

6th Korea-Japan PHENIX/sPHENIX/RHICf/EIC Collaboration Meeting

# sPHENIX-INTT Silicon Tracker

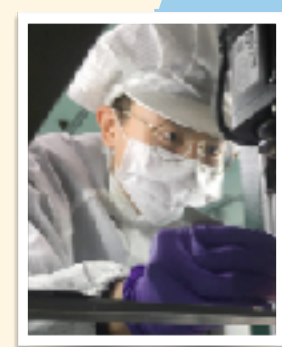
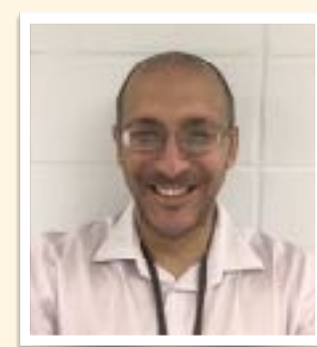
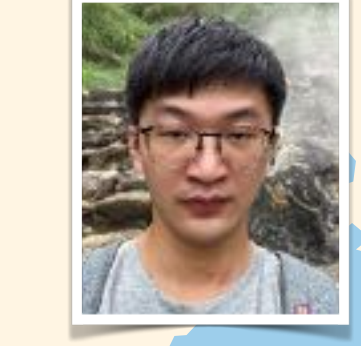
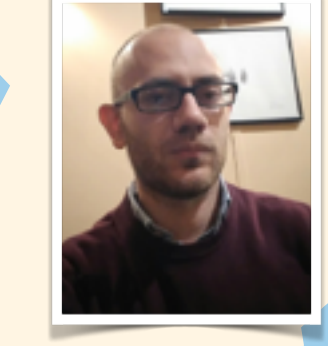
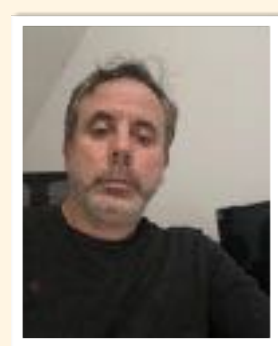
G. Nukazuka (RIKEN BNL Research Center)  
on behalf of the sPHENIX INTT group





# INTT Group

3 countries,  
9 institutes,  
34 staff and students



## Purdue Univ.

Wei Xie,  
Milan Stojanovic,  
Han-Sheng Li

## BNL

Rachid Nouicer, Dan Cacace,  
Connor Miraval, Robert Pisani,  
Steven Andrade, Donald Pinelli,  
Antonio Vederosa, Sioan Zohar

## TIRI

Takashi Kondo

## Rikkyo Univ.

Hikaru Imai,  
Genta Nakano,  
Yusuke Nakamura

## JAEA

Shoichi Hasegawa

## National Taiwan Univ.

Rong-Shyang Lu, Jenny Huang,  
Lian-Sheng Tsai, Ou-Wei Cheng

## National Central Univ.

Chia-Ming Kuo, Kai-Yu Cheng,  
Cheng-Wei Shih, Wei-Che Tang

## RIKEN, RBRC

Yasuyuki Akiba,  
Itaru Nakagawa,  
Genki Nukazuka

## Nara Women's Univ.

Takashi Hachiya,  
Maya Shimomura, Miu Morita,  
Mika Shibata, Runa Takahama,  
Yumika Namimoto, Yuka Sugiyama

sPHENIX-INTT Silicon Tracker, G. Nukazuka (RBRC)



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- **Intermediate tracker (INTT)**
  - Overview
  - INTT ladder : silicon sensor, stave
- **Mass production**
- **Test beam experiments**
- **Barrel construction**

## Flowing talks for sPHENIX INTT:

**14:00 → 14:25 (25 min)**

“INTT Silicon Ladder Performance”,  
Yumika Namimoto (Nara Women's Univ. )

**14:25 → 14:45 (20 min)**

“Development of Long and High Density Flexible Cable (Bus Extender) for INTT”  
Takashi Hachiya (Radiation Laboratory, RIKEN and Nara Women's Univ.)

**14:45 → 15:15 (30 min)**

“INTT Bus Extender Performance”,  
Miu Morita (Nara Women's Univ. )

# RHIC sPHENIX

- sPHENIX, a successor of PHENIX, will start data taking from 2023 to study quark-gluon plasma (QGP) and cold QCD physics at RHIC
- Main physics channels:
  - QGP:  $\gamma$  jet, b-quark tagged jet,  $Y$  (1S, 2S, 3S), ...
  - Cold QCD: transverse SSA (direct photon,  $D^0$ , and inclusive jet in the mid-rapidity), Collins FF,  $p^\uparrow + A$ ...
- The detector complex covers full azimuthal angle  $2\pi$  in  $|\eta| < 1.1$  and  $|z_{\text{vtx}}| < 10$  cm

## Magnet

Superconducting solenoid magnet from Babar at SLAC provides 1.5 T

## Hadronic Calorimeter

(divided into inside and outside the magnet parts)

Inside part: non-magnetic metal and scintillator

Outside part: Ion and scintillator

Measurements can be done before multiple scattering of hadron shower by the cryostat for the magnet

## ElectroMagnetic Calorimeter

consists of tungsten and scintillation fiber

compact, small segmentation ( $\eta \times \phi = 0.024 \times 0.024$ )

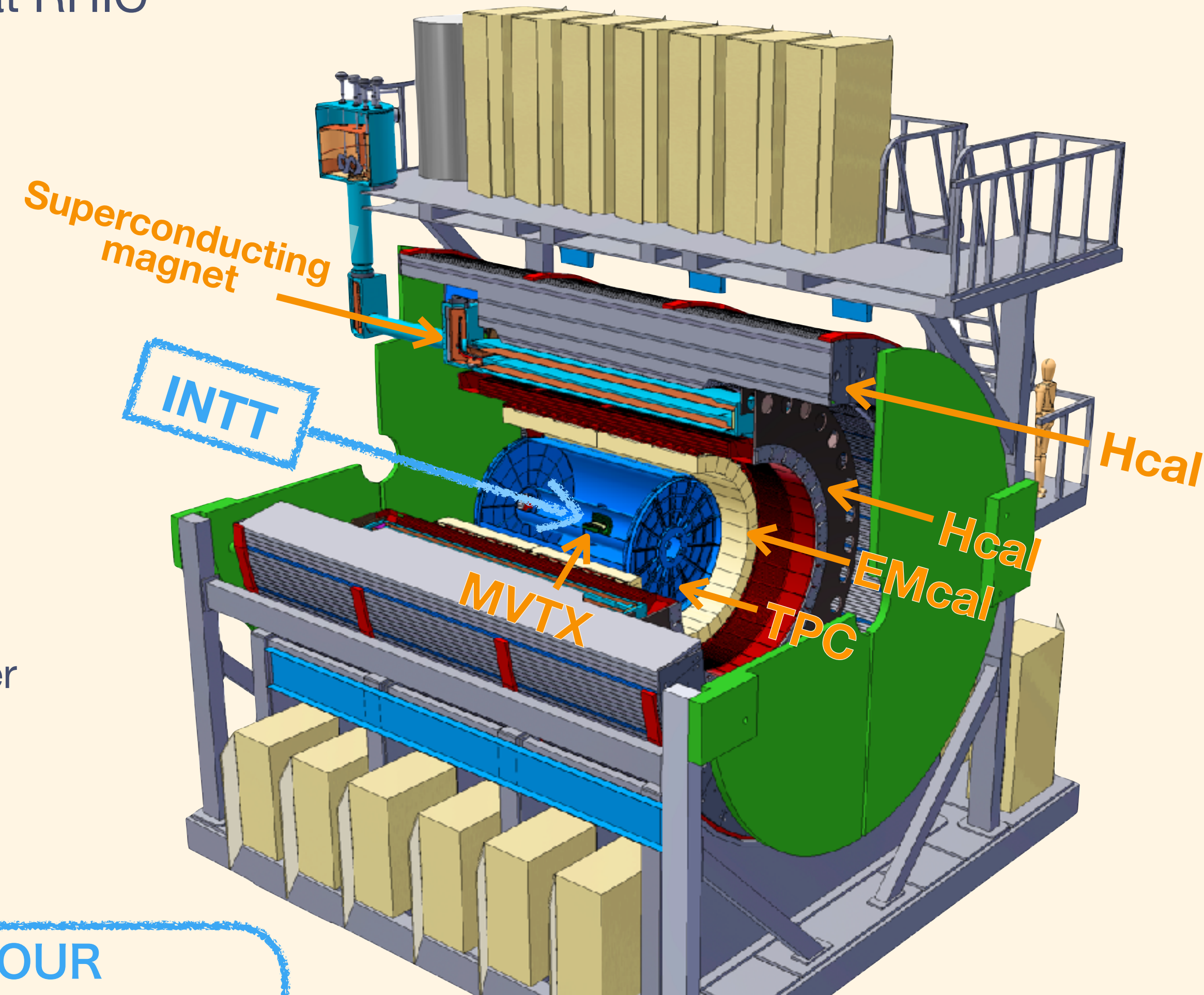
## Charged Particle Tracking detectors

TPC:  $r < 80$  cm, contributes good momentum resolution

**INTT:  $r < 10$  cm, (see the next page)**

**MVTX:  $r < 4$  cm, Monolithic active pixel detector for vertex determination**

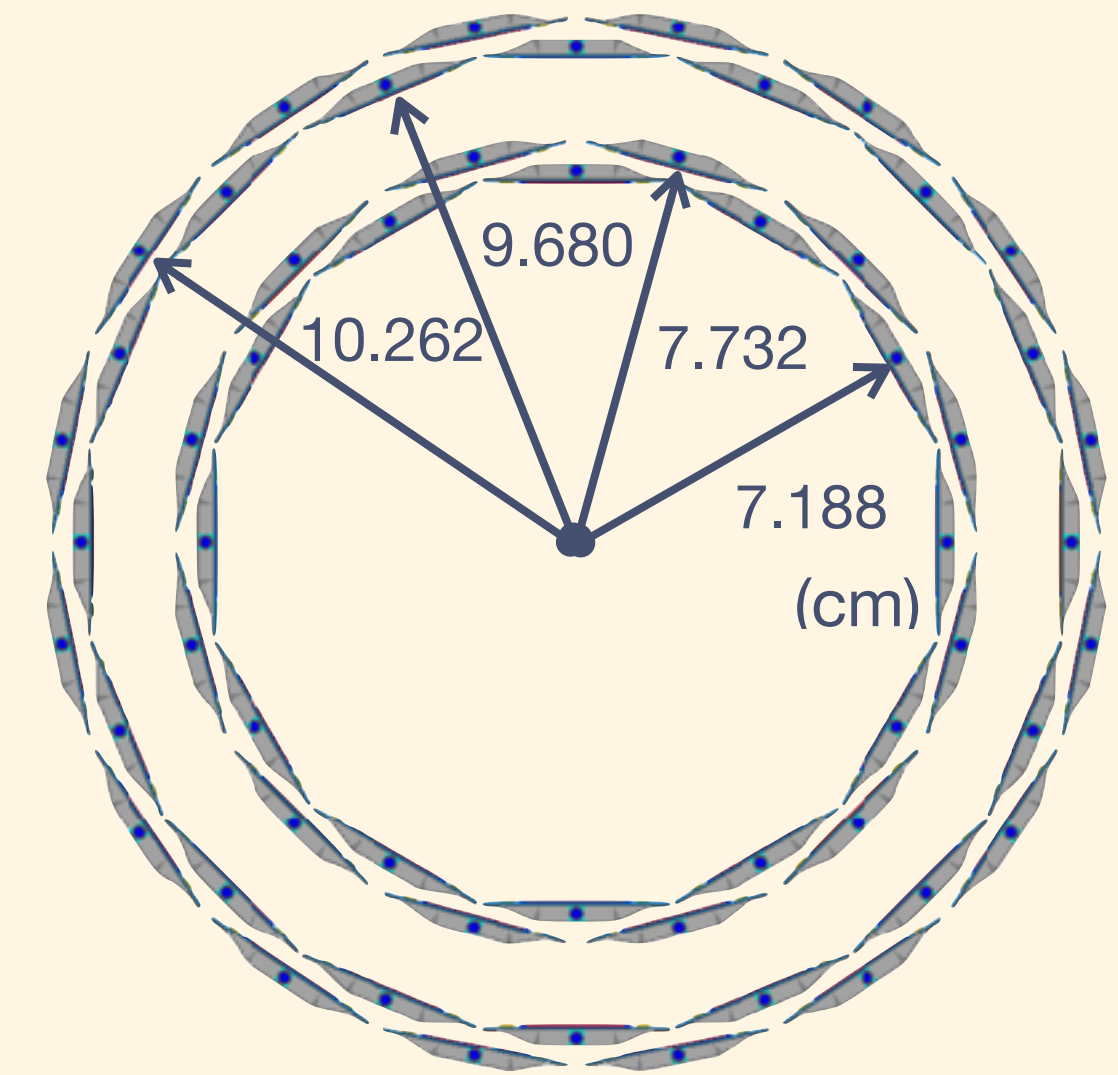
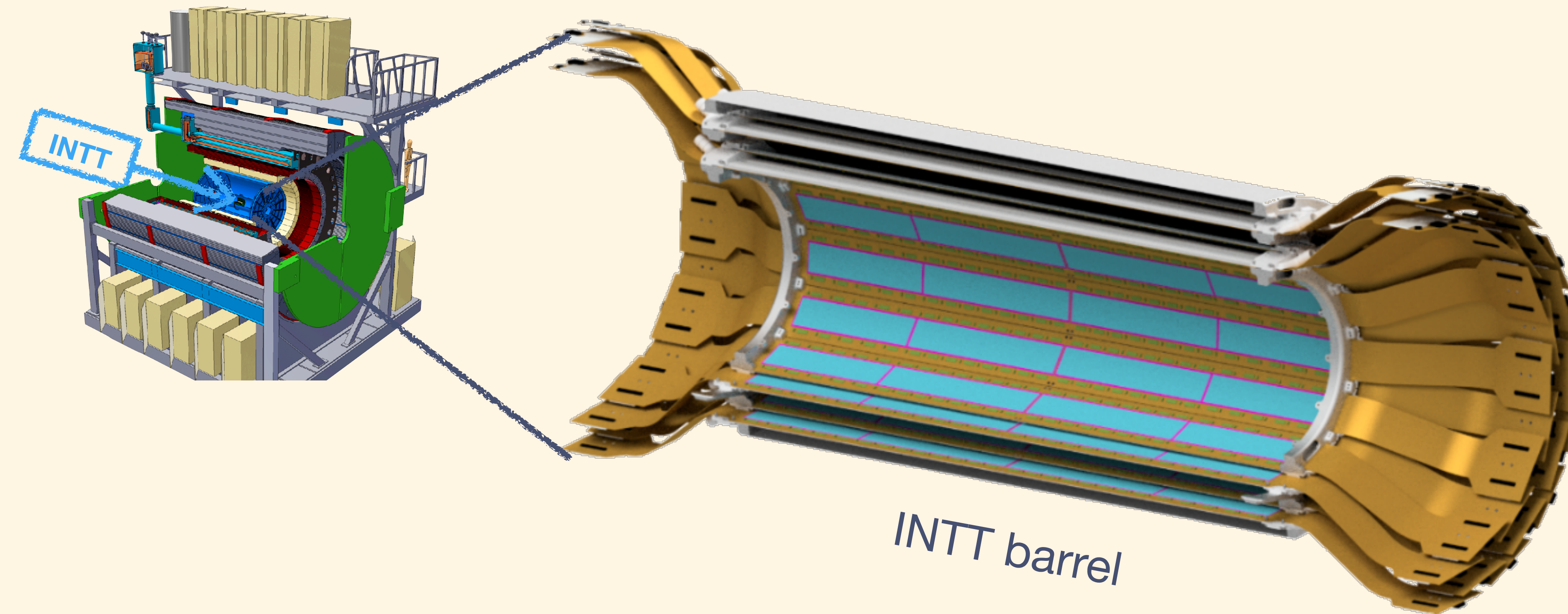
OUR  
RESPONSIBILITY



sPHENIX detector complex



# Overview of Intermediate Silicon Tracker (INTT)



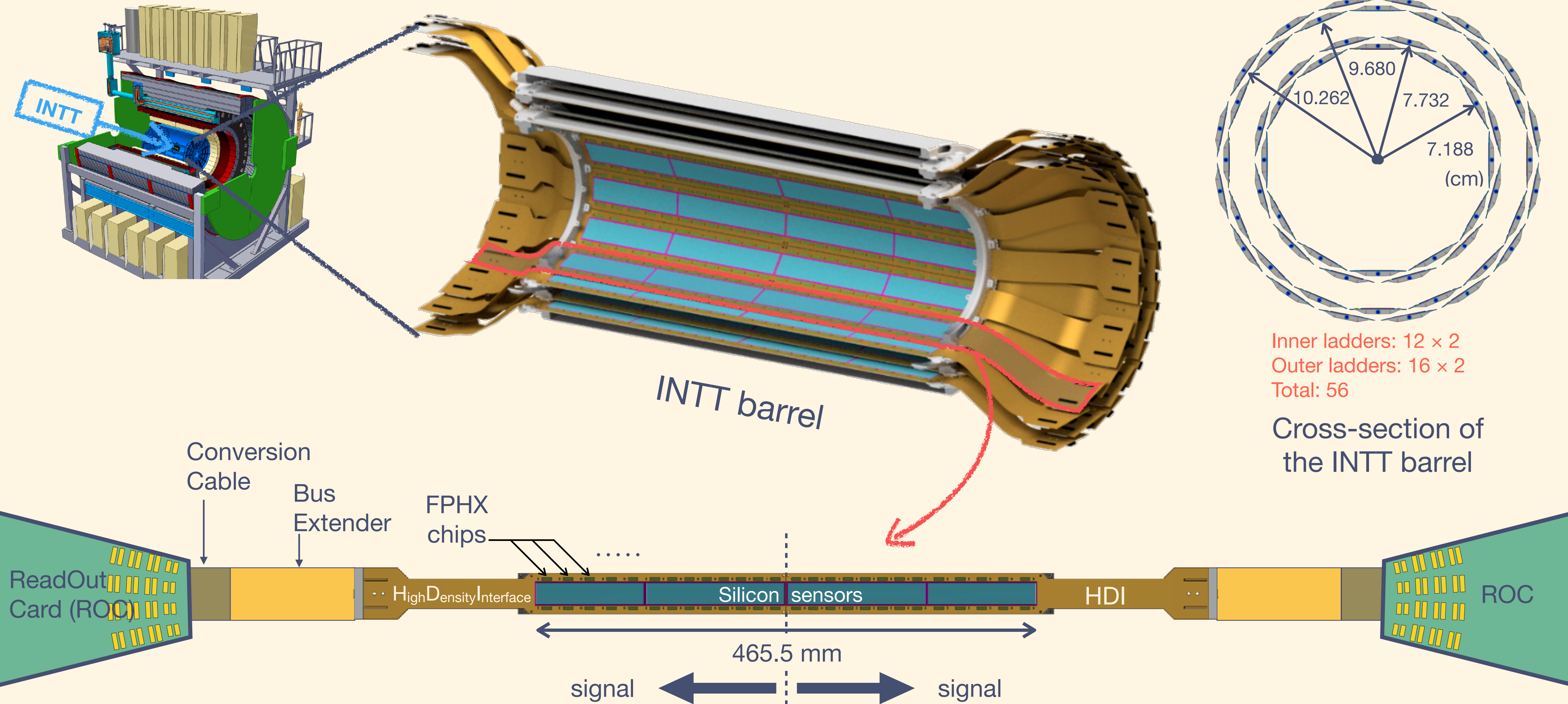
Cross-section of the INTT barrel

2 layers of barrel with silicon semiconductor strip detectors.

- Hits on INTT are used for track interpolation between TPC and MVTX.
- Operation at the bunch-crossing 106 ns (MVTX and TPC works at the order of  $\mu\text{s}$  - 10  $\mu\text{s}$ )
- Full azimuthal angle coverage in the central rapidity region  $|\eta| < 1.1$
- Low radiation length about  $X/X_0 < 1.1\%$  / ladder
- 360k channels in total

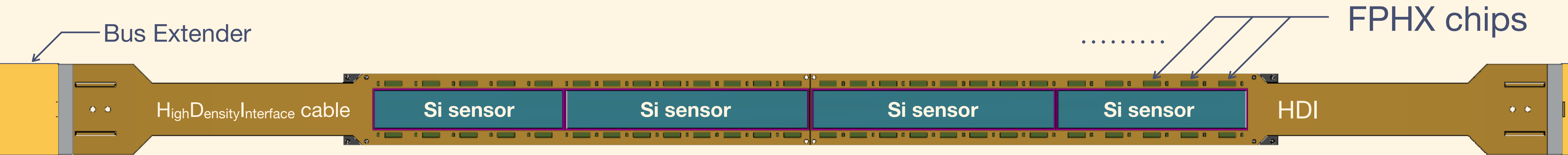


# Overview of Intermediate Silicon Tracker (INTT)

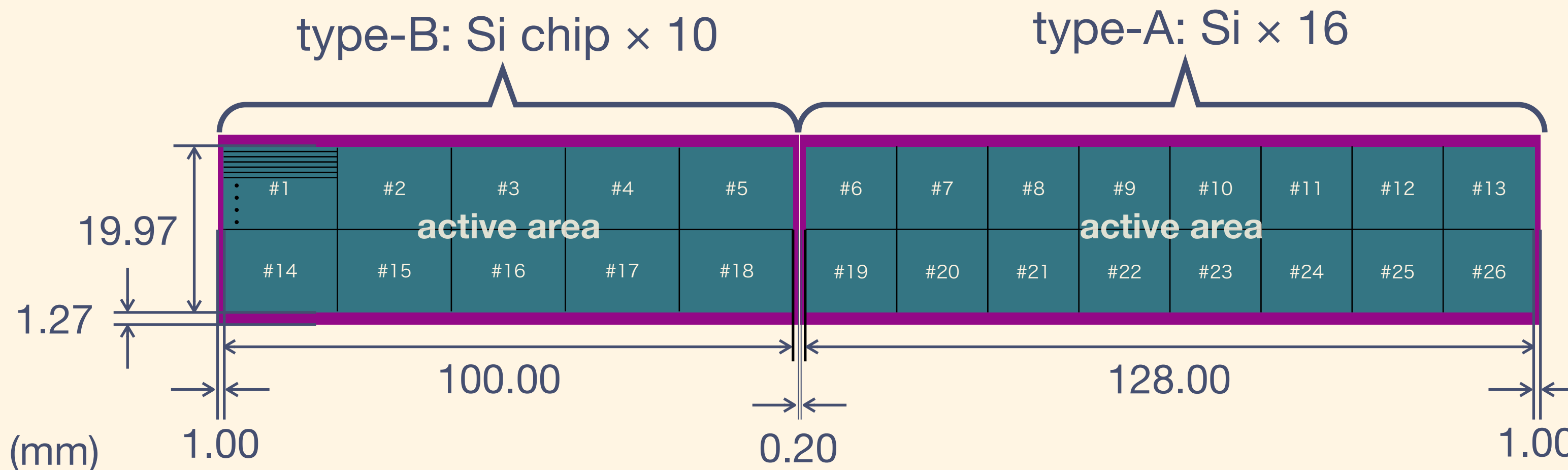




# Intermediate tracker (INTT), ladder, silicon sensor



2 types of silicon module with thickness of 320  $\mu\text{m}$   
(Hamamatsu, 78  $\mu\text{m}$   $\times$  16 mm or 20 mm)

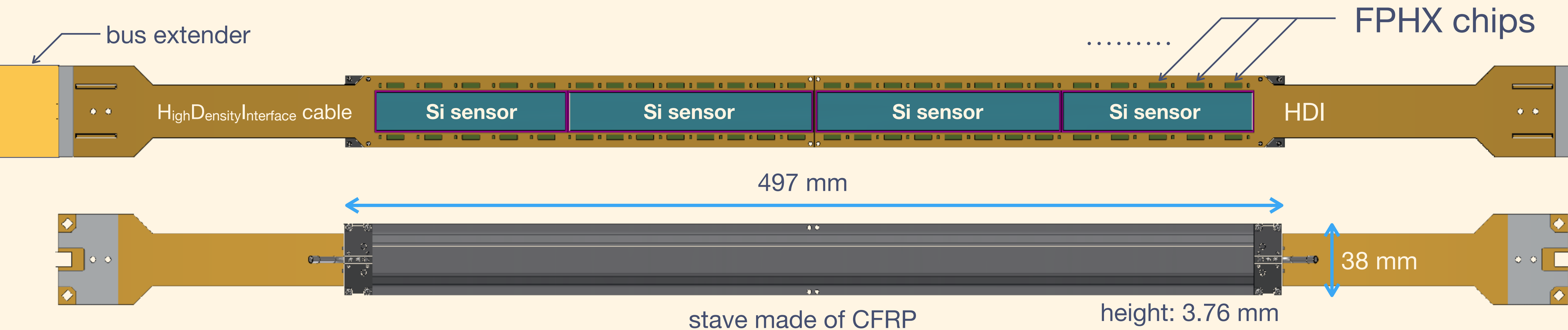


#ch / ladder:  
128 [ch/chip]  
 $\times$  (16+10) [chip / half ladder]  
 $\times$  2 [half ladder / ladder]  
= 6656 ch

AD conversion of signals created in a silicon chip is  
done by a chip implemented for PHENIX FVTX  
detector (FPHX chip)

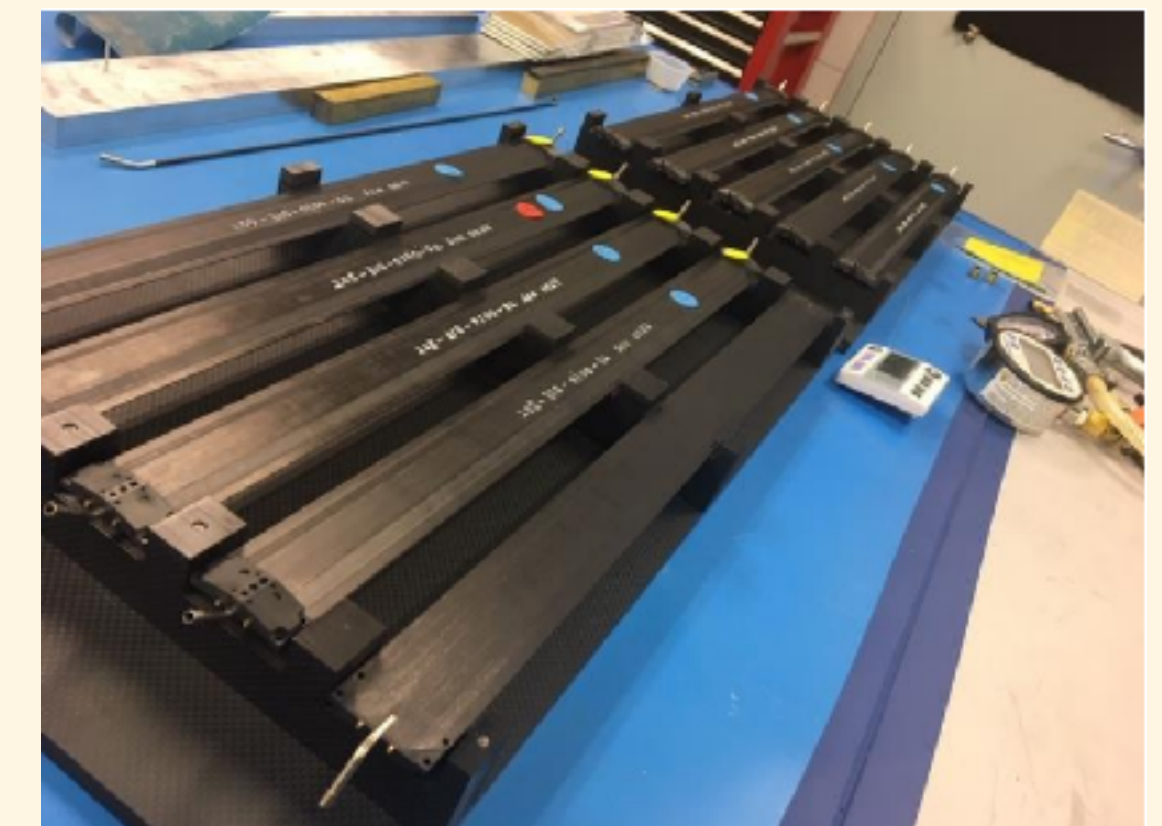
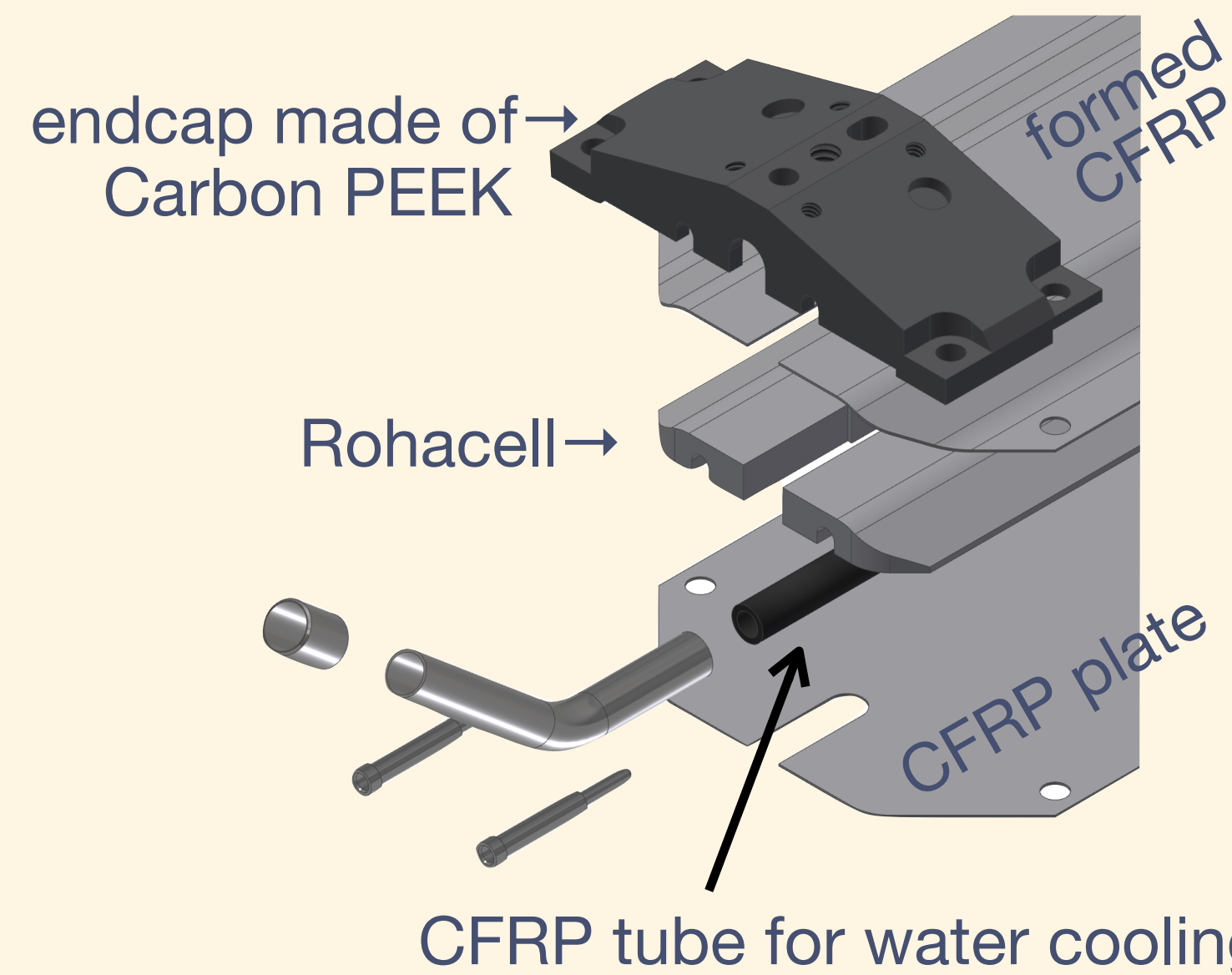


# Intermediate tracker (INTT), ladder, outer side



## Stave

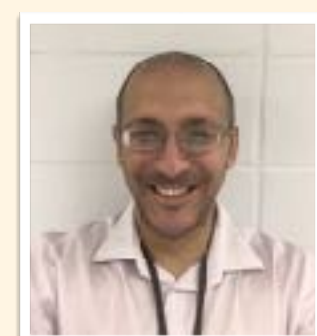
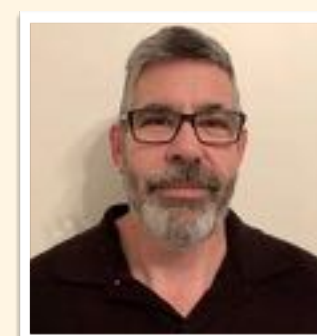
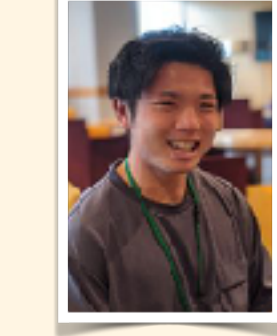
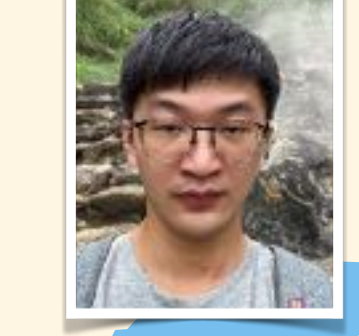
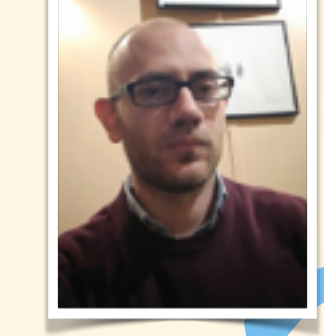
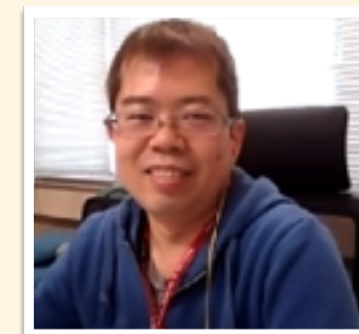
- Flat CFRP stave  
carbon fiber with very high thermal conductivity 500 W/m K  
flatness: 100  $\mu$ m
- Formed CFRP plate
- CFRP tube for water cooling
- Rohacell
- Endcap made of Carbon PEEK
- Components are glued with epoxy adhesive



Mass production of most of components (silicon sensor, FPHX chips, HDIs, conversion cables) were already finished.



# Production



**BNL**

- Mass production of ladders  
~50 ladders already produced
- Construction of the INTT barrel
- Tests for produced ladders

**Taiwan**

- Mass production of ladders  
30 half ladders and  
2 ladders already produced
- Tests for produced ladders

**Japanese group**

- ☒ Production of silicon sensors, HDIs
- ☒ Production of carbon stave
- ☒ R&D for bus extenders
- ☐ Production of bus extenders

**NWU/RIKEN testbenches**

- Tests for produced ladders
- Performance evaluation
- ROCs upgrading and tests
- Debugging
- etc.

some ladders for tests  
ROCs for upgrade

some  
ladders  
for tests

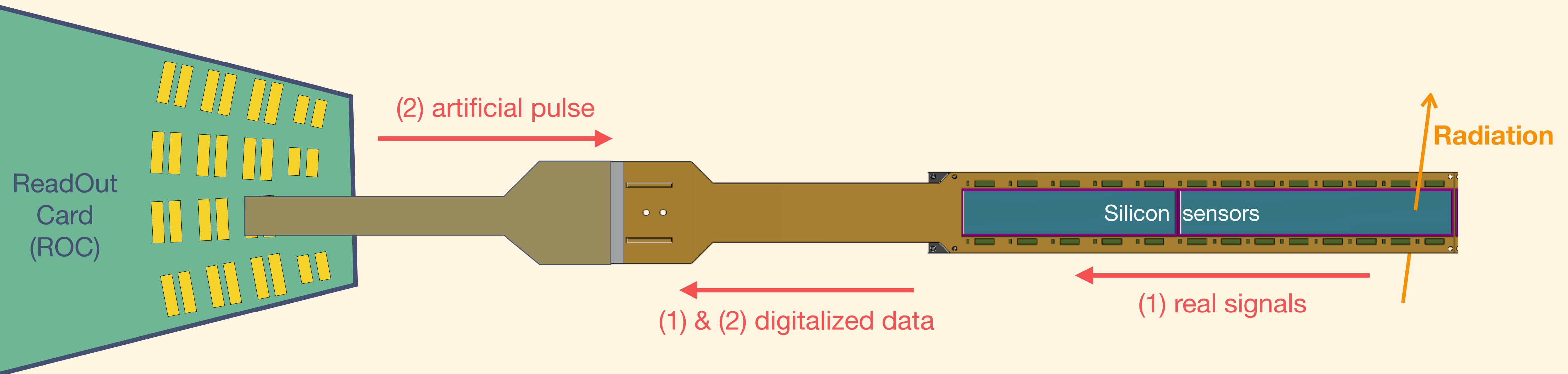
a lot of ladders



# Operation of testbench

Our testbenches can be operated in 2 modes:

- (1) Radiation: Measurement of the real signal generated in the silicon sensor
- (2) Calibration: Measurement of artificial pulse from ROC



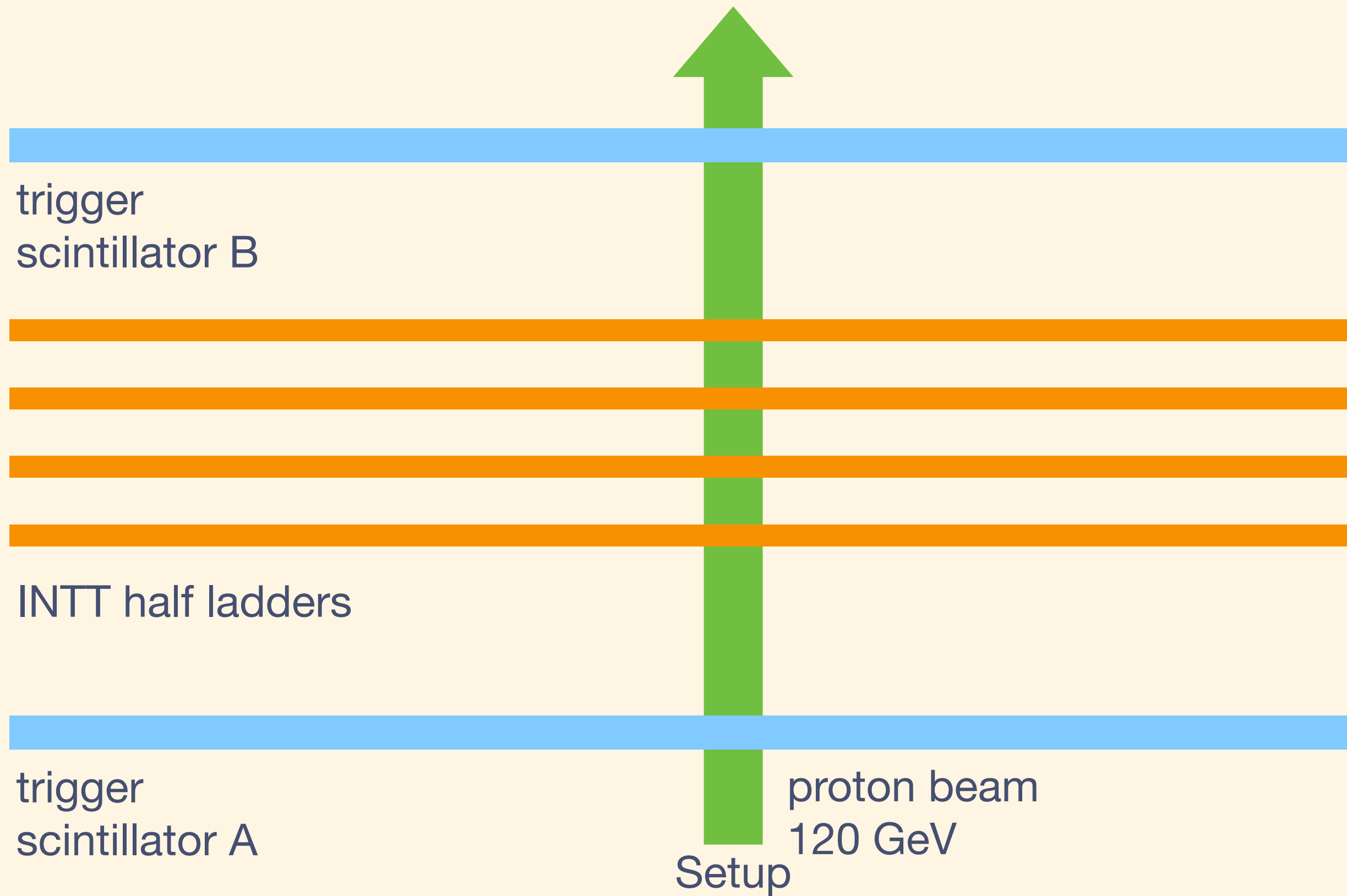
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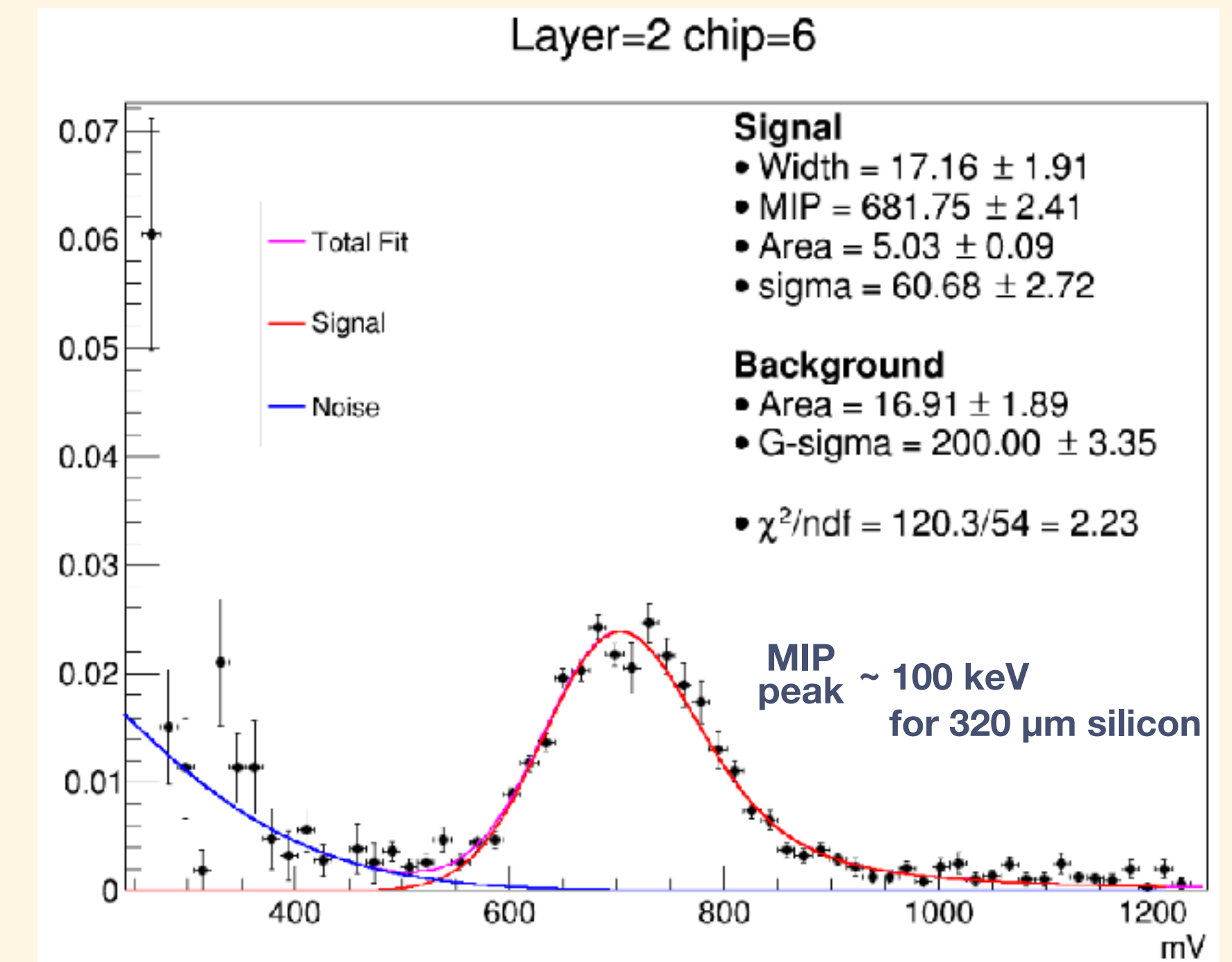
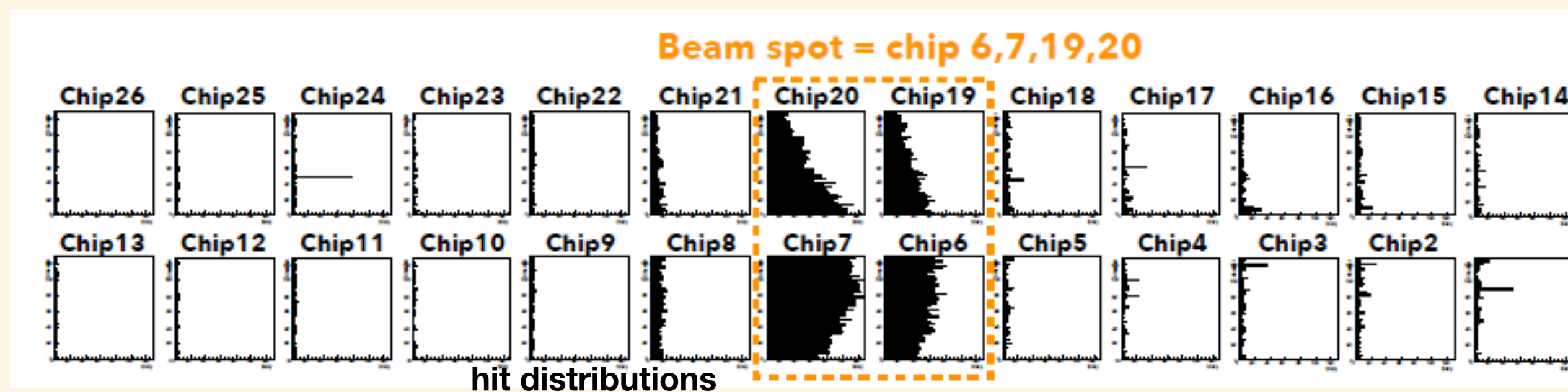
“INTT Silicon Ladder Performance”,  
Yumika Namimoto (Nara Women's Univ. )



# Test beam experiments



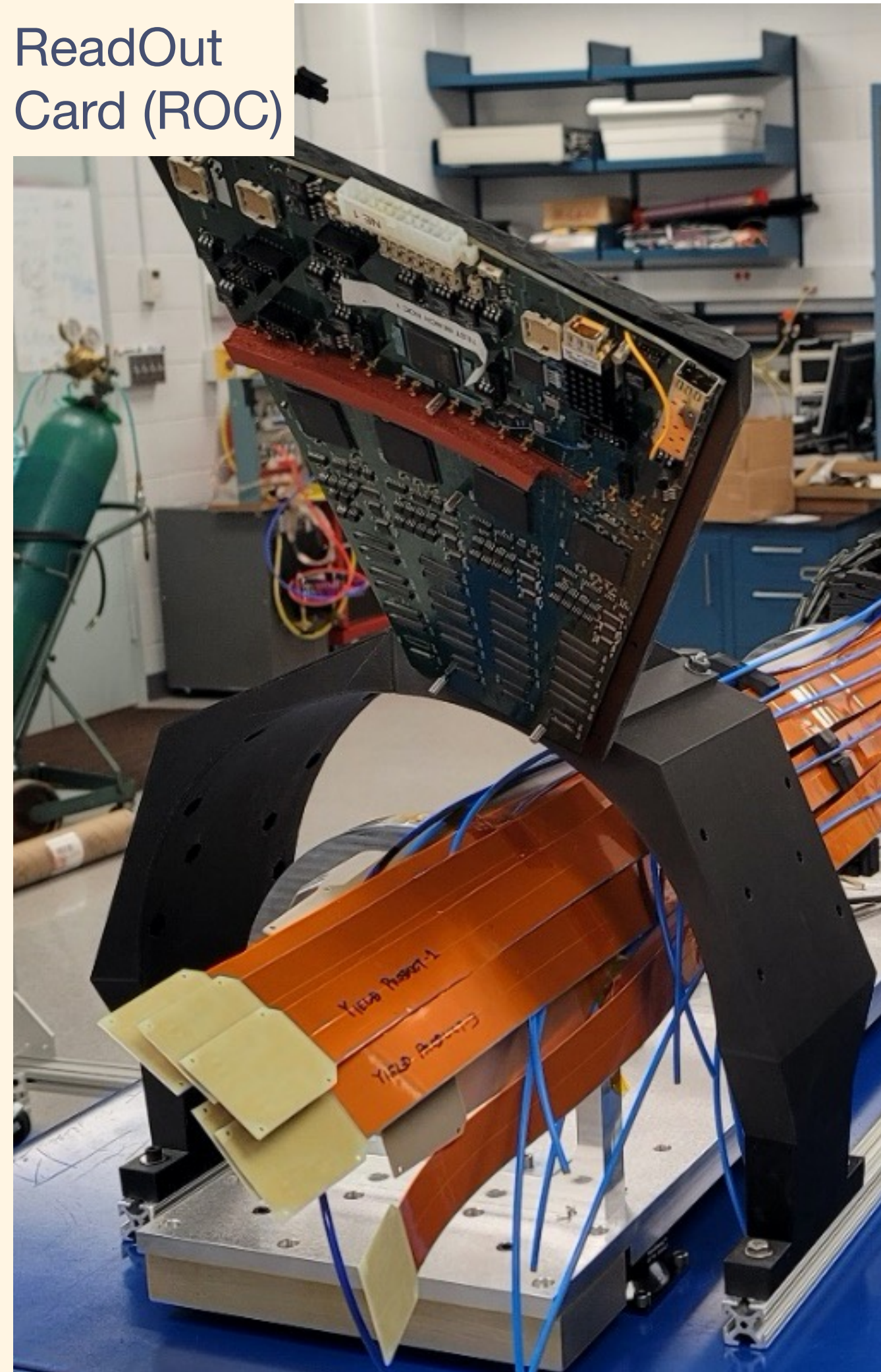
- Performance evaluations with beam were performed twice. In the recent experiment with 120 GeV proton beam at FNAL in 2019,
    - beam position distribution
    - MIP peak (20000 e)
    - signal/Noise  $\sim 20$
    - detection efficiency:  $96.0 \pm 0.6\%$
- were measured. We plan the next experiment with the latest ladders, bus extenders, etc.





# INTT Barrel Assembly at BNL: Mockup

ReadOut  
Card (ROC)



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# Summary

## RHIC sPHENIX Collaboration

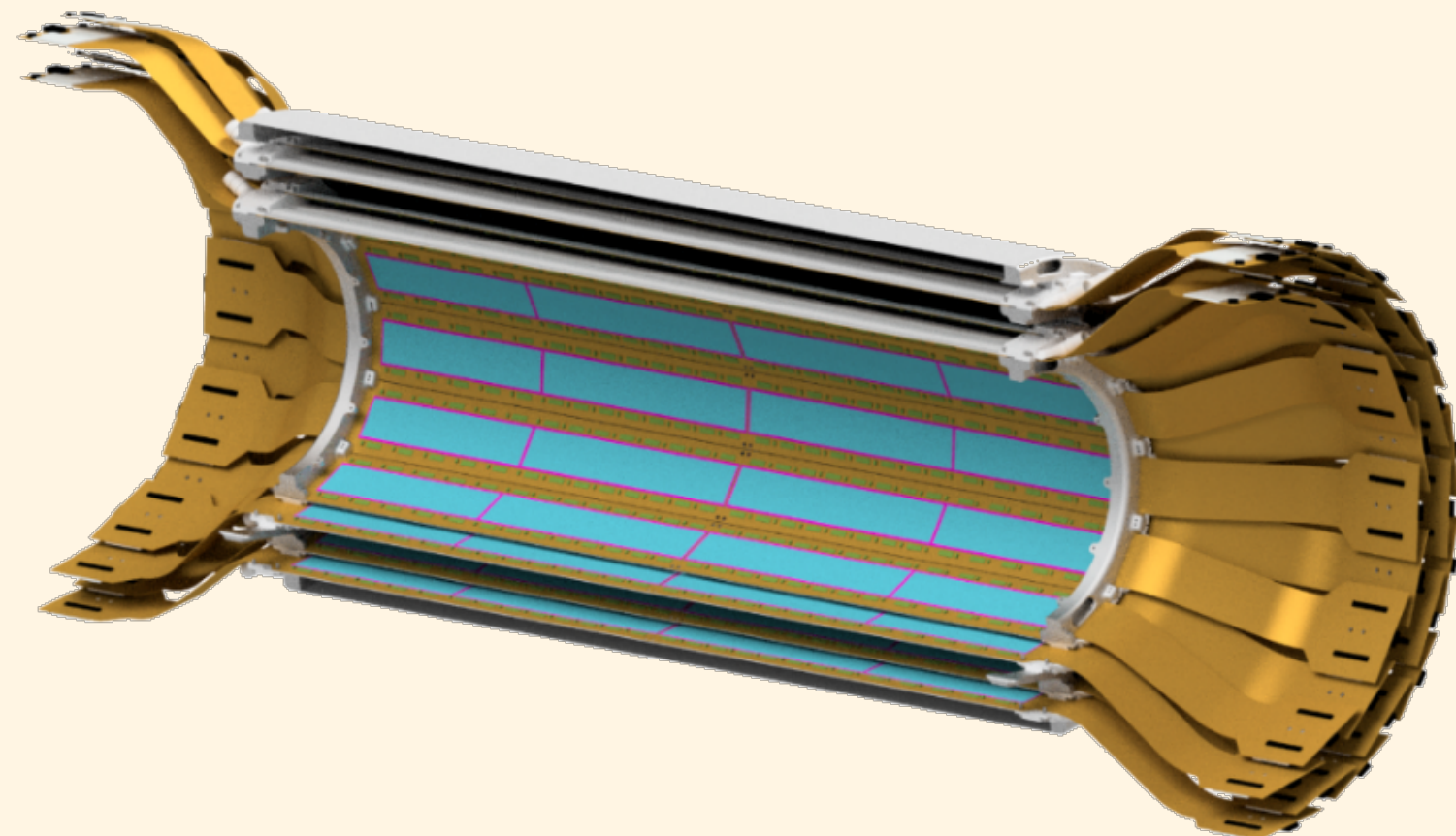
- sPHENIX will start data taking from 2023 to study QGP and cold QCD physics.  $\gamma$ -jets, b-quark tagging, and  $Y(1S, 2S, 3S)$  measurements are main channels for QGP while TSSA of direct photon, and inclusive jet, Collins FF, etc. for cold QCD physics.

## The Intermediate silicon tracker (INTT)

- consists of 2 layers of barrel silicon semiconductor strip detectors.
- covers full azimuthal angle in  $|\eta| < 1.1$ ,  $|z_{\text{vtx}}| < 10$  cm.
- 56 ladders forms 2 layers of the barrel.
  - consists of silicon modules (78  $\mu\text{m}$  strip, 320  $\mu\text{m}$  thickness, 128 ch  $\times$  26 chips  $\times$  2 ), FPHX chips, HDI, CFRP stave.

## Status of mass production, test beam experiments, construction

- Most of components are ready.
- Mass production of ladders are ongoing at BNL and Taiwan.
- Test beam experiments were done twice with prototype components.
- Mockup of the INTT barrel is under construction.



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