# Event Mixup

2024/02/02 INTTJP NWU Mai Kano

やったこと

- Ladderごとに調べる
- Mixupのコピーヒットが前のイベントにあるかどうか
- 使ったデータ: Run20708 2023/07/04 DAC0=15 L1Delay=25
  open time=35 n\_collision=127 Modebit= 79:0x35

# ladder by ladder

- I have examined the mixup ladder by ladder.
- I found different plots in some ladders. But I do not think it has anything with mixup.
- Because the BCO\_Full-BCO plots for the same event are different. This is a different state of collision data.
- Except for these error ladders, almost all ladders have the same results, so I don't think it changes from ladder by ladder.





Most ladders state

300

500

Hit Multiplcity/event

200

Some ladders

## Ladder by ladder

- ハーフラダー2~13でMixupの数が1~4 のピークが緩やかになっていた。
- しかし全Felixのラダー0がピークが 鋭くなっていた。ピークのBinの値は ほとんど一緒(x=162)



• 他のデータでも 同じかどうか 調べているところ



### Clone event

- ビームテストのデータか ら別のイベントにBCOを 除いたヒット情報が全て 同じコピーヒットがある ことが確認された。
- Mixupとの関係が疑われるので調べた。

#### **Clone event (not clone hit)**

File: BeamData\_20211210-0302\_0.root (run52)

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	17 *	48 *			1 *	<b>3</b> *	0 *	21 *	0 *	1 *	103 *	1 *	67 *	65475 *	-1
	17 🔺	49 *			1 *	1 *	0 *	21 🔺	0 *	5 *	101 *	8 *	67 *	65475 🔺	-1
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	17 *	51 *			1 *	3 *	0 *	21 *	0 *	6 *	98 *	8 *	67 *	65475 *	-1
	17 *	52 *			1 *	3 *	0 *	21 *	0 *	1 *	103 *	1 *	68 *	65476 *	-1
	17 🔺	53 *			1 *	1 *	0 *	21 🔺	0 *	5 *	101 *	8 *	68 *	65476 🔺	-1
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	17 *	55 *			1 *	3 *	0 *	21 *	0 *	6 *	98 *	8 *	68 *	65476 *	-1

The pairs are identical! only the timing information is different!

- They are in the same "trigger event"
- The two groups have identical content except the bco and bco\_full
  - Are they clone event ? or just coincidence ?

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#### Clone event

Mixupのヒットがあったとき、そのヒット情報 (module,chip\_id,chan\_id,adc,bco)が全く同じコピーヒットが前のイベント 内にあるかどうかを調べ、数を数えた。左図が1イベントあたりのMixupの数、 右図がコピーヒットの数の分布。Mixupに比べ少ない。





- 次に横軸Mixupの数、縦軸コ ピーヒットの数の2次元分布 を確認したところ前の分布か らもコピーヒットが1個、 Mixupが1~10個の範囲に多 くエントリーがあった。
- この結果からはNmixup=1の 時はNcopy=1、Nmixup=2の 時Ncopy=1 or 2となっている ことが分かる。



#### Clone event

- 1イベント辺りのMixupのヒットの うちコピーヒットがある割合を調 べたところ(Nmixup>0 && Ncopy>0) 0-100\*10^-6にエント リーがあった。
- Binの設定が悪いのでこれ以上は細かく見れてはいないが、ほとんど0に近い割合になっている。Mixupのヒットの中でコピーヒットがあったヒットはとても少ないと考えられる。



## My next step

- Check with the latest data of beam
- Closer examination of the peaks in the ladder-by-ladder plot
- Examine chip by chip
- Correlation between clone events and Mixup
- Correlation Hot channel between Mixup
- Mixup with cosmic ray data

## Back up











































### What we know about Event Mixup

- Event Mixup is in the form that hit information from the previous event is mixed up with the next event.
- Most of the time the degree of Mixup is low.
- Event mixups have been observed on some runs.
- There is correlation between Multiplicity of previous event and the number of Mixup hits.

#### Hit Multiplicity (separated by number of Mixup)

#### Mixup Multiplicity 20708



- I examined the number of mixup from 1 to 40.
- The results confirm that as the number of mixup increases, the peak moves in the direction of increasing multiplicity.

→There may be a correlation between the number of Mixup and multiplicity.

#### Number of Mixup vs previous event Multiplicity



- From the results obtained from the Multiplicity distribution, a range of 0~50 on the x-axis and 0~3000 on the y-axis was chosen for the plot.
  - The results confirmed the correlation shown in the figure, within the range of 1 to roughly 30 Mix up hits, the number of mix up hits are increasing with larger previous event multiplicity.



For example, suppose that when normal and no mixup is occurring, the above figure is shown.

The figure on the right shows the correlation between BCO(x-axis) and the lower 7 bits of BCO\_Full(y-axis).

BCO\_Full and BCO in the same event are correlated (hit from collision).



For example, suppose that when normal and no mixup is occurring, the above figure is shown.

The figure on the right shows the correlation between BCO(x-axis) and the lower 7 bits of BCO\_Full(y-axis).

If we look at the plot of BCO of one event and BCO\_Full of the previous event here, we don't see the correlation as we except.

#### Run23648 intt5

#### Same event BCO\_Full &0x7F vs BCO



#### Run23648 intt5

Previous event BCO\_Full &0x7F vs BCO



#### BCO Correlation in for mix-up Run20444 intt5

However, the plot of BCO\_Full vs BCO showed that there is a correlation in the results of some runs.



There should be no correlation between the BCO\_Full of the previous event and the BCO of this event, but the correlation as shown on the right figure suggests that the data from the collision of the previous event has been mixed up with this event.  $\rightarrow$  **Event Mixup is occurring.** 

# BCO\_Full\_prev-bco Mixup Run20444 intt5

This Run was measured with n\_collision=127

 Also, when looking at the BCO\_Full of the previous event -BCO at the Run where the Mixup is believed to have occurred, I could see the peak standing in the same position as the BCO\_Full-BCO of the same event



From this result, I think that the data from the collision of the previous event has been mixed up. 2024/2/2

#### How about the correlation between "This" and "Next" events?

Run23896 intt5 This Run is what I think the Mixup is occurring



Next I looked at BCO\_Full for the next event vs BCO and the correlation that was there when looking at BCO\_Full for the previous event disappeared.

#### Why this event BCO vs prev event BCO\_Full have correlation



The red circled areas are correlated because the information is from the same collision.

The blue circled area do not match, so there is no correlation.

Why we don't observe the correlation in this event BCO vs next event BCO\_Full



There is any combination of data for the same collision and there is no correlation because the labels do not match, as shown in the blue circles.

# What's happening in the case of Event Mix-up?

- From the results so far, Event Mixup is in the form that hit information from the previous event is mixed up with the next event, as shown in the following figure.
- I know that there are Runs where this is happening and Runs where this is not happening, I suspect high multiplicity event causes the event mixup.



# Re-thinking how to determine Mixup.



Possible non-peak inclusions:

- collision hits of this event(2-1~3,3-1~3)
- just noise hits(2-a,2-b,3-a,3-b)

- I had determined that all hits that peaked in BCO\_Full\_prev-BCO were mixups.(For example, this run peaks at BCO\_Full\_pre-BCO=19. If a hit takes this value, the hit is considered a mixup.)
- However, hits that were not mixup were also determined to be mixup.(Random hits circled in blue)
- I am trying to get rid of the random hits and correctly select only the mixup hits but have not yet completed it.
- I've learned a few things in the course of my research to accomplish this, and I'll report them on the next pages.





### Cut to determine mixup hit

- So far, I wanted to use the Mixup degree to determine if it was a Mixup, so I have explained the results of my research on that.
- Next I will explain I cut the collision hits of this event to reduce the random part.



#### Collision hit of this event cut



- Cutting the collision hits for this event and plotting BCO\_Full\_prev-BCO, the random portion of the hits decreased, as can be seen value of the vertical axis.
- I didn't get rid of all the non-mixup hits, but I did succeed in reducing them.
- So I reflected that in the plot I showed you before.