

Expert GUI RPCについて

今井ひかる

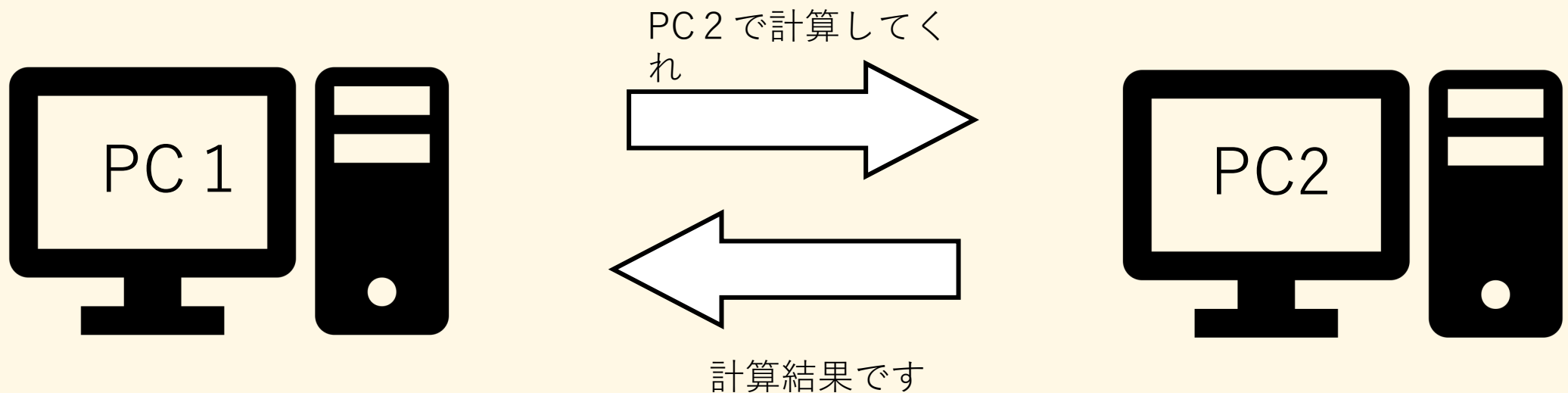
2022/12/21

概要

- Felixボードを別のPCから操作するためにRPC(Remote Procedure call、遠隔手続き呼び出し)という。
- 前回とは違うRPCを使ってみた。

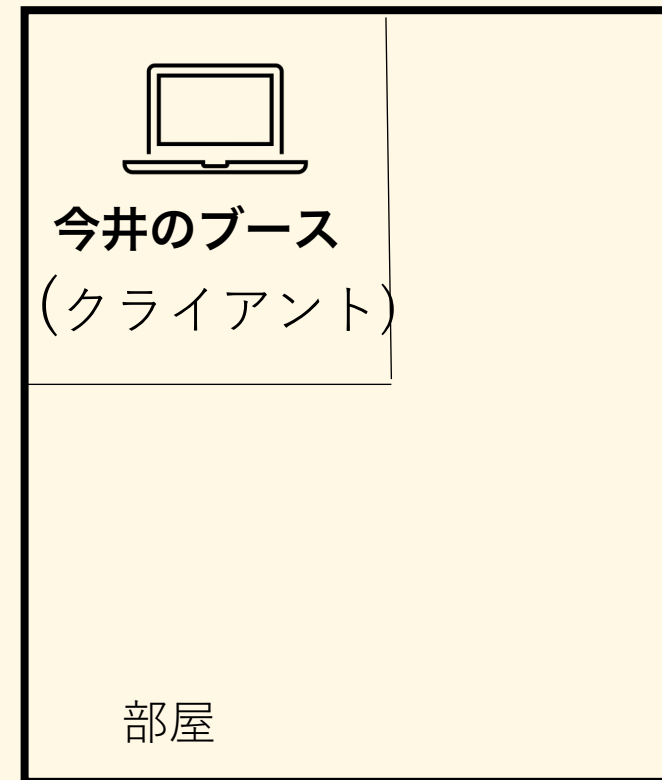
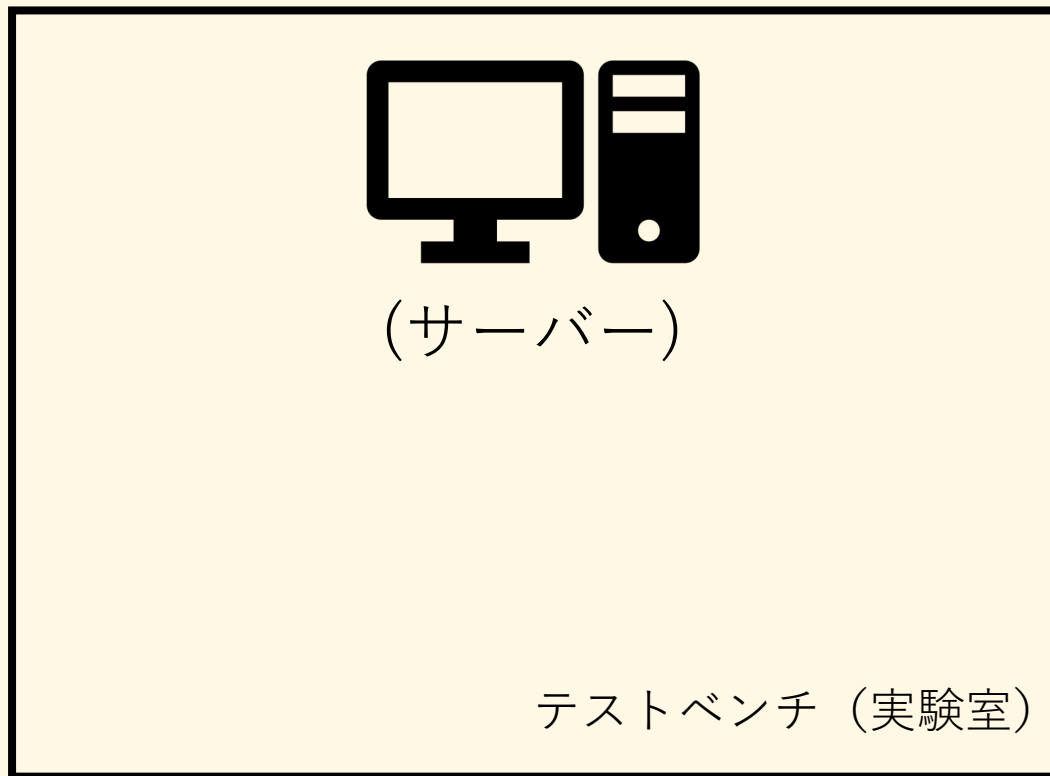
前回の内容

- **RPC**（リモートプロシージャコール）と呼ばれる技術を使う。
- RPCとは、ネットを通じて、あるPCから別のPCに処理を依頼したり、結果を返したりすること。
- PythonにRPCを簡単にできるライブラリがある。これを使ってみた。



今回試したこと

@理研



廊下

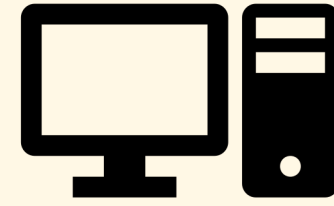
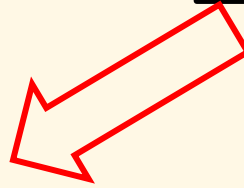
物理的に離れているテストベンチのPCに命令を送り、値を返してもらう実験

準備

サーバー側に、左のPythonスクリプトを用意する。

```
1 from xmlrpc.server import SimpleXMLRPCServer
2 import subprocess as sp
3 from Ana import Fitting_GetMean
4
5
6 # IP address port number
7 with SimpleXMLRPCServer(('172.27.217.44', 8000)) as server:
8
9     # define function which client will use
10
11     def hello():
12         return 'Hello, Pyhton!'
13
14     def add_calc(x, y):
15         return x + y
16         あらかじめ、使う関数を定義しておく
17
18     def call_Fitting(direction):
19
20         return Fitting_GetMean(direction)
21         # PyROOT
22         # return mean of gaus fitting result
23
24
25     # register user function 関数を登録
26     # func_val name
27     server.register_function(hello, "hello")
28     server.register_function(add_calc, "add")
29     server.register_function(call_Fitting, "fit")
30     print("Waitting...")
31
32     # waitting forever
33     server.serve_forever()
34
35
36
```

rpc_server.py



(サーバー)

テストベンチ (実験室)

| 時間(s) | 加速度(x) | 加速度(y) | 加速度(z) | 加速度(abs) |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| 0.0016 | 0.1108 | 0.2239 | 9.8649 | 9.8681 |
| 0.0084 | 0.1039 | 0.2147 | 9.8681 | 9.8710 |
| 0.0184 | 0.1061 | 0.2103 | 9.8699 | 9.8727 |
| 0.0284 | 0.1085 | 0.2241 | 9.8757 | 9.8789 |
| 0.0384 | 0.1102 | 0.2257 | 9.8643 | 9.8675 |
| 0.0484 | 0.1058 | 0.2200 | 9.8687 | 9.8717 |

サーバにtxtデータがある。

準備

クライアント側に、左のPythonスクリプトを用意する。



```
1 import xmlrpc.client
2
3 # ---- client side ----
4
5 with xmlrpc.client.ServerProxy('http://172.27.217.44:8000/') as proxy:
6
7     # you can use function is registered to server
8     # usage --> proxy.func()
9
10    print(proxy.hello())
11    print(proxy.add(100, 200))
12    print(proxy.fit("z" )
```

rpc_client.py



今井のブース
(クライアント)

部屋

実行



サーバー側
(テストベンチPC)

1. \$ python3 rpc_server.pyでプログラムを実行させる。
→ 準備OK

```
riken_intt@DESKTOP-5QU8C9R:/mnt/c/Users/RIKEN_INTT/Desktop/Hikaru/2022_1031$ python3 rpc_server.py
Waiting...
```

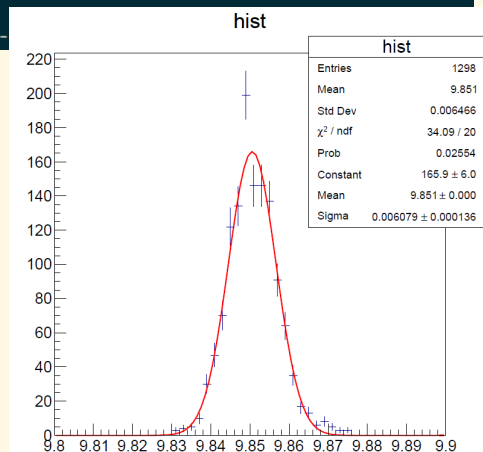


```
riken_intt@DESKTOP-5QU8C9R:/mnt/c/Users/RIKEN_INTT/Desktop/Hikaru/2022_1031$ python3 rpc_server.py
Waiting...
```

```
172.27.217.12 - - [31/Oct/2022 15:13:34] "POST / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
172.27.217.12 - - [31/Oct/2022 15:13:34] "POST / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
FCN=7.79905 FROM MIGRAD STATUS=CONVERGED 65 CALLS 66 TOTAL
EDM=7.53848e-09 STRATEGY= 1 ERROR MATRIX ACCURATE
EXT PARAMETER STEP FIRST
NO. NAME VALUE ERROR SIZE DERIVATIVE
1 Constant 5.40131e+02 1.88505e+01 2.17800e-02 -6.71472e-06
2 Mean 1.05324e-01 1.08210e-04 1.53887e-07 -1.49160e-01
3 Sigma 3.81228e-03 8.03720e-05 7.96565e-06 -2.02617e-02
Info in <TCanvas::Print>: pdf file test.pdf has been created
172.27.217.12 - - [31/Oct/2022 15:13:35] "POST / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

しかし、**計算**をしているのは、
サーバー側

サーバー側にしかデータがない。



クライアント側
(今井PC)

2. \$ python3 rpc_client.pyでサーバー側に登録されている関数を使う

```
hikaru@hikaru:~$ python3 rpc_client.py
Hello, Pyhton!
300
9.850572973236224
```

```
1 import xmlrpc.client
2
3 # ---- client side ----
4
5 with xmlrpc.client.ServerProxy('http://172.27.217.44:8000/') as proxy:
6
7     # you can use function is registered to server
8     # usage --> proxy.func()
9
10    print(proxy.hello())
11    print(proxy.add(100, 200))
12    print(proxy.fit("z") )
```

見かけ上、サーバー側にある関数を import して使っているように見える

RPCについて

- RPCには様々なものがある。

1. xmlrpc

2. json-rpc

3. Mprpc

4. gRPC

- sPHENIX側から指定は無い。



A high performance, open source universal RPC framework

Learn more

Get started!

Go

C++

Java

Python

...

Quick start

This guide gets you started with gRPC in Python with a simple working example.

Prerequisites

- Python 3.5 or higher
- `pip` version 9.0.1 or higher

If necessary, upgrade your version of `pip`:

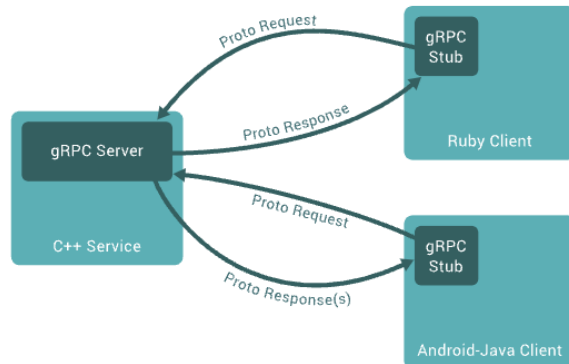
Introduction to gRPC

An introduction to gRPC and protocol buffers.

This page introduces you to gRPC and protocol buffers. gRPC can use protocol buffers as both its Interface Definition Language (**IDL**) and as its underlying message interchange format. If you're new to gRPC and/or protocol buffers, read this! If you just want to dive in and see gRPC in action first, [select a language](#) and try its **Quick start**.

Overview

In gRPC, a client application can directly call a method on a server application on a different machine as if it were a local object, making it easier for you to create distributed applications and services. As in many RPC systems, gRPC is based around the idea of defining a service, specifying the methods that can be called remotely with their parameters and return types. On the server side, the server implements this interface and runs a gRPC server to handle client calls. On the client side, the client has a stub (referred to as just a client in some languages) that provides the same methods as the server.



Basics tutorial

A basic tutorial introduction to gRPC in Python.

This tutorial provides a basic Python programmer's introduction to working with gRPC.

By walking through this example you'll learn how to:

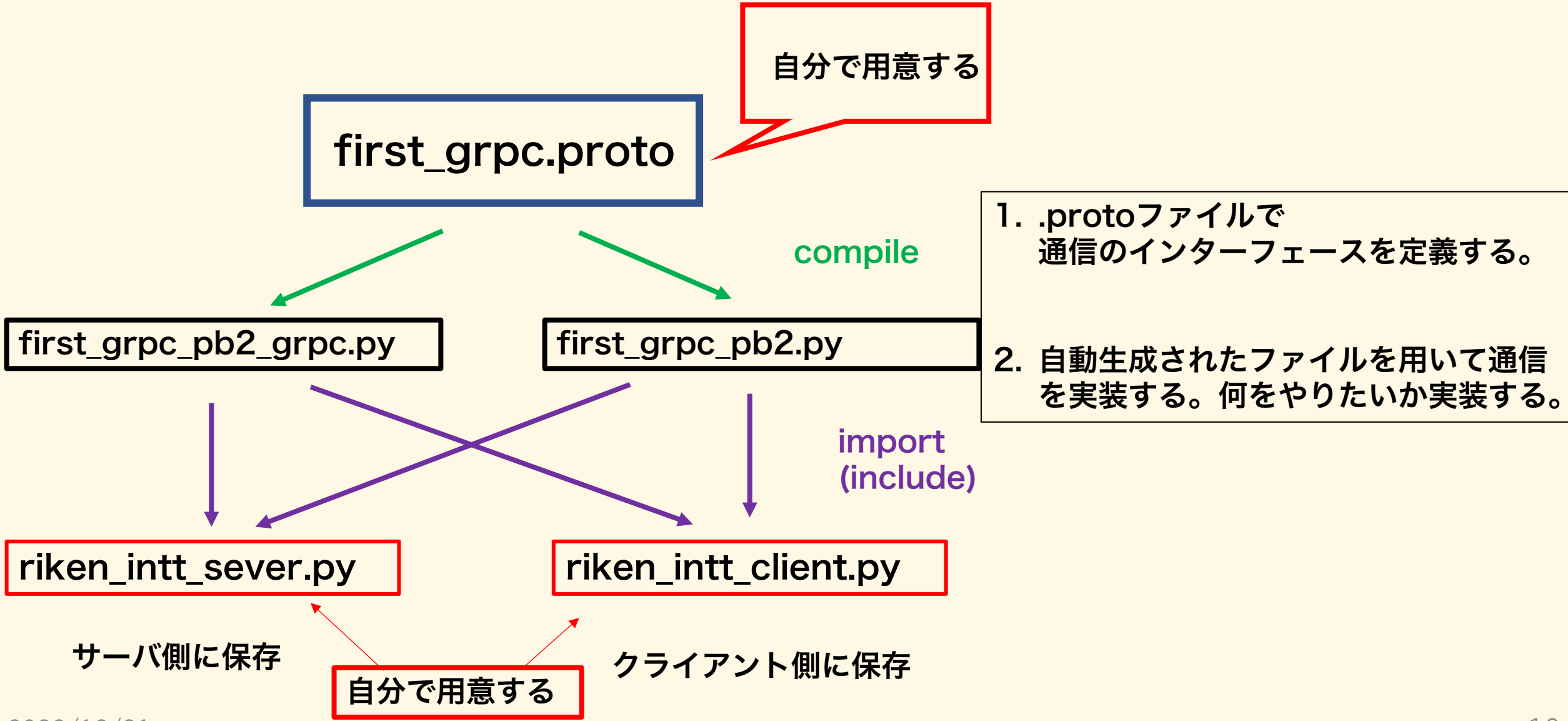
- Define a service in a `.proto` file.
- Generate server and client code using the protocol buffer compiler.
- Use the Python gRPC API to write a simple client and server for your service.

It assumes that you have read the [Introduction to gRPC](#) and are familiar with [protocol buffers](#). You can find out more in the [proto3 language guide](#) and [Python generated code guide](#).

Used by



gRPCを使うための手順 フロー



first_grpc.proto

first_grpc.proto ×

Users > hikaru > Desktop > INTT > test_bench > 2022_1213_gRPC > helloworld > first_grpc.proto

```
1
2
3 syntax = "proto3";
4
5 service riken_intt{
6
7   rpc Check_communication( CheckRequest ) returns ( CheckReply ){}
8   rpc fitting_for_cosmic_ray ( Fitting_Request ) returns ( Fitting_Reply) {}
9
10  }
11
12  message CheckRequest{
13    |
14    |   string request_communication_status = 1;
15    |
16  }
17
18  message CheckReply{
19    |
20    |   string reply_communication_status = 1;
21    |
22  }
23
24
25  message Fitting_Request{
26    |
27    |   string input = 1;
28  }
29
30
31  message Fitting_Reply{
32    |
33    |   float mean          = 1;
34    |   float mean_error   = 2;
35    |   float reduced_chi2 = 3;
36    |
37  }
```

riken_intt_sever.py

```
class riken_intt(first_grpc_pb2_grpc.riken_inttServicer):

    def Check_communication(self, request, context):
        print(request.request_communication_status)
        return first_grpc_pb2.CheckReply(reply_communication_status= " GOOD !!")
    def fitting_for_cosmic_ray(self, request, context):

        ROOT.gStyle.SetOptFit(1111)
        datadir = "/mnt/c/Users/HikaruImai/Desktop/INTT/cosmic_ray/data/cosmic_ray_per_30min/"
        flist_name = "LoopDataSet_DACscan_1129_pro.txt"
        print(request.input)
        number_of_muon_list = call_count_cosmic_ray(datadir , flist_name )
        print( "muon = ",number_of_muon_list)
        graph = ROOT.TGraphErrors()
        graph.SetMarkerStyle(20)

        c = ROOT.TCanvas("cc","cc",1000,1000)
        index = 0
        for num in number_of_muon_list:
            print("num = " , num)
            graph.SetPoint(index, index + 1 , num )
            graph.SetPointError( index , 0, math.sqrt( num ) )
            index = index + 1

        pol0 = ROOT.TF1("pol0","pol0",0,1)
        pol0.SetParameters(0,600)
        graph.Fit( "pol0","Q")

        mean      = pol0.GetParameter(0)
        mean_error = pol0.GetParError(0)
        chi2      = pol0.GetChisquare()
        dof      = pol0.GetNDF()
        graph.Draw("AP")
        print(mean)
        print(mean_error)

        reduced_chi2 = chi2/dof
        print(reduced_chi2)
        c.Print("fit.pdf")
        return first_grpc_pb2.Fitting_Reply(mean = mean , mean_error=mean_error,reduced_chi2=reduced_chi2 )
```

```
4
5  service riken_intt{
6
7  rpc Check_communication( CheckRequest ) returns ( CheckReply ){}
8  rpc fitting_for_cosmic_ray ( Fitting_Request ) returns ( Fitting_Reply) {}
9
10 }
11
```

.proto

```
def serve():

    port = '8000'
    server = grpc.server(futures.ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=10))

    first_grpc_pb2_grpc.add_riken_inttServicer_to_server(riken_intt(), server)
    server.add_insecure_port(':::'+port)
    server.start()
    print("server started")
    server.wait_for_termination()

if __name__ == '__main__':

    serve()
```

riken_intt_sever.pyで

関数の実装

サーバーを立てる？ことをする。

riken_intt_client.py

```
1 import grpc
2 import first_grpc_pb2
3 import first_grpc_pb2_grpc
4
5 def run():
6
7     server_IP_address = "172.27.217.44" # RIKEN testbench PC address
8     port = "8000"
9     with grpc.insecure_channel(server_IP_address+port) as channel :
10         stub = first_grpc_pb2_grpc.riken_inttStub(channel)
11         response = stub.Check_communication( first_grpc_pb2.CheckRequest (request_communication_status="Hello!") )
12         fitting_result = stub.fitting_for_cosmic_ray(first_grpc_pb2.Fitting_Request(input="Fitting by pol0"))
13         print(response)
14         print(fitting_result.mean, fitting_result.mean_error, fitting_result.reduced_chi2)
15
16 if __name__ == '__main__':
17     run()
18
```

クライアントはサーバに問い合わせることをする

結果

```
python3 riken_intt_server.py
```

```
riken_intt@DESKTOP-5QU8C9R:/mnt/c/Users/RIKEN_INTT/Desktop/Hikaru/2022_1213/2022_1213_gRPC/helloworld$ python3 riken_intt_server.py
E1213 15:48:22.937369900 438 socket_utils_common_posix.cc:223] check for SO_REUSEPORT: UNKNOWN:Protocol not available {syscall:"getsockopt(SO_REUSEPORT)", os_error:"Protocol not available", e
rrno:92, created_time:"2022-12-13T15:48:22.9371869+09:00"}
server started
Hello!, I am from Hikaru PC
Fitting by pol0
---Fitting result---
mean (server side) --> 631.4122293950709
mean error (server side) --> 4.835869945081584
reduced chi2 (server side) --> 1.2257617820416864
Info in <TCanvas::Print>: pdf file fit.pdf has been created
```

```
[hikaru@hikaru helloworld]$ python3 riken_intt_client.py
reply_communication_status: " GOOD !!"
```

```
Mean = 631.4122314453125 +- 4.835869789123535
reduced chi2 = 1.2257617712020874
```

```
[hikaru@hikaru helloworld]$ python3 riken_intt_client.py
reply_communication_status: " GOOD !!"
```

```
Mean = 631.4122314453125 +- 4.835869789123535
reduced chi2 = 1.2257617712020874
```

