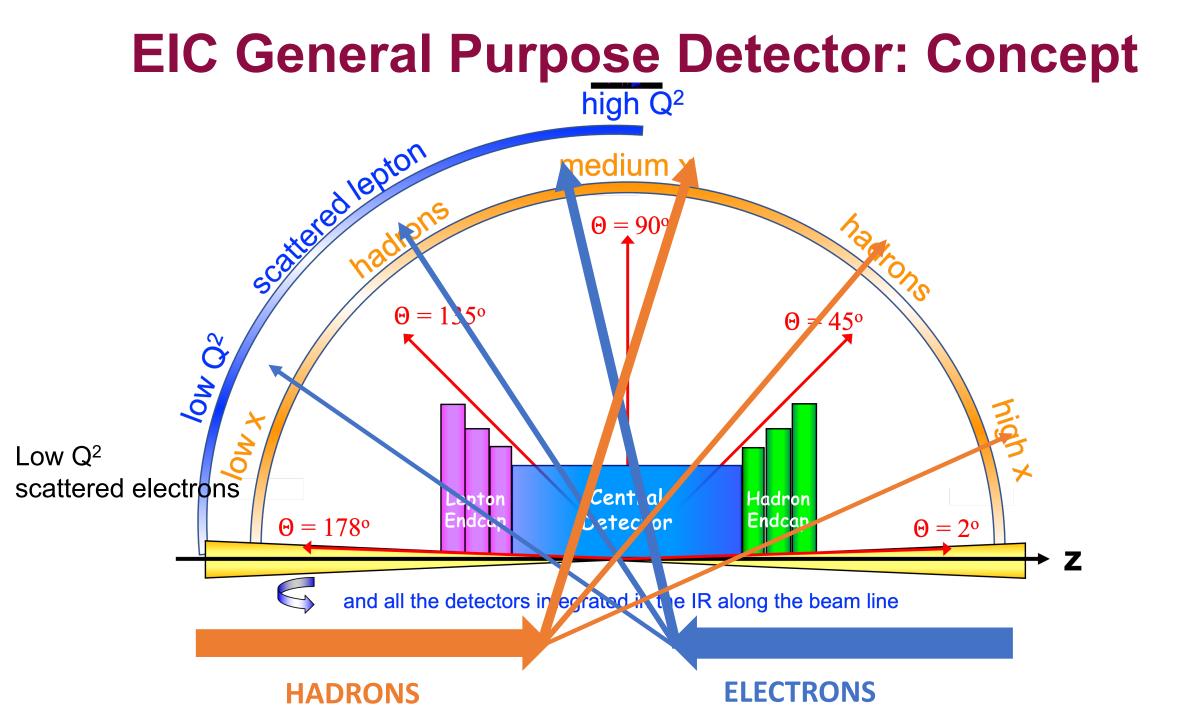
Status of Barrel Imaging Calorimeter

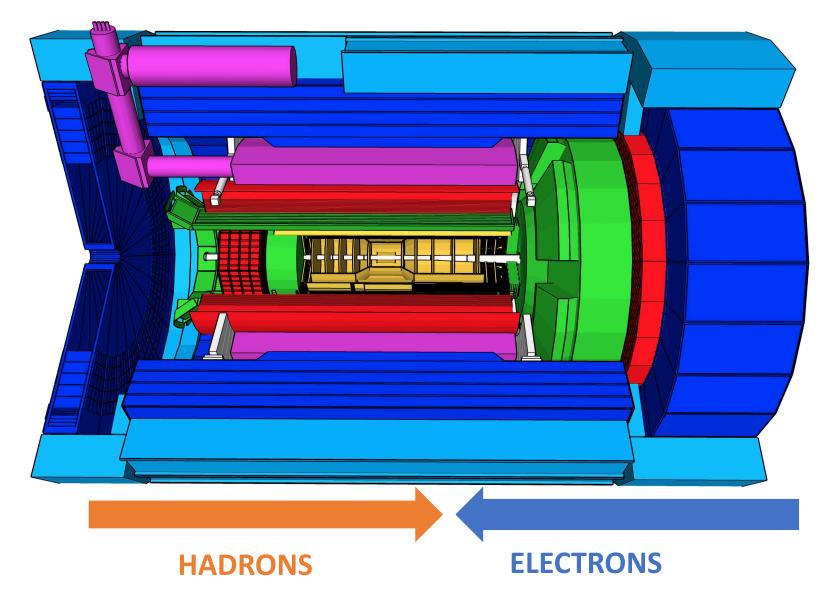
EIC-Asia group meeting June 20 2024 Beomkyu Kim Sungkyunkwan University

Outline

- ePIC Experiment
- Barrel Imaging Calorimeter (BIC) Requirement
- Physics potential with the BIC
- BIC coordination and schedule
- Prototype production
- Beam test
- Summary



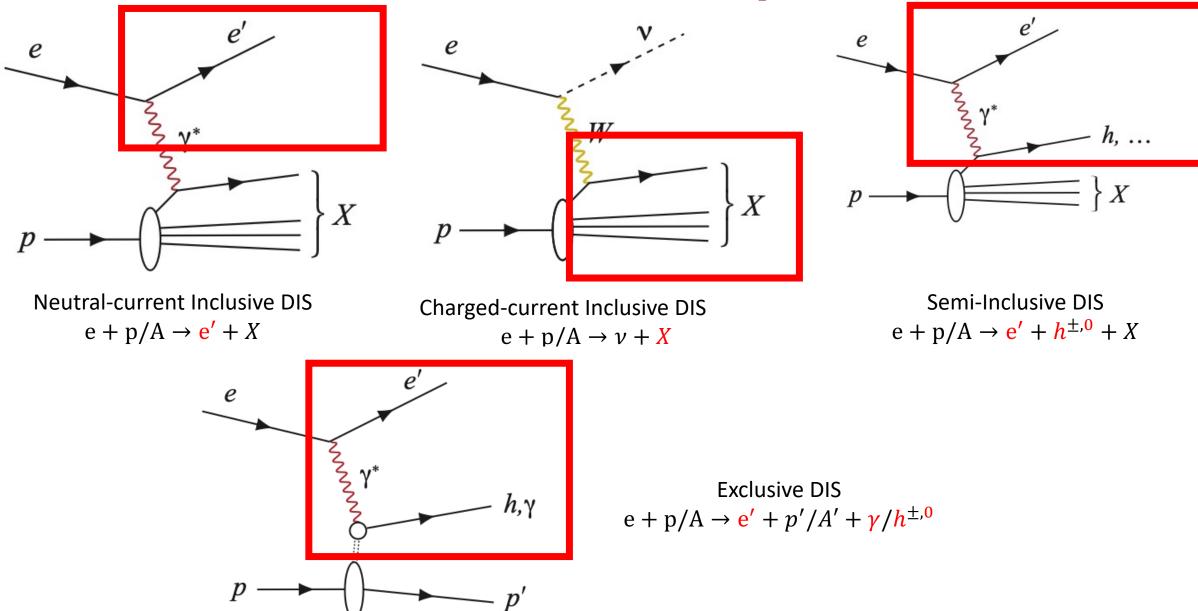
Detectors for ePIC



Magnet Tracking Particle Identification Electromagnetic Calorimeter Hadronic Calorimeter

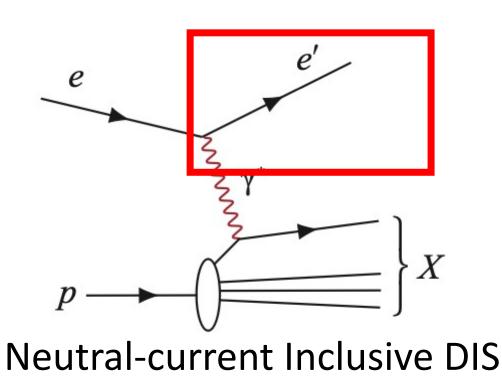
Coverage φ:360° 2°<θ<178° -4<η<4

Barrel Calorimeter Requirement

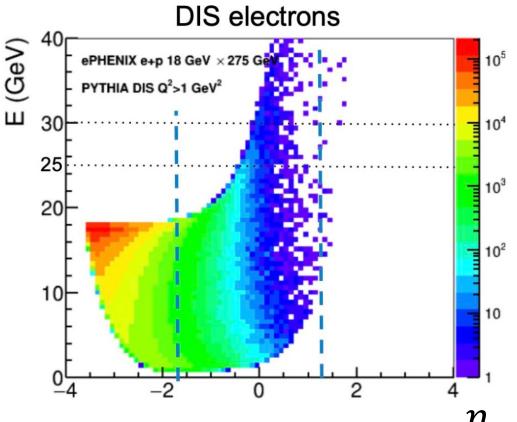


Barrel Calorimeter Requirement

- Inclusive DIS
 - Up to $10^4 \ \pi^-$ background suppression at low momenta in the barrel
- General: 100 MeV < γ energy < 10 GeV

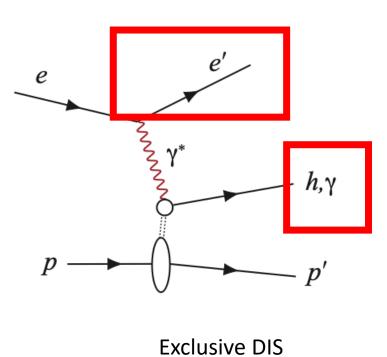


 $e + p/A \rightarrow e' + X$

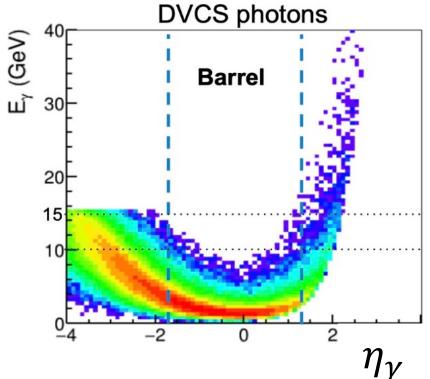


Barrel Calorimeter Requirement

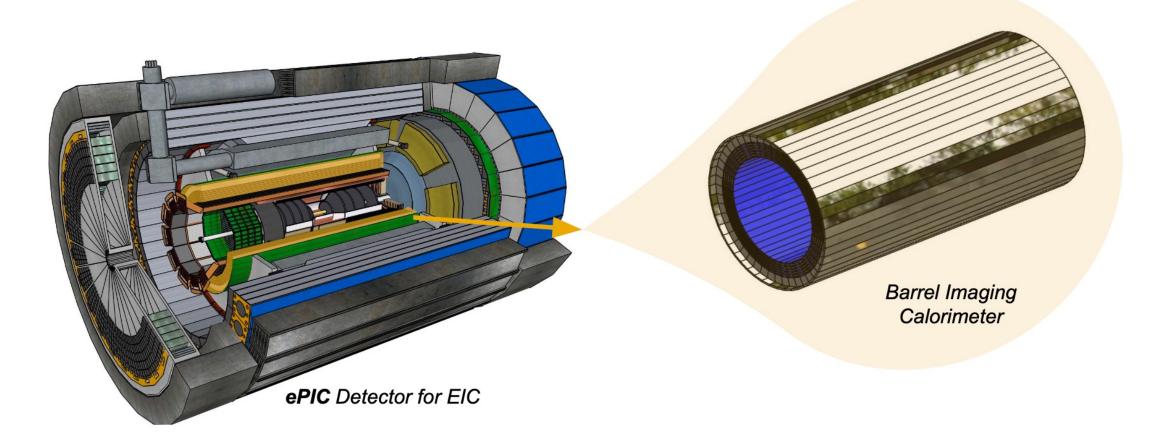
- Exclusive DIS (DVCS)
 - Up to $10^4 \pi^-$ background suppression at low momenta in the barrel
 - Good energy resolution (<7-10%/ $\sqrt{E} \oplus$ (1-3%)
 - Fine granularity for good π^0/γ separation up to 10 GeV



 $e + p/A \rightarrow e' + p'/A' + \gamma/h^{\pm,0}$

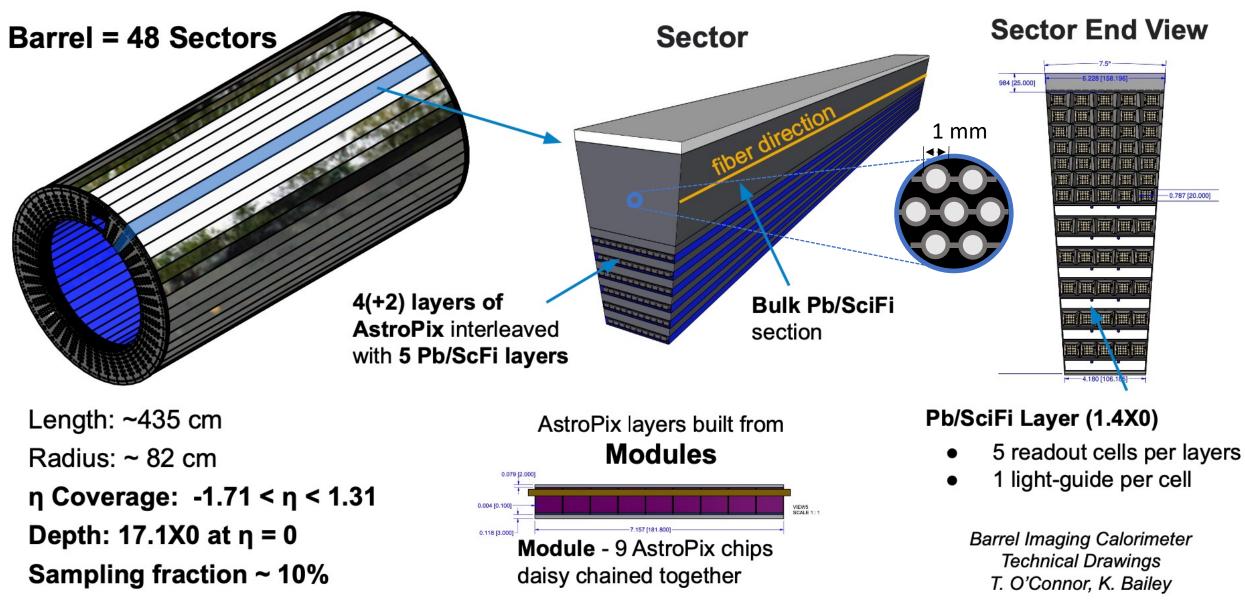


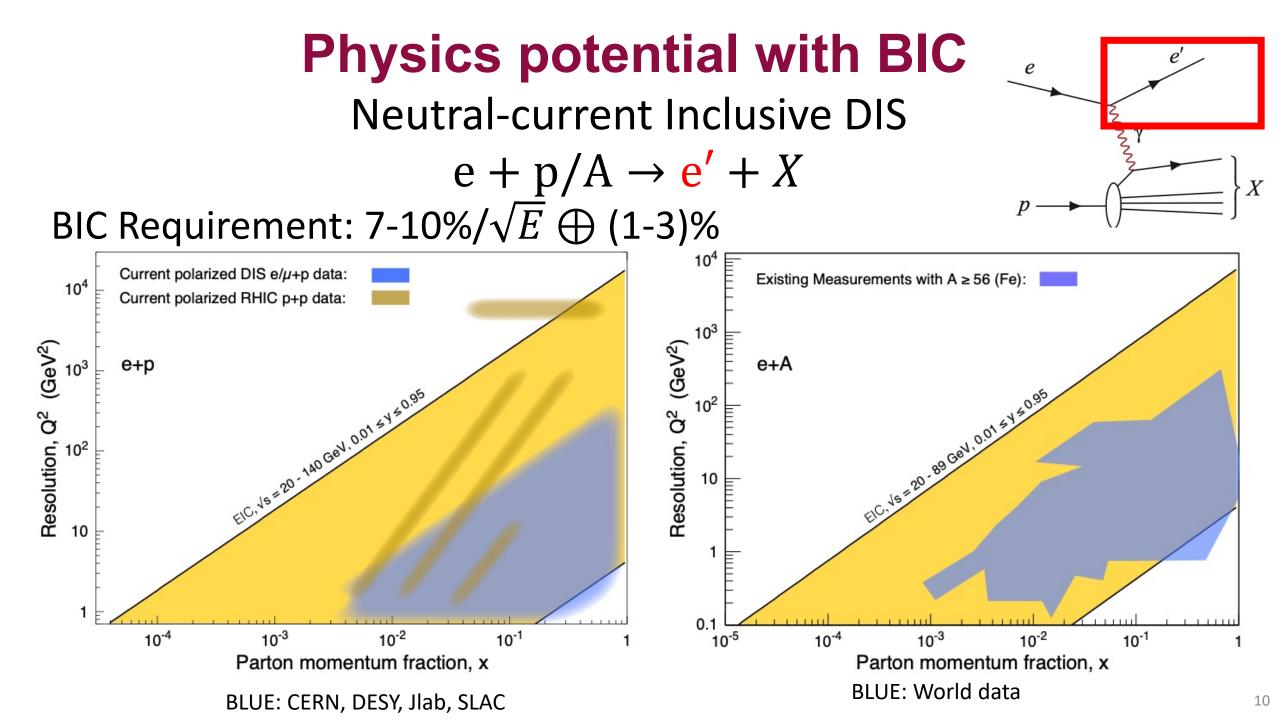
Barrel Imaging Calorimeter



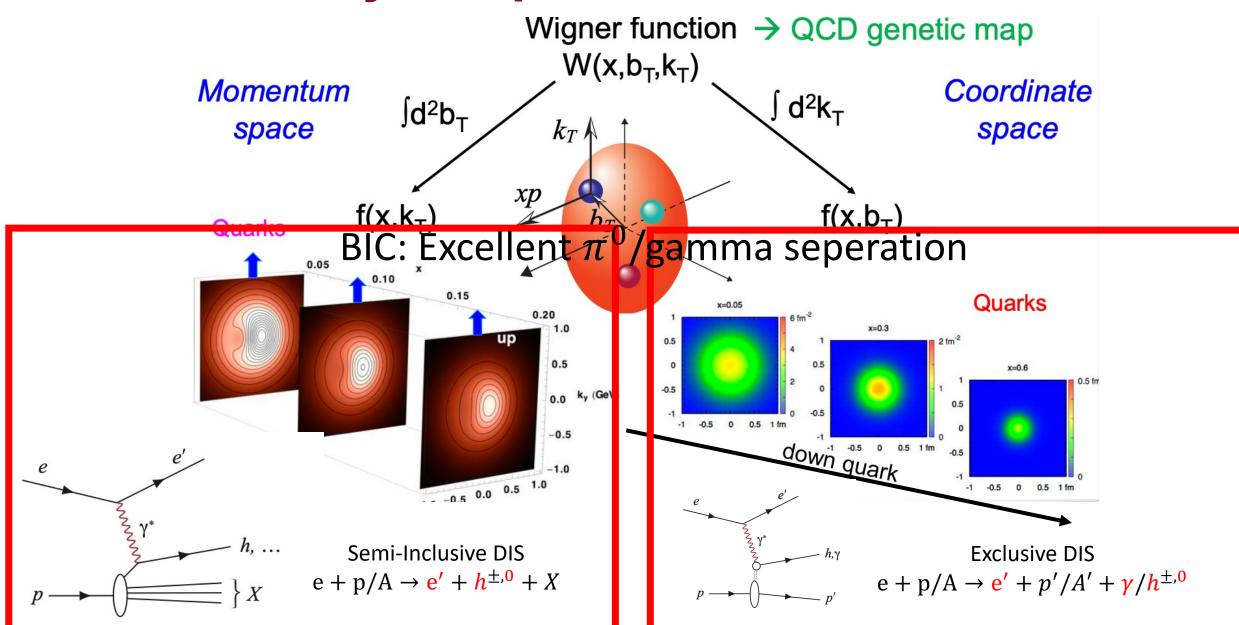
Solution: Hybrid SciFi/Pb calorimeter with a silicon tracker to precisely measure 3D image of electromagnetic shower

Barrel Imaging Calorimeter

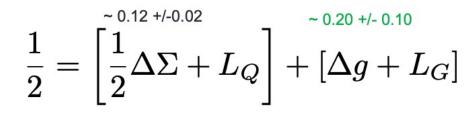




Physics potential with BIC



Physics potential with BIC

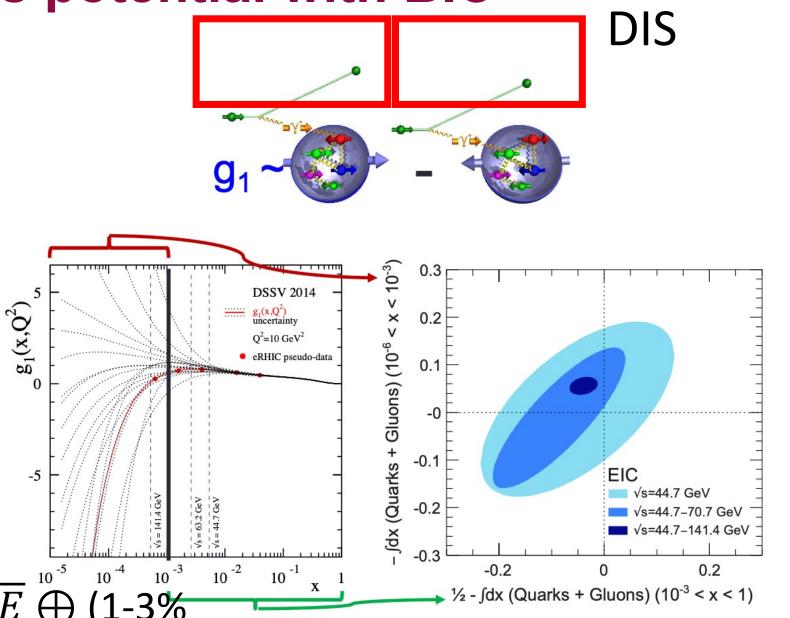


- $\Delta\Sigma/2$ = Quark contribution to Proton Spin Δg = Gluon contribution to Proton Spin L_Q = Quark Orbital Ang. Mom ??
- L_G = Gluon Orbital Ang. Mom ??

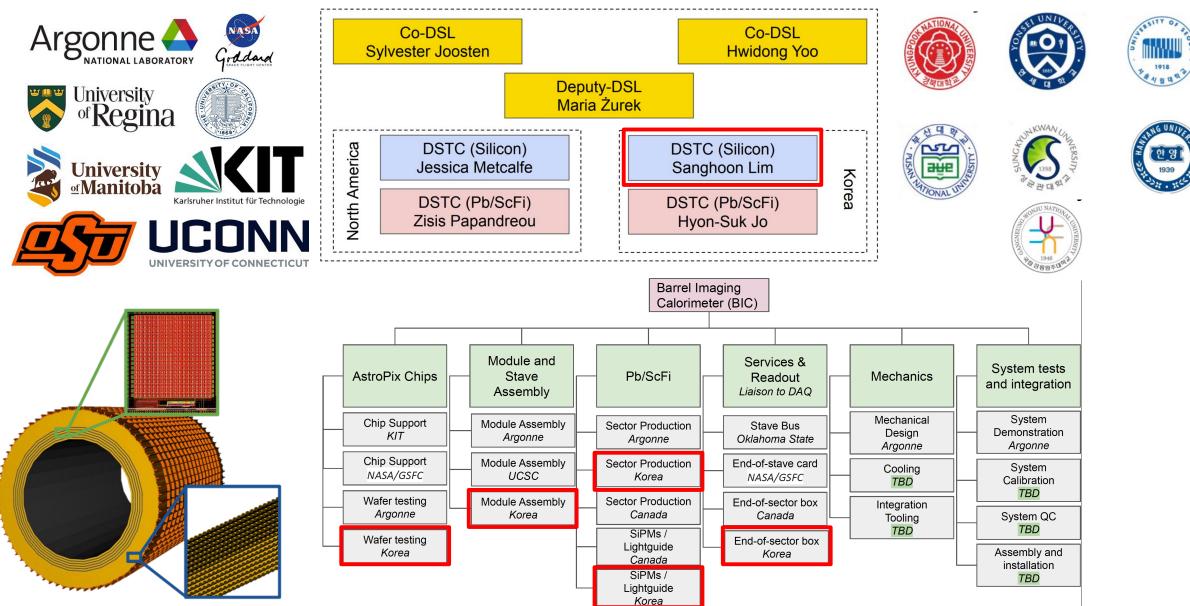
Spin structure function g₁ needs to be measured over a wide range in x-Q² Especially low-x

Precision in $\Delta\Sigma$ and $\Delta g \rightarrow A$ clear idea Of the magnitude of $L_Q+L_G = L$ Lattice Calculations : comparison

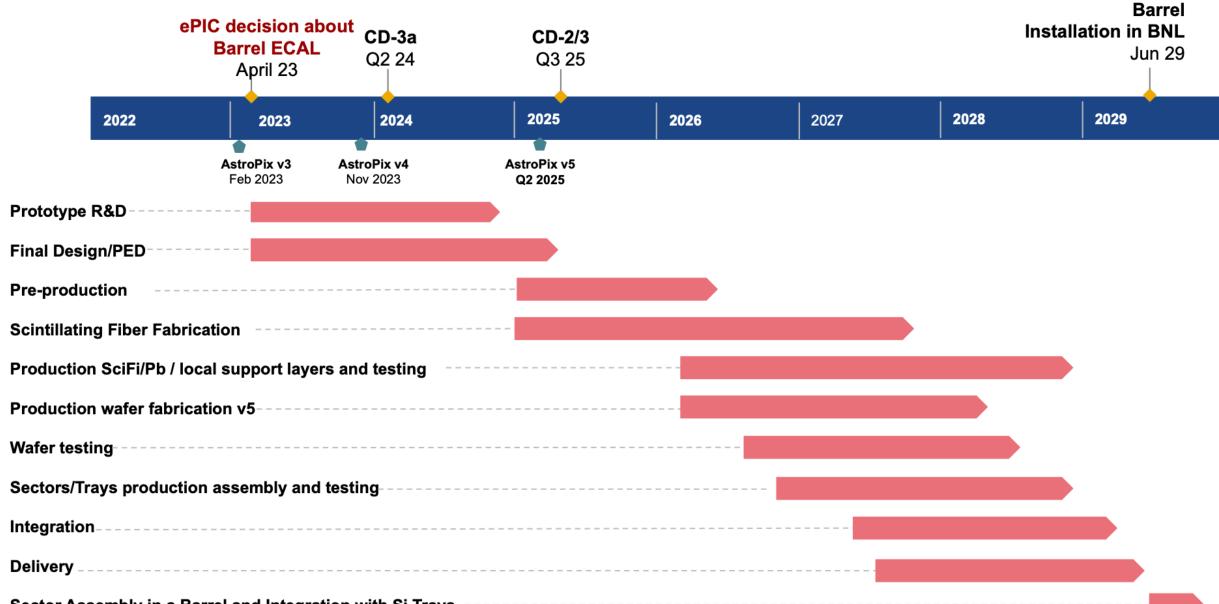
BIC Requirement: 7-10%/ $\sqrt{E} \oplus$ (1-3



Coordination

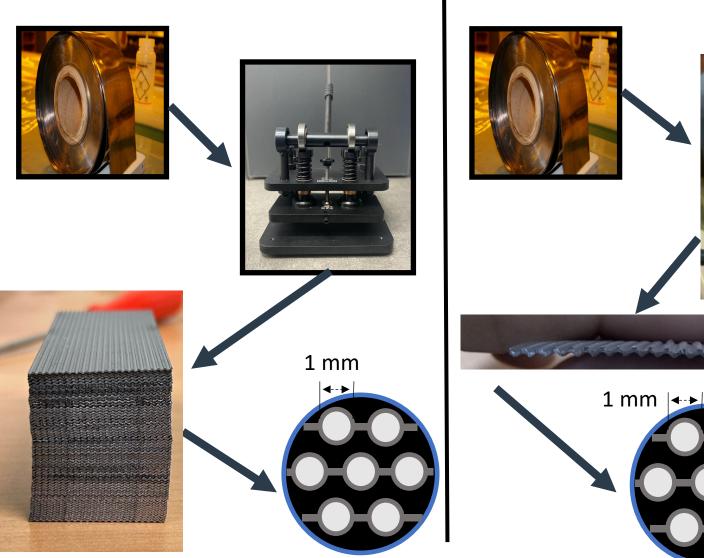


High Level Schedule

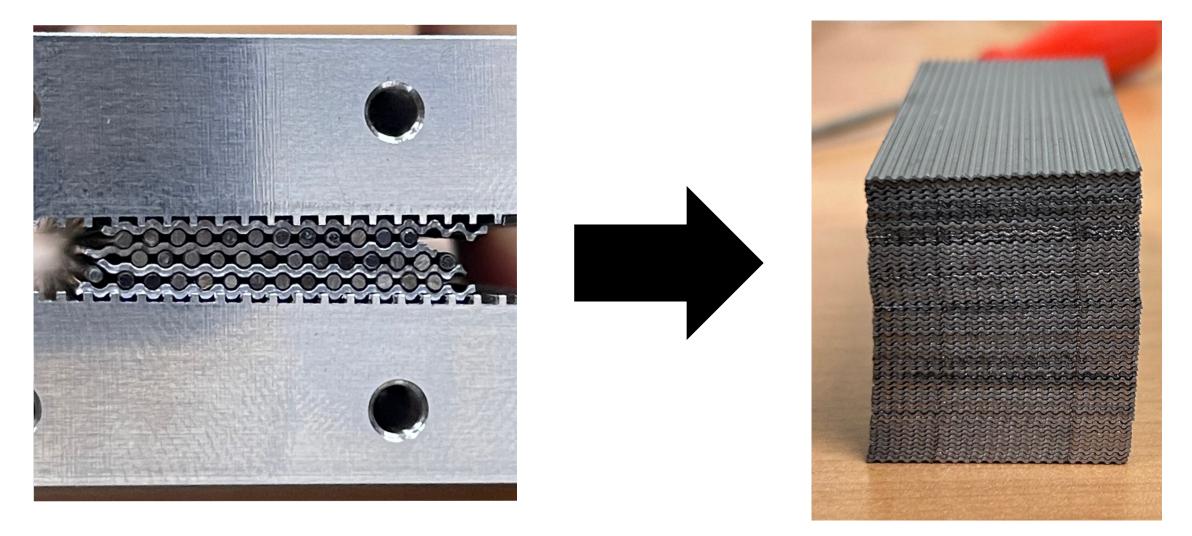


Prototype production of SciFi/PbPRESSROLLERCASTING

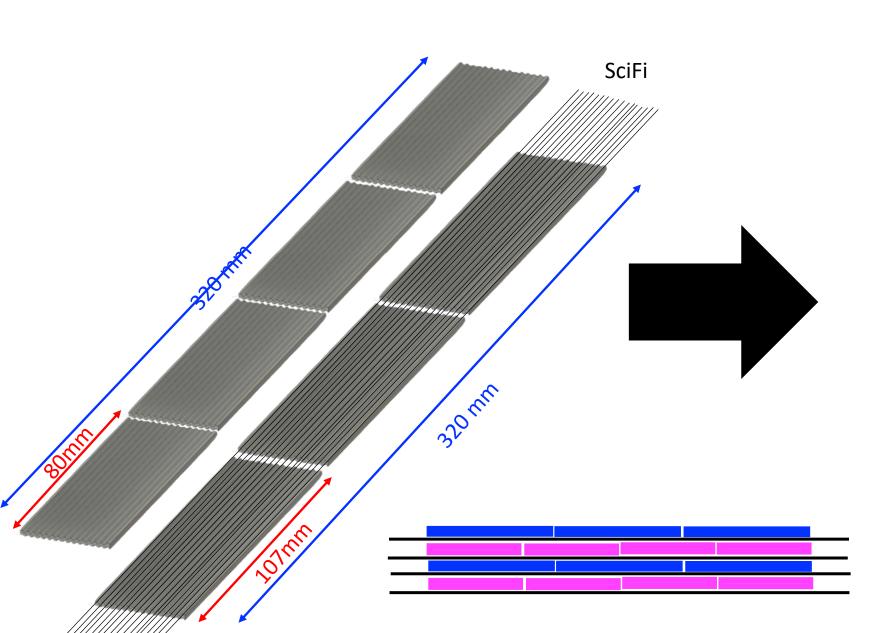
15

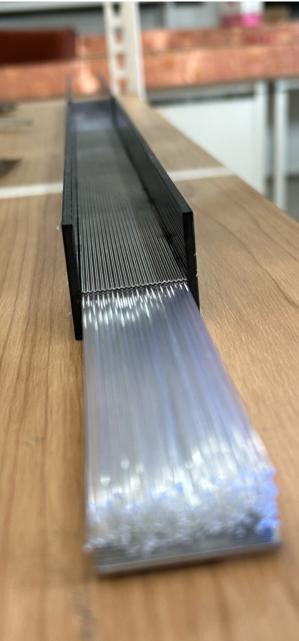


Pb sheet forming by pressing method

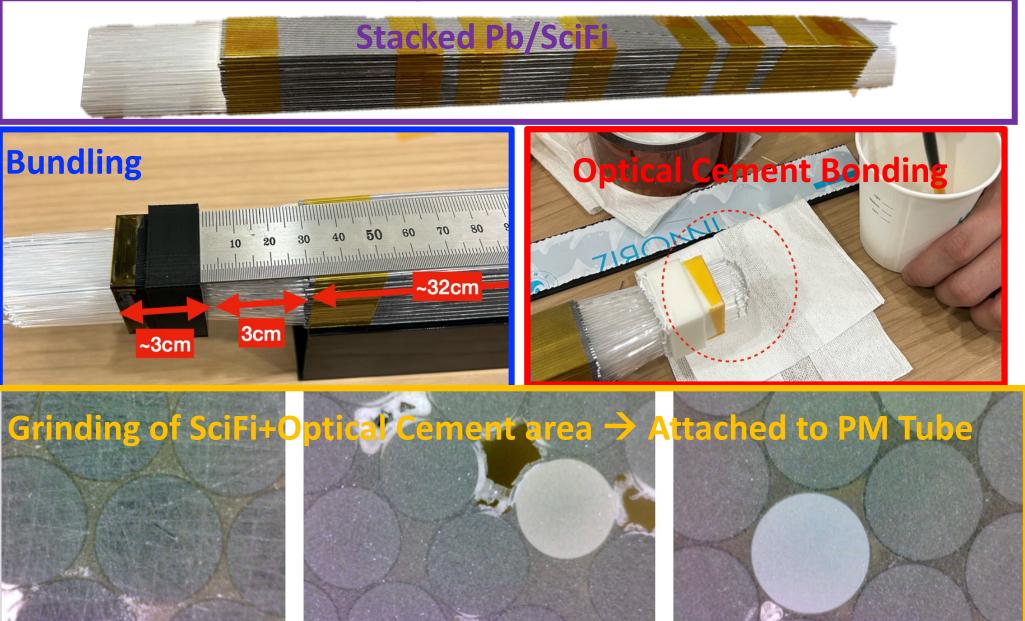


Proto-type production

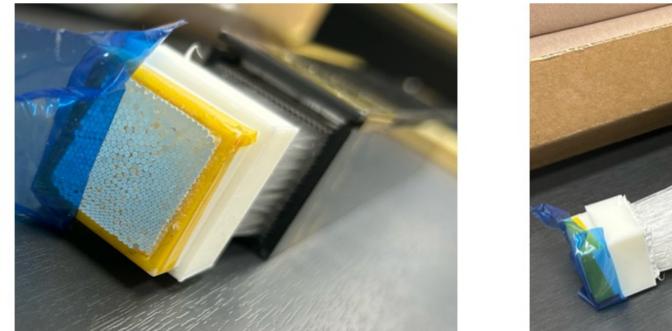




Proto-type production



Proto-type production





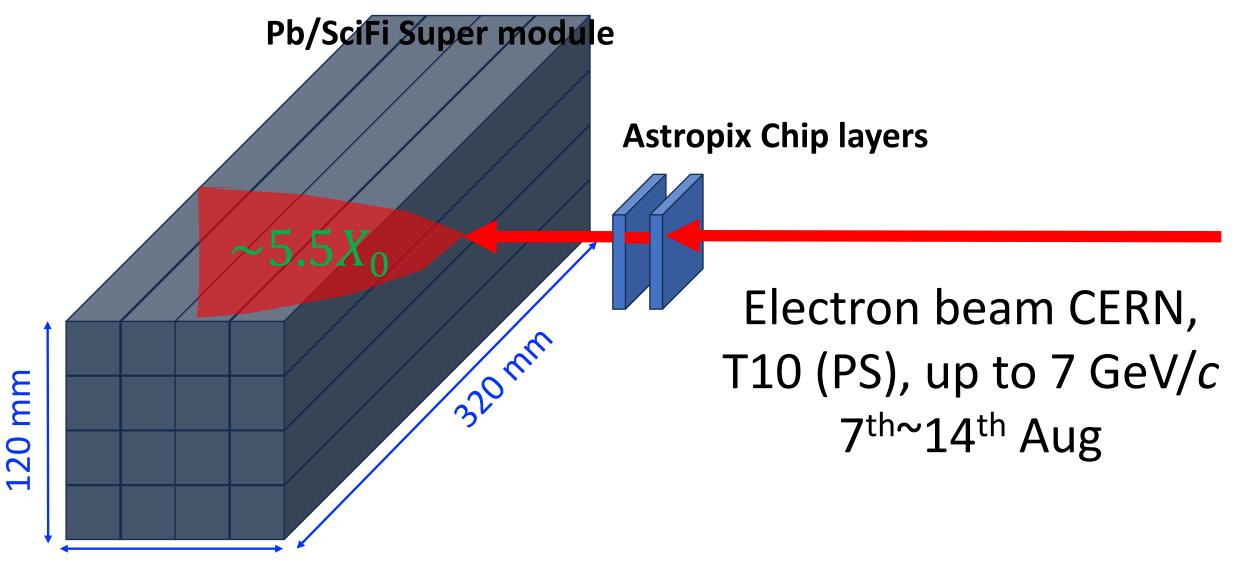
One module Dimension: 3cm×3cm×32cm # of lead sheets: 80mm×4×13cm: 52ea, 107mm×3×13cm: 39ea # of SciFi: 40cm×520ea

Super-module (4x4 modules) configuration Photomultiplier tube (PMT) Outer shell $.30mm \times 30mm$ • Active area : $23mm \times 23mm$ **PMT Bundle** 320 mm E E 120

Real configuration

Schematic view

Beam Test



120 mm

Beam Test Simulation (0, 1000mm, 0)

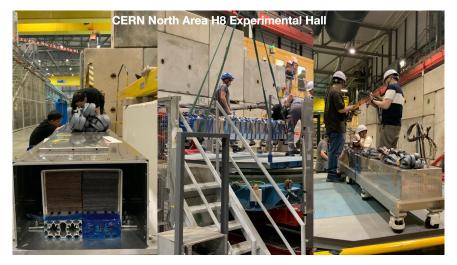
Dual Readout Calorimeter Simulation

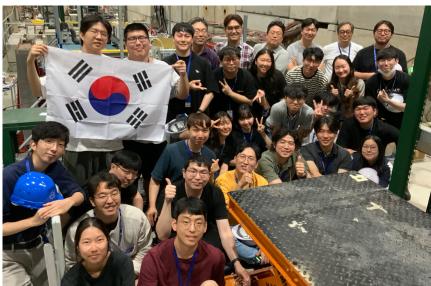
Updating with the Pb/SciFi materials 22

Summary

• BIC Requirements

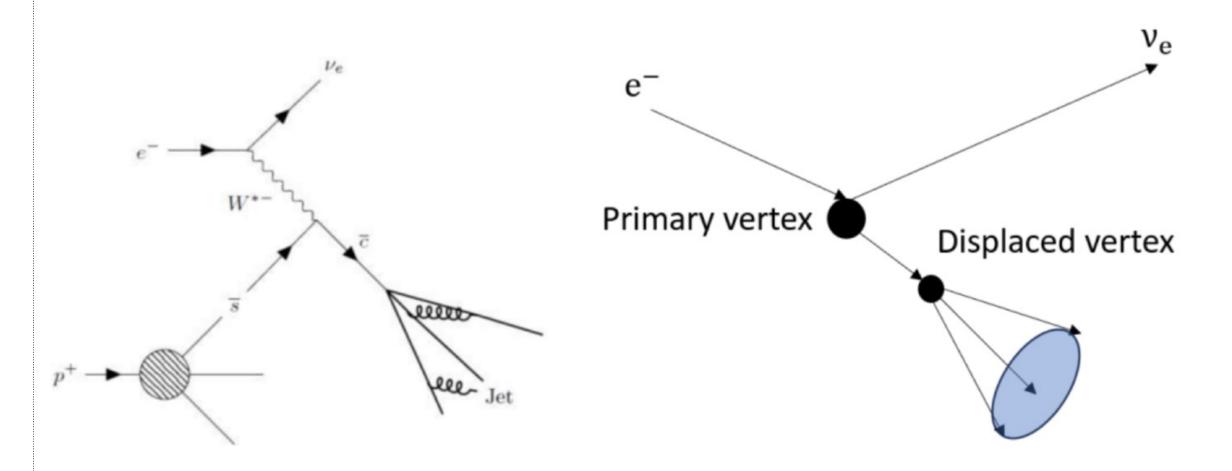
- 7-10%/ $\sqrt{E} \oplus (1-3)$ %,
- Up to $10^4 \ \pi^-$ background suppression
- π^0/γ separation up to 10 GeV
- → Barrel Imaging Calorimeter
- BIC Coordination and Collaboration: North America + Korea
- Proto-type module production:
- Beam test: 7th~14th Aug 2024 at T10, CERN





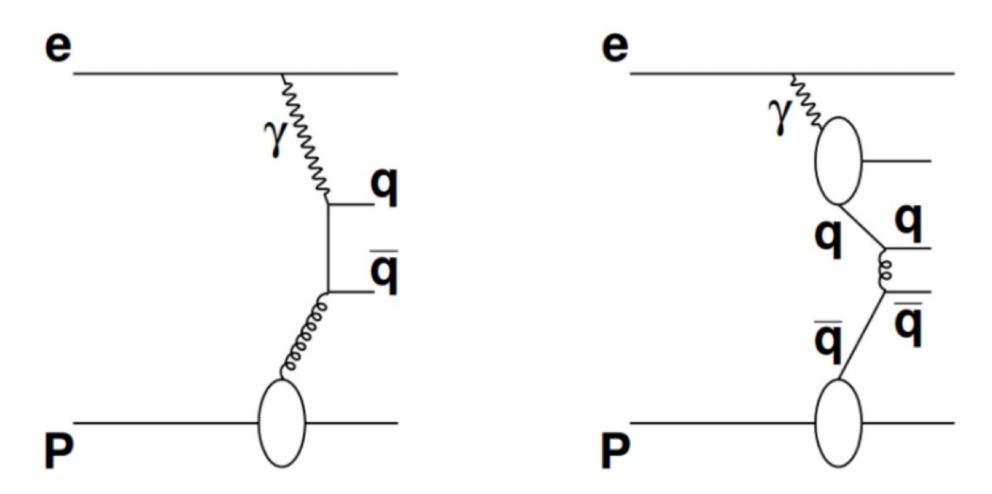
Backup

Physics potential with BIC



Strange quark parton distribution fuction

Physics potential with BIC



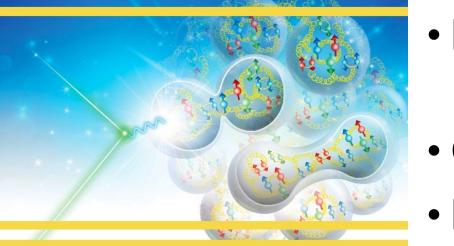
Polarized photon structure using dijets

Key science questions









SCIENCE REQUIREMENTS

ELECTRON-ION COLLIDER

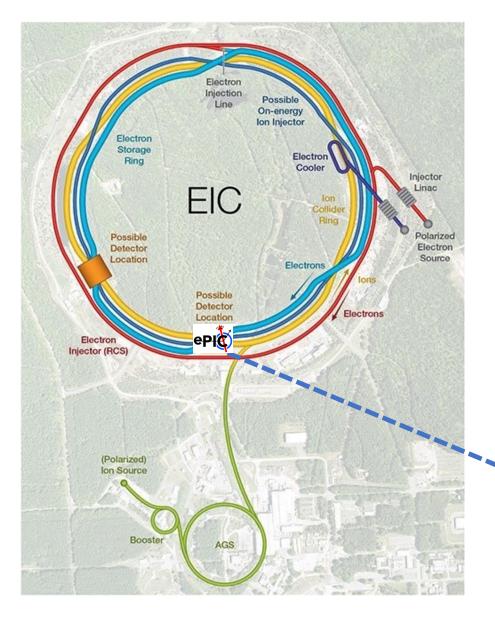
AND DETECTOR

EIC Yellow Report

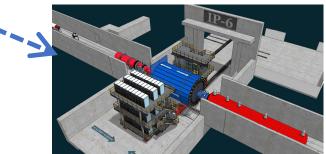
CONCEPTS FOR THE

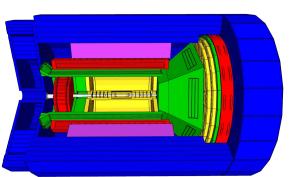
- Parton distributions inside nucleon in
 - momentum and coordinate space
- Gluon saturation
- Nuclear modification of PDF
- Colour charge through Cold Nuclear Matter

The Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)

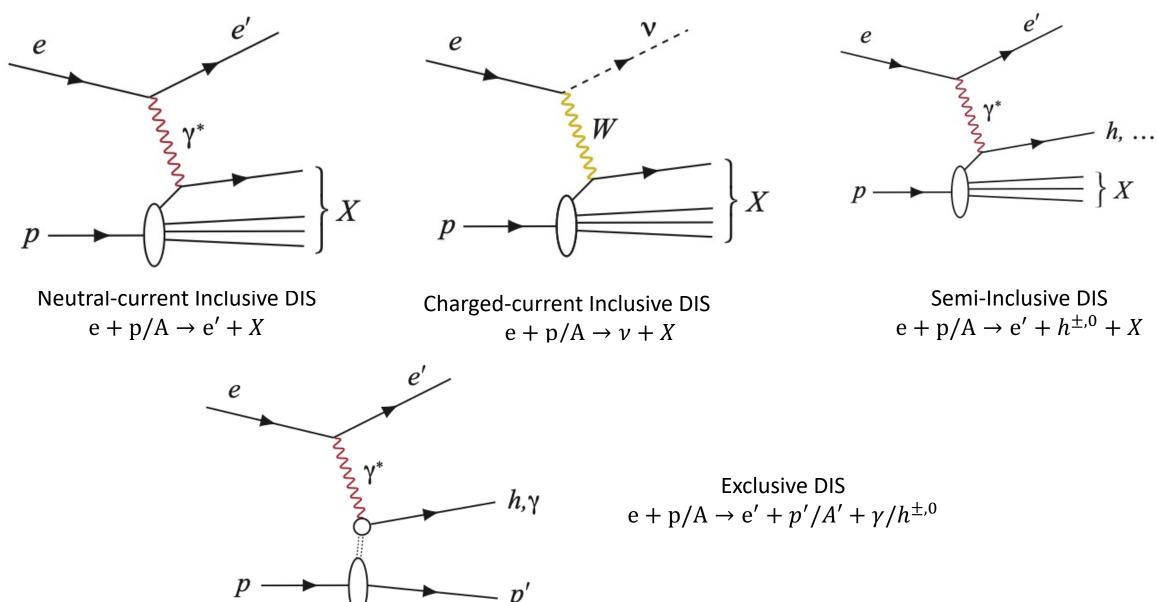


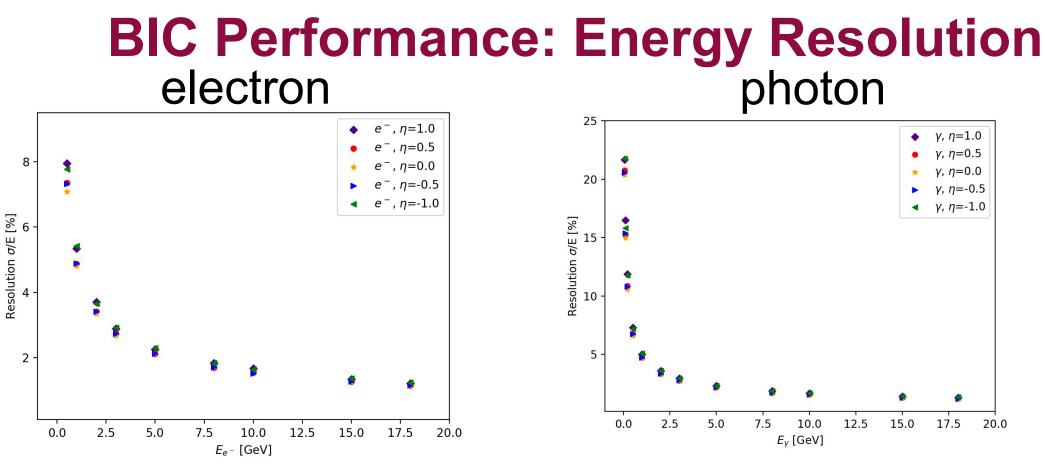
- Polarization ~ 70%
 - e[↑] + p[↑], d[↑], He[↑]
 - e[↑] + unpolarized ions up to U.
- $\mathcal{L} = 10^{33-34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
 - $\leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}_{int} = 10\text{--}100 \text{ fb}^{-1}\text{/year}$
- h: 41-275 GeV, e: 5-18 GeV
- The first experiment "ePIC"





DIS processes

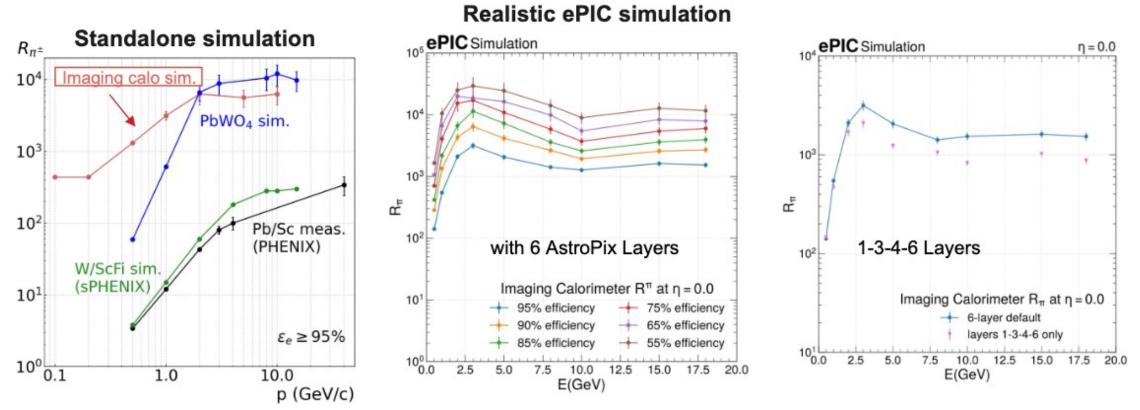




• Resolution extracted from a Crystal Ball fit σ

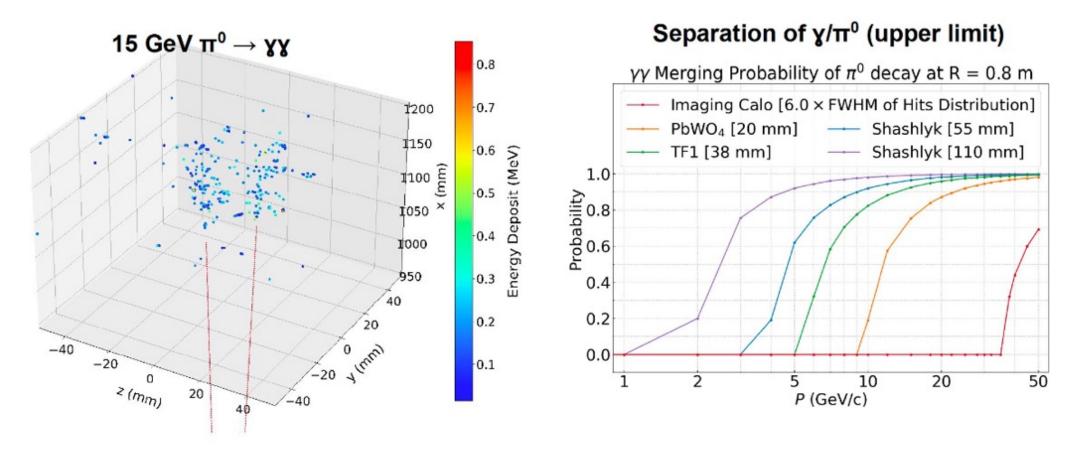
• GlueX Pb/ScFi ECal: σ = 5.2% /√*E* ⊕ 3.6% *NIM, A* 896 (2018) 24-42

BIC Performance: electron/pion separation



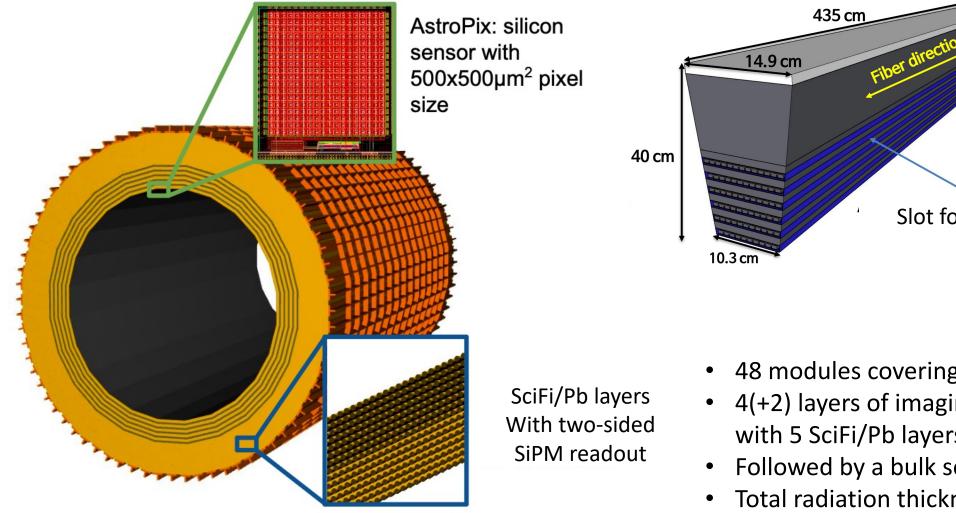
- Separation of electrons from background in Deep Inelastic Scattering (DIS) processes
- Method: E/p cut (Pb/ScFi) + NN using 3D position and energy info from imaging layers
- e- π separation exceeds 10³ in pion suppression at 95% efficiency above 1 GeV

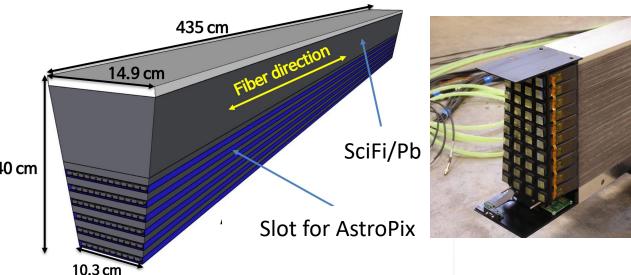
BIC Performance: Neutral Pion Identification



- Separation of two gammas from neutral pion well above required 10 GeV
- Discriminate between π^0 decays and single γ from DVCS, π^0 identification
- Precise position resolution allows for excellent separation of γ/π^0 based on 3D shower profile

Barrel Imaging Calorimeter





- 48 modules covering 2π in azimuth
- 4(+2) layers of imaging Si sensors interleaved with 5 SciFi/Pb layers
- Followed by a bulk section of SciFi/Pb
- Total radiation thickness $\sim 17.1 X_0$
- Sampling fraction $\sim 10\%$ •



- Proto-type modules being prepared for 3 different methods
 - i) Pressing method
 - ii) Rolling method
 - iii) Casting method
- Beam test planned in August with a final goal to see the synced DAQ signal with Astropix chips



Summary

- Origin of Nucleon Spin
 - DIS with polarized electrons and protons for a large range in x and Q^2
 - Good electromagnetic calorimetry at the level of 7-10%/ $\sqrt{E} \oplus (1-3)$ %
- Multi-dimensional imaging of the Nucleon
 - Transverse Momentum Distribution measurement by Semi-Inclusive DIS
 - Generalized Parton Distribution
 measurement by Exclusive DIS
 - Nuclear modification of PDF: The same BIC requirement
 - Colour charge through Cold Nuclear Matter: Jet Physics

