobs for best Chi-square scan of best parameters.

- Need to use condor as chi-square scan of best parameters is a large computing job.
- Currently setting environment variables for the condor jobs to scan the best chi-squares parameters.

Period	Task
June 25 ~ June 30	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Set environment variables for condor jobs and start scanning of the best chi-square parameters.
July 01 ~ July 05	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Apply best parameters and mimic pp data asymmetries

BACKUP

A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – Pythia, Dpmjet and OPE

Scanned neutron asymmetries based on the following functions;

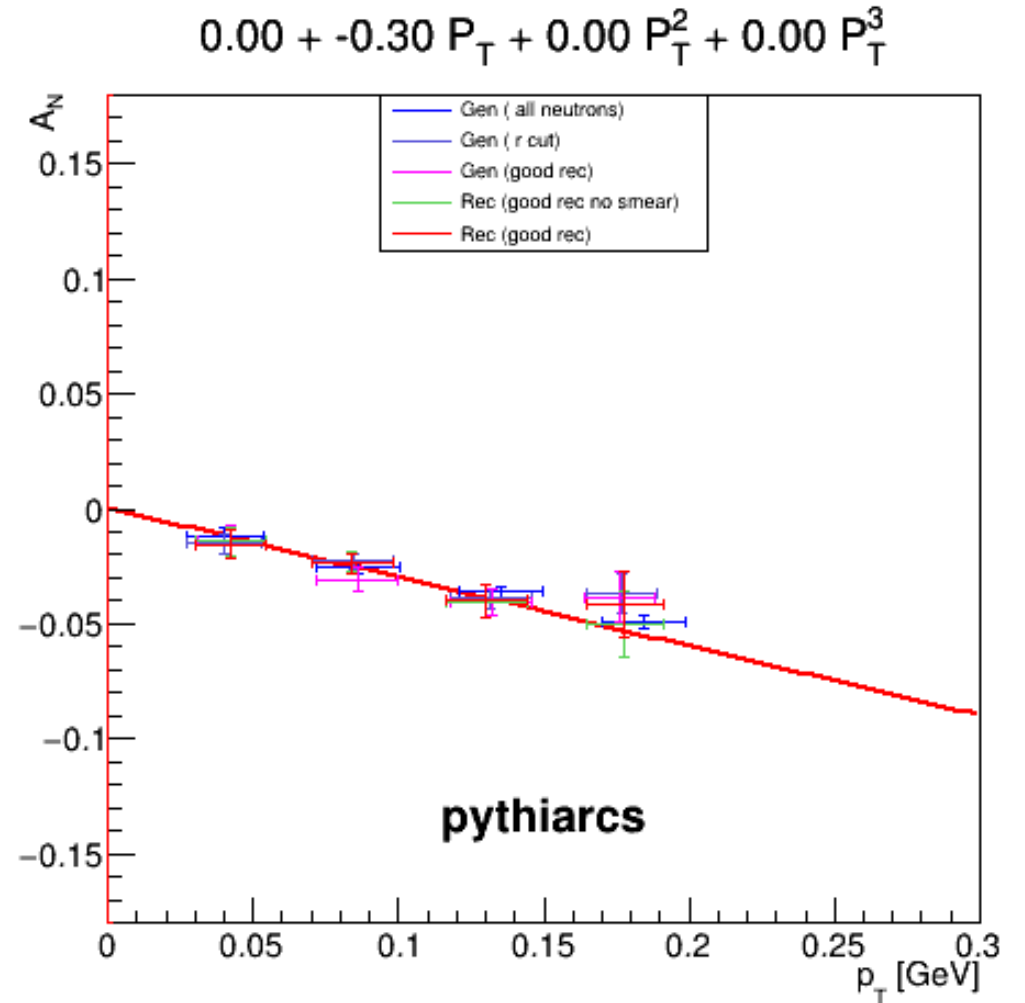
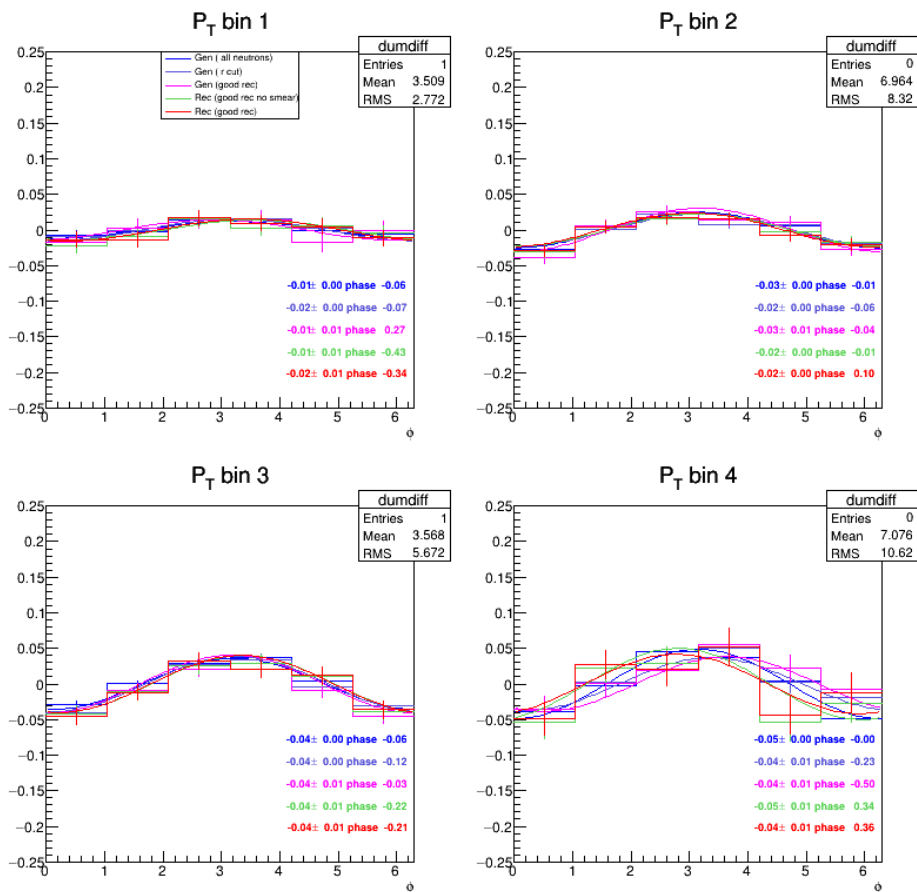
- Quadratic function
- Linear function

Based on Minjung's Pt binning:

- $(0, 0.01)$, $(0.01, 0.06)$, $(0.06, 0.11)$, $(0.11, 0.16)$, $(0.16, 0.21)$, $(0.21, 0.40)$
- First and last bins are ignored. Hence,
- $(0.01, 0.06)$, $(0.06, 0.11)$, $(0.11, 0.16)$, $(0.16, 0.21)$

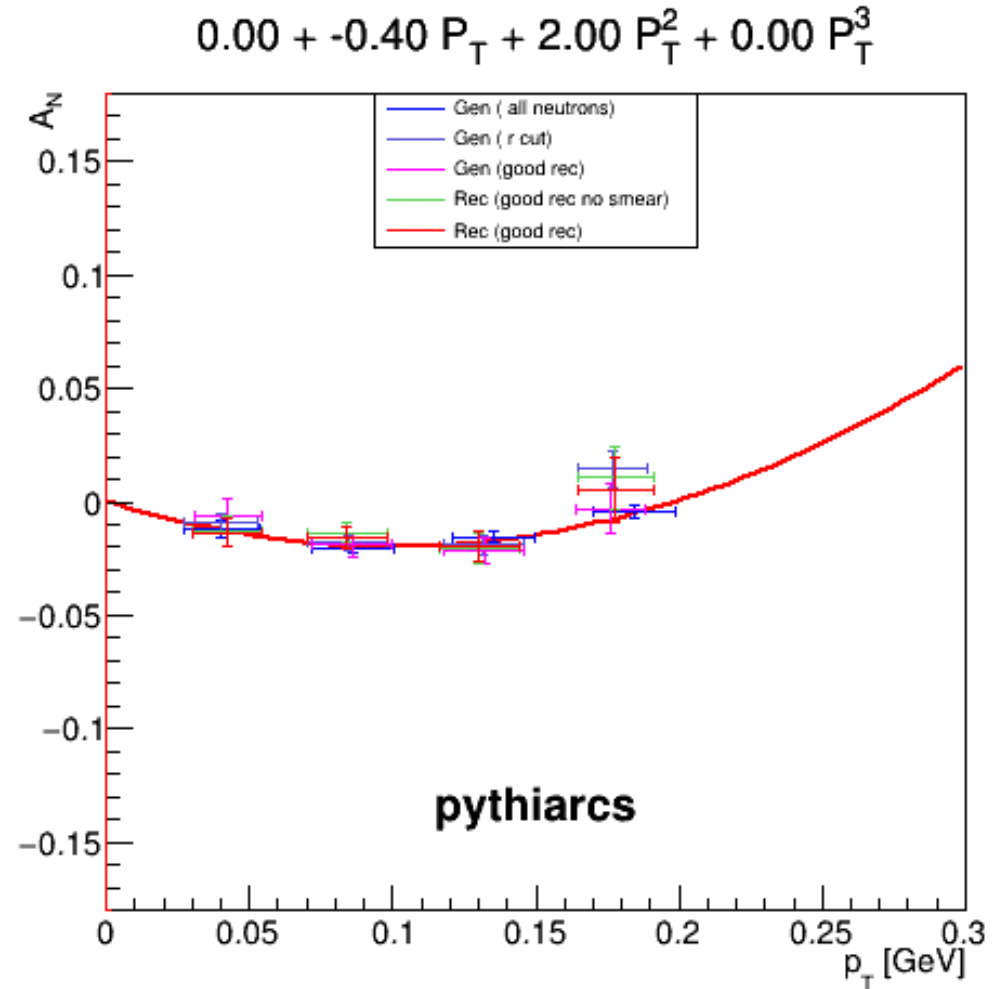
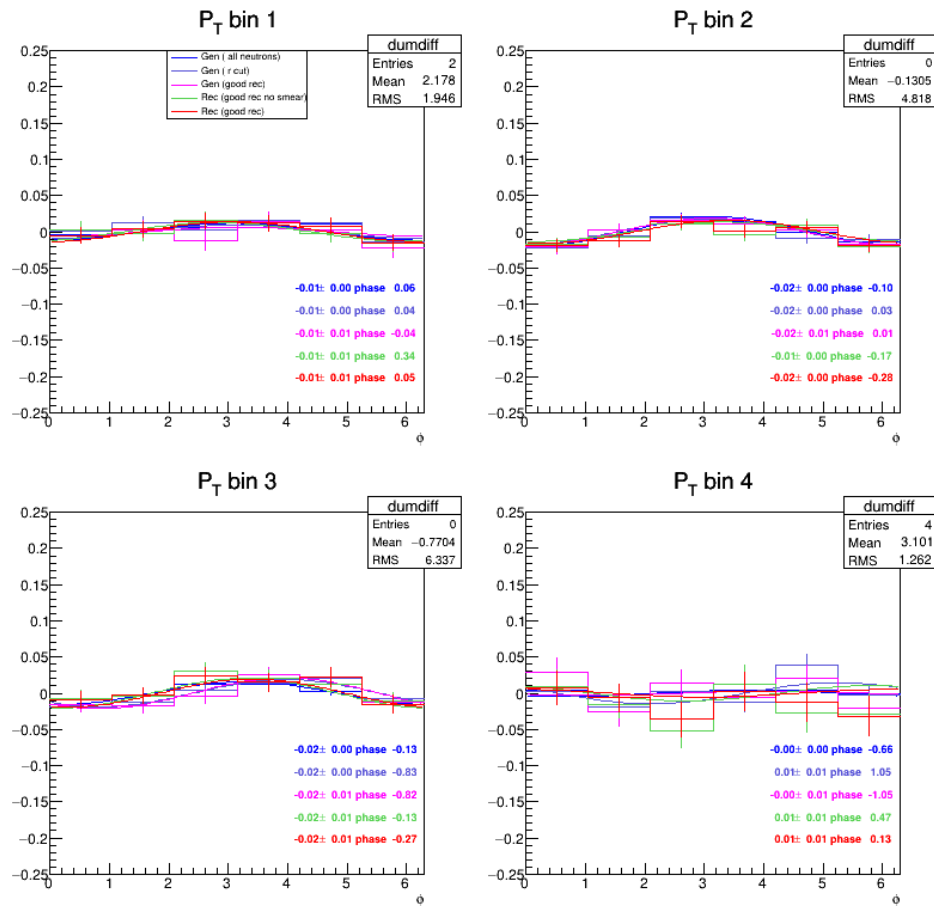
A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – Pythia Monte Carlo Sample

Asymmetry based on linear function



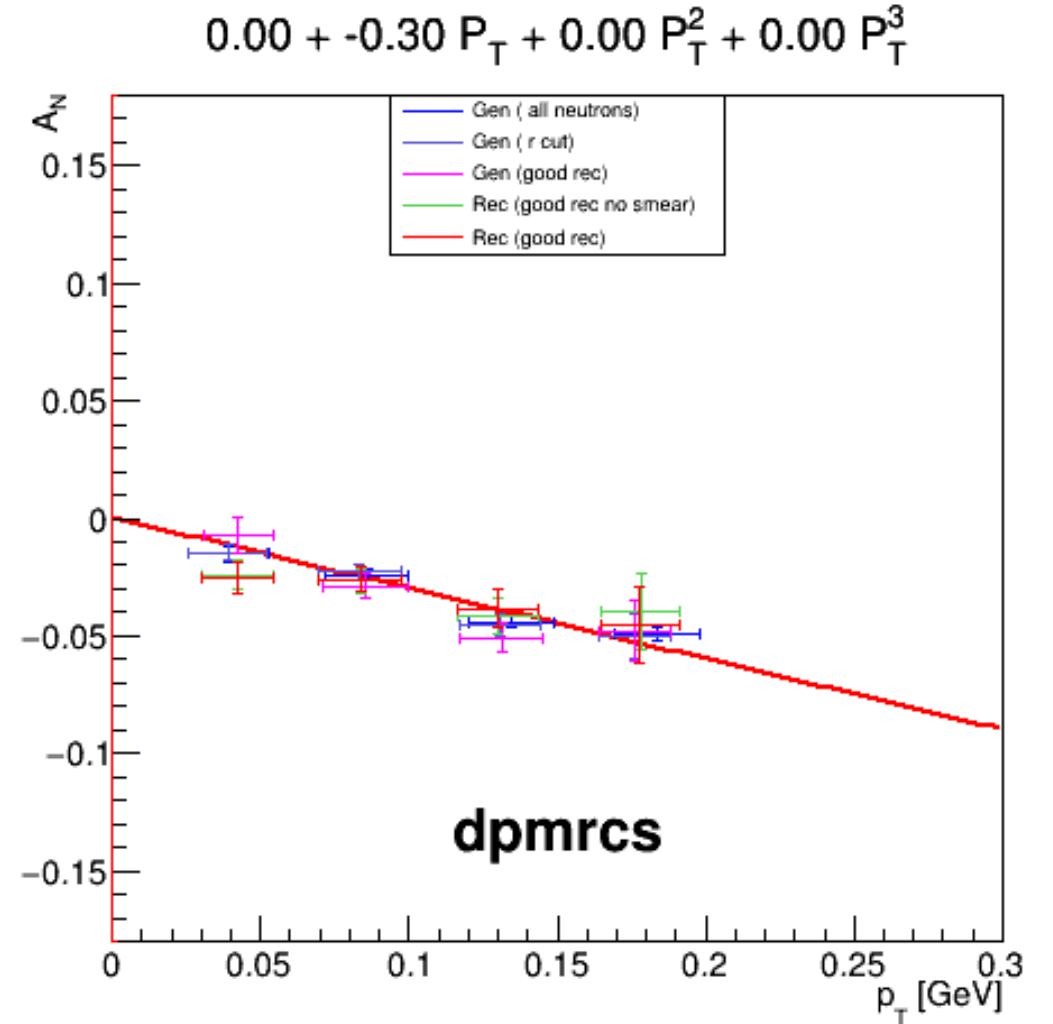
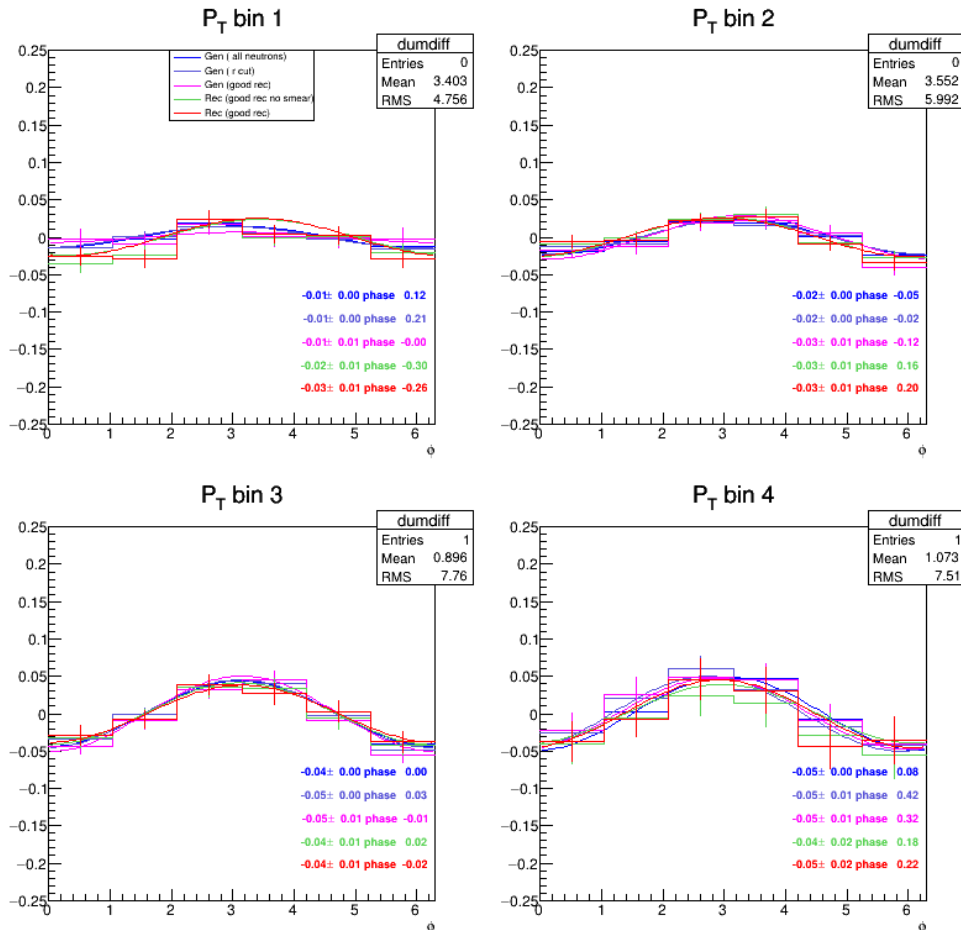
A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – Pythia Monte Carlo Sample

Asymmetry based on quadratic function



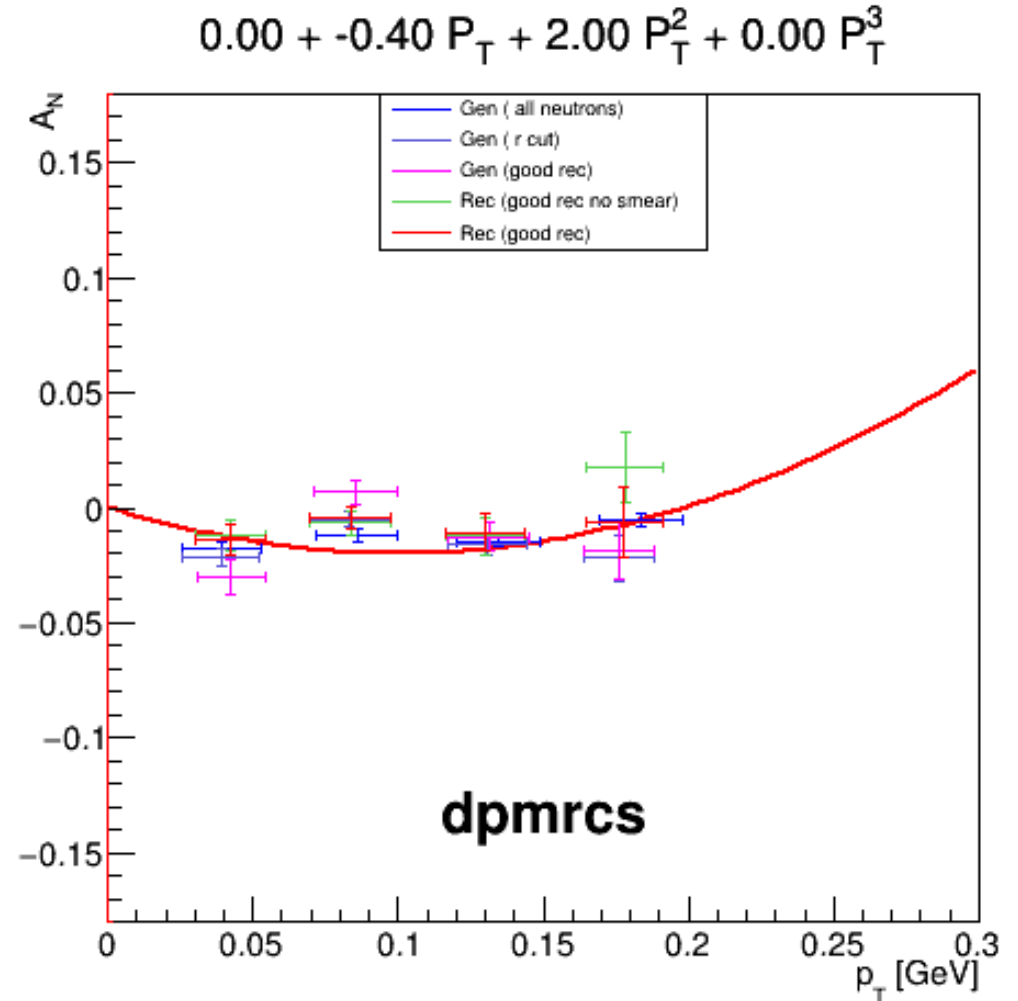
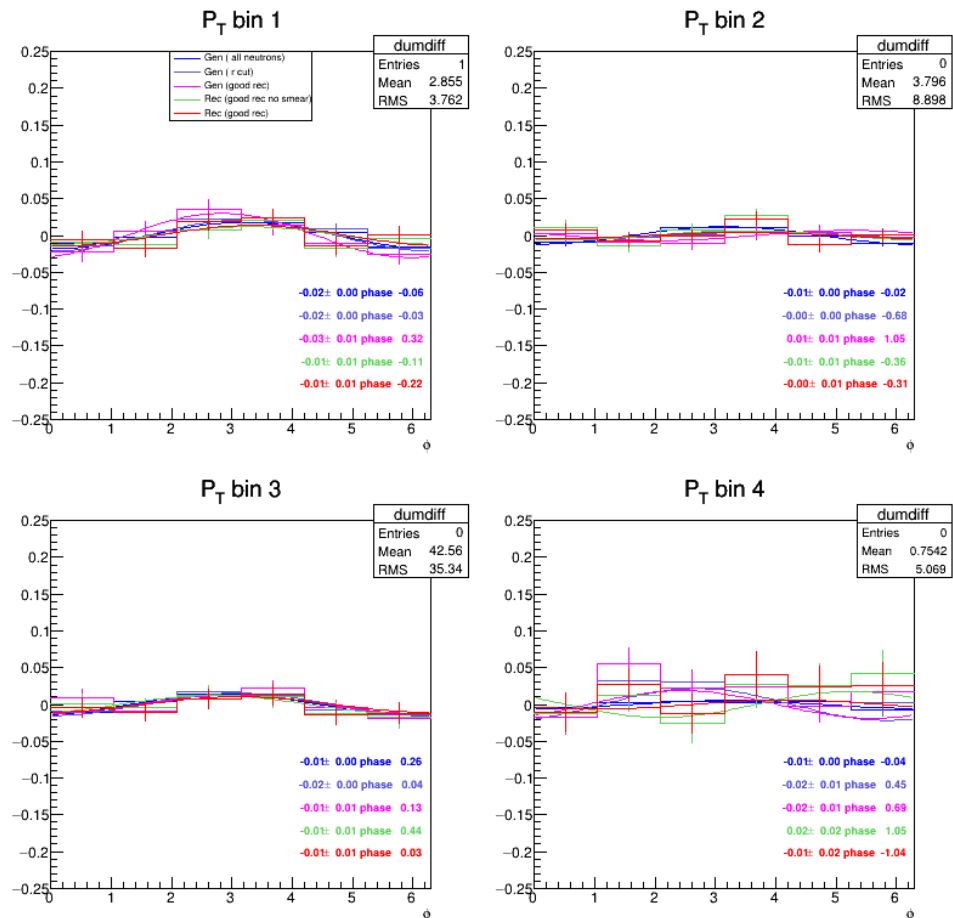
A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – Dpmjet Monte Carlo Sample

Asymmetry based on linear function



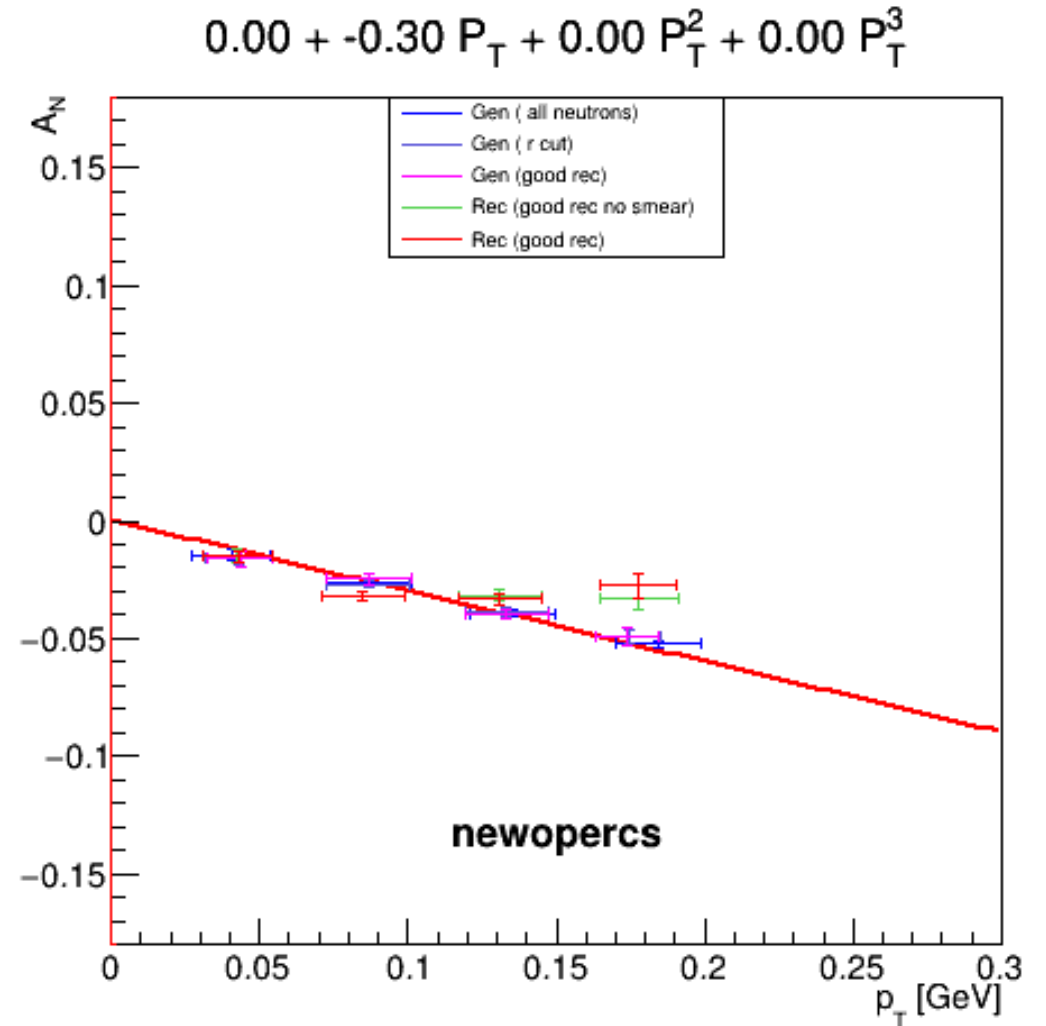
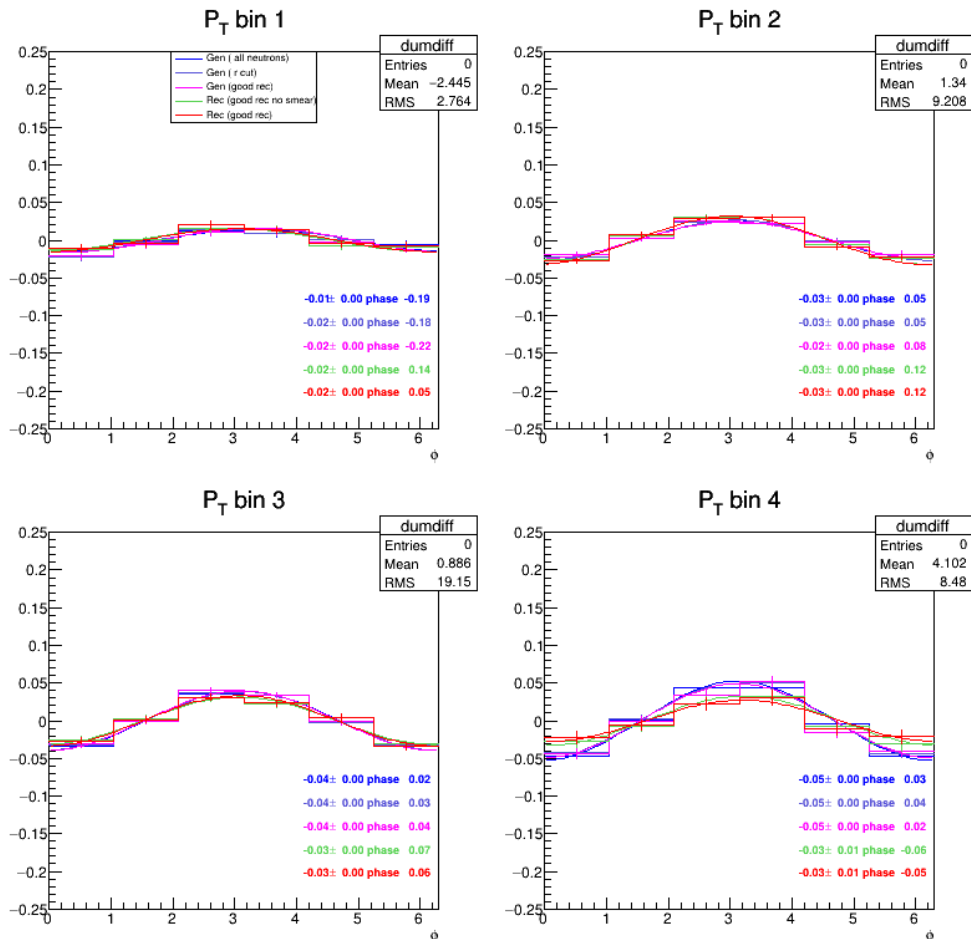
A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – Dpmjet Monte Carlo Sample

Asymmetry based on quadratic function



A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – One Pion Exchange (OPE) MC

Asymmetry based on linear function



A Quick Scan of Created Asymmetries – One Pion Exchange (OPE) MC

Asymmetry based on quadratic function

