

Hidden and open charm baryons with strangeness

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Hidden charm : $c \bar{c} s s n$, $\eta_c \Xi(4298), \bar{D}_s \Xi'_c(4546), \bar{D} \Omega_c(4560)$

$c \bar{c} s s s$?

Open charm; $\bar{c} s n n n$, $\bar{D}_s N, \bar{D} \Lambda, \bar{D} \Sigma$

$\bar{c} s s n n$ $\bar{D}_s \Lambda, \bar{D} \Xi,$

$\bar{c} s s s n$?

$\bar{c} s s s s$?

Predictions for $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- K^+$ $\Xi_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- \pi^+$
and comparison with LHCb experiment

We are now used to the pentaquarks P_c and P_{cs} of LHCb

$P_c(4380)$, $P_c(4312)$, $P_c(4440)$, $P_c(4457)$, $P_c(4337)$

$P_{cs}(4459)$, $P_{cs}(4338)$

What we present here first are states P_{css} , c cbar and two strange quarks

J. A. Mars´e-Valera, V. K. Magas, and A. Ramos, Phys. Rev. Lett. 130, 091903 (2023)

They use SU(4) symmetry and local hidden gauge with vector exchange

F. L. Wang, R. Chen, and X. Liu, Phys. Rev. D 103, 034014 (2021)

They use one boson exchange

P. G. Ortega, D. R. Entem, and F. Fernandez, Phys. Lett. B 838, 137747 (2023)

Quark models

K. Azizi, Y. Sarac, and H. Sundu, Eur. Phys. J. C 82, 543 (2022).

Sum rules

L. Roca, Jing Song and E. Oset, PHYSICAL REVIEW D 109, 094005 (2024)

X.~Liu, Y.~Tan, X.~Chen, D.~Chen, H.~Huang and J.~Ping, Phys. Rev. D 112, 014036 (2025)

S.~Clymton, H.~C.~Kim and T.~Mart, Phys. Rev. D 112, 034015 (2025)

Z.~Y.~Wang and Z.~W.~Long, [arXiv:2508.21474 [hep-ph]].

$$PB[\bar{c}cssn] \left(\frac{1^-}{2} \right) : \eta_c \Xi(4298), \bar{D}_s \Xi'_c(4546), \bar{D} \Omega_c(4560)$$

$$VB[\bar{c}cssn] \left(\frac{1^-}{2}, \frac{3^-}{2} \right) : J/\Psi \Xi(4411), \bar{D}_s^* \Xi'_c(4690),$$

$$\bar{D}^* \Omega_c(4702)$$

$$PB^*[\bar{c}cssn] \left(\frac{3^-}{2} \right) : \eta_c \Xi^*(4515), \bar{D}_s \Xi_c^*(4613), \bar{D} \Omega_c^*(4630)$$

$$VB^*[\bar{c}cssn] \left(\frac{1^-}{2}, \frac{3^-}{2}, \frac{5^-}{2} \right) : J/\Psi \Xi^*(4628), \bar{D}_s^* \Xi_c^*(4757),$$

$$\bar{D}^* \Omega_c^*(4773)$$

$$PB^*[\bar{c}csss] \left(\frac{3^-}{2} \right) : \eta_c \Omega(4656), \bar{D}_s \Omega_c^*(4734)$$

$$VB^*[\bar{c}csss] \left(\frac{1^-}{2}, \frac{3^-}{2}, \frac{5^-}{2} \right) : J/\Psi \Omega(4769), \bar{D}_s^* \Omega_c^*(4878),$$

We use the extended local hidden gauge approach, exchanging vector mesons

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 \overline{M_i} & M_f \\
 \hline
 & V \\
 \hline
 B_i & B_f
 \end{array}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{VPP} = -ig\langle [P, \partial_\mu P] V^\mu \rangle,$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{VVV} = ig\langle (V^\mu \partial_\nu V_\mu - \partial_\nu V^\mu V_\mu) V^\nu \rangle,$$

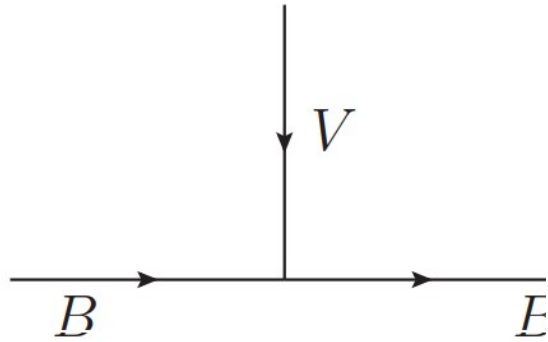
$$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\pi^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\eta + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\eta' & \pi^+ & K^+ & \bar{D}^0 \\ \pi^- & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\pi^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\eta + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\eta' & K^0 & D^- \\ K^- & \bar{K}^0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\eta + \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\eta' & D_s^- \\ D^0 & D^+ & D_s^+ & \eta_c \end{pmatrix} \quad V = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\rho^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\omega & \rho^+ & K^{*+} & \bar{D}^{*0} \\ \rho^- & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\rho^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\omega & K^{*0} & \bar{D}^{*-} \\ K^{*-} & \bar{K}^{*0} & \phi & D_s^{*-} \\ D^{*0} & D^{*+} & D_s^{*+} & J/\psi \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g = Mv/2f, \quad Mv = 800 \text{ MeV}, \quad f = 93 \text{ MeV}$$

TABLE IV. Wave functions of baryon states.

State	I, J	Flavor	Spin
Ξ_{cc}^{++}	1/2, 1/2	ccu	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ξ_{cc}^{+}	1/2, 1/2	ccd	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ω_{cc}^{+}	0, 1/2	ccs	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ξ_c^{+}	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(us - su)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
Ξ_c^0	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(ds - sd)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
$\Xi_c^{' +}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(us + su)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
$\Xi_c^{' 0}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(ds + sd)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ω_c^0	0, 1/2	css	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ξ_{bb}^0	1/2, 1/2	bbu	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ξ_{bb}^{-}	1/2, 1/2	bbd	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ω_{bb}^{-}	0, 1/2	bbs	$\chi_{MS}(12)$
Ξ_b^0	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(us - su)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
Ξ_b^{-}	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(ds - sd)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
$\Xi_b^{' 0}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(us + su)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
$\Xi_b^{' -}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(ds + sd)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ω_b^{-}	0, 1/2	bss	$\chi_{MS}(23)$

Ω_{bc}^0	0, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cs - sc)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
$\Omega_{bc}^{' 0}$	0, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cs + sc)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ξ_{bc}^{+}	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cu - uc)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
$\Xi_{bc}^{' +}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cu + uc)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ξ_{bc}^0	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cd - dc)$	$\chi_{MA}(23)$
$\Xi_{bc}^{' 0}$	1/2, 1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cd + dc)$	$\chi_{MS}(23)$
Ξ_{cc}^{*++}	1/2, 3/2	ccu	χ_S
Ξ_{cc}^{*+}	1/2, 3/2	ccd	χ_S
Ω_{cc}^{*+}	0, 3/2	ccs	χ_S
Ξ_c^{*+}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(us + su)$	χ_S
Ξ_c^{*0}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(ds + sd)$	χ_S
Ω_c^{*0}	0, 3/2	css	χ_S
Ξ_{bb}^{*0}	1/2, 3/2	bbu	χ_S
Ξ_{bb}^{*-}	1/2, 3/2	bbd	χ_S
Ω_{bb}^{*-}	0, 3/2	bbs	χ_S
Ξ_b^{*0}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(us + su)$	χ_S
Ξ_b^{*-}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(ds + sd)$	χ_S
Ω_b^{*-}	0, 3/2	bss	χ_S
Ξ_{bc}^{*+}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cu + uc)$	χ_S
Ξ_{bc}^{*0}	1/2, 3/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}b(cd + dc)$	χ_S



$$\tilde{\mathcal{L}}_{VBB} = gq\bar{q}\gamma^\mu\epsilon_\mu$$

and we keep only the time component of $\gamma^\mu\epsilon_\mu \sim \gamma^0\epsilon^0 \sim \epsilon^0$,
valid for slow baryons.

$$\mathcal{L}_{VBB} \equiv g \left\langle B' \left| \begin{array}{cc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(u\bar{u} - d\bar{d}), & \rho^0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(u\bar{u} + d\bar{d}), & \omega \\ s\bar{s}, & \phi \end{array} \right| B \right\rangle \epsilon^0$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\phi\Omega\Omega} \equiv g \langle sss \chi_s | s\bar{s} | sss \chi_s \rangle = 3g$$

If B, B' contain c quarks, they are spectators in the matrix element.

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \Xi_c^+ | \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(u\bar{u} - d\bar{d}) | \Xi_c^+ \rangle &= \langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(us - su) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(u\bar{u} - d\bar{d}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}c(us - su) \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\right. \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{ij} = g^2 C_{ij} (p^0 + p'^0)$$

The interaction
does not depend
on the c quarks $\rightarrow$
Heavy quark
symmetry

TABLE I. C_{ij} coefficients of the PB interaction in the $\bar{c}cssn$ sector.

	$\eta_c \Xi$	$\bar{D}_s \Xi'_c$	$\bar{D} \Omega_c$
$\eta_c \Xi$	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}m_{D_s^*}^2}$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}m_{D^*}^2}$
$\bar{D}_s \Xi'_c$		$\frac{1}{m_\phi^2} - \frac{1}{m_{J/\Psi}^2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{m_{K^*}^2}$
$\bar{D} \Omega_c$			$-\frac{1}{m_{J/\Psi}^2}$

Coupled channel dynamics
is responsible for the
appearance of bound states

TABLE II. C_{ij} coefficients of the PB^* interaction in the $\bar{c}cssn$ sector.

	$\eta_c \Xi^*$	$\bar{D}_s \Xi_c^*$	$\bar{D} \Omega_c^*$
$\eta_c \Xi^*$	0	$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{1}{m_{D_s^*}^2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}m_{D^*}^2}$
$\bar{D}_s \Xi_c^*$		$\frac{1}{m_\phi^2} - \frac{1}{m_{J/\Psi}^2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{m_{K^*}^2}$
$\bar{D} \Omega_c^*$			$-\frac{1}{m_{J/\Psi}^2}$

TABLE III. C_{ij} coefficients of the PB^* interaction in the $\bar{c}css$ sector.

	$\eta_c\Omega$	$\bar{D}_s\Omega_c^*$
$\eta_c\Omega$	0	$\frac{1}{m_{D_s^*}^2}$
$\bar{D}_s\Omega_c^*$		$\frac{2}{m_\phi^2} - \frac{1}{m_{J/\Psi}^2}$

$$T = (1 - VG)^{-1}V,$$

$$G_l(\sqrt{s}) = \int_{q<\Lambda} \frac{d^3q}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{2\omega_l(q)} \frac{M_l}{E_l(q)} \\ \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{s} - \omega_l(q) - E_l(\vec{q}) + i\epsilon},$$

$$T_{ij} = \frac{g_i g_j}{\sqrt{s} - \sqrt{s_R}}$$

$$X_i = -g_i^2 \frac{\partial G_i}{\partial \sqrt{s}} \Big|_{\sqrt{s}}$$

TABLE IV. Results for the mass, M , width, Γ , couplings, g_i , and the compositeness $|X_i|$ for the different channels. The upper number in the numerical cells represent the value obtained with the cutoff $\Lambda = 600$ MeV and the lower one using $\Lambda = 800$ MeV. (Masses and widths in MeV).

	Flavor	$I(J^P)$	M	Γ		g_i	$ g_i $	$ X_i $
PB	$\bar{c}cssn$	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-)$	4535	9	$\eta_c \Xi$	$0.39 + i0.01$	0.39	0.01
			4479	12		$0.64 - i0.00$	0.64	0.03
			$M_{th}=4546$		$\bar{D}_s \Xi'_c$	$-1.47 - i0.16$	1.48	0.44
						$-2.56 - i0.07$	2.56	0.38
					$\bar{D} \Omega_c$	$2.12 + i0.20$	2.13	0.53
						$3.42 + i0.09$	3.42	0.59
VB	$\bar{c}cssn$	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-, \frac{3}{2}^-)$	4675	10	$J/\Psi \Xi$	$0.41 + i0.01$	0.41	0.01
			4617	12		$0.66 - i0.00$	0.66	0.04
					$\bar{D}_s^* \Xi'_c$	$-1.59 - i0.17$	1.60	0.42
						$-2.70 - i0.08$	2.70	0.38
					$\bar{D}^* \Omega_c$	$2.25 + i0.21$	2.26	0.56
						$3.58 + i0.11$	3.58	0.60
PB^*	$\bar{c}cssn$	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}^-)$	4602	0	$\eta_c \Xi^*$	$0.02 + i0.00$	0.02	0.04
			4548	0		$0.01 + i0.00$	0.01	0.00
			$M_{th}=4613$		$\bar{D}_s \Xi_c^*$	$-1.42 - i0.00$	1.42	0.45
						$-2.48 - i0.00$	2.48	0.38
					$\bar{D} \Omega_c^*$	$2.13 - i0.00$	2.13	0.49
						$3.37 - i0.00$	3.37	0.57
VB^*	$\bar{c}cssn$	$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^-, \frac{3}{2}^-, \frac{5}{2}^-)$	4743	0	$J/\Psi \Xi^*$	$0.02 + i0.00$	0.02	0.02
			4686	0		$0.00 + i0.00$	0.00	0.00
					$\bar{D}_s^* \Xi_c^*$	$-1.56 - i0.00$	1.56	0.43
						$-2.63 - i0.00$	2.63	0.38
					$\bar{D}^* \Omega_c^*$	$2.27 - i0.00$	2.27	0.52
						$3.54 - i0.00$	3.54	0.58

NO STATES ARE FOUND WITH S=-3

• **Octet baryons:**

$S = -1$, channels : $\bar{D}_s N$, $\bar{D} \Lambda$, $\bar{D} \Sigma$, with isospin $I = 1/2$; $\bar{D} \Sigma$, with isospin $I = 3/2$,

$S = -2$, channels : $\bar{D}_s \Lambda$, $\bar{D} \Xi$, $I = 0$; $\bar{D} \Xi$, $I = 1$,

$S = -3$, channel : $\bar{D}_s \Xi$, $I = 1/2$,

• **Decuplet baryons:**

$S = -1$, channels : $\bar{D} \Sigma^*$, with isospin $I = 1/2$; $\bar{D}_s \Delta$, $\bar{D} \Sigma^*$, with isospin $I = 3/2$;

$S = -2$, channels : $\bar{D} \Xi^*$, $I = 0$ $\bar{D}_s \Sigma^*$, $\bar{D} \Xi^*$, $I = 1$;

$S = -3$, channel : $\bar{D}_s \Xi^*$, $\bar{D} \Omega$ $I = 1/2$,

$S = -4$, channel : $\bar{D}_s \Omega$, $I = 0$.

$$\Xi = \begin{pmatrix} \Xi^{*0} \\ \Xi^{*-} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma^{*+} \\ \Sigma^{*0} \\ \Sigma^{*-} \end{pmatrix}$$

We construct states with $I = 1/2$ and $I = 0$ using isospin multiplets:

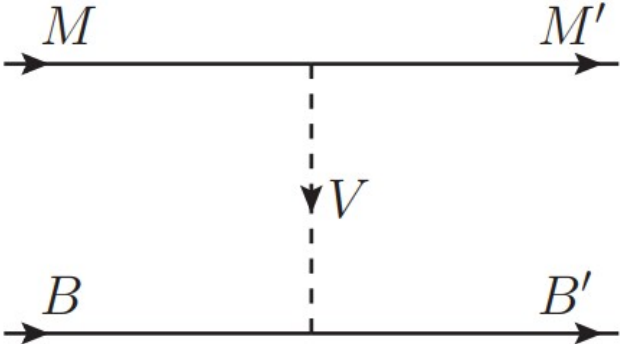
$$D = \begin{pmatrix} D^+ \\ -D^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \bar{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{D}^0 \\ D^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad K = \begin{pmatrix} K^+ \\ K^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \bar{K} = \begin{pmatrix} \bar{K}^0 \\ -K^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Xi = \begin{pmatrix} \Xi^0 \\ -\Xi^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} -\Sigma^+ \\ \Sigma^0 \\ \Sigma^- \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\bar{D}\Sigma, \, I = 1/2, \, I_3 = 1/2\rangle \, = \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|\bar{D}^0\Sigma^0\rangle + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}|D^-\Sigma^+\rangle,$$

$$|\bar{D}\Xi, \, I = 0\rangle \, = \, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(|\bar{D}^0\Xi^-\rangle + |D^-\Xi^0\rangle\right),$$

$$|\bar{D}\Sigma^*, \, I = 1/2, \, I_3 = 1/2\rangle \, = \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}|\bar{D}^0\Sigma^{*0}\rangle - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}|D^-\Sigma^{*+}\rangle,$$

$$|\bar{D}\Xi^*, \, I = 0\rangle \, = \, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(|\bar{D}^0\Xi^{*-}\rangle - |D^-\Xi^{*0}\rangle\right).$$



$\hookleftarrow$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{VPP}} = -ig \, \langle [P, \partial_\mu P] \, V^\mu \rangle$$

The vector-baryon coupling for baryons of the SU(3) octet is described by the Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_{BBV'} = g \left(\langle \bar{B} \gamma_\mu [V'^\mu, B] \rangle + \langle \bar{B} \gamma_\mu B \rangle \langle V'^\mu \rangle \right),$$

$$V' = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\rho^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\omega & \rho^+ & K^{*+} \\ \rho^- & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\rho^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\omega & K^{*0} \\ K^{*-} & \bar{K}^{*0} & \phi \end{array} \right) \qquad B = \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\Sigma^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\Lambda & \Sigma^+ & p \\ \Sigma^- & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\Sigma^0 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\Lambda & n \\ \Xi^- & \Xi^0 & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}\Lambda \end{array} \right)$$

$$V_{ij} = C_{ij} \frac{1}{4f_\pi^2} (k^0 + k'^0)$$

$$T = (1 - VG)^{-1}V,$$

$$G_i(\sqrt{s}) = 2M_i \int_{|\vec{q}| < q_{\rm max}} \frac{d^3q}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{\omega_1(\vec{q}) + \omega_2(\vec{q})}{2\omega_1(\vec{q})\omega_2(\vec{q})} \frac{1}{s - [\omega_1(\vec{q}) + \omega_2(\vec{q})]^2 + i\epsilon},$$

TABLE XII: The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $S = -1$ sector with issopin $I = 1/2$.

$q_{\max}$	Pole		$\bar{D}_s N$	$\bar{D} \Lambda$	$\bar{D} \Sigma$
550	2906.62	2906	g_i	0.91	1.43
			$g_i G_i$	-7.62	-3.94
600	2898		g_i	2.51	3.59
			$g_i G_i$	-17.89	-11.52
630	2888		g_i	3.10	4.26
			$g_i G_i$	-20.43	-14.71
650	2880		g_i	3.40	4.59
			$g_i G_i$	-21.7	-16.39

The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $I = 1/2$, $S = -1$ sector.

$q_{\max}$	Pole		$\bar{D}\Sigma^*$	
550	3250.08	3246.38	g_i	1.86
			$g_i G_i$	-17.25
600		3241.99	g_i	2.35
			$g_i G_i$	-21.82
630		3238.39	g_i	2.63
			$g_i G_i$	-24.47
650		3235.56	g_i	2.82
			$g_i G_i$	-26.22

The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $S = -2$ sector with isospin $I = 0$.

$q_{\max}$	Pole		$\bar{D}_s \Lambda$	$\bar{D} \Xi$
560	3084.03	3083	g_i	0.92
			$g_i G_i$	-8.70
600		3071	g_i	2.12
			$g_i G_i$	-15.72
630		3057	g_i	2.55
			$g_i G_i$	-17.09
650		3046	g_i	2.79
			$g_i G_i$	-17.82

The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $I = 0$, $S = -2$ sector.

q_{max}	Pole	$\bar{D}\Xi^*$		
550	3399.05	3393	g_i	2.03
			$g_i G_i$	−18.80
600		3388	g_i	2.49
			$g_i G_i$	−23.16
630		3383	g_i	2.77
			$g_i G_i$	−25.72
650		3380	g_i	2.95
			$g_i G_i$	−27.42

TABLE XX: The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $S = -1$ sector.

$q_{\max}$	Pole		$\bar{D}_s^* N$	$\bar{D}^* \Lambda$	$\bar{D}^* \Sigma$
550	3050.47	3049	g_i	1.37	1.06
			$g_i G_i$	-10.44	-3.96
600	3039		g_i	2.74	1.75
			$g_i G_i$	-17.87	-7.27
630	3028		g_i	3.31	1.94
			$g_i G_i$	-20.05	-8.33
650	3020		g_i	3.62	2.04
			$g_i G_i$	-21.19	-8.91

TABLE XXI: The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $S = -2$ sector.

$q_{\max}$	Pole		$\bar{D}_s^* \Lambda$	$\bar{D}^* \Xi$
550	3227.88	3227	g_i	0.86
			$g_i G_i$	-7.73
600	3211		g_i	2.31
			$g_i G_i$	-15.42
630	3196		g_i	2.72
			$g_i G_i$	-16.59
650	3184		g_i	2.97
			$g_i G_i$	-17.27

The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $I = 1/2$, $S = -1$ sector.

$q_{\max}$	Pole	$\bar{D}^* \Sigma^*$ (Th = 3391 MeV)
550	3391.39 3386	g_i 2.03
		$g_i G_i$ -17.46
600	3381	g_i 2.52
		$g_i G_i$ -21.76
630	3377	g_i 2.81
		$g_i G_i$ -24.27
650	3374	g_i 3.00
		$g_i G_i$ -25.93

The pole (in MeV) and its coupling constants g_i and $g_i G_i$ (in MeV) to the channels in the $I = 0$, $S = -2$ sector.

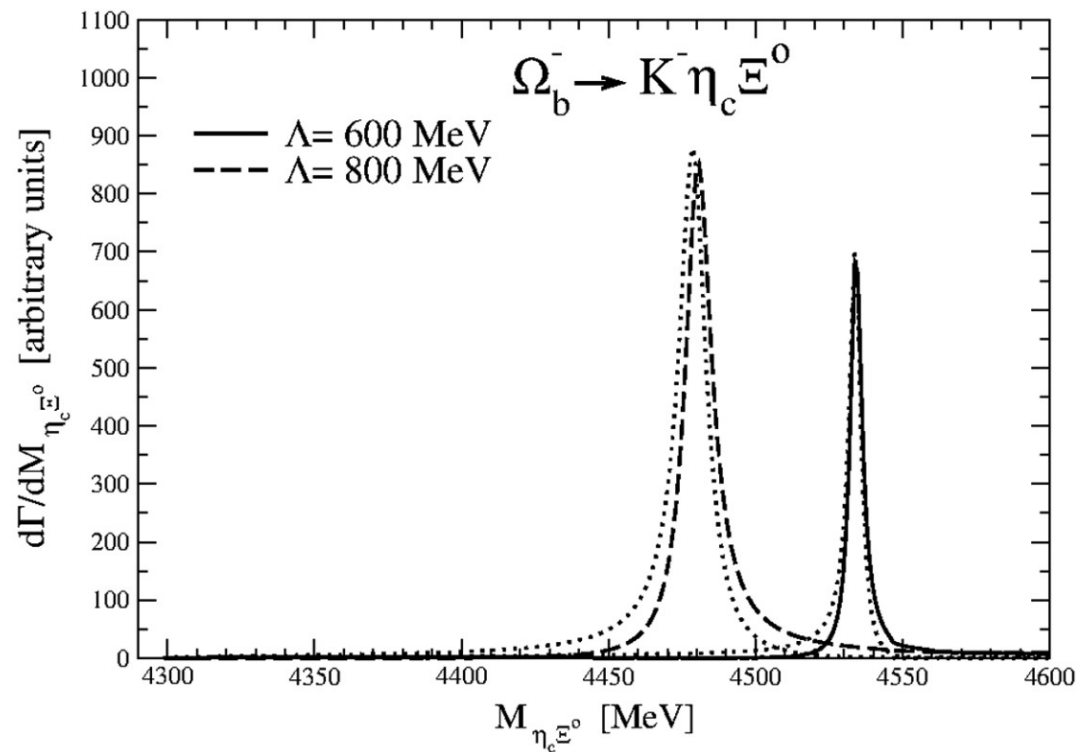
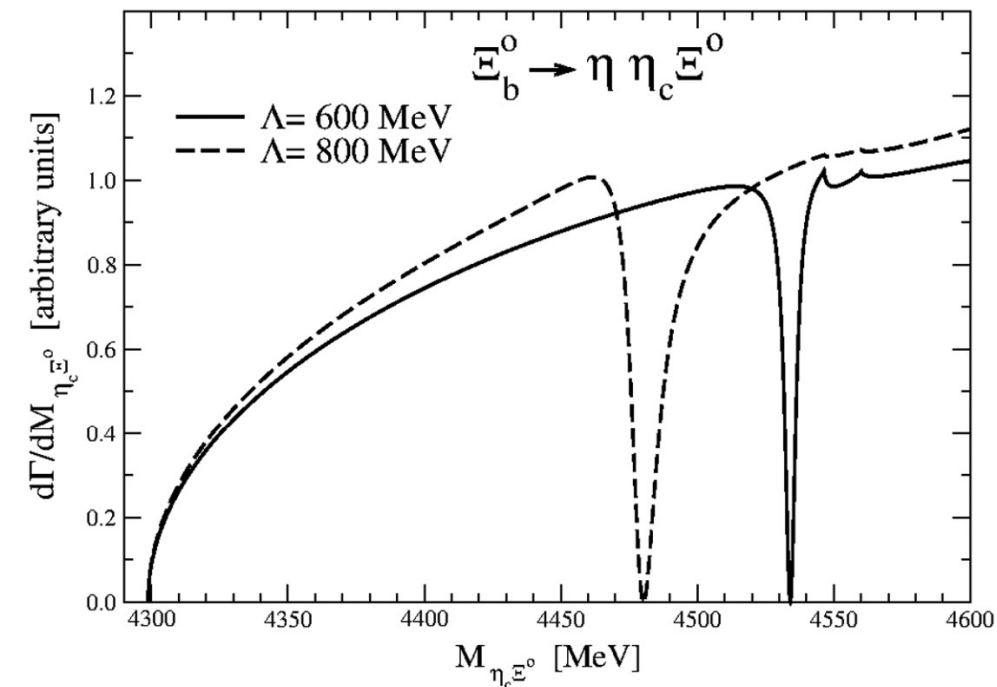
$q_{\max}$	Pole	$\bar{D}^* \Xi^*$ (Th = 3540.36 MeV)
550	3540.36 3533	g_i 2.18
		$g_i G_i$ -18.83
600	3527	g_i 2.66
		$g_i G_i$ -22.96
630	3523	g_i 2.94
		$g_i G_i$ -25.41
650	3519	g_i 3.13
		$g_i G_i$ -27.03

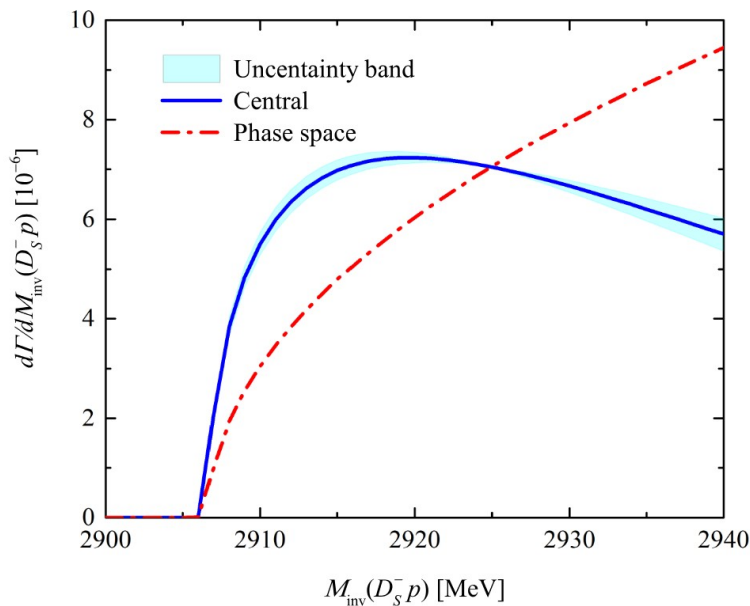
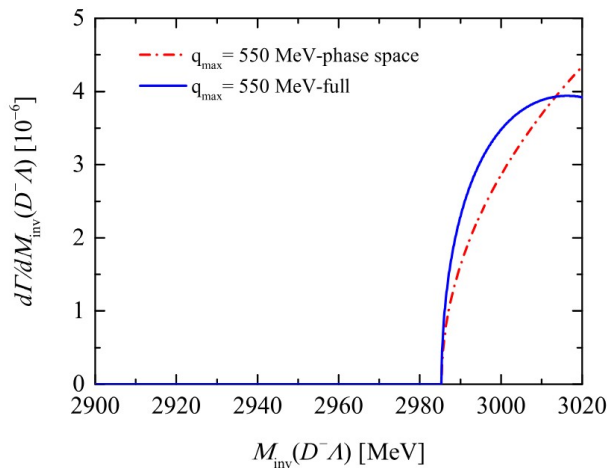
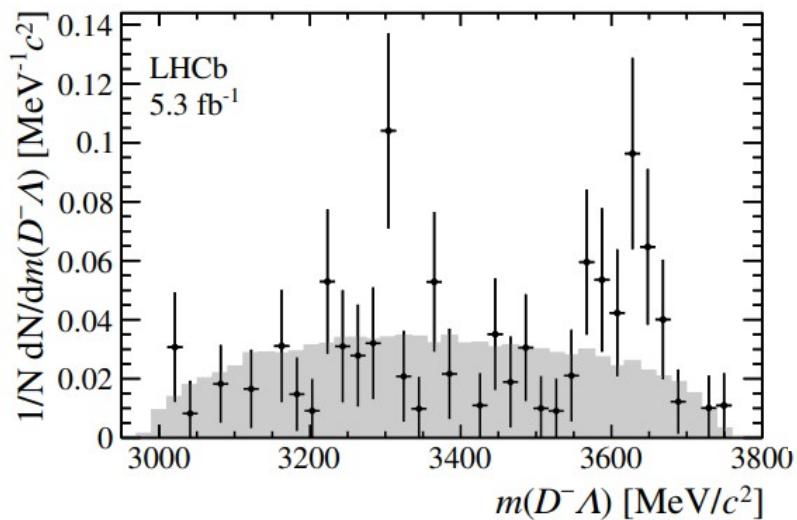
No states are found in the $S=-3$ ($D_s \Xi$) and $S=-4$ ($D_s \Omega$)

The interaction is repulsive

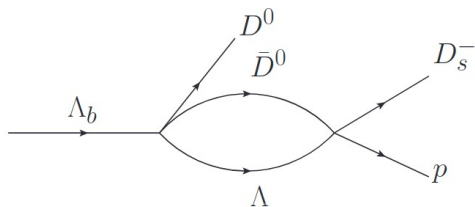
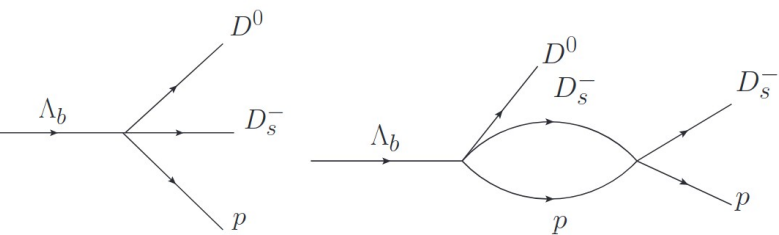
Production of pentaquarks with hidden charm and double strangeness in Ξ_h and Ω_h decays

E. Oset, L. Roca, M. Whitehead PHYS. REV. D 110, 034016 (2024)



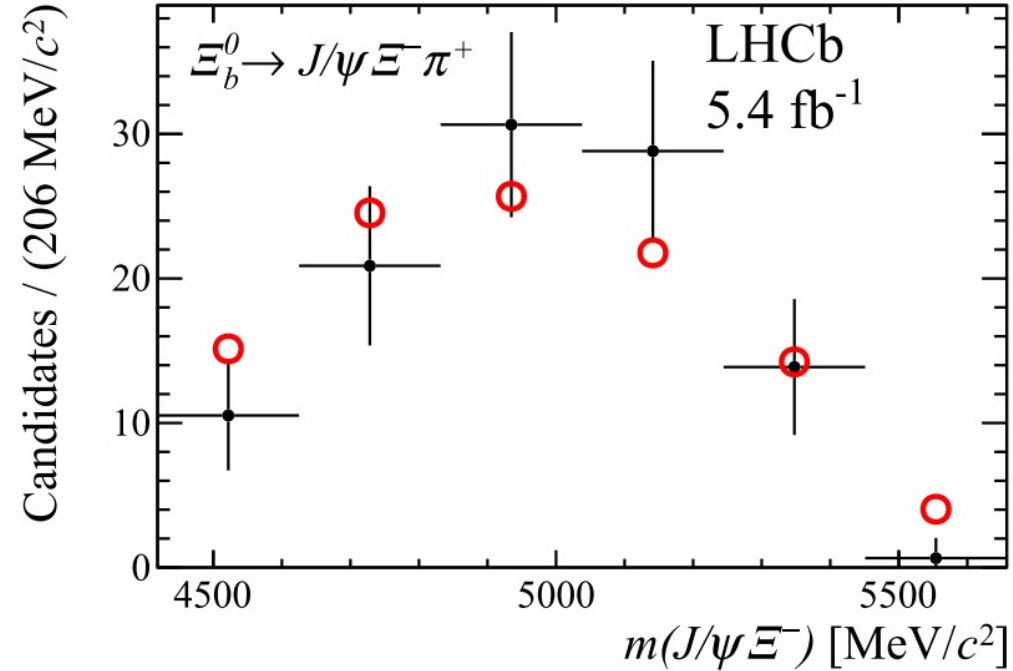
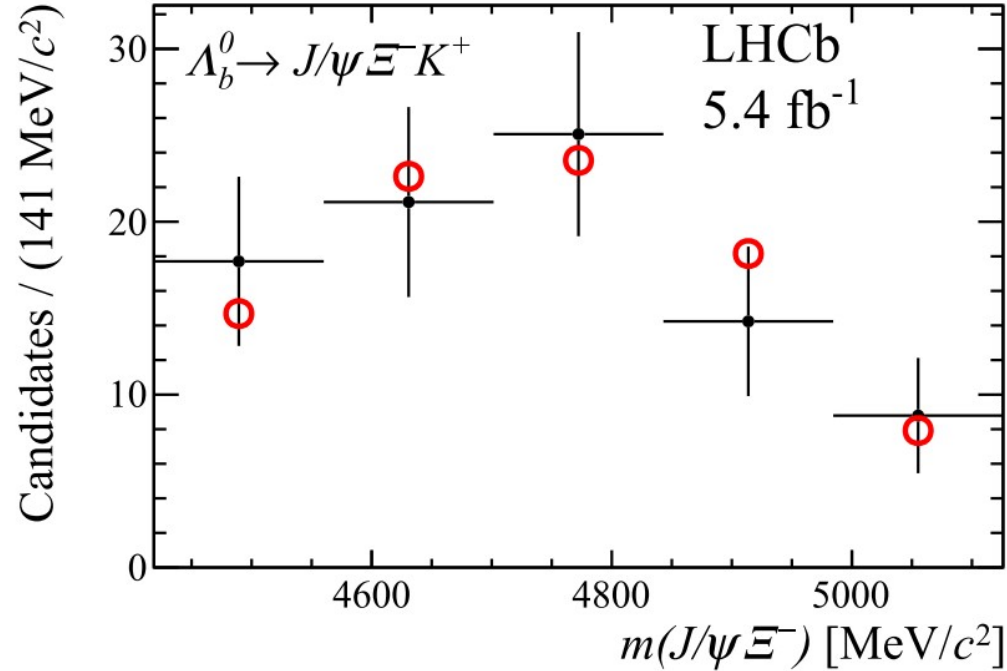


Study close to threshold done in
J Song, M. Bayar, E. Oset
2507.01865, PRD

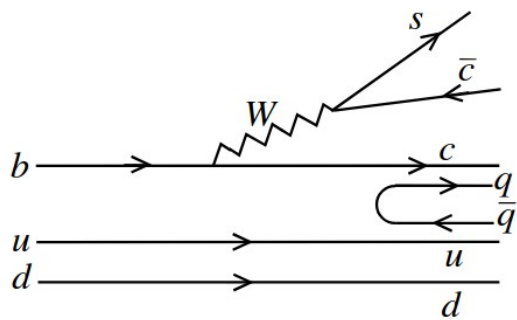


Connection to experiment LHCb has measured the reactions

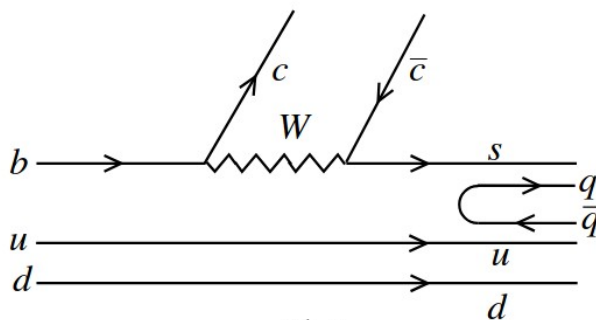
$$\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- K^+ \quad \Xi_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- \pi^+$$



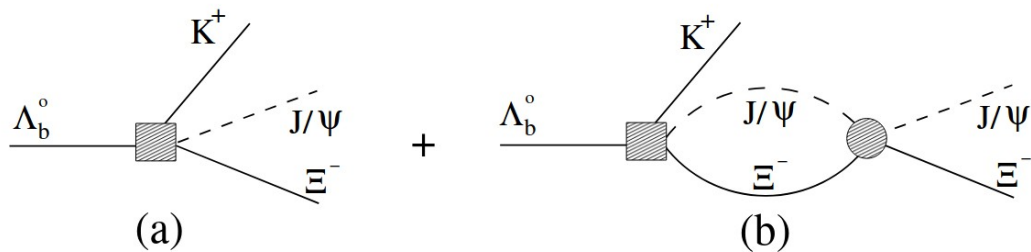
Results compatible with phase space (red circles) BUT THE BINS ARE VERY LARGE



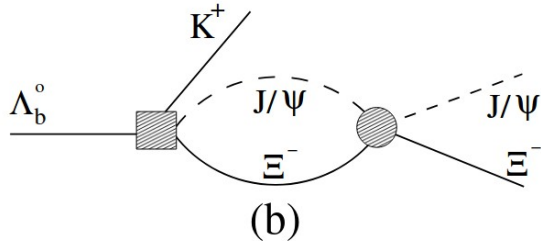
(a)



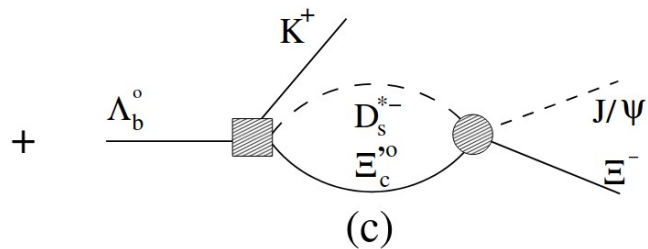
(b)



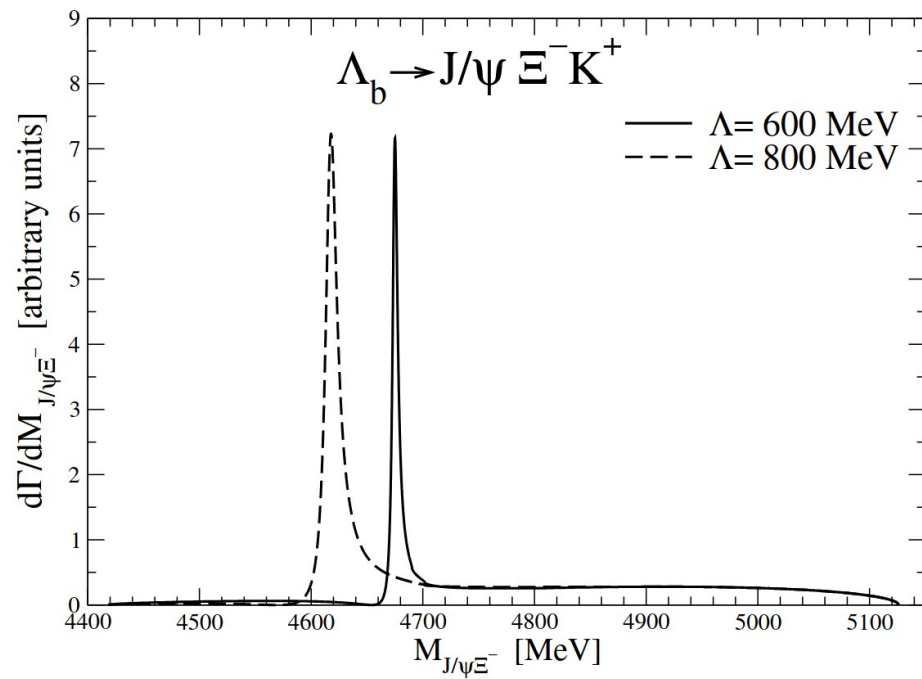
(a)

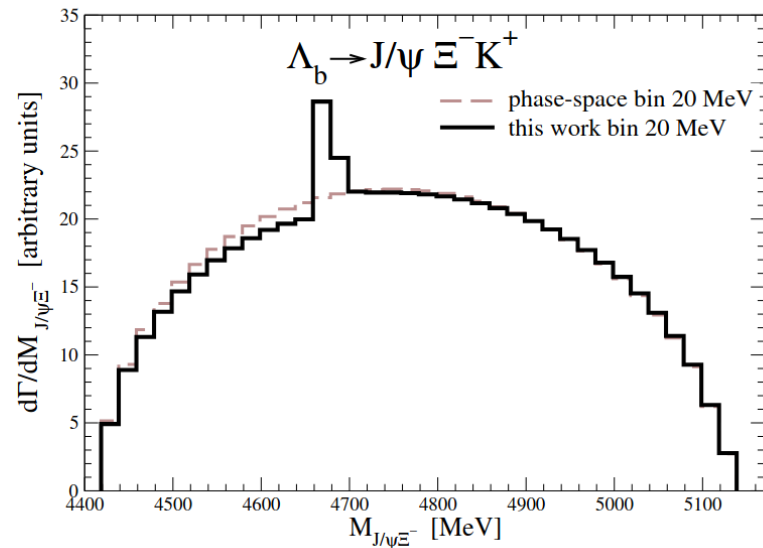
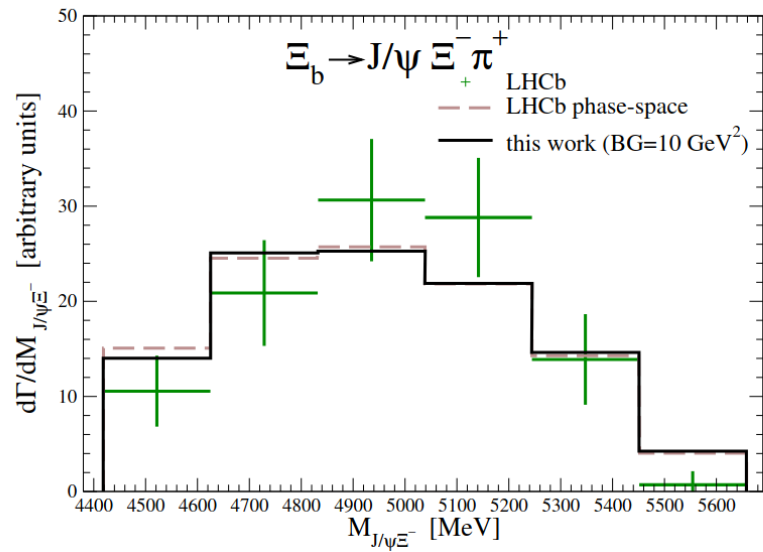
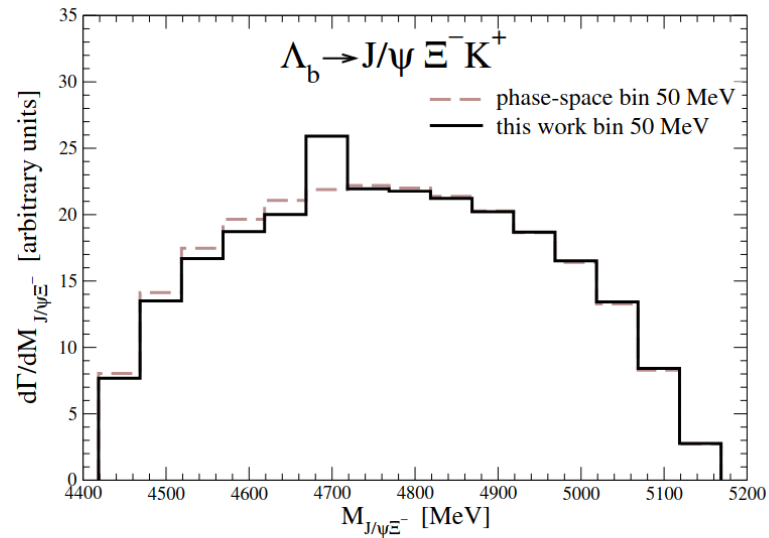
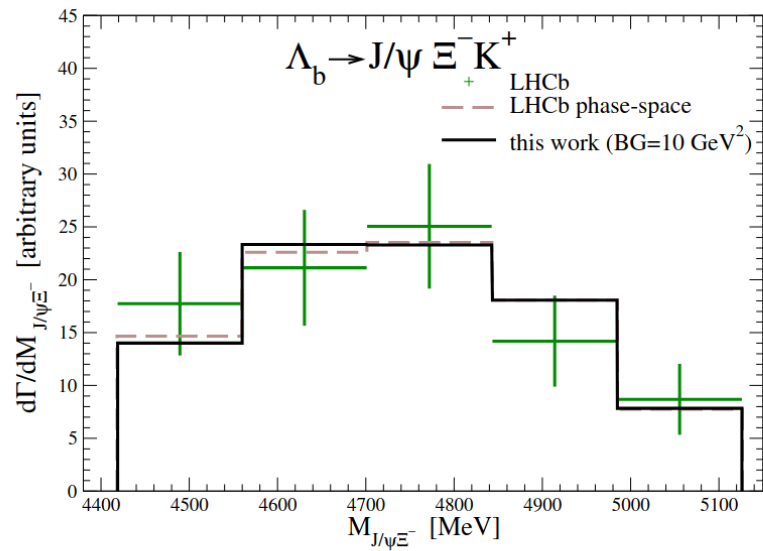


(b)



(c)





Conclusions

We find 4 pentaquarks of $c\bar{c}$ and two ss quarks of molecular nature coming from PB , VB , PB^* , VB^* coupled channels

$c\bar{c}ss$ is found not bound

We also find 8 pentaquarks of molecular nature coming from PB , VB , PB^* , VB^* coupled channels, corresponding to $c\bar{c}snn$, and $c\bar{c}ssnn$

$c\bar{c}ssn$ and $c\bar{c}ssss$ states are found not bound

We study the LHCb reactions $\Lambda_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- K^+$ $\Xi_b \rightarrow J/\psi \Xi^- \pi^+$

and show that with higher statistics one should see the predicted VB state around 4700 MeV.