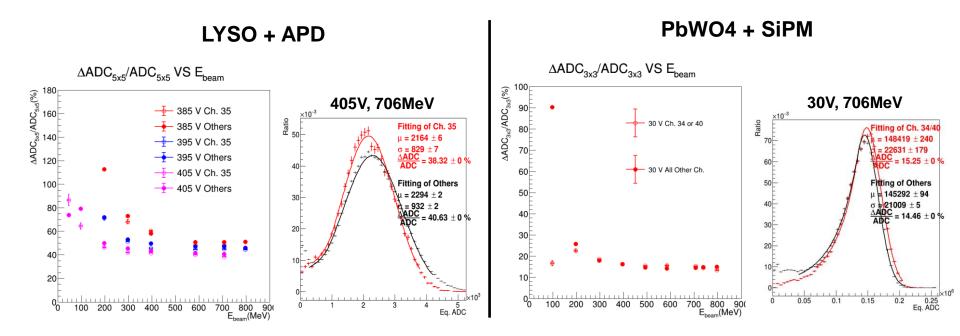
# ZDC ECal Test Beam Analysis 20250401

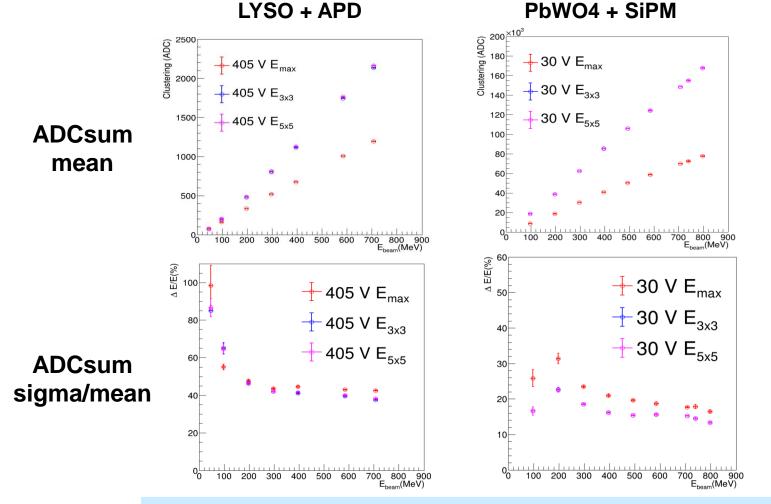
Wen-Chen Chang, Kai-Yu Cheng, Tatsuya Chujo, Yuji Goto, Chia-Yu Hsieh, Motoi Inaba, Subaru Ito, Kentaro Kawade, Yongsun Kim, Chia Ming Kuo, Chih-Hsun Lin, Po-Ju Lin, Rong-Shyang Lu, Jen-Chieh Peng

#### Review: Energy Resolution@ EIC-Asia@20250313



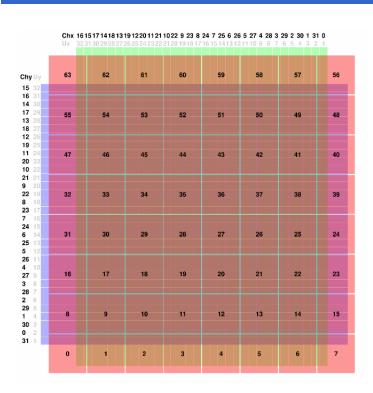
- Preliminary results gave energy resolution for "LYSO + APD"~40% and "PbWO4+SiPM" ~ 15% before energy regression.
- Tracking only require timing matching here. More strict tracking cut will be applied.

#### Clustering

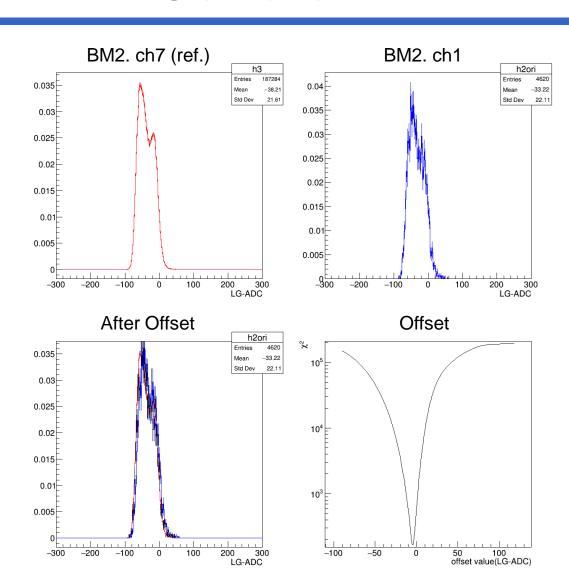


- No obvious difference between 3x3 and 5x5 for both systems.
- For LYSO + APD, energy resolution of E1x1 ~ E3x3 ~ E5x5. Hardware threshold setting is probably too high.

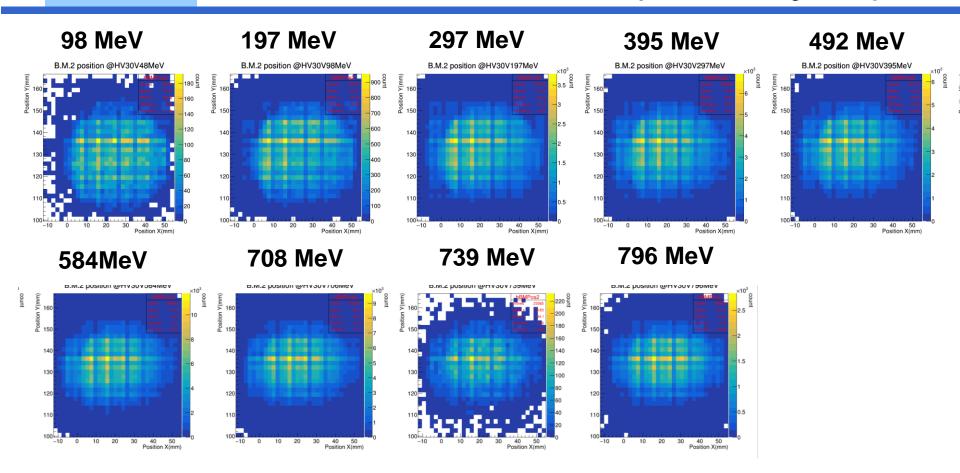
#### **Beam Monitor Calibration**



ADC distribution of all channels are offset to alignment with the central channel (ex, ch7 of BM2).

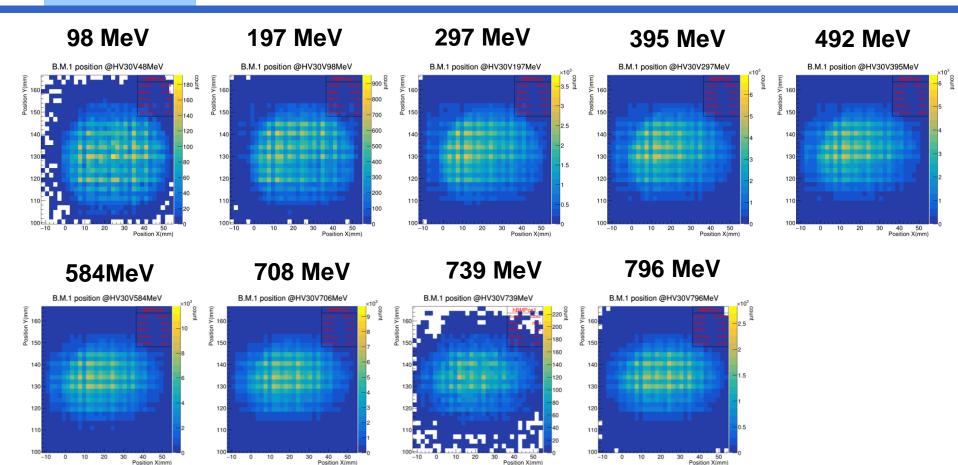


### Beam Profile of BM2 (1st Layer)



- How to draw beam profile?
- 0) ADC offset calibration channel by channel.
- 1) Find the x/y position by ADC weighted method.
- 2) Beam position = (x\_weighted, y\_weighted)

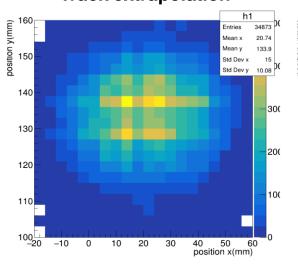
## Beam Profile of BM1 (2<sup>nd</sup> Layer)

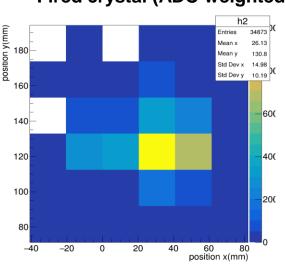


#### Beam Tracks Projected on PbWO4











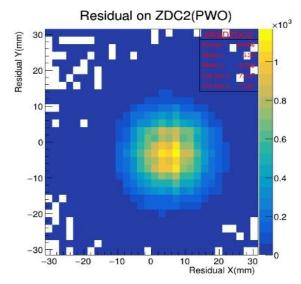
X = +5.2mm

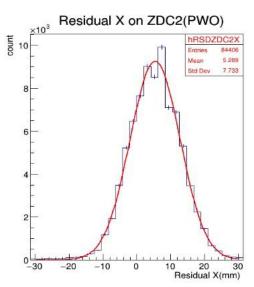
Y = -3.2mm

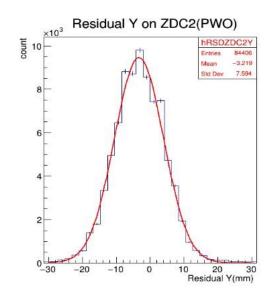
Position res. of PbWO4

(1 pixel = 20mm)

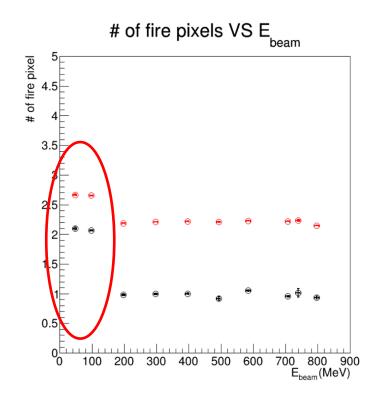
→  $sqrt(7*7 - 2*2) \sim 7mm$ 

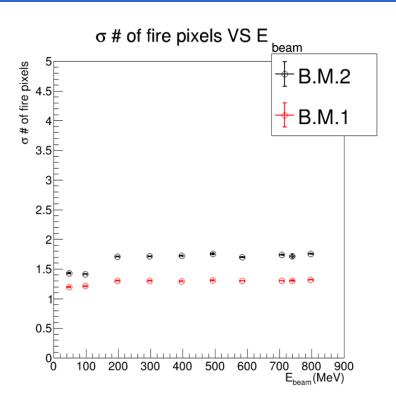






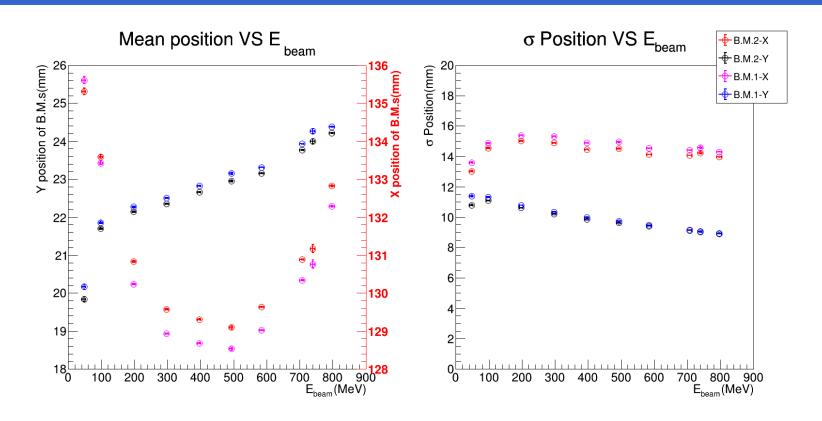
### Beam Properties (1): Hit Multiplicity





- In average, less than 2 strips fired per beam.
- More energy in BM when Ebeam<200MeV.</li>

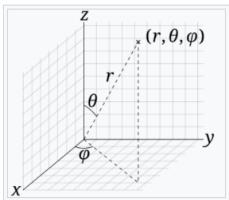
#### Beam Properties (2): Beam Width



- Beam center constantly shift.
- · Wider spread in X-direction.

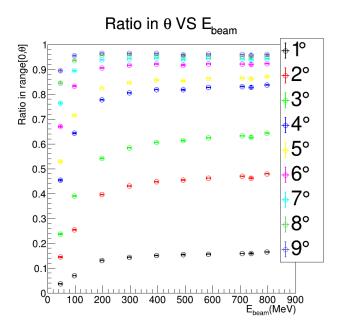
### Beam Properties (3): Beam Angle

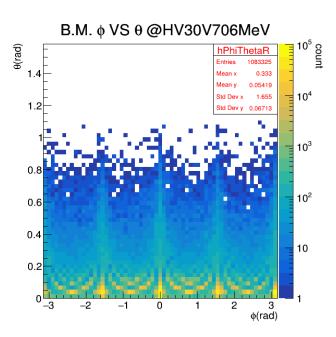
#### **706 MeV**



The *physics convention*. Spherical coordinates  $(r, \theta, \varphi)$  as commonly used: (ISO 80000-2:2019): radial distance r (slant distance to origin), polar angle  $\theta$  (theta) (angle with respect to positive polar axis), and azimuthal angle  $\varphi$  (phi) (angle of rotation from the initial meridian plane). *This is the convention followed* 

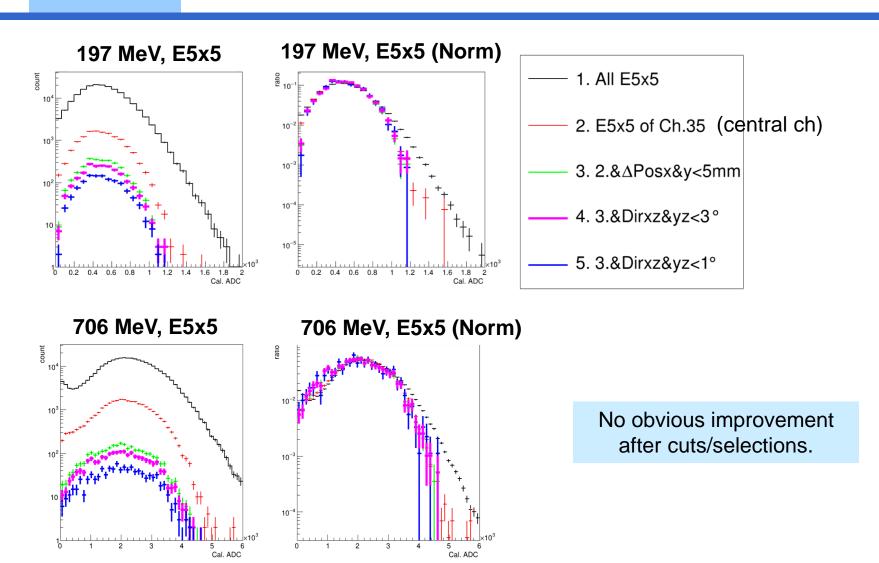
in this article.



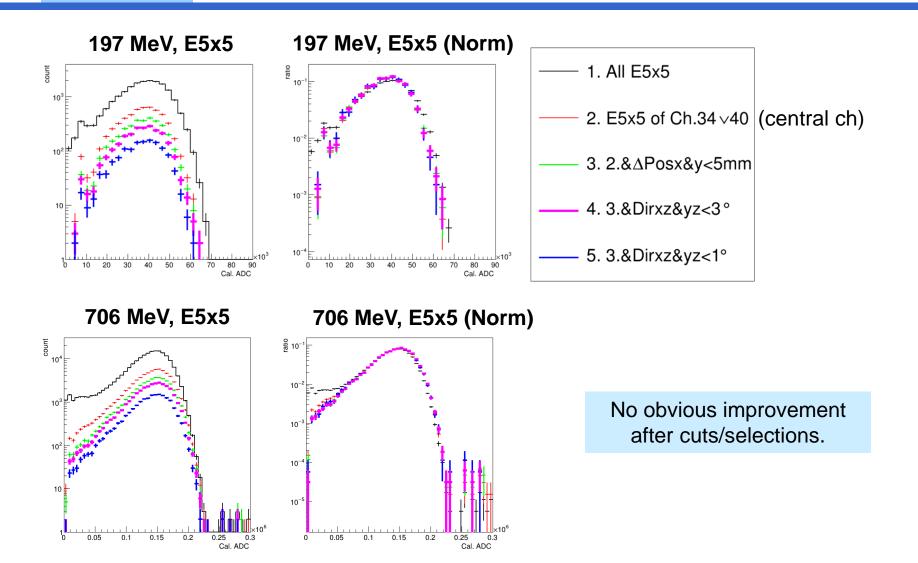


- Spherical coordinate: XY-surface is defined as the BM surface.
- theta = 0 degree = perpendicular to the surface of BM/ZDC.
- Only ~ 10% beam shoots straightly.
- Most of the beam theta< 9 degree.</li>

#### Energy resolution after Cuts (1): LYSO + APD



#### Energy resolution after Cuts (2): PbWO4 + SiPM



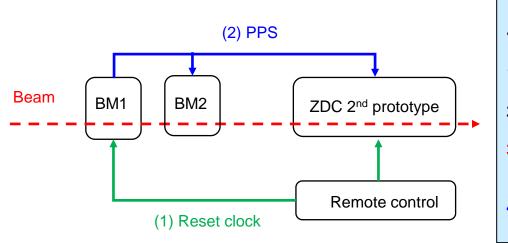
#### Summary and To Do

- We calibrate beam monitor system and hopefully to improve the energy resolution w/ better beam selection. Unfortunately, the results stay the same: LYSO + APD ~ 40% and PbWO4 + SiPM ~ 15%.
- The threshold setting (hardware-wise) was probably too high during the test beam.
- Next we will try to do energy regression to improve the performance. MC sample is still under preparation. Study of threshold cut is necessary.

## Back up



#### Tracking



- All detectors, including beam monitors and the ZDC ECal prototype, operate in **self-triggered mode**.
- Trigger and event matching are performed offline using PPS signals.
- 1) Remote control set commands to reset the clocks : course time (count PPS signals, 20Hz) and fine time (0.24us).
- 2) The **PPS signal** is distributed from **beam monitor #1** to all other detectors.
- Timing matching: Events are synchronized by ensuring the same coarse time and a fine time difference within 0.24 μs, accounting for cable delays.
- **4) Position matching :** Not yet implemented, but verified through plots, confirming that tracking appears correct.

