

# r-process nucleosynthesis

## (RIBF : Experimental Side)

**Shunji Nishimura**  
**(RIKEN)**

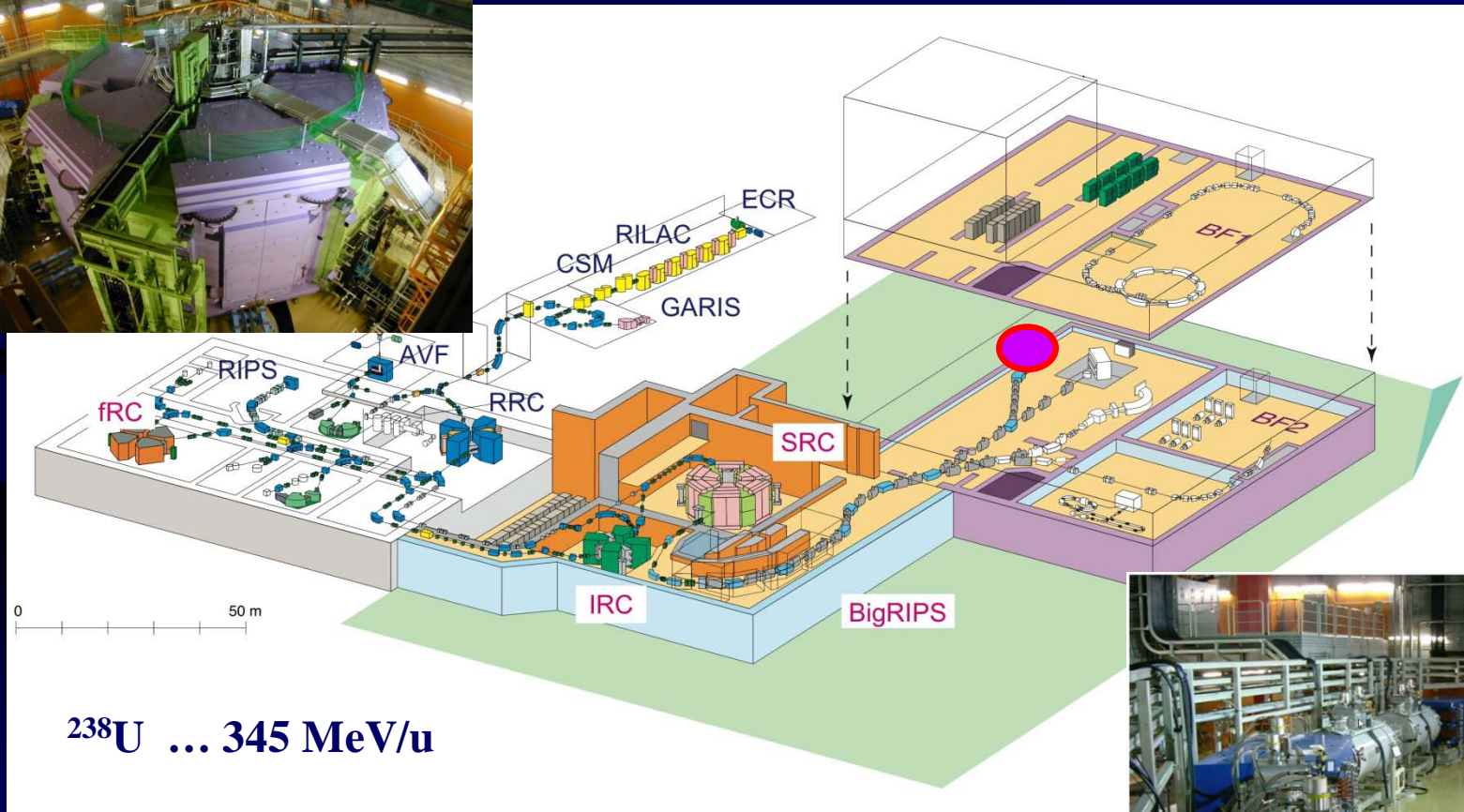
RIBF討論会：核理論 RIBF実験 協力関係  
→ 成果を最大限産み出す。

Status

( - 2011 )

# RIKEN RIBF

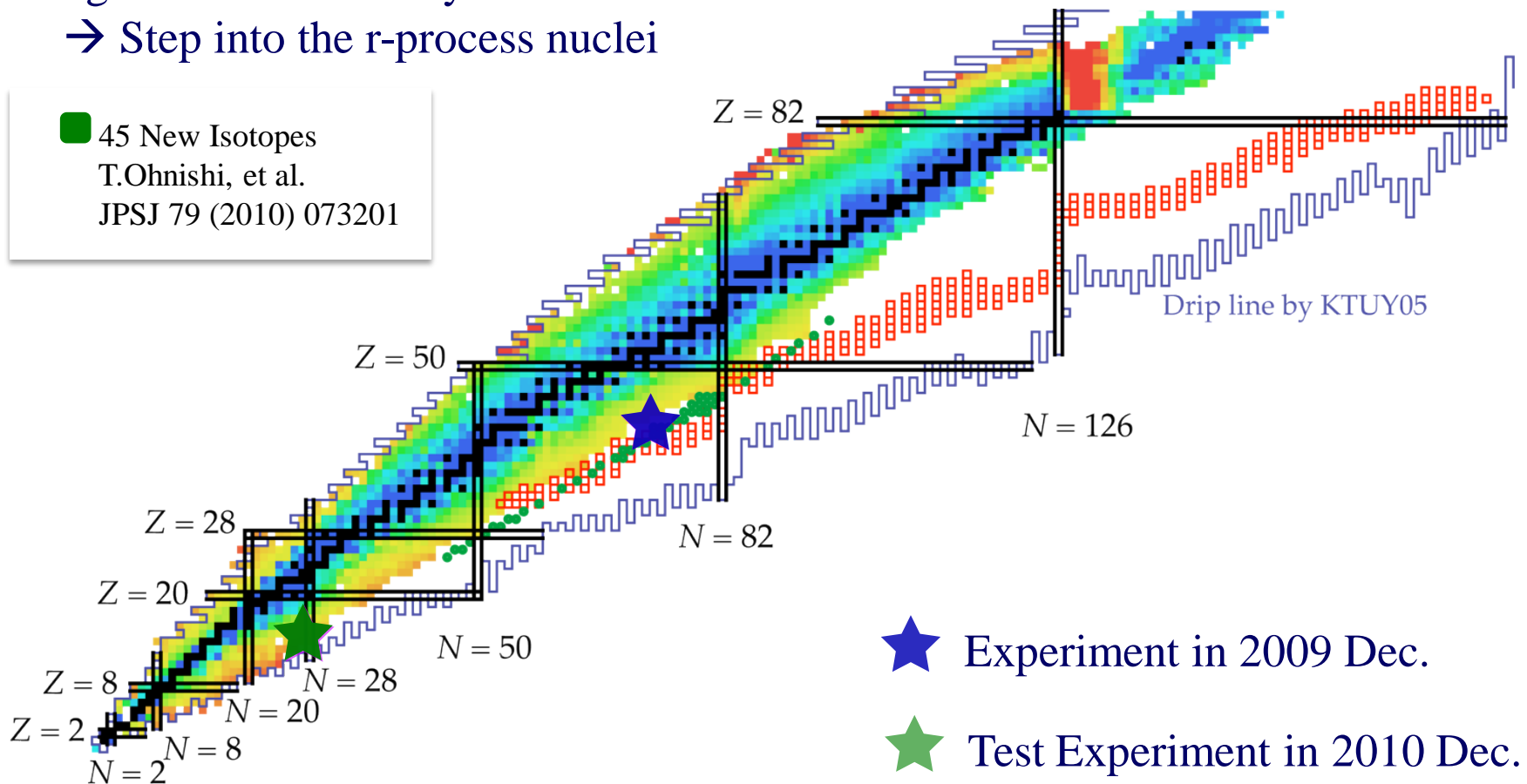
Nucleus	Beam Intensity / pnA	
	Achieved	Expected FY 2011/12
$^{48}\text{Ca}$	230	200
$^{86}\text{Kr}$	30	30
$^{124,136}\text{Xe}$	10	10
$^{238}\text{U}$	<del>0.5</del> 3-4	5



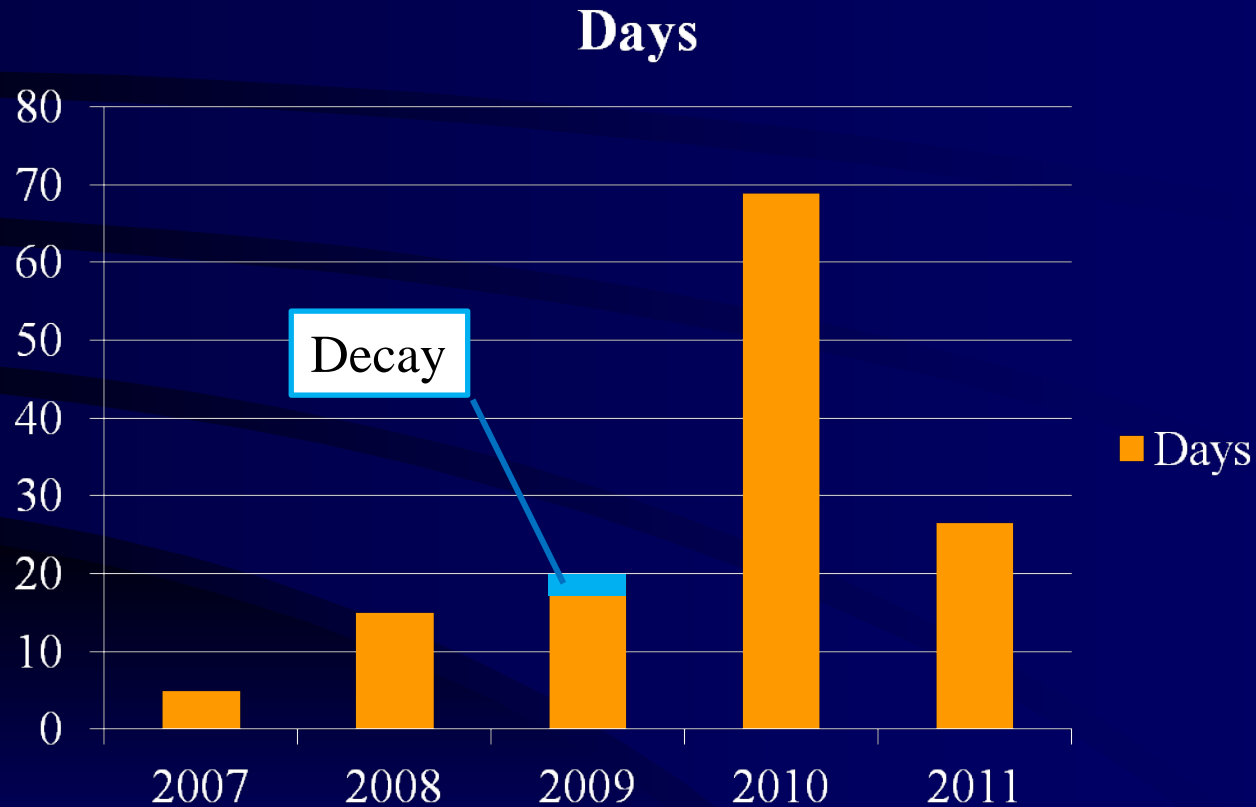
# Beta-Decay Experiments at RIBF

Highest beam intensity of  $^{238}\text{U}$ -beam  
→ Step into the r-process nuclei

■ 45 New Isotopes  
T. Ohnishi, et al.  
JPSJ 79 (2010) 073201



# RIBF Experiments (Beam on Target)



# These days..

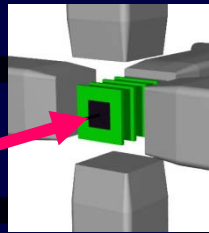
2009

2010

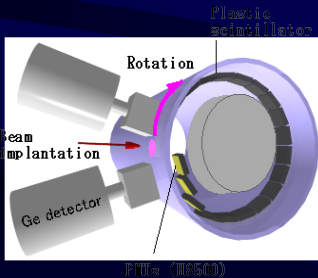
2011

2012

2013



1<sup>st</sup> Decay Exp. (Si)  
A ~ 110  
(2.5-days)



\*PLB 696, 186 (2011)

\*PRL. 106, 052502 (2011)

\*PRL. 106, 202501 (2011)

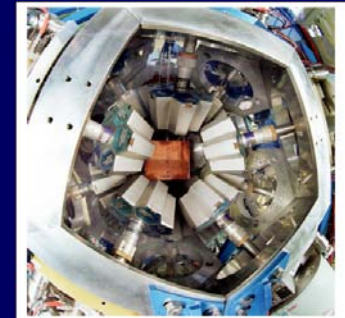
\*PLB 704, 270 (2011)



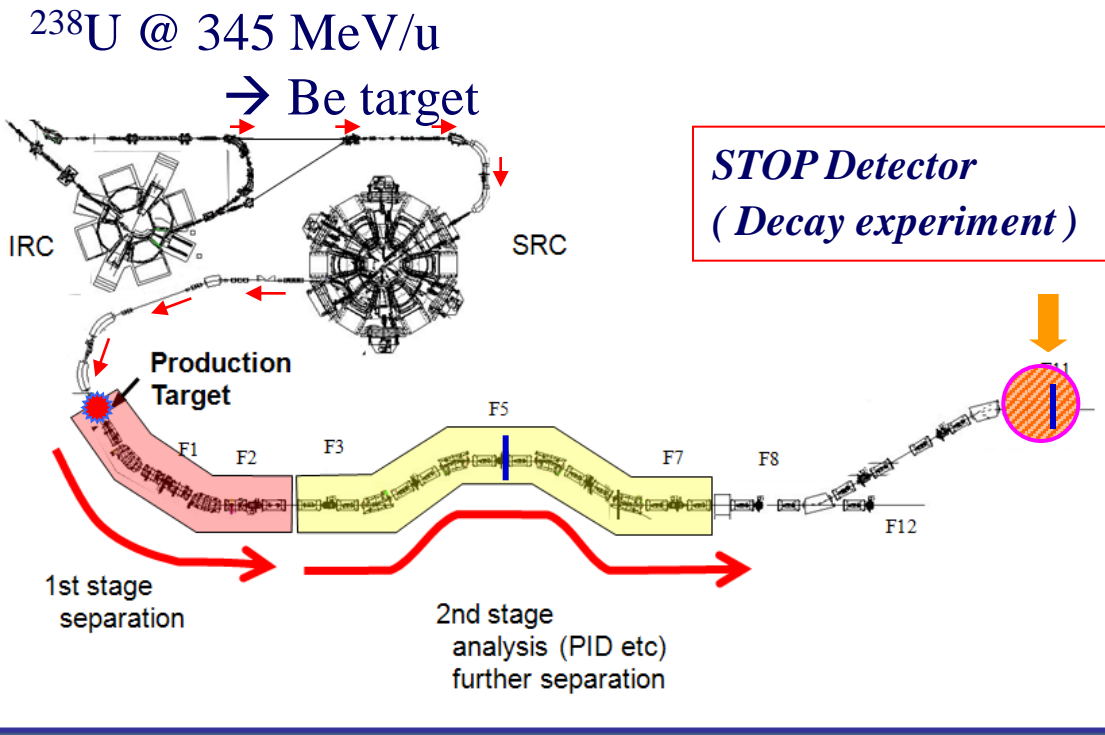
Test Exp. (CAITEN)  
A = 30 ~ 40



EURICA Project  
(40 % of RIBF beam time)

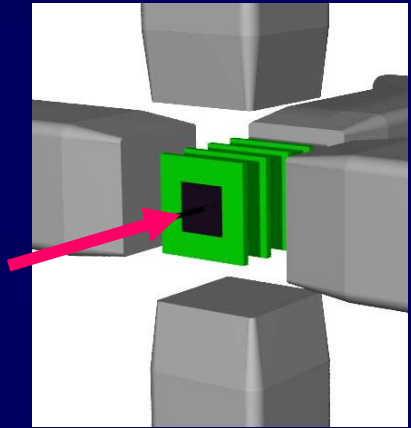


# Beam Production

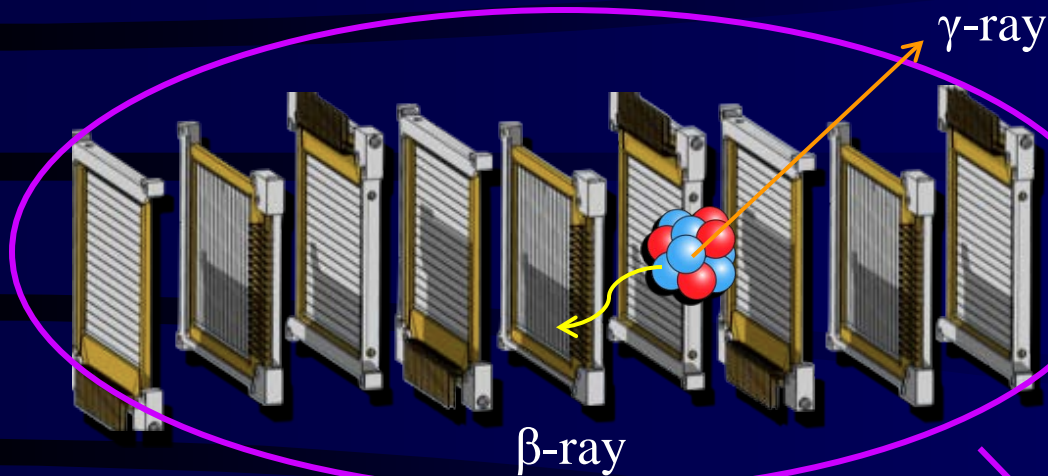


- Charge stripper @ F5
- Degradar @ F11

Silicon strip detector



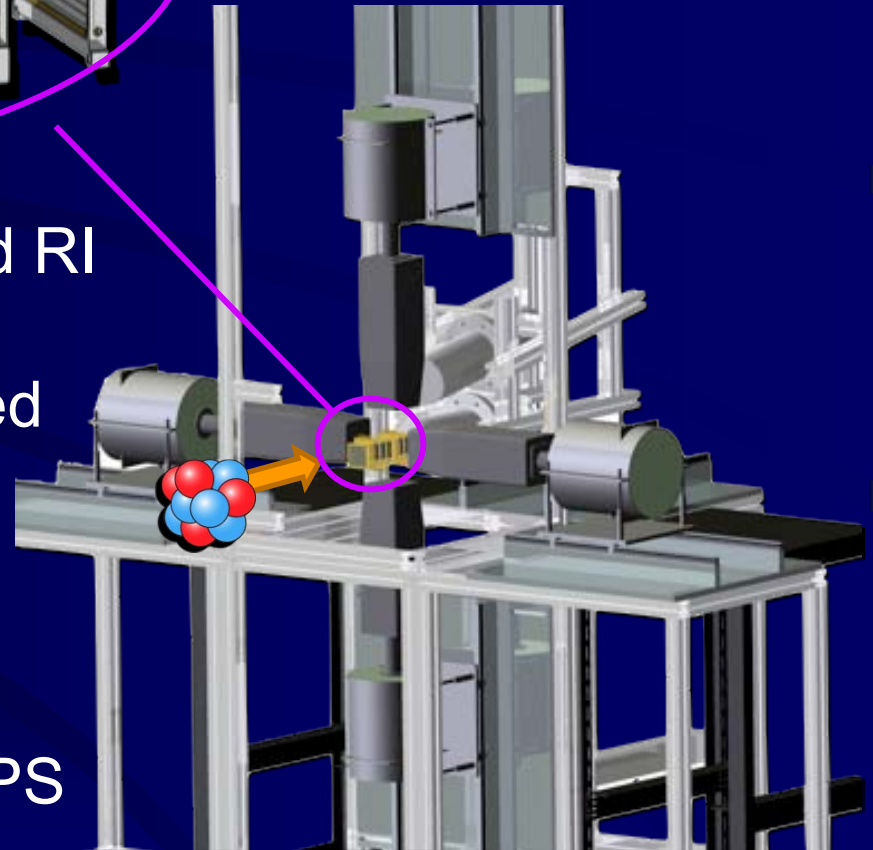
# Experimental Setup



- RI &  $\beta$ -ray detection
  - 9 DSSDs ( $50 \times 50 \times 1 \text{ mm}^3$ )
  - 16 x 16 strips
  - ~ 2000 pixels in total

➤ The implantation of an identified RI is associated with the following  $\beta$ -decay events that are detected in the same DSSSD pixel

➤  $\Delta E$ -TOF-B $\rho$  method using the focal plane detectors in BigRIPS

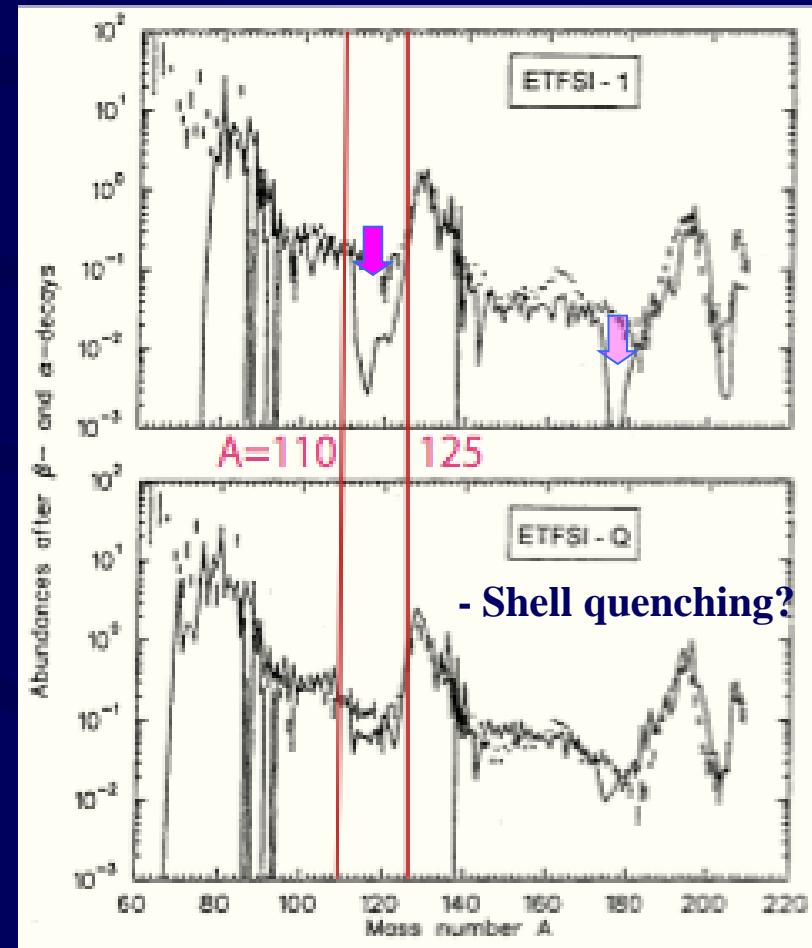
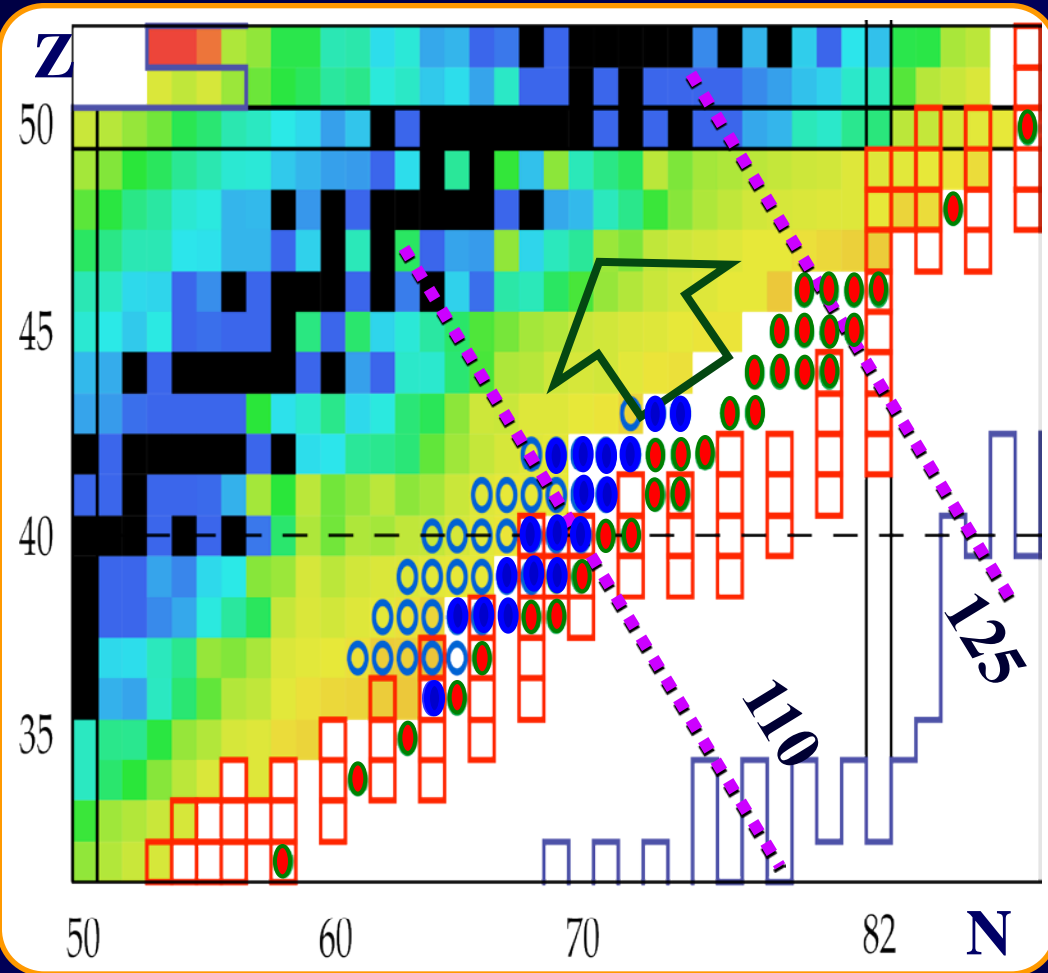




# R-process Abundance around 2<sup>nd</sup> peak

T. Ohnishi, JPSJ 79 (2010).. 45 new isotopes

B. Pfeiffer et al. Z. Phys. A357 (1997)



$$1/T_{1/2} = \sum_{E_i \geq 0}^{E_i \leq Q_\beta} S_\beta(E_i) \times f(Z, Q_\beta - E_i);$$

$$f \sim (Q_\beta - E_i)^5$$

# Beta-decay Half-life $T_{1/2}$ for Kr-Tc

Part of data set (8 hours)  
Low rate implantation  $\sim 8$  cps

1992 : J.Aysto  
...  $^{105}\text{Zr}$ ,  $^{107}\text{Nb}$ ,  $^{109}\text{Mo}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Tc}$

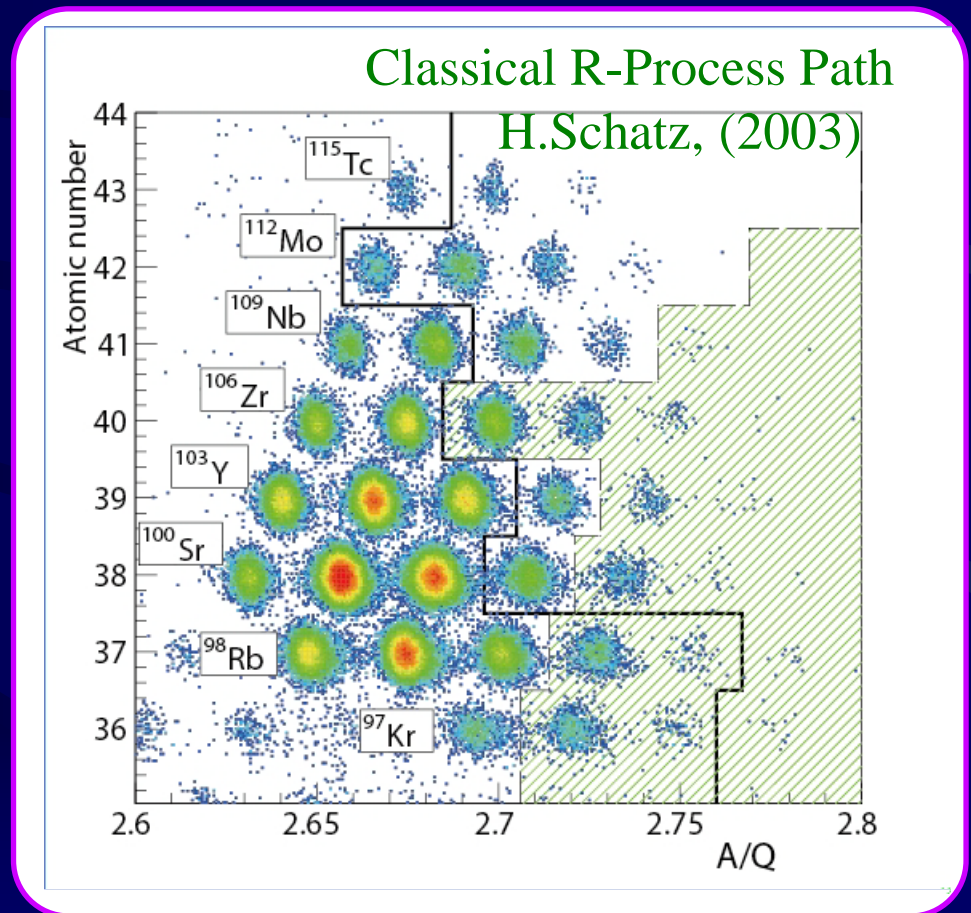
1996 : M.Mehren  
...  $^{103}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{109,110}\text{Nb}$

1999 : J.C.Wang  
...  $^{104}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{112,113,114}\text{Tc}$

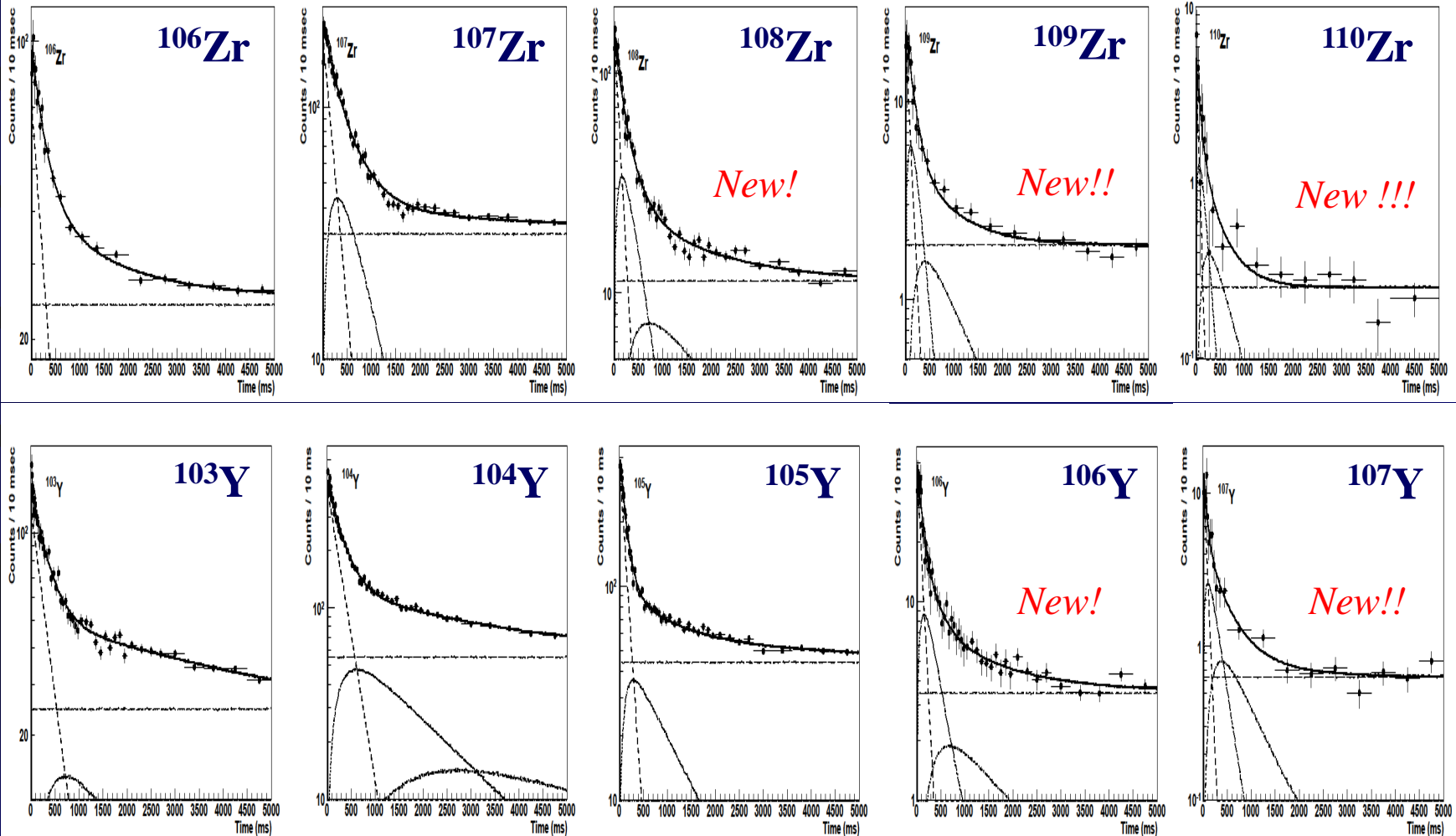
2003 : U.C.Bergmann  
...  $^{96-99}\text{Kr}$

2006 : F.Montes  
...  $^{115}\text{Tc}$

2009 : J.Pereira  
...  $^{105}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{106,107}\text{Zr}$ ,  $^{111}\text{Mo}$

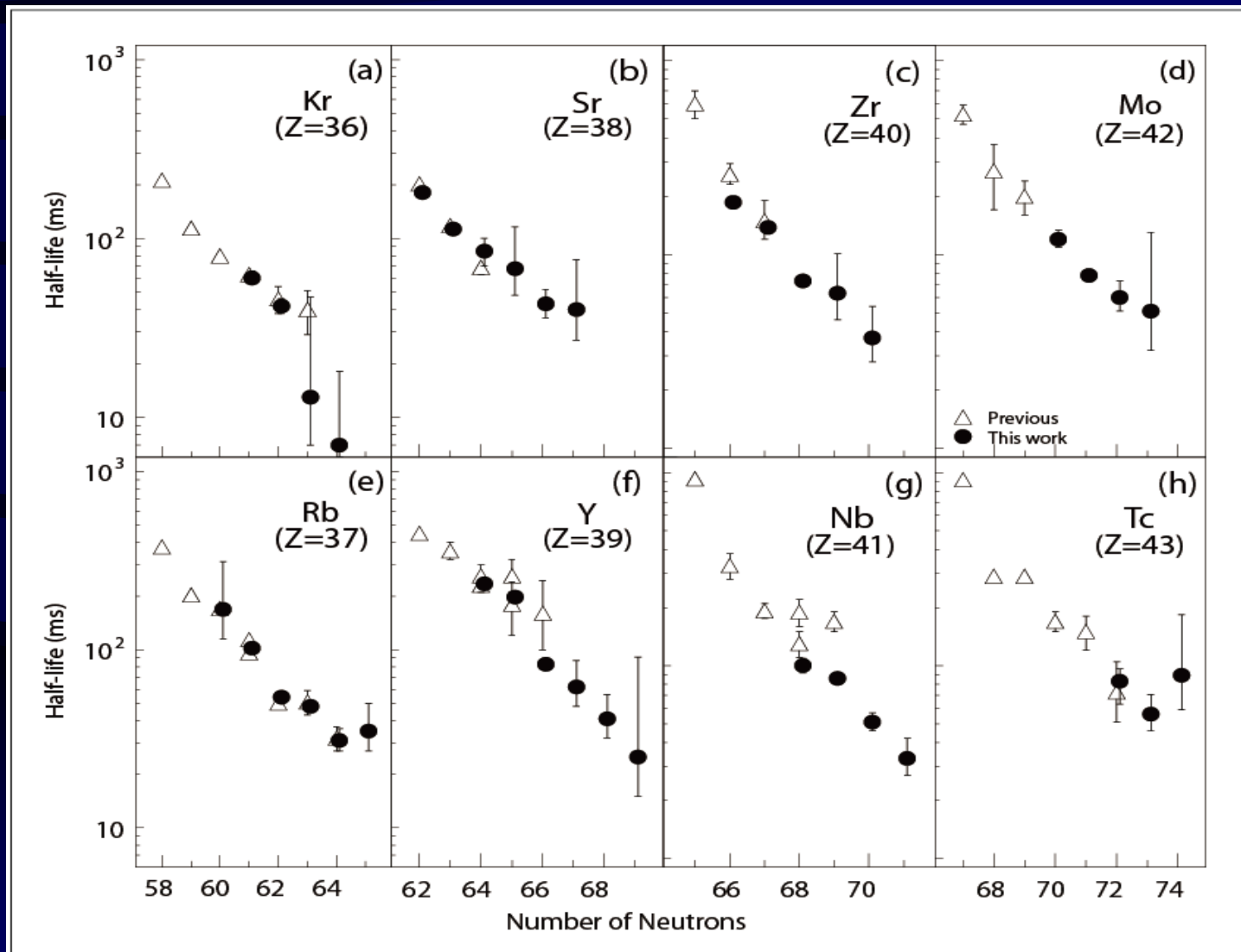


# Y, Zr isotopes : Decay curves



And, more for Kr, Nb, Mo, and Tc isotopes !!

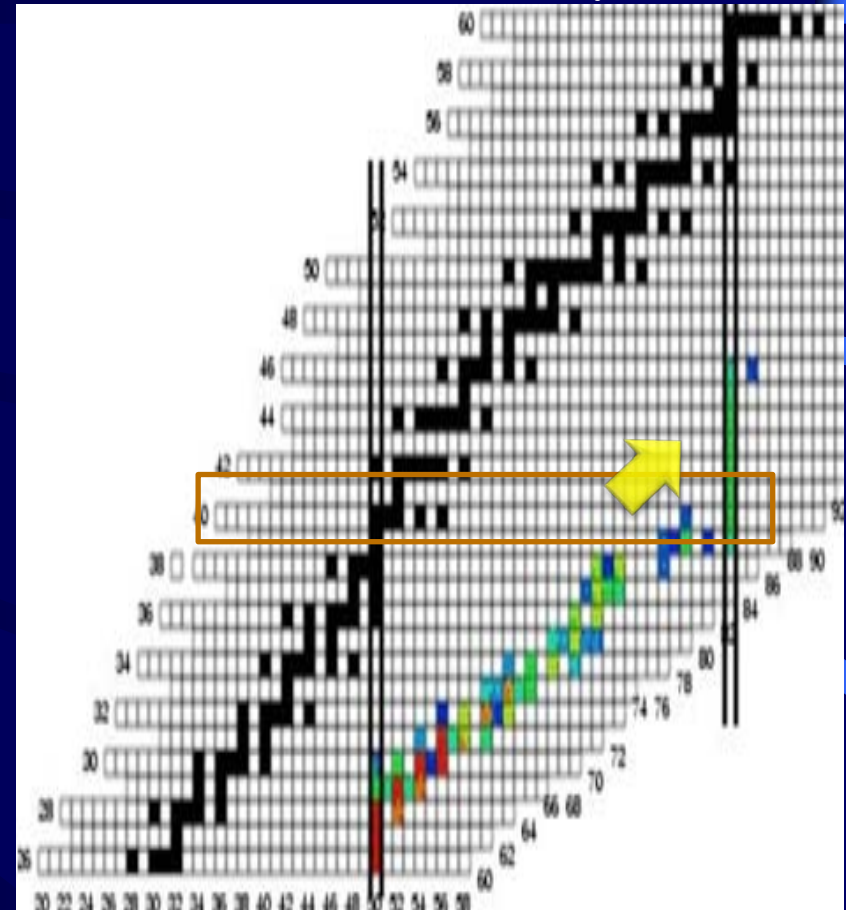
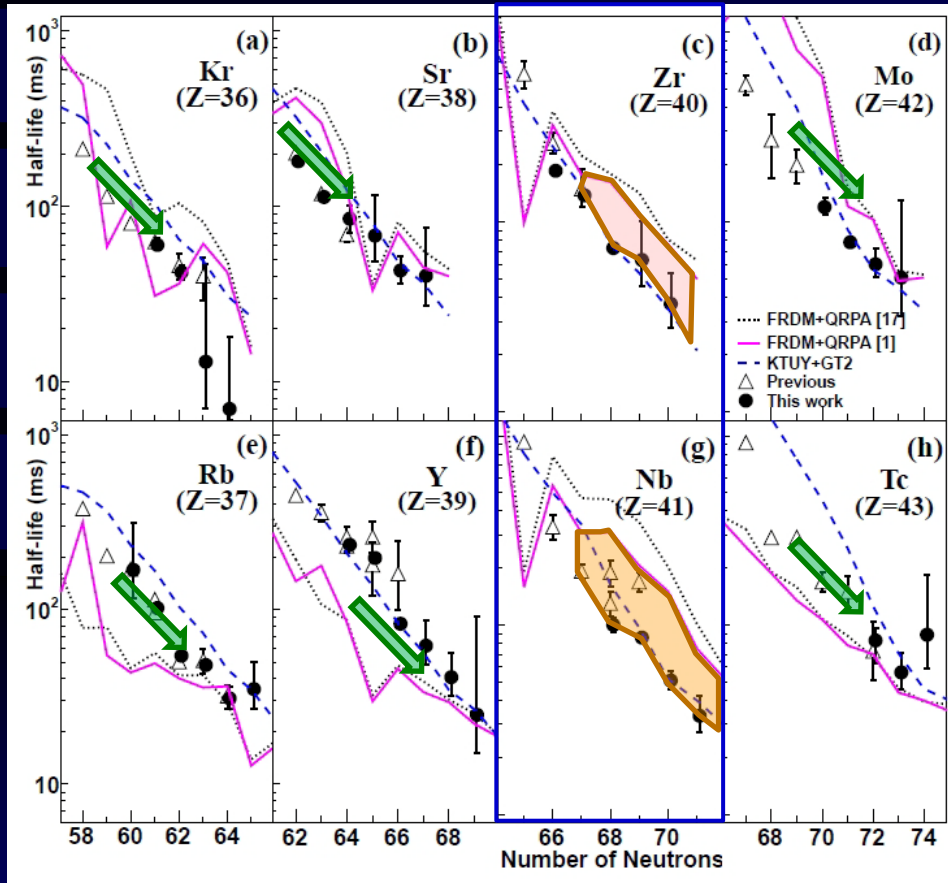
# Neutron Number Dependence of $T_{1/2}$



**Significant improvement of  $T_{1/2}$  information ! & 18 new half-lives !!**

# Very Neutron-Rich Zr and Nb

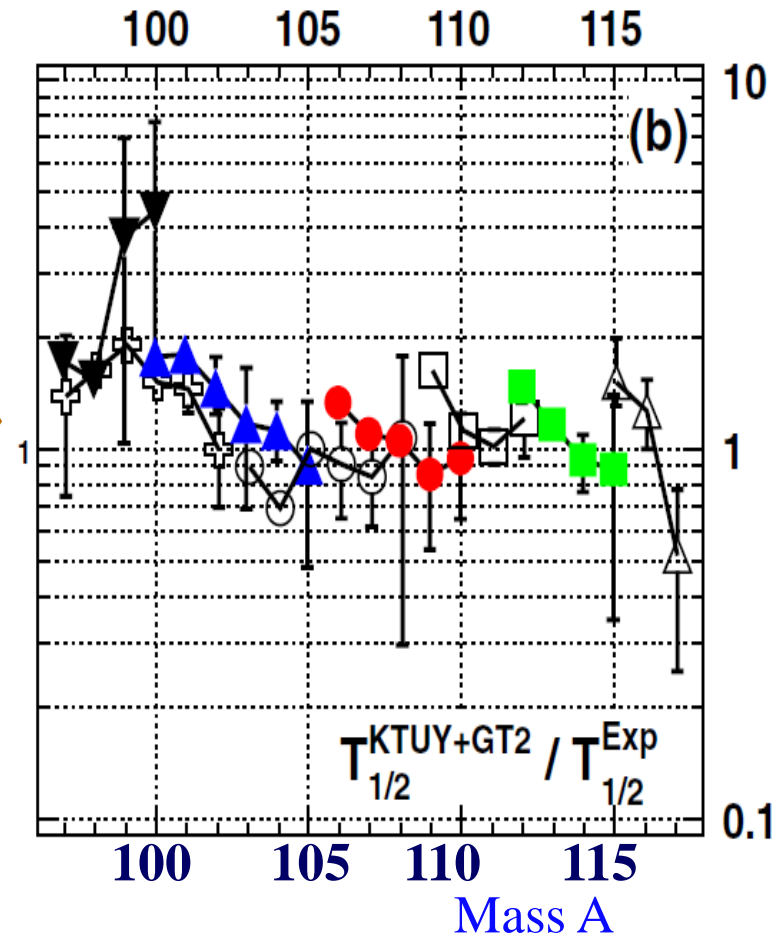
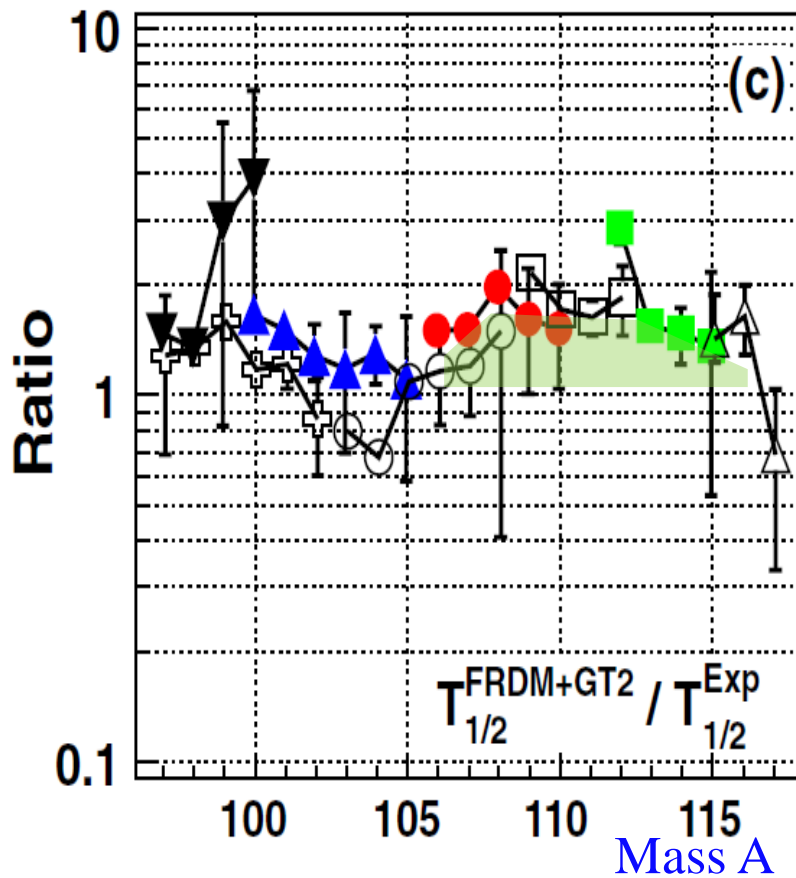
by JINA



Zr and Nb decay faster than expected by FRDM+QRPA ( $T_{1/2} : 1/2 \sim 1/3 \sim$ )

# (FRDM $\rightarrow$ KTUY) +GT2

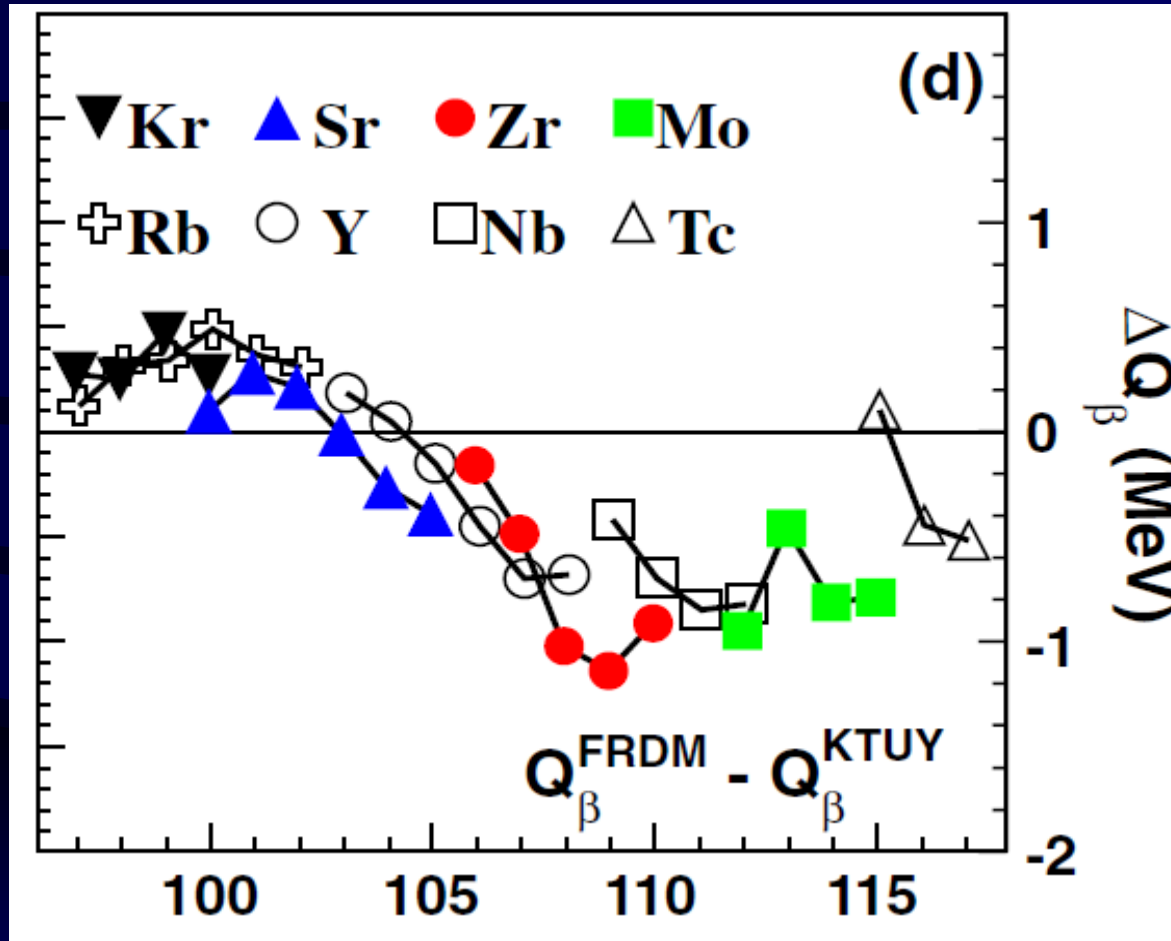
$T_{1/2}(\text{Theory}) / T_{1/2}(\text{Exp.})$



Overestimation of  $T_{1/2}$  by factor of  $\sim 2$

Better agreement for KTUY !  
 $\rightarrow$  WHY ?!

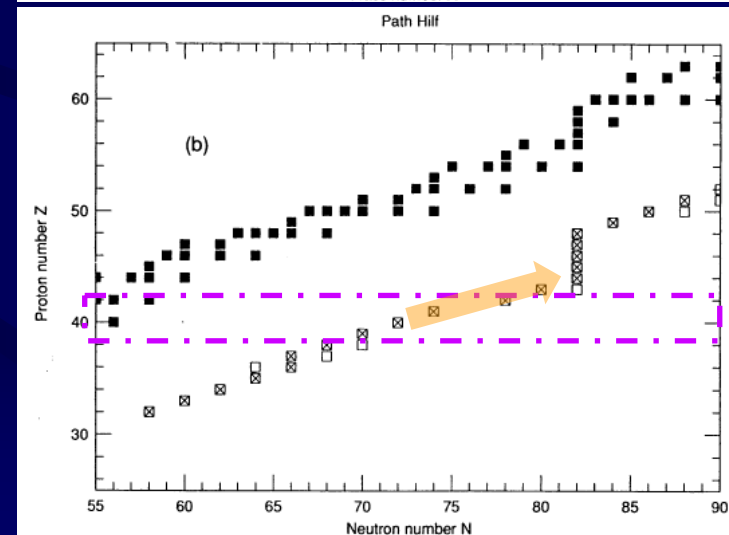
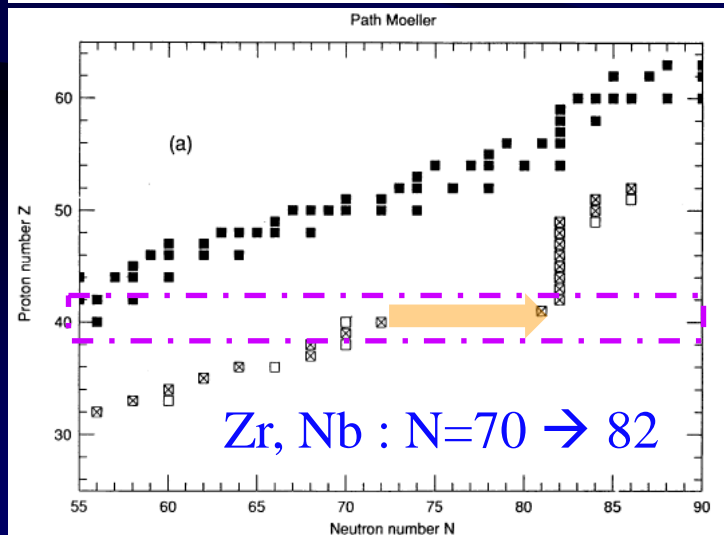
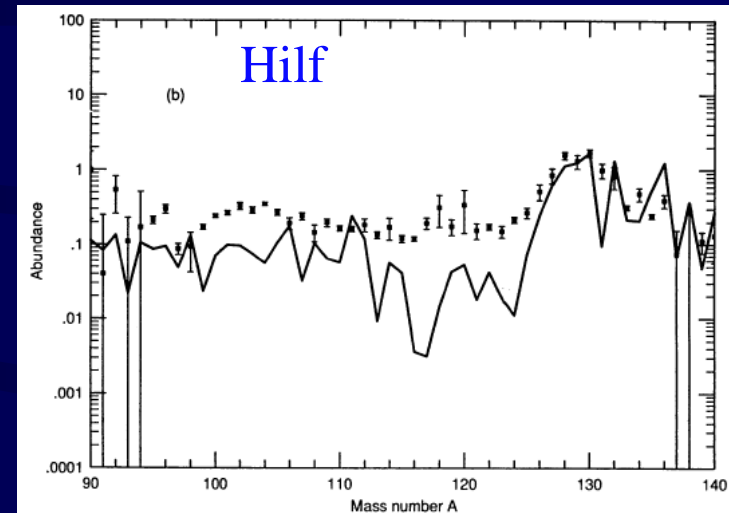
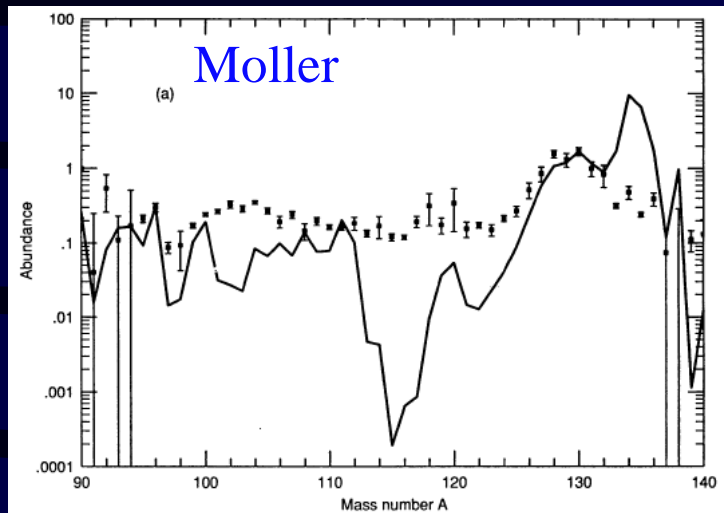
# Better prediction with KTUY (H.Koura) ?



**FRDM may underestimate the Q value :  
 $dQ \sim 1 \text{ MeV @ } A \sim 110.$**

# Mass Formula vs R-Process Path

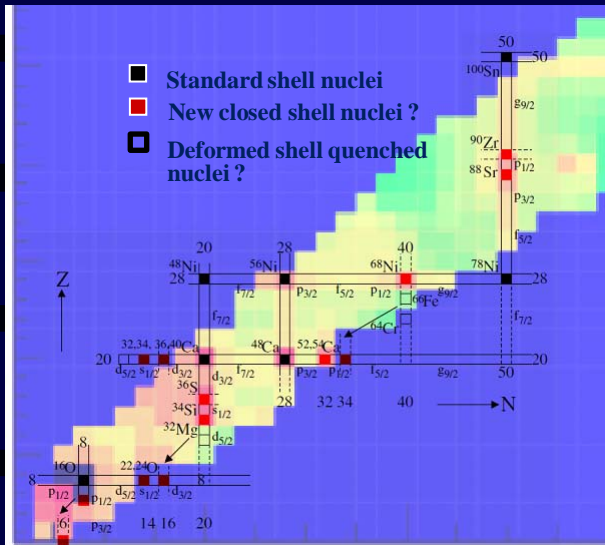
K-L. Kratz APJ 403 (1993) 216



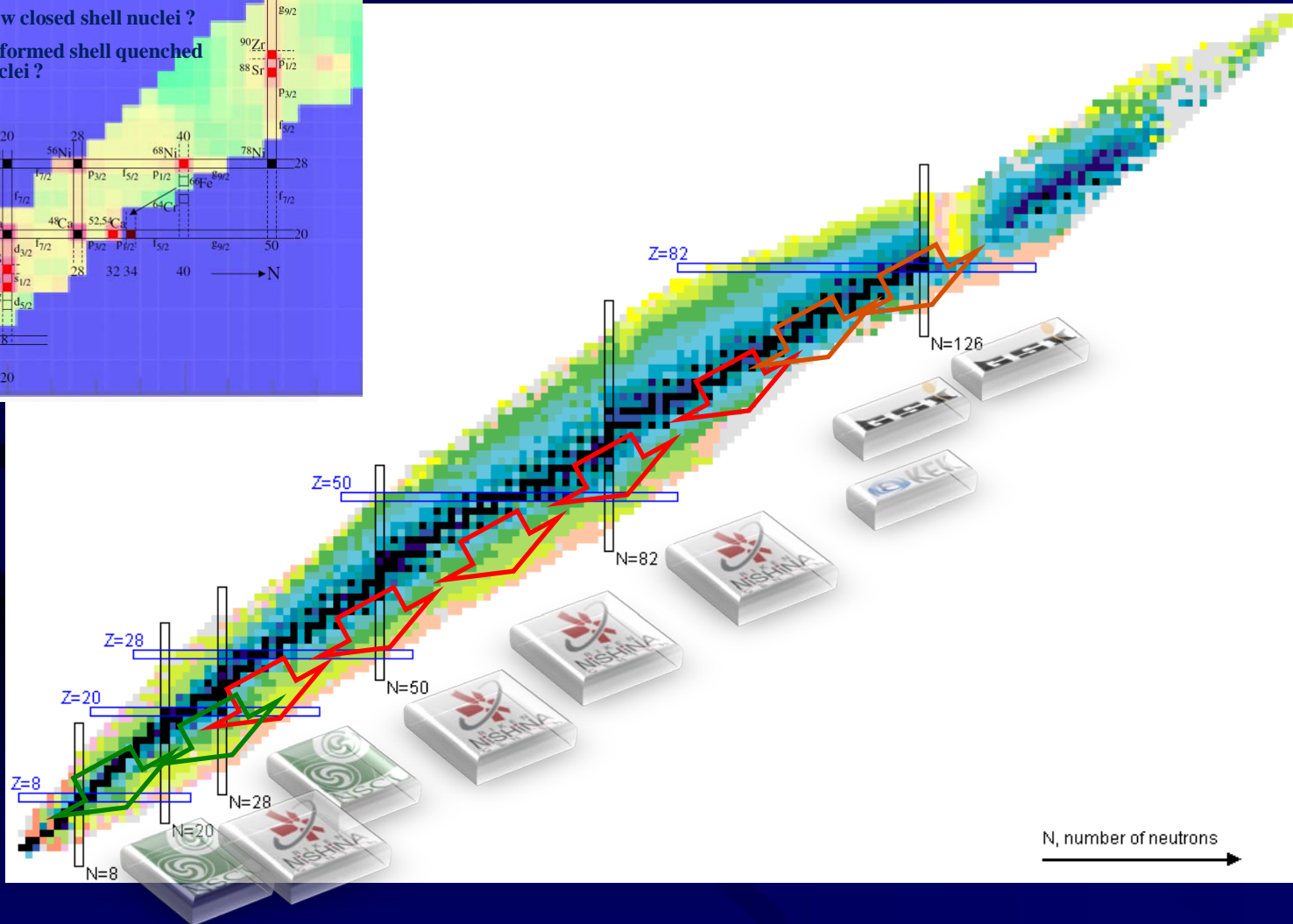


2<sup>nd</sup> Phase ( 2012 - )

# Fast Beam Facilities



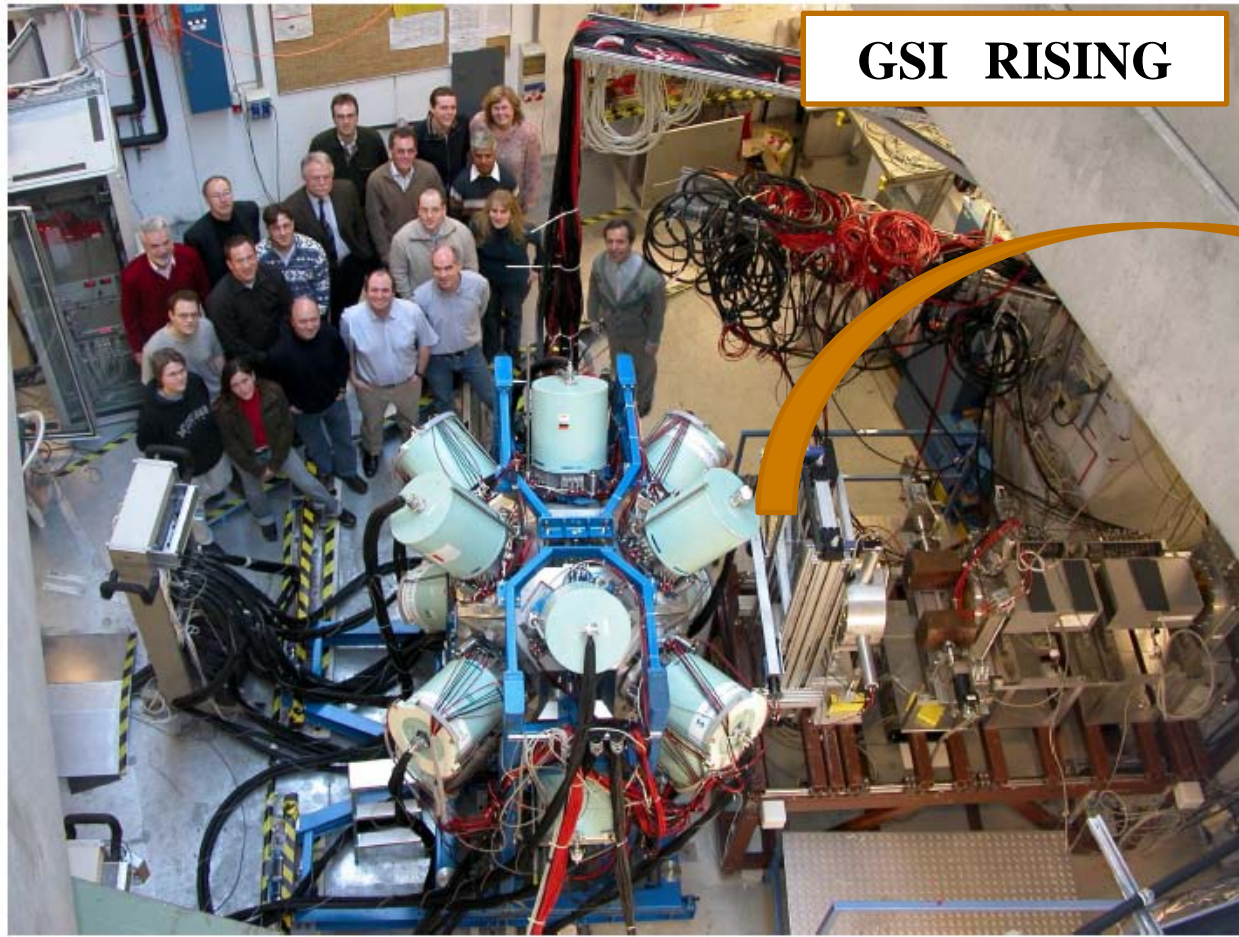
from NNDC



Approach to Heavier RI : Very important for r-process nucleosynthesis.

EURICA Project  
for Stopped Beam Experiment

# Idea of EURICA Project



**GSI RISING**

~ 15 months ago,  
this plan was just rumor.



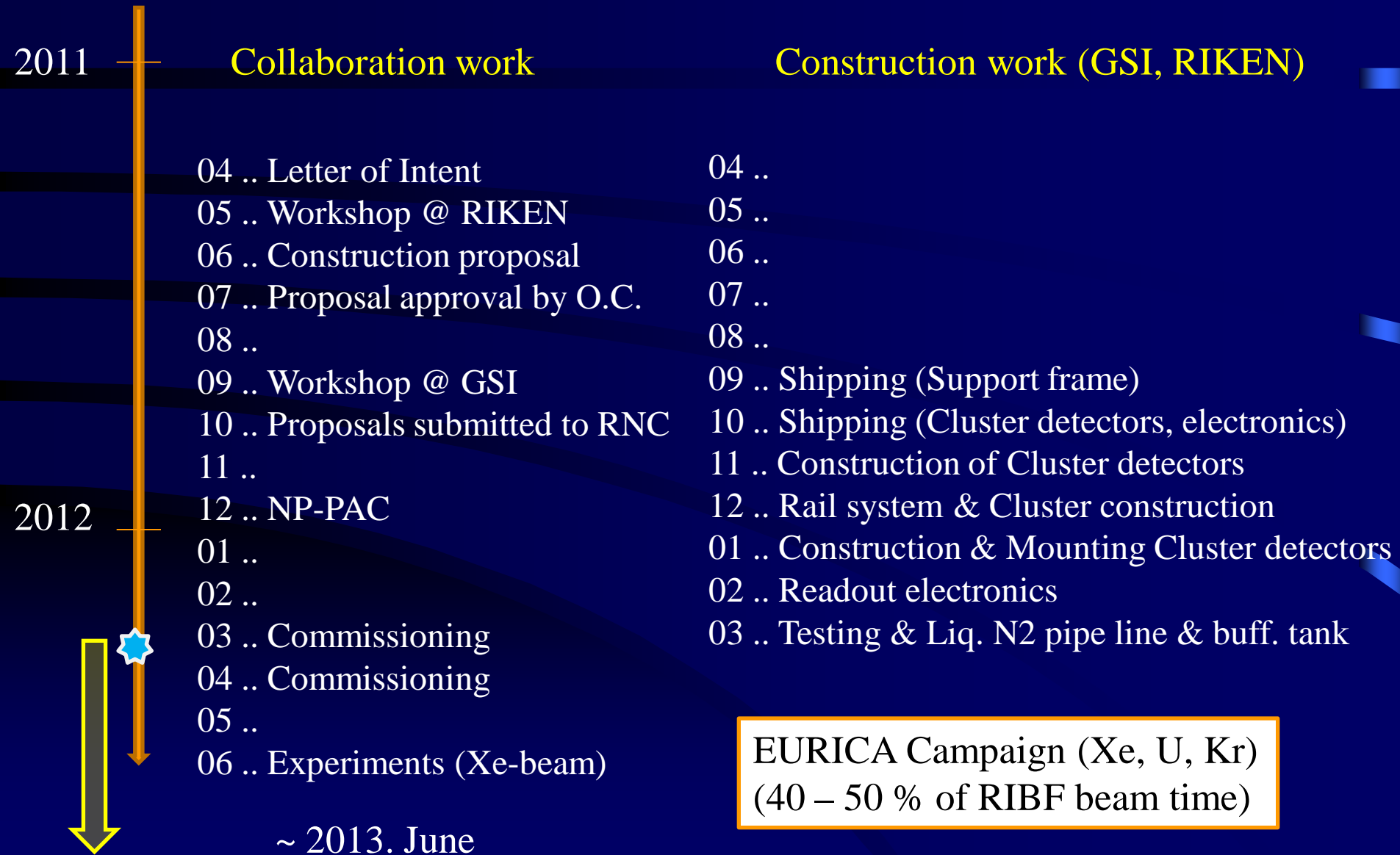
- Euroball Cluster detectors
- Support structure
- Readout electronics



**RIKEN RIBF**  
(Japan)



# Time-line (2011 – 2013.06)



# Some Photos

Nov.02



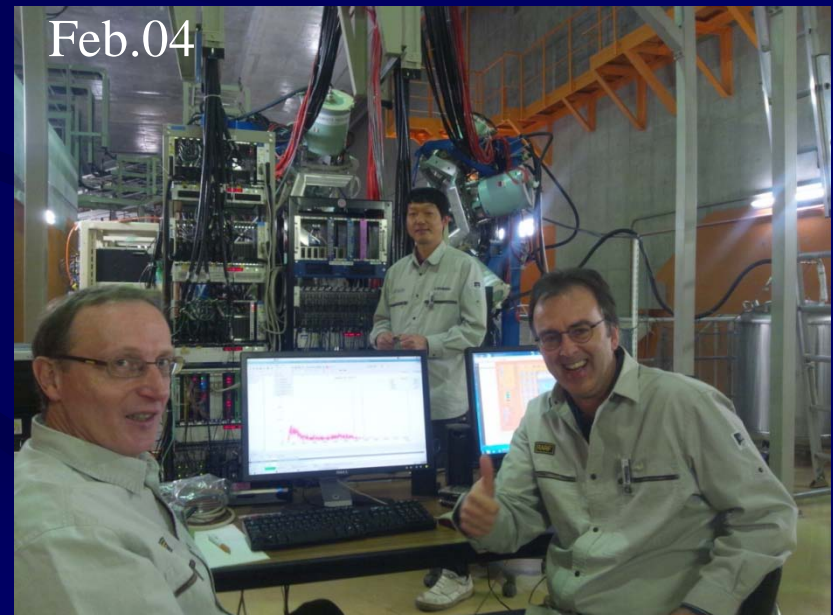
Jan.10



Jan.05



Feb.04



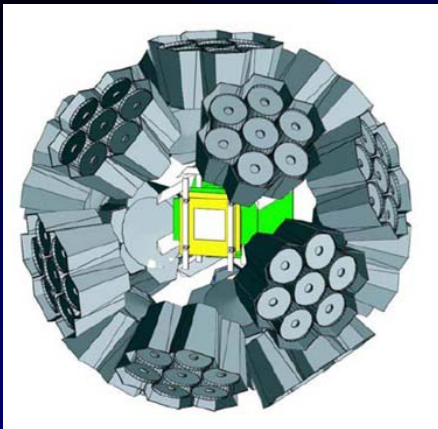
# Installation : Completed

Jan. 15



# RISING @ GSI $\leftrightarrow$ RIKEN

- In-beam  $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy at relativistic energies about 100MeV/n
- g-factor measurements of isomeric stopped beams
- ➔ • Isomer and  $\beta$ -delayed  $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy of stopped beam

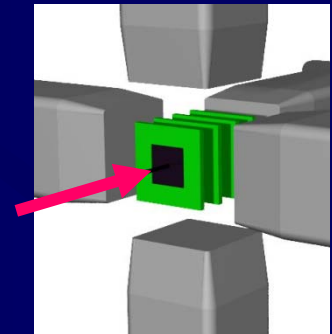


**Gamma-detection**

**1~2 %  $\rightarrow$  15%**

**$\gamma$ - $\gamma$  : ~ 2 orders  
higher effi.**

RIKEN





# Beta Counting System



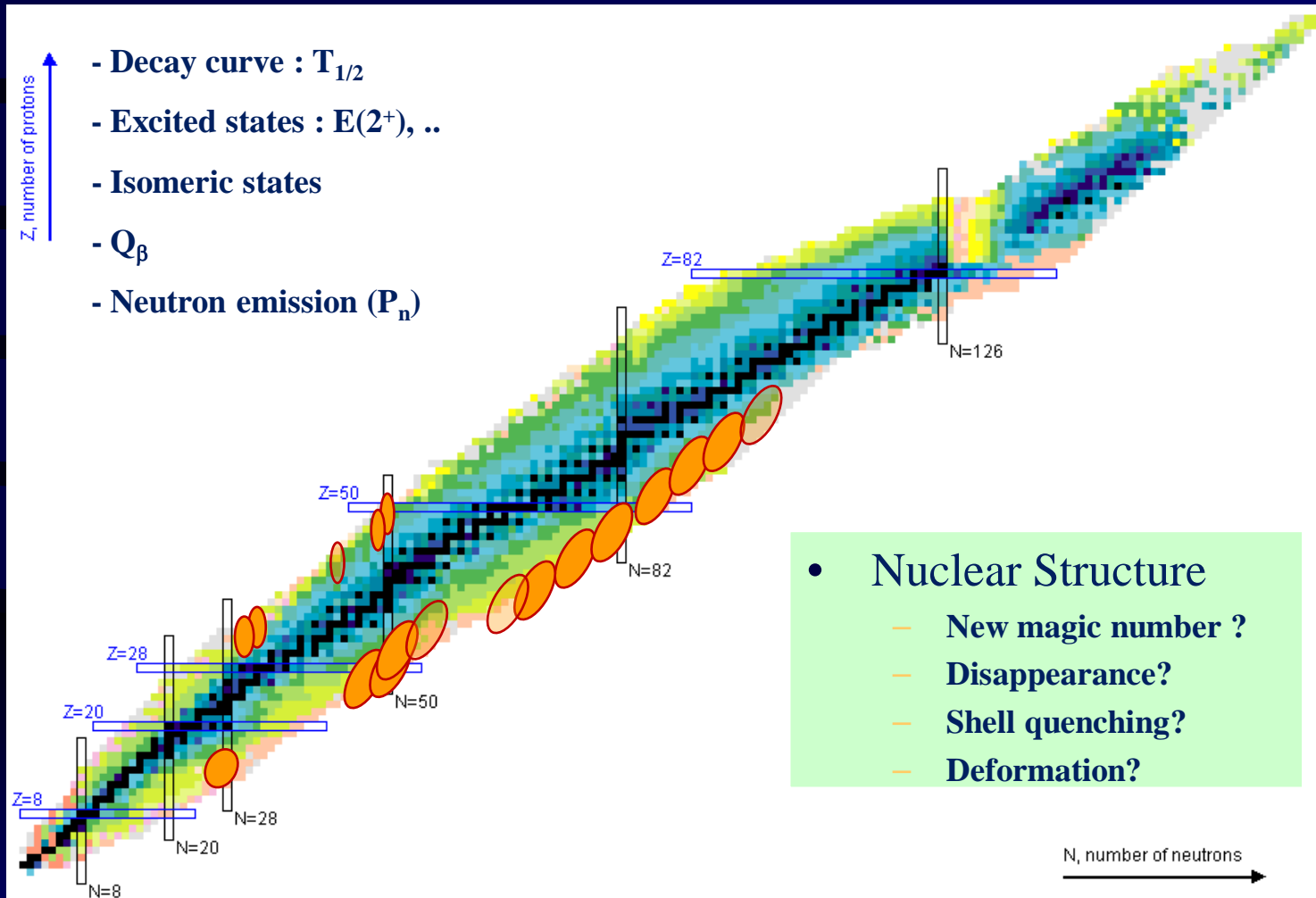
New version for EURICA



Size : 50x50mm  
Strip : 16 x 16 strips  
Thickness : 1mm<sup>t</sup>

Size : 40x60mm  
Strip : 40 x 60 strips  
Thickness : 1mm<sup>t</sup>  
(supporting board from TUM)

# Decay Spectroscopy



Decay campaigns : Scanning most of neutron-rich nuclei below  $A < 170$

# Decay Spectroscopy : 2<sup>nd</sup> Phase

{ x 1000 higher production yield  
in the world ? (~ 110Zr) }

## U-beam intensity

- 0.2 pA → 3-5 pA ... x 15 – 25 times

## Beam time ...

- 0.3 - 2.5 days → 100 days ... x 40 – 300 times

## Beta counting system

- 16 x 16 pixels x 7 layers = 1792 pixels

→ 40x60 pixels x 8 layers = 19200 pixels ... x 4-10 times

- Accept relatively higher implantation rate for  $T_{1/2}$  measurement

→ x 2 – 5 times

## Gamma-ray detector

- 4 Clover detectors (Det. Effi. ~1.5% at 1 MeV)

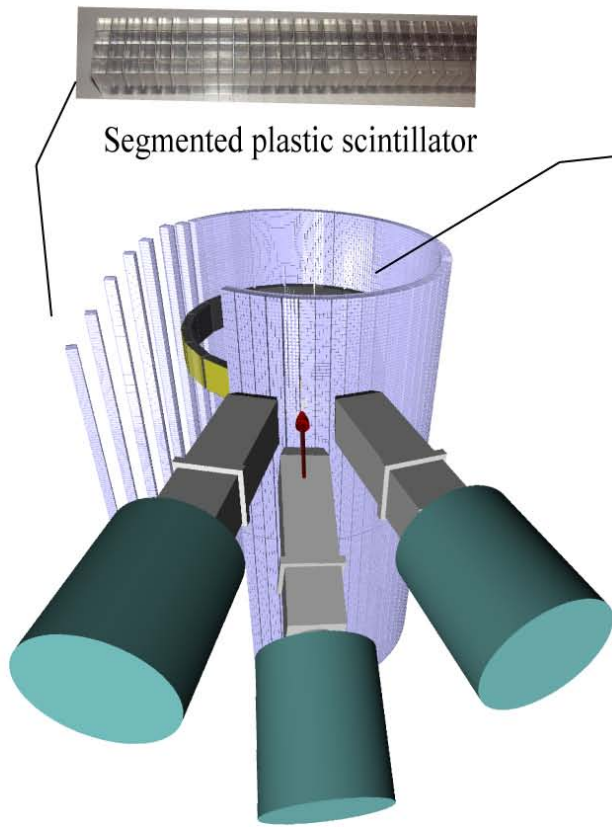
→ 12 Cluster detectors (Det. Eff. ~ 15 % at 1MeV) ... x 10 times

( → gamma-gamma coincidence ... x 100 times )

3<sup>rd</sup> Phase

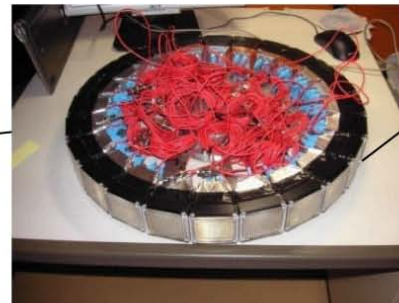
# CAITEN

(a)

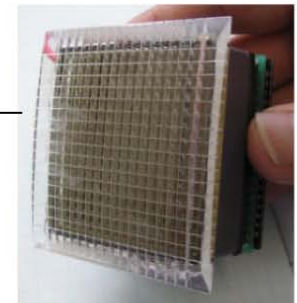


CAITEN Setup with Clover-type Ge-detectors

(b)

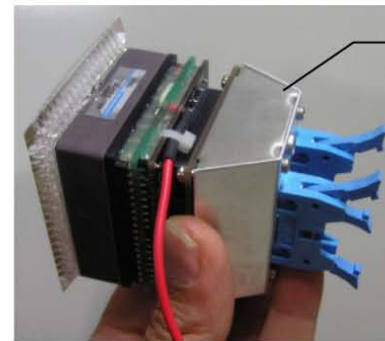


Photomultiplier tube array

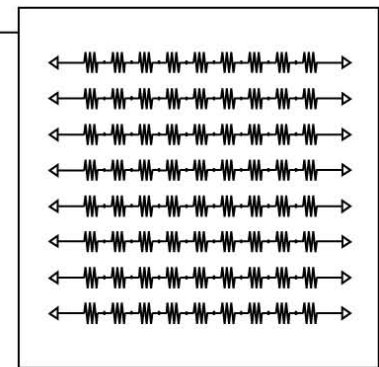


Light guide

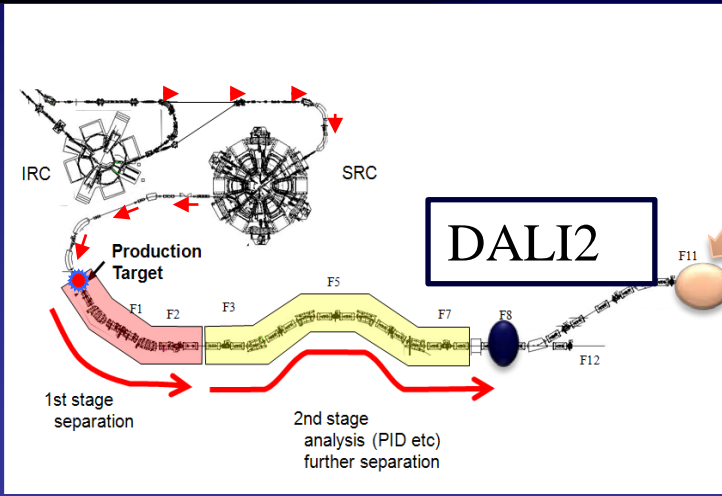
(c)



Registive-chain readout

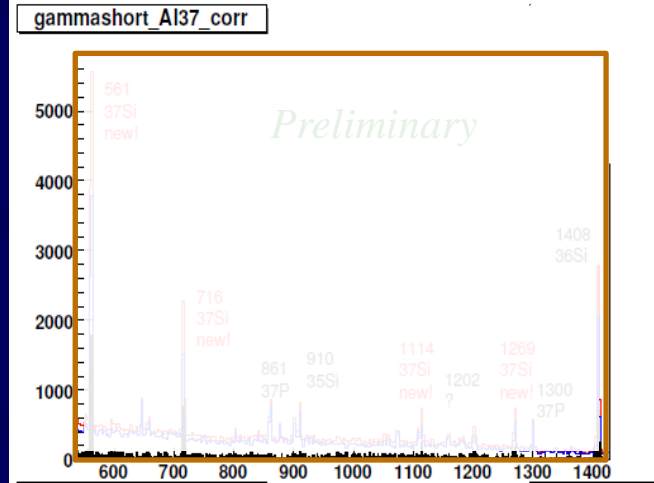


# CAITEN : Decay Spectroscopy

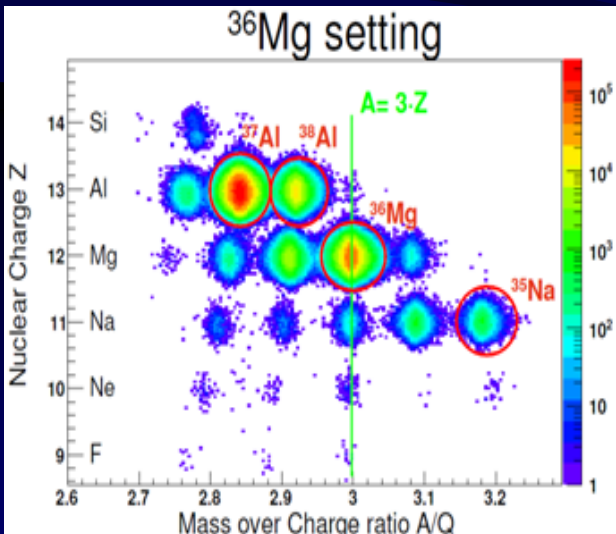
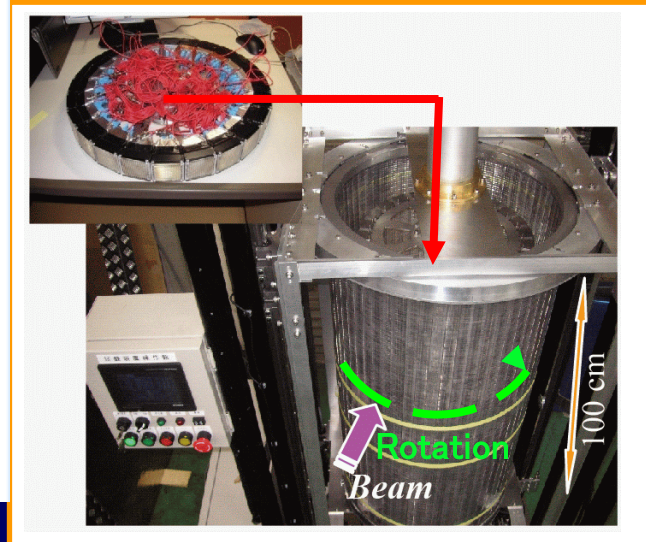


**CAITEN:**  
 Position sensitive  
 beta-ray detector  
 +  
 $\gamma$  detectors :  
 3 clover Ge det.

## Beta-delayed gamma of $^{37}\text{Al}$

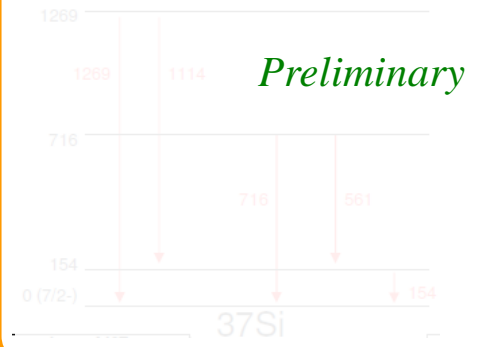


## Implantation detector



## K.Steiger Z.Li

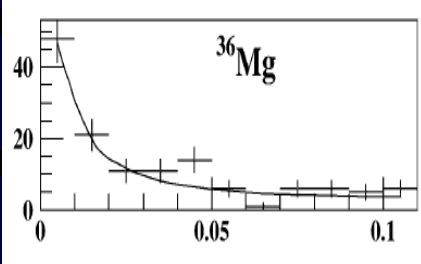
Possible level scheme



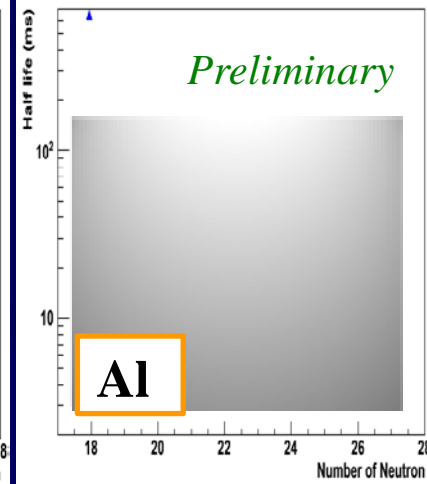
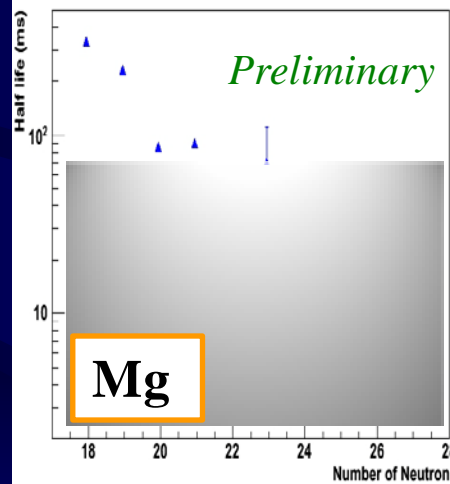
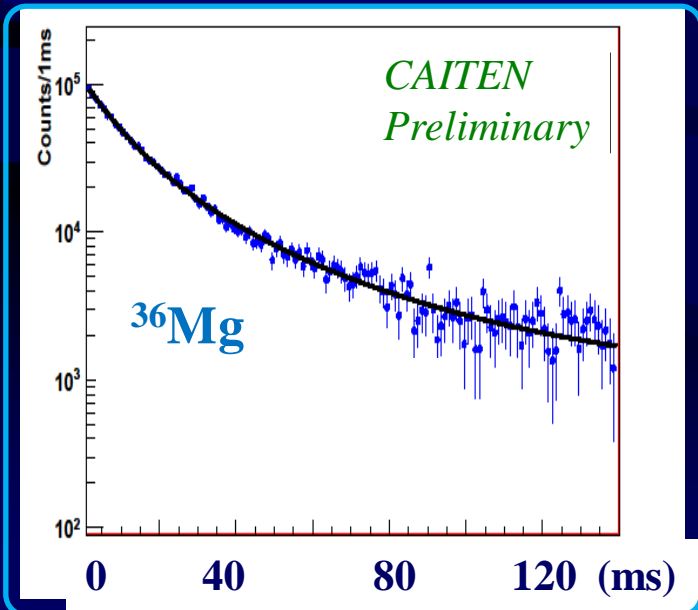
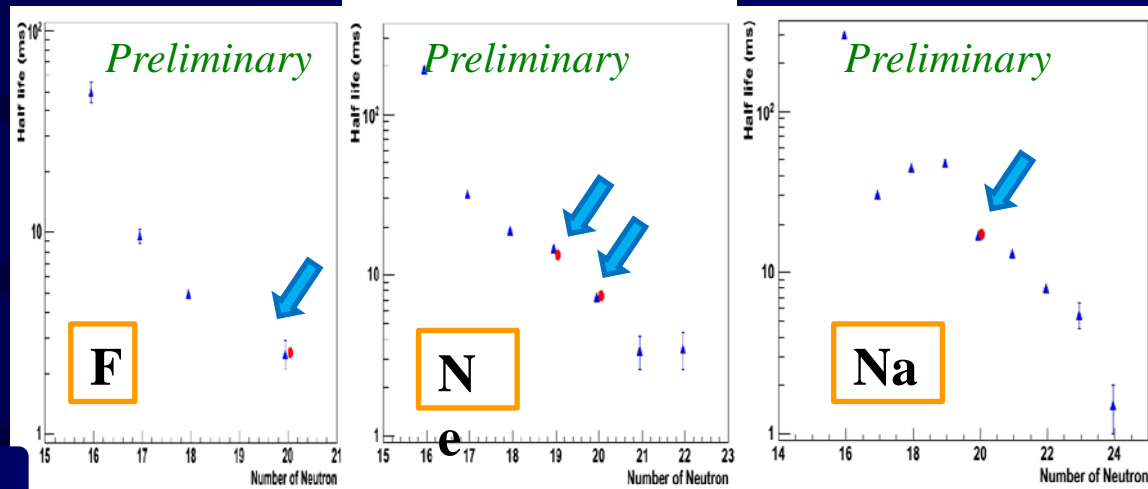


# CAITEN : $T_{1/2}$ measurement

S.Grevy, et al. (2004)



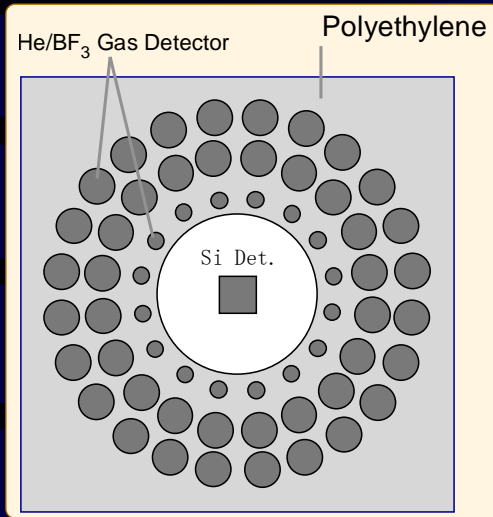
High statistic



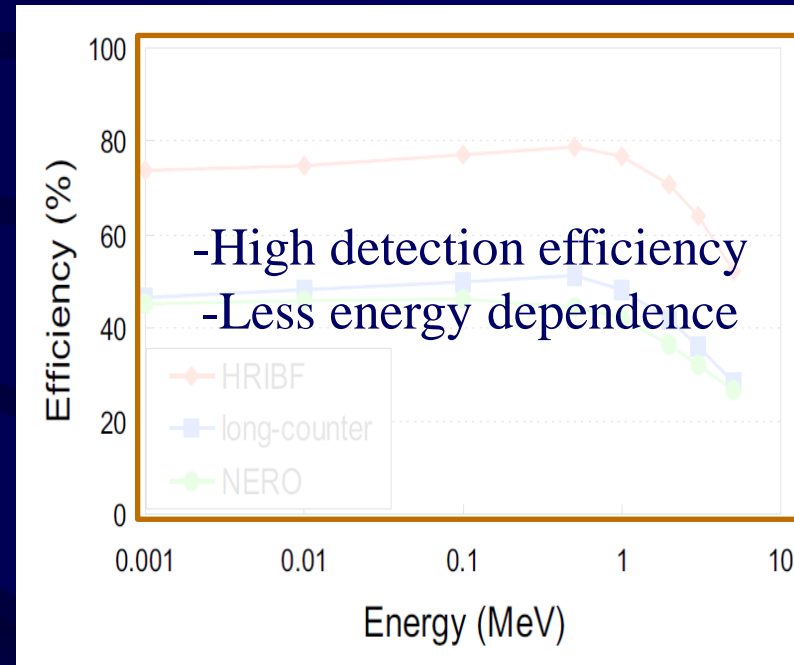
High precision  $T_{1/2}$  measurement  
( implantation rate  $\sim 1$  kcps )

# Neutron emission Pn

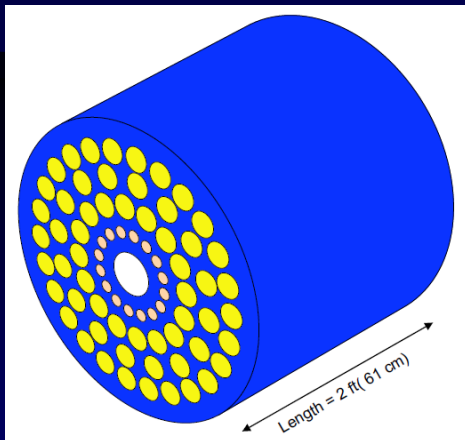
MSU



- $n + {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow p(0.574\text{MeV}) + t(0.191\text{MeV})$   
 $\sigma=5333\text{b}$
- $n + {}^{10}\text{B} \rightarrow \alpha(1.78\text{MeV}) + {}^7\text{Li}(1.02\text{MeV})$   
 $\sigma=3837\text{b}$



HRIBF



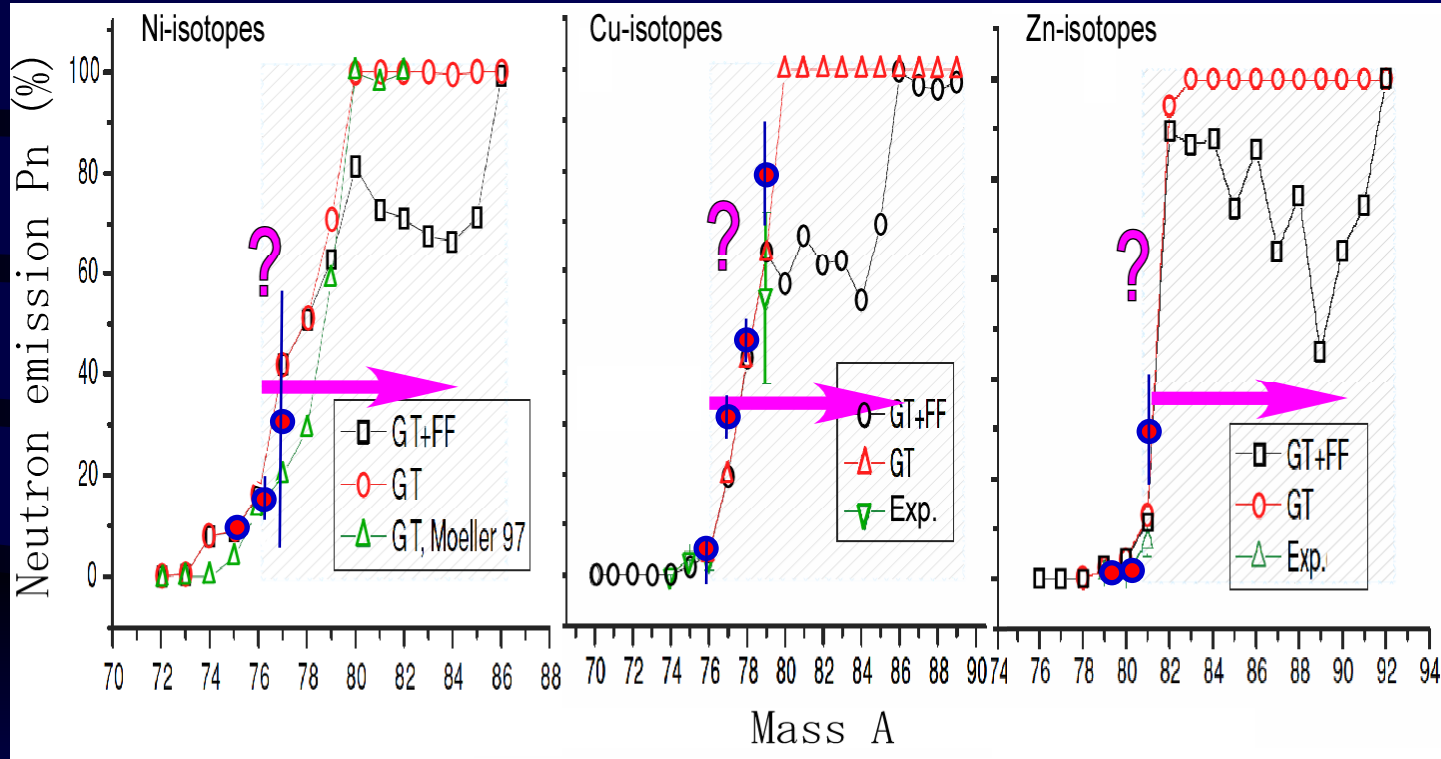
- Construction of neutron detectors
- Formation of new collaboration



# Neutron Emission

I.N.Borzov Phys. Rev. C71 (2005) 065801

+ P.Hosmer, PRC82 (2010)



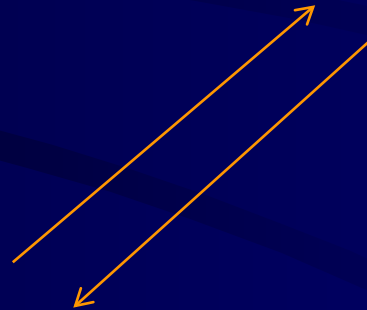
**Neutron emission prob. ( $P_n$ ) goes up dramatically ?**

$^3\text{He}$  long counters will be feasible for this kind of measurement.

# Evaluation of New RIBF Data

→ Impact to R-Process

Theory



Experiment

# Mass Measurements

Hakala, et al., EPJA (2011) 47, 129

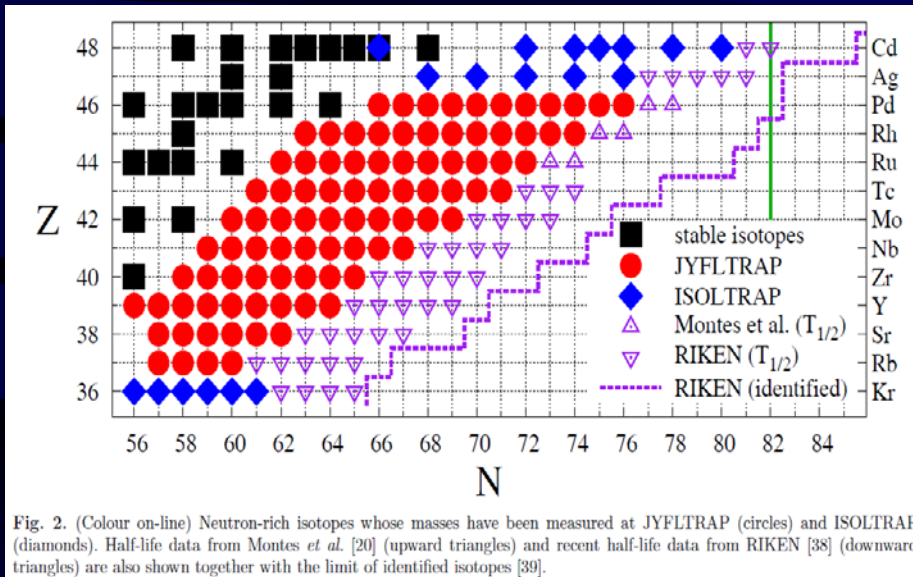


Fig. 2. (Colour on-line) Neutron-rich isotopes whose masses have been measured at JYFLTRAP (circles) and ISOLTRAP (diamonds). Half-life data from Montes *et al.* [20] (upward triangles) and recent half-life data from RIKEN [38] (downward triangles) are also shown together with the limit of identified isotopes [39].

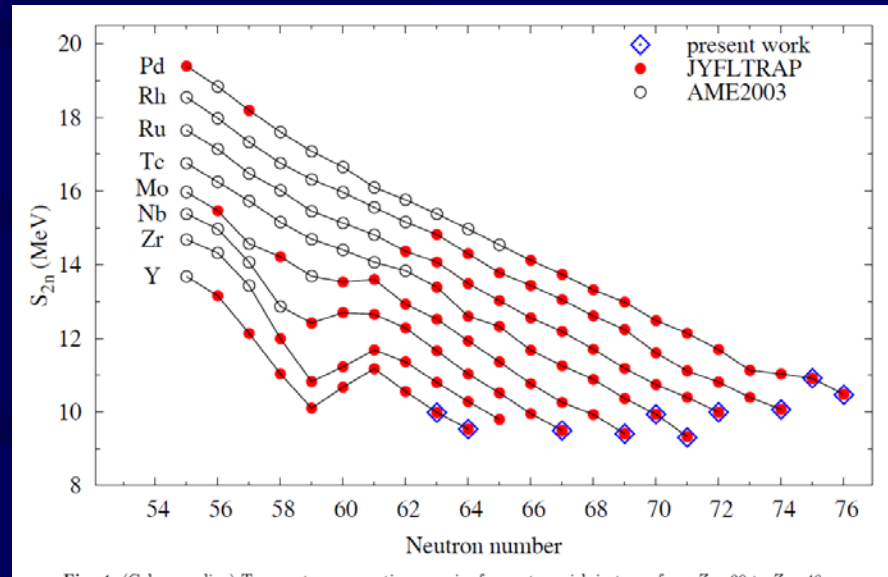
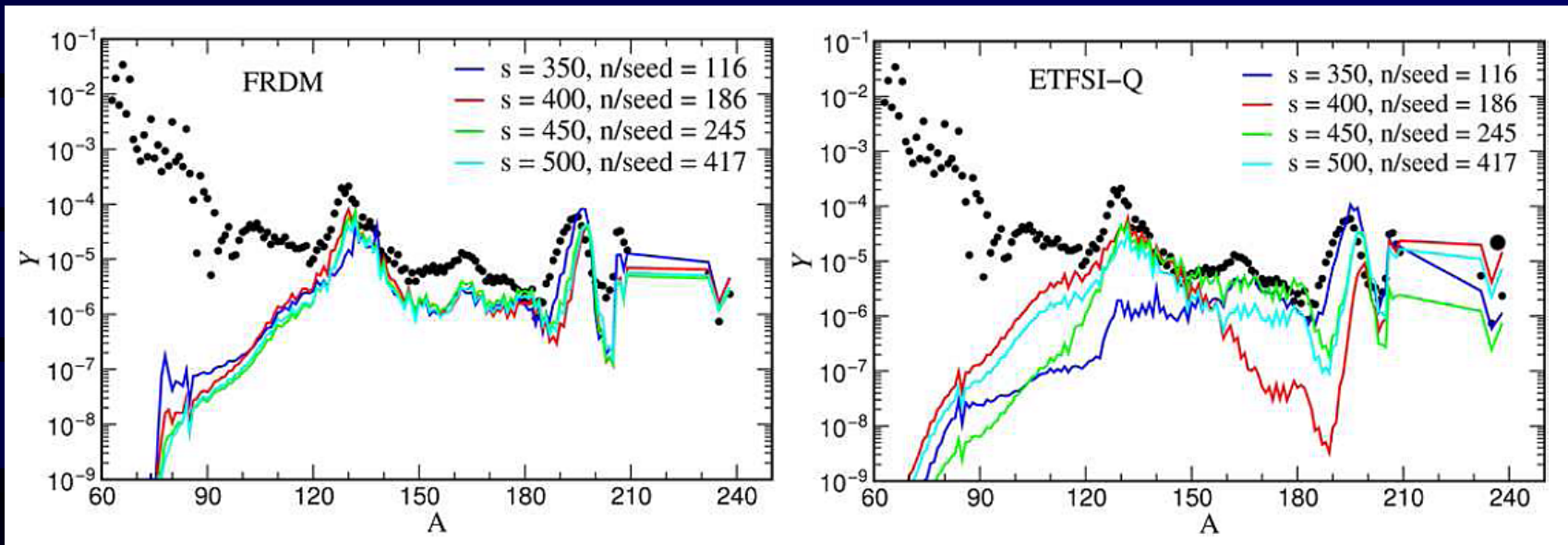


Fig. 4. (Colour on-line) Two-neutron separation energies for neutron-rich isotopes from  $Z = 39$  to  $Z = 46$ .

First systematic check by decay spectroscopy

→ Direct mass measurement by SlowRI / Mass Ring

# Mass formula dependence

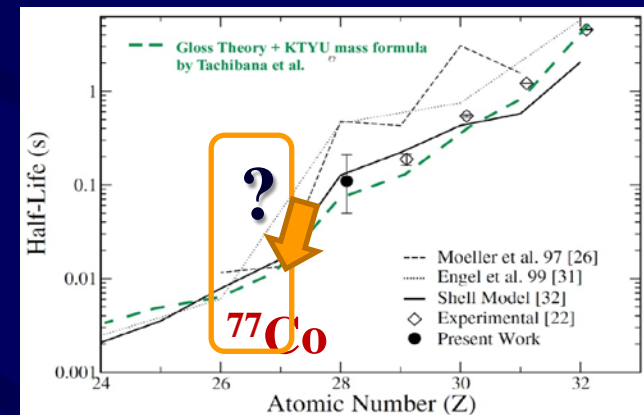
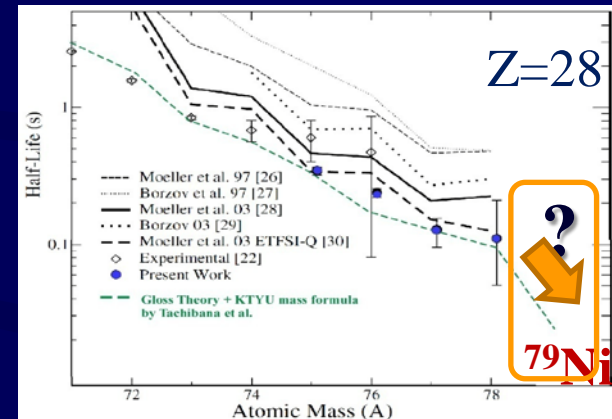
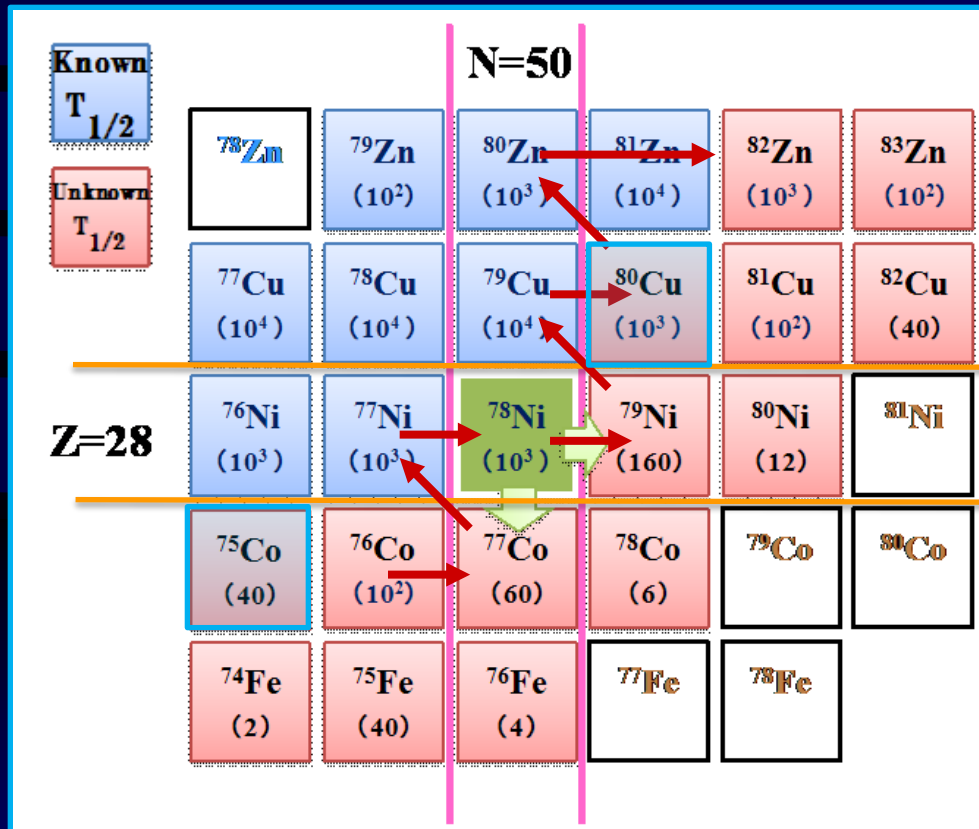


K.Langanke, Conf. Ser. 230 (2010) 012028

Mass measurement  $\leftarrow \rightarrow$  Mass formula  
Evaluation is very important

# Z=28, N=50 : 78Ni region

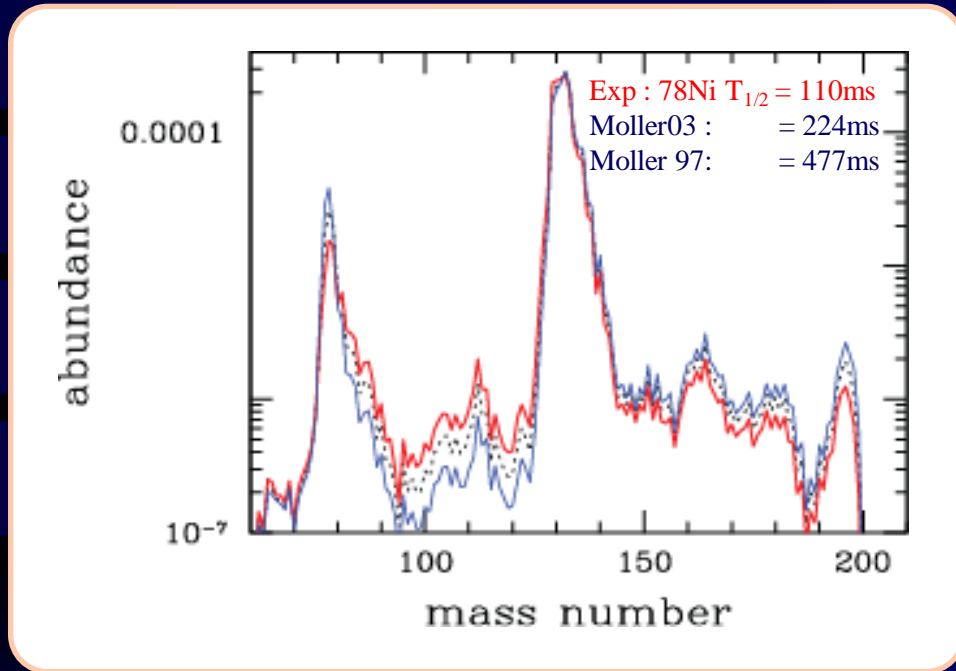
Magicity at Z=28 and N=50 ?



If there is isomer in  $^{78}\text{Ni}$ , it is very interesting.

# Half-lives around $^{78}\text{Ni}$

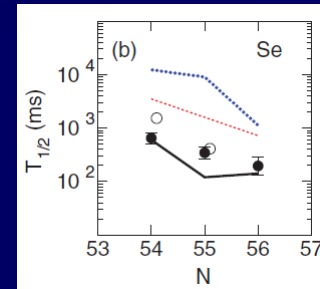
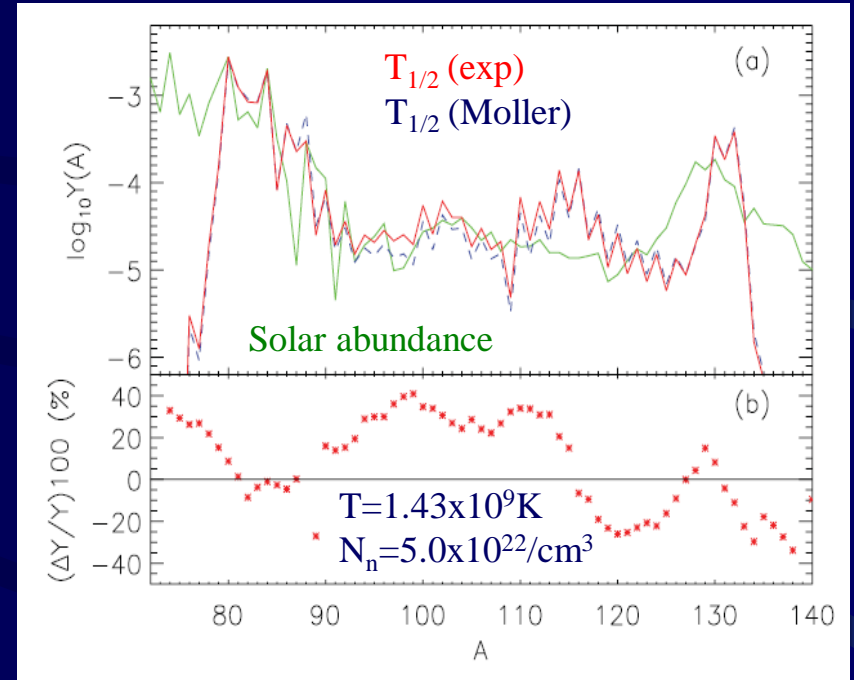
P.Hosmer, PRC82 (2010)



Half-lives of isotopes around the  $^{78}\text{Ni}$  are important !?

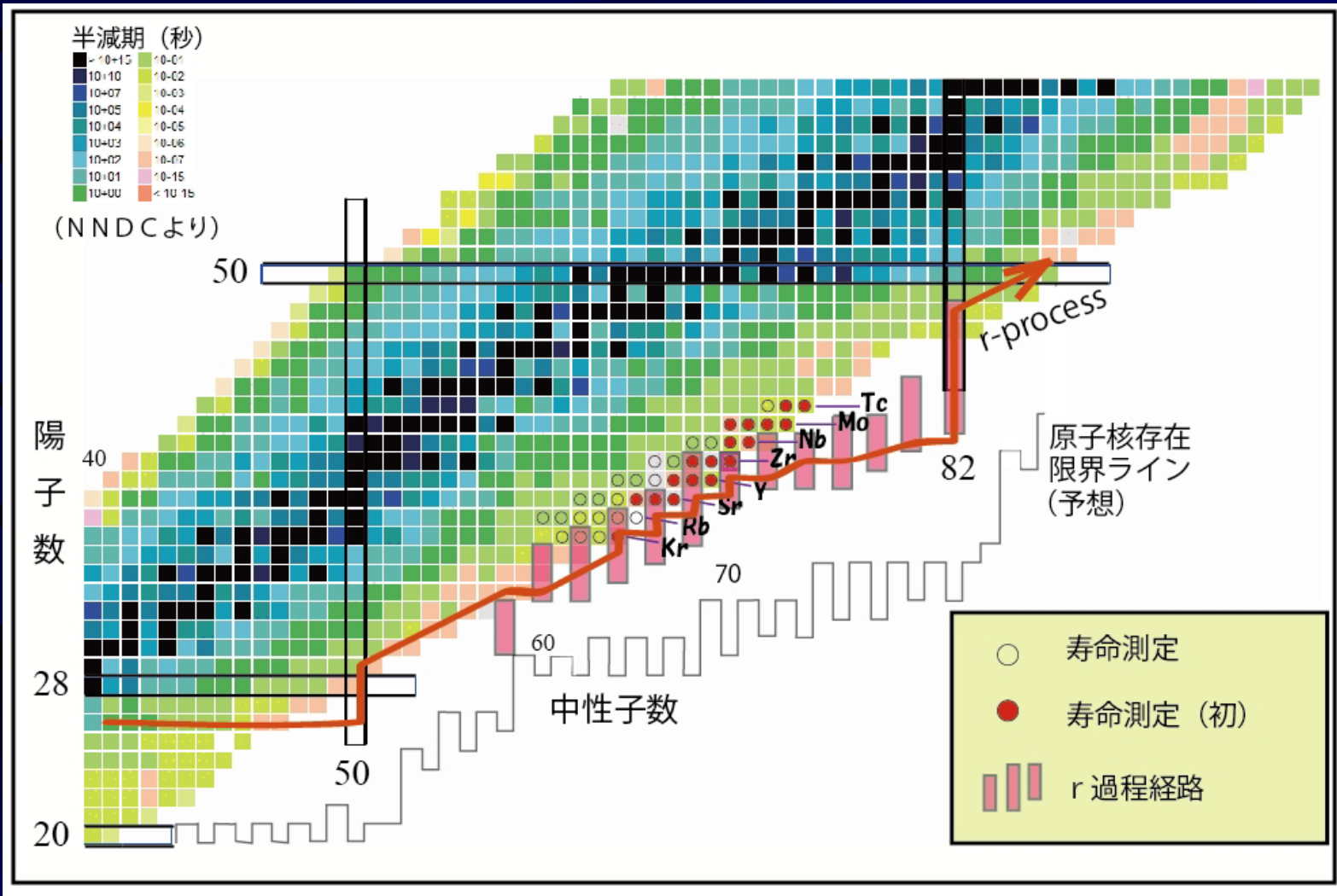
$^{74-75}\text{Fe}$ ,  $^{76-78}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{78-80}\text{Ni}$ ,  $^{80-81}\text{Cu}$

N.Quinn, PRC85 (2012) 035807



$^{90}\text{Se}$  half-life  
( $Z=34$ ,  $N=56$ )

# N = 50 ~ 82



RIBF New Data → Network r-process calculation

# Summary



RIBF: Stepping into  
r-process area

- Decay Spectroscopy :
  - EURICA Campaign (2012.Mar. – 2013.June)
  - Commissioning (2012. Mar. & April.) : Ready !
  - First EURICA Experiment in June (Below 100Sn)
  - U-, Xe, Kr Campaigns in 2012 Fall & 2013 Spring
  - $^{238}\text{U}$  beam intensity (x10) from 0.1 ~ 0.3 pA  $\rightarrow$  3 - 5 pA
  - Last decay exp. (2009)  $\gamma$ - $\gamma$  coincidence : 1 month  $\rightarrow$  40 mins.
- In future :
  - Decay spectroscopy in heavy region  $\rightarrow$  N=126 region
  - Fast timing (CAITEN), Neutron measurement (Pn), ..
  - EOS, Low energy nuclear reactions, mass measurement ...
- Theoretical calculation with “New” RIBF Data
  - Opening a door to reveal the mystery of “R-Process” nucleosynthesis

More communications ..



- Nuclear Structure
- Nuclear Astrophysics